哈尔滨工业大学计算机科学与技术学院

实验报告

课程名称: 数据结构与算法

课程类型: 必修

实验项目名称: BST 储存结构的建立(插入)、

删除、查找算法的实现与应用

实验题目: 查找结构与排序算法

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一、实验目的

- 1. 熟悉 BST 储存结构.
- 2. 掌握 BST 储存结构的建立(插入)、删除、查找算法的实现与应用.
- 3. 增强编程能力.

二、实验要求及实验环境

1.实验要求

- (1) 设计 BST 的左右链存储结构;
- (2) 实现 BST 左右链存储结构上的插入(建立)、删除、查找和排序算法。
 - (3)利用 BST 结构和相应的操作算法,实现班级学习成绩管理 (单科成绩管理,排名;加权绩点管理与排名等)
- (4) 学生的基础成绩信息以文件形式保存; 学生基础成绩信息和排名信息以文件形式存储; 并能显示到屏幕。

2.测试环境

操作系统: windows x64 sp1

编译器: g++ 4.7.1

二、设计思想

1. 逻辑设计

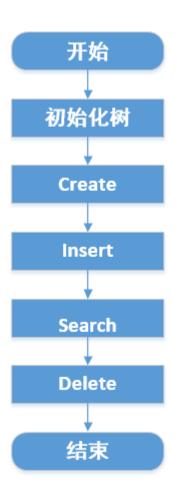
```
Struct Tree
  {
    int data;
    Tree *lchild, *rchild;
  };
 Typedef Tree *BST;
 //Tree 的数据结构,节点元素 data 和左右链接指针 lchild
与 rchild。
  Void Insert(int R, BST *F)
 //在树中插入新的节点,用来插入元素和 Create 树。
  Void Create(BST *F)
 //Create 树,需要用到 Insert 的函数
 Void Display(BST F)
 //展示当前树的内容,基本上在每个阶段都会调用
  int Search(int k, BST F)
 //寻找 K 是否在树中,如果是,返回地址,不是返回 0
 BST Delete(int k, BST F)
 //先查找 F 中是否有 k, 有的话删掉
  Void menu()
 //主功能界面函数
```

Int main()

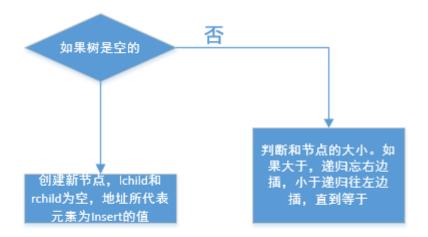
//主函数

2. 物理设计

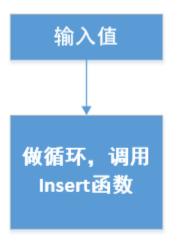
1) 整体设计



2) Insert



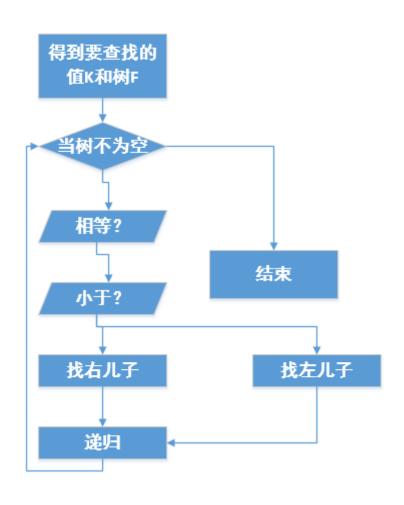
3) Create



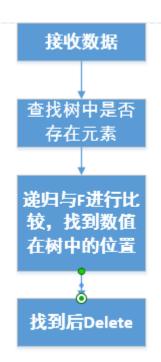
4) Display



5) Search



6) Delete



三、测试结果

测试数据: 12345

```
_ 🗆 ×
C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe
Please Input:
1.Create
2. Search
3. Insert
4.Delete
O.Exit
Creating………..
Please Input The Number:
Please Input The Data:
1 2 3 4 5
Now, The tree is:
1 2 3 4 5
Please Input:
1.Create
2. Search
3. Insert
4.Delete
O.Exit
Please Input What You Want Search:9
Search Failed!
Please Input:
1.Create
2. Search
3. Insert
4.Delete
O.Exit
Please Input the number What You want to Insert:
Now, The tree is:
123459
Please Input:
1.Create
2. Search
3. Insert
4.Delete
O.Exit
```

```
_ 🗆 🗙
C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe
Please Input:
1.Create
2. Search
3. Insert
4.Delete
O.Exit
Please Input What You Want Search:9
Search Failed!
Please Input:
1.Create
2. Search
3. Insert
4.Delete
O.Exit
Please Input the number What You want to Insert:
Now, The tree is:
123459
Please Input:
1.Create
2. Search
3. Insert
4.Delete
O.Exit
Please Input What You Want Search:9
Wow!9 in the tree
Please Input:
1.Create
2. Search
3. Insert
4.Delete
O.Exit
Please Input the Number What You Want To Delete:
```

四、系统不足与经验体会

系统不足:

程序的健壮性存在一定的问题,例如当输入的二叉查找树中的值是相等的时候,将产生比较严重的错误,直接造成程序的退出。

程序的结构存在一定的问题,在整个代码中,重复使用了一些代码,使代码量比较大,尤其表现在 Delete 阶段,感觉做的不是很好,还可以进行进一步的优化。

经验体会:

