







Canadian Water Resources Association

CSHS-hydRology: Intro to R Webinar

May 15, 2019

Presenters:

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Webinar Outline

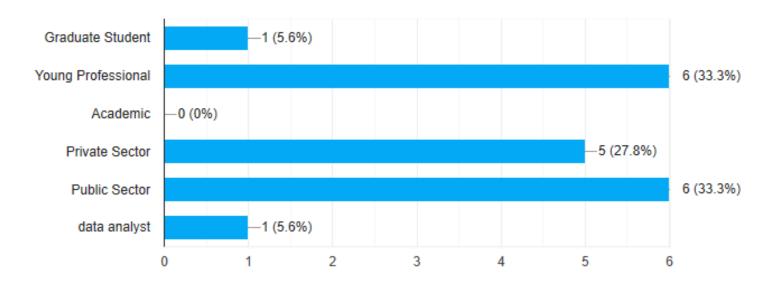
- Short presentation on R itself, its advantages, and its applications
- An overview of a popular user interface to R, RStudio
- An interactive introduction to R basics, with opportunities for questions and running R code simultaneously



Survey Responses

What best describes your position?

18 responses

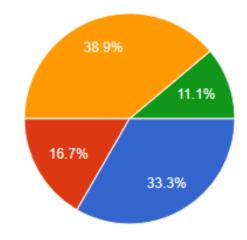


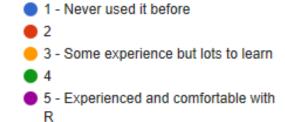


Survey Responses

What is your level of experience with using R?

18 responses







What this webinar will do

- Introduce you to what is R, why is R, and who is R
- Get you comfortable writing commands and looking for help in R and RStudio
- Provide you with some resources and links for future learning and lookup
- Give you some useful code snippets and ideas of what R is capable of, particularly with respect to water resources
- Likely provide a few pirate jokes



What this webinar will not do

- Make you an R expert immediately
- Provide you with perfect code for every situation
- Provide a comprehensive list of resources
- Provide a comprehensive overview of every waterrelated package which exists



Webinar Materials

- Webinar materials will be made available for use following the webinar
- These webinar materials are adapted from Dr. Kevin Shook at the University of Saskatchewan
- Kevin's R training materials can be found on Github as well:
 - https://github.com/CentreForHydrology/Introduction_to_R



Webinar Materials

- Webinar materials for this webinar include:
 - This presentation in PDF format
 - The R package installer file (.R) with commands to install packages used in the webinar
 - R markdown file (.Rmd), which you can use for interactivity with R (used to generate the PDF webinar tutorial file)
 - The PDF of the R markdown file to follow along with

CSHS-hydRology: Intro to R Webinar R. Chlumsky
May 15, 2019

Intro to R Tutorial

This beginner R tutorial covers the following topics:

- · Navigating RStudio
- Basic R Syntax
 Data types in R
- Data types:
 Help in R
- Installing and Exploring Packages
- Data checking and sample data sets
- Creating plots
- Basic programming structures
- Building functions



What is R?

- A command-line program
- A GUI-based program
- A programming language
- A general-purpose scientific program
- NOT JUST STATISTICS



History of R

- Developed by Ross Ihaka and Robert Gentleman at the University of Auckland, NZ
- Development of R began in 1992, initially released in 1995 and first stable version released in 2000
- R is an implementation of the S programming language (created 1976), which was developed in Bell Labs
 - R bears some resemblance to Unix commands, due in part to this history



Why use R?

- Powerful
- Excellent for:
 - Statistics
 - Data processing
 - Graphing
 - Analysis (GIS, mathematical solvers, etc.)
- Free Open Source Software (FOSS)
 - You can see, test, and trust the code
 - Works with standard file formats no proprietary or licensing issues
 - Rapid development huge number of resources at your disposal



Why use R?

- Works well with other programs
 - Interfaces with other languages, such as C and Python
 - Can read/write Excel files directly with packages like xlsx
 - Can read in shapefiles, databases, netcdf, many different file formats
- Platform independent
 - Works the same across Windows, Mac OS, and Linux distributions
 - Can develop code in Windows and use on a MAC with minimal issues
 - Can you trust your Excel file once it has been opened on a MAC/ Ubuntu computer?



