

Homework 2

Coding Challenge Solution

Reverse an Array Answer

Using `reverse()` Method

```
fn main() {  
  
    let mut array = [1, 2, 3, 4,];  
  
    array.reverse(); // using the  
    `reverse()` method  
  
    println!("{:?}", array);  
  
}
```

This is a very easy way to reverse an array in Rust, using the `reverse()` method. It's good to know, but if you want to get more practice with Rust's syntax and use a `for` loop, you could try something like this:

Using a `for` Loop

```
fn main() {
```

```
let mut array = [1, 2, 3, 4,];

    let len = array.len(); // get the
array length

    // Loop from 0 to half the length
of the array
    for i in 0..len / 2 {
        let opp = len - i - 1; //
Calculate the opposite index
        array.swap(i, opp); //
Swap elements at index i and the opposite
index
    }

println!("{:?}", array);

}
```

This version of the program reverses the elements of an array in place by using a `for` loop. It first determines the length of the array. Then, it iterates over the first half of the array, swapping each element with its corresponding element from the end. Finally, it prints the reversed array.

You can play with this code here on [Rust Playground](#)