二叉查找树是一种新的结构类型,以树的形式对数据进行了比较友好的排序。在以后的查找过程中极大了减少了比较繁忙的数据运算,在很大的程度上优化了数据查找的代码。

树贯彻着整个数据结构,在这个实验中,数据结构的学习 也很快就告一段落了,但是他的思想始终伴随在我们左右,相 信在后面会遇到更多的树的问题需要解决。

在数据结构的实验中实现书上的代码,可以在很高的程序上提高编程能力,加强对指针,c++,多样数据结构的的理解。

六、附录:源代码(带注释)

```
/*
admin:Shangbin Yang
Title:查找结构与排序算法
data:2014-12-04
*/
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
/*
Define a Tree struction with data, lchild pointer and rchild pointer
*/
struct Tree
{
   int data;
   Tree *lchild, *rchild;
};
typedef Tree *BST;
/*
Insert the R to the Tree by size
```

```
*/
void Insert(int R, BST *F)
{
   BST S;
   //The tree is null, Create a new tree, and do some init
   if (*F == NULL)
       S = new Tree;
       S->data = R;
       S->lchild = NULL;
       S->rchild = NULL;
       *F = S;
   }
   //By size, insert the R
   else if (R < (*F)->data)
   {
       Insert(R, &((*F)->lchild));
   }
   else if (R > (*F) - > data)
   {
       Insert(R, &((*F)->rchild));
   }
}
//Create the tree, include [void Insert(int R, BST *F)]
void Create(BST *F)
{
   int number, R;
   *F = NULL;
   cout << "Please Input The Number:" << endl;</pre>
   cin >> number;
   cout << "Please Input The Data:" << endl;</pre>
   //by the void Insert(int R, BST *F)
   for (int i = 0; i < number; i++)
   {
       cin >> R;
       Insert(R, F);
   }
}
Display the Tree, to show the tree any time
void Display(BST F)
{
   if (F != NULL)
```

```
{
       Display(F->lchild);
       cout << F->data << " ";
       Display(F->rchild);
   }
}
Search the k from the Tree
*/
int Search(int k, BST F)
{
   BST p;
   p = F;
   while (p)
       if (p->data == k)
           return p->data;
       if (p->data > k)
           p = p->lchild;
       }
       else
           p = p->rchild;
   }
   return 0;
}
/*
Delete the k from the Tree
Should judge k in the Tree or not
*/
BST Delete(int k, BST F)
{
   Tree *p, *f, *s, *q;
   p = F;
   f = NULL;
   if (!Search(k, F))
   {
       cout << "The " << k << " was not in the Tree !" << endl;</pre>
       return F;
   }
   while (p)
   {
```

```
if (p->data == k)
       f = p;
   if (p->data > k)
       p = p->lchild;
   if (p->data < k)
       p = p->rchild;
}
if (p == NULL)
{
   cout << "Search Failed!" << endl;</pre>
   return F;
}
//Delete the k
if (p->lchild == NULL)
   if (f == NULL)
   {
       F = p->rchild;
   else if (f->lchild == p)
       f->lchild = p->lchild;
   }
   else
       f->rchild = p->rchild;
   delete p;
}
else
{
   q = p;
   s = p->lchild;
   while (s->rchild)
   {
       q = s;
       s = s->rchild;
   if (q == p)
   {
       q->lchild = s->lchild;
   }
   else
   {
       q->rchild = s->rchild;
   }
```

```
p->data = s->data;
        delete s;
    }
}
//Choose Menu
void menu()
    cout << "1.Create" << endl;</pre>
    cout << "2.Search" << endl;</pre>
    cout << "3.Insert" << endl;</pre>
    cout << "4.Delete" << endl;</pre>
    cout << "0.Exit" << endl;</pre>
}
int main()
{
    BST F = NULL;
    int n, t;
    int ch;
    cout << "Please Input:" << endl;</pre>
   menu();
    cin >> n;
   while (!(n >= 0 \&\& n <= 4))
    {
        cout << "Error! Please Input Again: " << endl;</pre>
        menu();
        cin >> n;
    }
   while (n != 0)
    {
        switch (n)
        case 1:
            cout << "Creating....." << endl;</pre>
            Create(&F);
            cout << "Now, The tree is:" << endl;</pre>
            Display(F);
            cout << endl;</pre>
            cout << endl;</pre>
            cout << "Please Input:" << endl;</pre>
            menu();
            cin >> n;
            break;
        case 2:
            cout << "Please Input What You Want Search:";</pre>
```

```
cin >> ch;
            t = Search(ch, F);
            if (t != 0)
            {
                cout <<"Wow!" << t << " in the tree" << endl;</pre>
            }
            else
            {
                cout << "Search Failed!" << endl;</pre>
            }
            cout << endl;</pre>
            cout << endl;</pre>
            cout << "Please Input:" << endl;</pre>
            menu();
            cin >> n;
            break;
        case 3:
            cout << "Please Input the number What You want to Insert:"</pre>
<< endl;
            cin >> ch;
            Insert(ch, &F);
            cout << "Now, The tree is:" << endl;</pre>
            Display(F);
            cout << endl;</pre>
            cout << endl;</pre>
            cout << "Please Input:" << endl;</pre>
            menu();
            cin >> n;
            break;
        case 4:
            cout << "Please Input the Number What You Want To Delete:"</pre>
<< endl;
            cin >> ch;
            Delete(ch, F);
            cout << "Now, The tree is:" << endl;</pre>
            Display(F);
            cout << endl;</pre>
            cout << endl;</pre>
            cout << "Please Input:" << endl;</pre>
            menu();
            cin >> n;
            break;
        }
   }
```