Who uses R?

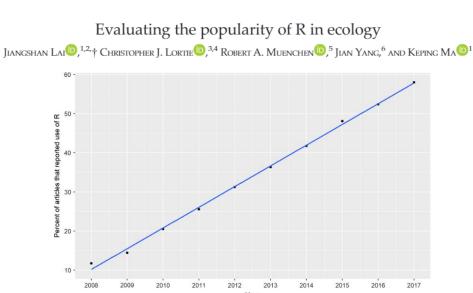
"R is a program used by ecologists" ~friend of mine

esa

Certainly popular in ecology, but not unique to it.

R is used by:

- Statisticians
- Engineers
- Biologists
- Researchers
- Practitioners
- …lots of people!





ECOSPHERE

"Spreadsheets must die!" ~ Dr. Kevin Shook

- Spreadsheets are:
 - Slow
 - Dangerous
 - Unreliable can't be trusted to have not been changed once opened
 - No documentation of changes to formulas, organization, data sources, pasting values, etc.
- Proprietary programs and formats (such as Excel) are not trustworthy
 - You can't know what is happening under the hood
 - You cannot rely on your data being accessible in the future
 - Projects can be lost when stored in proprietary formats
- Caveat spreadsheets are hard to avoid in many professional settings, but it is important to understand their limitations and their ability to easily hide errors!



What is R used for?

- Statistical analysis
- Data processing
- Publication quality graphing
- GIS analysis
- Data visualization
- "Big Data" processing
- Machine learning models
- •



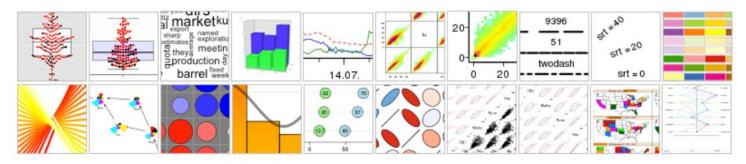
Statistical Analysis

- R supports a vast number of statistical analyses:
 - T-tests
 - Random sampling (rnorm, runif, etc.)
 - Tests for normality, qqplot
 - Mann-Kendall non-parametric test
 - ANOVA analysis
 - ... many more

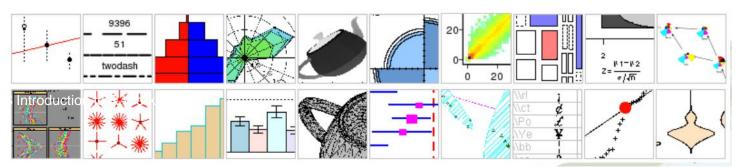


Graphing

 R is one of the best programs for scientific/technical graphing



» Random entries





GIS

R is capable of performing GIS analysis directly

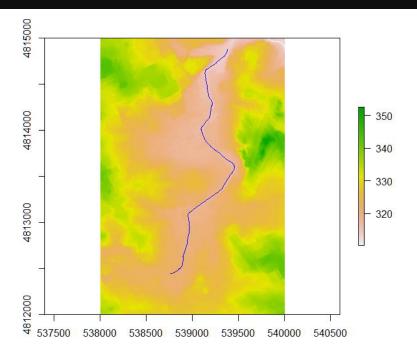




GIS

Not as difficult to plot GIS files as one might think...

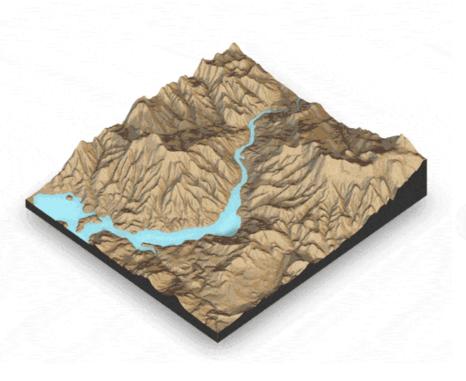
```
plot(raster("LaurelCreekMerged.tif"))
plot(read_sf("LaurelCreek_watercourse.shp")$geometry,col='blue',add=T)
```

