AGA FOODSERVICE GROUP PLC

Aga Foodservice Group: summary

Aga Foodservice Group is a leading UK based supplier of domestic and commercial cooking and refrigeration equipment. It has strong brands, established market positions, funds available for investment and ambitious plans for accelerated growth.

Financial summary: continuing operations

| | 2000 | 1999 |
|------------------------------|--------|--------|
| Turnover | £205m | £193m |
| Trading profit | £20.1m | £16.8m |
| Proforma net cash | £93m | _ |
| Proforma net assets employed | £203m | - |

Trading profit is operating profit before disposal of businesses and goodwill amortisation. The proforma net cash and net assets include the effect of the disposal of Pipe Systems, the conversion of the exchangeable shares and the results of the proposed tender offer.

Financial summary: total group

| | 2000 | 1999 |
|--|---------|--------|
| Turnover | £969m | £878m |
| Operating profit | £86.4m | £71.3m |
| Trading profit | £101.5m | £81.0m |
| Profit before tax, disposal of businesses and goodwill amortisation | £81.9m | £71.8m |
| Earnings per share based on profit before disposal of businesses and goodwill amortisation | 22.6p | 22.0p |
| Dividend per share | 13.2p | 13.2p |
| Shareholders' funds | £380m | £395m |
| Net borrowings | £304m | £274m |
| *************************************** | | |

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The directors of Aga Foodservice Group plc present their annual report, together with the accounts of the Company, for the year ended 31st December 2000. These will be submitted to members at the annual general meeting to be held at Headland House, New Coventry Road, Sheldon, Birmingham B26 3AZ, at 12 noon on Thursday 10th May 2001.

Activities, Business Review and Company Name

Aga Foodservice Group plc is the holding company of the Group; its principal subsidiaries and their activities are shown on page 55. A review of the activities and prospects of the Group and of the principal businesses is given on pages 4 to 17. The name of the Company was changed from Glynwed International plc by a special resolution of shareholders passed at an Extraordinary General Meeting held on 19th February 2001 conditional upon completion of the sale of the Group's Pipe Systems business to Etex Group S.A., which took place on 9th March 2001. The change of name became effective on 12th March 2001.

Results and Dividends

The operating profit of the Group for the financial period was £86.4m (1999 £71.3m). The profit distributable to shareholders for the financial period was £8.5m (1999 £75.1m). An interim dividend of 4.4p per ordinary share was paid on 6th December 2000. The directors recommend a final dividend of 8.8p per ordinary share payable on 1st June 2001 to members on the register at the close of business on 17th April 2001, making a total for the period of 13.2p per ordinary share (1999 13.2p).

Share Capital of the Company and Annual General Meeting

Allotments of ordinary shares of 25p each of the Company were made during 2000 as set out in note 20 on page 48.

Resolutions will be proposed at the annual general meeting to grant to the Board, until the next following annual general meeting, authority and power to allot new securities under sections 80 and 95 of the Companies Act 1985 ('the Act').

Resolution 10 renews the directors' authority under section 80 of the Act to issue relevant securities up to a nominal value of £21,452,489 being one-third of the nominal value of the Company's issued ordinary share capital at the date of this report. Resolution 11 renews the directors' authority under section 95 of the Act to allot ordinary shares for cash without first offering them pro rata to existing shareholders as otherwise required by section 89 of the Act; the authority sought is limited to issues of equity securities with a nominal value not to exceed £3,217,873, being equivalent to 5% of the nominal value of

the Company's issued ordinary share capital at the date of this report.

Under the Act and its Articles of Association, the Company may make purchases of its own ordinary shares, subject to obtaining the approval of shareholders. The directors consider it prudent to seek the approval of shareholders for authority to make market purchases of up to 25,742,987 ordinary shares, representing 10% of the current issued ordinary share capital of the Company. Resolution 12, which will be proposed as a special resolution, grants such authority. The authority will be exercised only if the directors believe that to do so would result in an increase in earnings per share and would be in the best interests of shareholders generally.

Shareholders will receive under separate cover a circular setting out proposals for a return of capital as referred to in the letter from the chairman in the circular to shareholders in respect of the disposal of Pipe Systems.

Following completion of the proposals to return capital to shareholders, the level of authorities conferred by Resolutions 10, 11 and 12 will exceed the percentage limits which institutional shareholders are usually willing to approve. It is the directors' intention that, in these circumstances, any utilisation of those authorities will not exceed the relevant percentages as they are applied to the Company's issued share capital following completion of the return of capital.

