

# Set Covering Problem

Computação Inspirada na Natureza

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Rui Mendes

# 1 The problem

## Problem

- You want to consume the minimum number of fruits (and vegetables) that will allow you to get the complete set of vitamins
- Each fruit/vegetable gives you a subset of all vitamins

## Formulation

- Given a number of elements (e.g., cities, tasks, skills) and a collection of sets  $S = \{S_1, S_2, \dots, S_m\}$ , where each set contains some of these elements.
- The universe  $U = \bigcup_{s \in S} s_i$
- Find the smallest number of sets from  $S$  such that every element in the Universe is included in at least one selected set.
- Objective: Minimize cost (or number of sets) while ensuring full coverage.

$$\min_{|C|} \{C \subset S \mid \forall x \in U \exists S_k \in C : x \in S_k\}$$

## Example

$$U = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$$

$$S_1 = \{1, 2\}$$

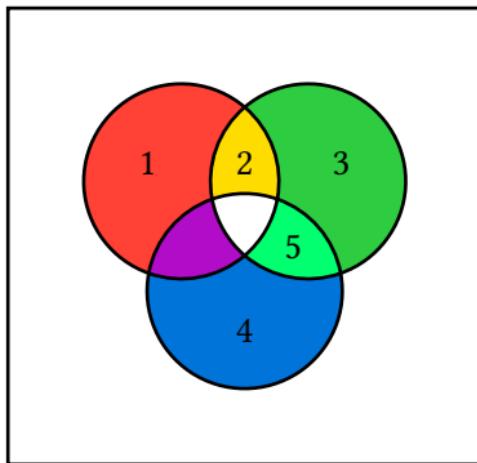
$$S_2 = \{2, 3, 5\}$$

$$S_3 = \{1, 4\}$$

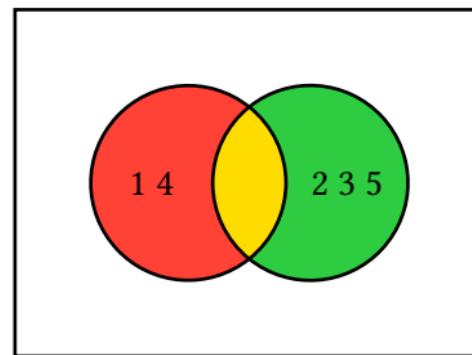
$$S_4 = \{4, 5\}$$

Solution	Size	Elements
$\{S_1, S_2, S_4\}$	3	$\{1, 2\} \cup \{2, 3, 5\} \cup \{4, 5\}$
$\{S_2, S_3\}$	2	$\{2, 3, 5\} \cup \{1, 4\}$

Solution using 3 sets



Solution using 2 sets



## Greedy Strategy

- While not complete
- Identify currently uncovered elements
- Pick the set that covers the largest number of uncovered elements  $u_i$
- Add it to the solution
- Repeat

## 2 Genetic Algorithm

## Initialization

Use a randomized version of the greedy algorithm for initializing the population

1. Use roulette wheel selection where each set  $S_i$  portion of the wheel is proportional to  $u_i$
2. Select a set randomly using the probabilities
3. For all  $S_i$ , adjust the number  $u_i$  of items that are not currently in the solution
4. Repeat until all elements are covered

# Binary Representation

- Size  $N$ : Number of subsets
- Each bit encodes the presence of the subset in the solution

## Constraint

Should be deterministic (unless using a Lamarckian approach)

## Greedy Cover

Iteratively add sets that cover the maximum of unrepresented elements

## Remove Redundancy

Remove sets that are not needed

# Repair for Binary Representation

## Greedy Cover

- Select the first set  $S_i$  with the largest  $u_i$
- Repeat until all elements are covered

## Remove Redundancy

- Remove the first set that is not needed or
- Use a more complex algorithm

# Operators for Binary Representation

- Selection: Tournament Selection
- Crossover: Uniform
- Mutation: Flip
- Repair: Use repair before evaluation
- Lamarckian: Should repair modify the individual?

# Order Representation

- Size  $N$ : Number of subsets
- Chromosome indicates order of adding sets
- Only add a set if it covers previously unrepresented elements
- Remove previous sets if they are no longer needed

## Selection

Tournament Selection

## Crossover

- Order Preserving, or
- Partially Mapped

## Mutation

- Insertion or
- Swap

## 3 Ant Colony Optimization

## Procedure

- Each ant starts with no sets
- It only adds a set that has at least one unrepresented element
- Heuristic is the number of unrepresented elements  $u_i$  added by the set
- An ant finishes building the solution when it has covered the entire universe  $U$
- Pruning may be performed a posteriori by removing superfluous sets

# ACO Graph

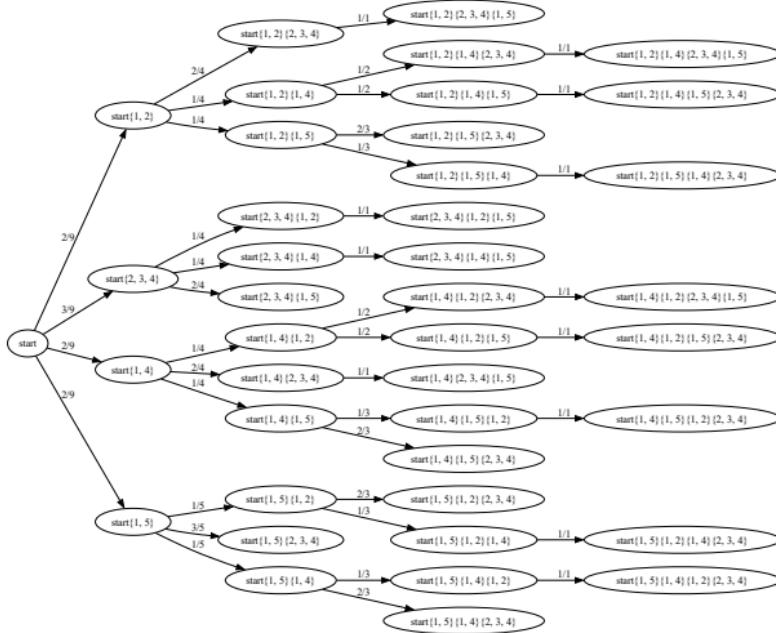


Figure 1: Graph with the heuristic value for each edge.