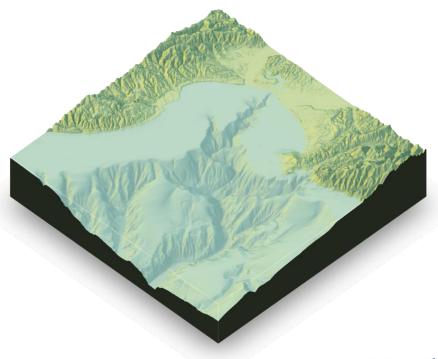




Visualizations

Incredible visualizations with packages such as rayshader

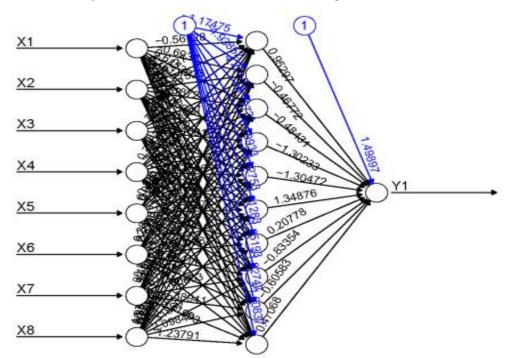






Machine Learning

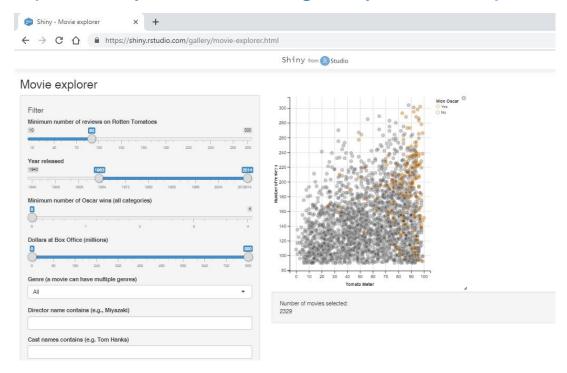
 Many packages exist to support machine learning and neural networks, hot topic in literature and practice these days





Web Applications

- Interactive web applications can be developed directly in R with Shiny
 - https://shiny.rstudio.com/gallery/movie-explorer.html





R Typical Workflow

- Read in data (textfiles, database, xlsx, csv, shapefile, etc.)
- Massage and quality control data
- Explore and visualize data
- Perform calculations
- Save results
- Export data to other programs
- Create high quality graphics for report/presentations/papers



R Workflow Advantages

- All tasks can be manual (one-off script) or automated
- Logging of calculations/results
- All data/ results stored in standard, non-proprietary files
- Data/ results easily exported
- No data silos, format issues
 - R scripts stored as text files, can be read with Notepad if needed



Challenges with R

- Steep learning curve
 - Different from other programs, even other programming languages
 - Need to learn commands
 - Different way of thinking from seeing spreadsheets
- However,
 - Lots of help available
 - Huge number of users
 - GUIs make it easier to manage
 - Reference cards and cheat sheets make it easy to learn commands
 - https://cran.r-project.org/doc/contrib/Short-refcard.pdf

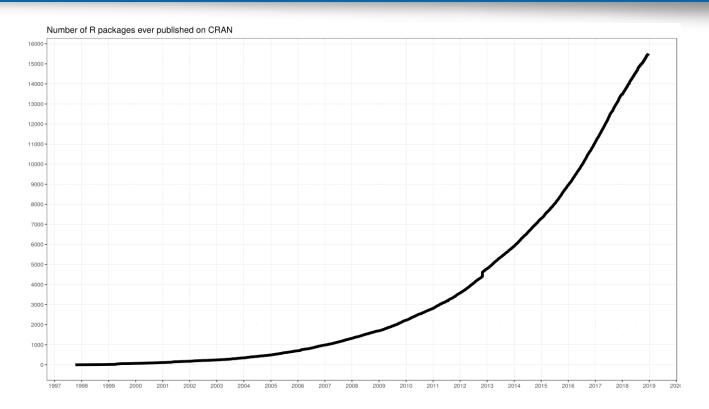


Packages

- R had thousands of built-in functions, readily available with the base R install
- Thousands more functions available in downloadable packages
- Each package contains:
 - Functions
 - Sample data
 - Documentation
 - Help files and examples
- Downloading directly through R, no struggling with dependencies (cough, Python)
- Number of R packages growing exponentially



Packages



https://gist.github.com/daroczig/3cf06d6db4be2bbe3368



R and hydRology

- Large number of research groups and institutes using R in the field of water resources and hydrology
- Many packages exist specifically for water resources
 - CSHS-hydRology (package for Canadian hydrologists)
 - EcohydRology (ecohydrology functions, e.g. baseflow partitioning)
 - HydroTSM (hydrologic time series management)
 - hydroGOF (goodness of fit statistics)
 - Tidyhydat (scraping Water Survey Canada station data)
- + Many (many) more not listed



Webinar Agenda

- Introduction to R Studio
- Basic R syntax
- Getting help in R
- Exploring and installing packages
- Reading in data
- Creating plots
- If statements, functions, loops



Time to Switch Gears to Actual R Content...





Switch to Rstudio...

Hopefully your computers already have:

- Base R, installed from https://www.rproject.org/
- RStudio, R GUI, installed from https://www.rstudio.com/
- Run the installer file to install packages needed for the webinar
- Downloaded the R Markdown PDF Webinar document



RStudio...



Webinar Wrap-up

Other things to touch on as we wrap up:

- Working with other R packages
- Building packages
- Working on repositories
- hydRology project
- CWRA National Conference Sessions



CRAN Packages

- Super easy to install directly from R, as you will have seen
- Help information is required on each function
- The submission process for CRAN packages is rigorous, resulting in high quality packages with lots of resources



Other R Packages

- Many more packages exist outside of CRAN, which people simply publish themselves
- Many of these exist on Github, which has excellent integration with R and RStudio
- R has a function to install packages directly from GitHub with ease, e.g.
 - devtools::install_github("rchlumsk/RavenR")



Building Your Own R Packages

- RStudio makes building packages straightforward
- Packages exist to help make this process easier (packages to build packages??)
- Not as hard as it sounds!
- Packages are helpful for:
 - Forcing you to document your own work
 - Creating online repositories of your work to back up projects
 - Sharing your work easily with other colleagues and R users
- Come by the post-conference CSHS-hydRology session for more information on how to build packages



Help Resources

- Plenty of resources for water resources practitioners and hydrologist users of R
 - Kevin Shook (USask) R Training resources on Github
 - Dan Moore (UBC) R routines for hydrologists
 - ROpenSci discussion on hydrology R packages
 - <u>CRAN Task View</u> on hydrological data and modelling packages
 - Many useful blog posts and other webpages in results for <u>'hydrology+R'</u>



Other Resources

- Google your R problem there is likely a solution already discovered!
- Stack Overflow is a great resource
- The Rproject.org has a lot of helpful resources and guides
- Free online R courses
- Talk to friends and colleagues for help!



CSHS-hydRology Project

- Collaboration by Canadian hydrologists to build an R package which addresses issues in Canadian climates
- Community built, tested, and coded
- Goal is to submit the package to CRAN
- No R experience necessary to join!
- Check out <u>commentary</u> in CWRA journal, "Rfunctions for Canadian hydrologists: a Canada wide collaboration"



CWRA Conference 2019 CSHS-hydRology Sessions

- Wednesday, May 29th are multiple R-related sessions at the upcoming National Conference
 - Two part workshop to discuss the CSHS-hydRology package, meet in person, learn how to use Github to work on the package repository, and learn how to use RStudio to build packages in R
 - Afternoon session `Exploring R in Water Science` with short presentations on specific R functions being developed



CWRA Pre- and Post-Conference Workshops

- Spaces still available for some the preconference workshops
 - FLOW FORECASTING USING WATFLOOD(R) AND GREENKENUE(TM)
 - UNDERSTANDING INDIGENOUS CULTURE
 - ENHANCING ENGAGEMENT IN CANADIAN WATER MANAGEMENT
 - INDIGENOUS APPROACHES & ENGAGEMENT IN WATERSHED PLANNING
 - NASH FLOW REGATTA



Thanks!

Follow up contact with any questions/ comments/ requests:

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Thank you.