Shareholders

At 31st December 2000, ordinary shareholders totalled 13,360 (1999 11,356). Their holdings are analysed below:

| % of shareholders | % of shares in issue |
|----------------------|--|
| 87.07 | 6,48 |
| 10.50 | 7.87 |
| 0.84 | 3.39 |
| 1.04 | 12.16 |
| 0.55 | 70.10 |
| 100.00 | 100.00 |
| | shareholders 87.07 10.50 0.84 1.04 0.55 |

The following interests of 3% or more of the issued ordinary share capital of the Company as at the date of this report have been notified to the Company:

| Person notifying interest | Number of ordinary shares | % of issued ordinary capital |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Tweedy Browne | 15,756,625 | 6.12 |
| Scepter Holdings Inc | 14,910,000 | 5.79 |
| Brittanic Assurance plc | 12,377,003 | 4.81 |
| M&G Investment Managen | nent 9,172,757 | 3.56 |

Directors

The members of the Board at the date of this report are shown on pages 18 and 19. Lord Biffen, having reached the age of 70, retired from the Board on 31st December 2000. Mr A Catanzano, who was appointed a director on 3rd November 2000, resigned from the Board on 9th March 2001 on completion of the sale of Pipe Systems. Mr S L Howard will resign from the Board at the conclusion of the AGM on 10th May 2001.

In accordance with the articles of association, Mr C J Farrow and Mr W B McGrath retire by rotation, and being eligible, offer themselves for re-election. Mr V Cocker, Mr S Rennie, Mr S M Smith and Mrs B A Nielsen were appointed directors by the Board on 1st June 2000, 3rd November 2000, 12th March 2001 and 27th March 2001 respectively and in accordance with the Articles of Association, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election. Details of directors' remuneration are set out on page 25. The biographies of directors proposed for re-election appear on pages 18 and 19.

Directors' Interests

The interests of the directors in shares of the Company shown in the register kept under section 325 of the Act, all of which are in ordinary shares of 25p each and all of which are beneficially owned, are as follows:

| | At 27th March 2001 | At 31st December 2000 | At 31st December 1999 or date of appointment |
|-------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| C J Farrow | 11,000 | 11,000 | 1,000 |
| S L Howard | 11,235 | 11,235 | 11,235 |
| W B McGrat | h 17,500 | 17,500 | 17,500 |
| S Rennie | 5,595 | 5,595 | 5,595 |
| S M Smith | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
| V Cocker | | _ | |
| A J Wilson | 21,475 | 21,475 | 21,475 |
| B A Nielsen | - | | _ |
| Lord Biffen | _ | | - |
| A Catanzan | 0 - | _ | _ |

Details of options exercisable by directors over shares in the Company are given on page 26.

No director had an interest in any contract of significance with any Group company.

Acquisitions and Disposals

The principal acquisitions during the period were as follows:

March Eslon Thermoplastics (USA)
July Mono Equipment Limited (UK)

The purchases have been accounted for as acquisitions in accordance with accounting standard FRS6. Details relating to the fair value of net assets acquired and the consideration are set out in note 23 to the accounts on pages 50 and 51.

No material disposals were completed during the period, but on 9th March 2001 the Company completed the disposal of the Group's pipe systems businesses to Etex Group S.A. pursuant to the terms of a Sale and Purchase Agreement entered into on 21st January 2001.

Employees

As Group operations are conducted on a substantially decentralised basis, responsibility for employment matters lies primarily at the individual business level. It is, however, a requirement of the Group's central policy that responsibility is exercised in accordance with good, modern and consistent policies which are appropriate to local circumstances. A part of that requirement is that policies be followed which ensure that there is equal opportunity of employment, regardless of race or gender, and that appropriate consideration is given to disabled applicants in terms of employment. Training, career development and promotion for disabled persons is provided as the case warrants with special attention given to the particular needs of individuals who become disabled whilst in employment.

Employees are kept aware of developments within the Group by a variety of means, from arrangements made by local management relevant to employees in the business concerned through to Group circulars sent to employees. Employees are also encouraged to access the Group web sites.

The Group has a defined benefits pension scheme for UK employees. It also has savings-related and senior executive share option schemes, a long-term incentive plan and a co-investment plan.

Health and Safety and Environment

Particular care is taken over the Group's relationships with its employees and with the community in relation to health and safety and the environment. The Group aims to achieve high standards of operation under Health and Safety at Work and Environmental Protection legislation and seeks to keep all concerned aware of good industrial practice and statutory frameworks. Under arrangements which have been revised to

take account of the sale of the pipe systems business, implementation of the overall policy is co-ordinated by the Group's health and safety and environmental co-ordinator who reports directly to the group chief operating officer. The co-ordinator meets representatives from the Group's major operations at regular intervals during the year to review standards and encourage improvements.

On health and safety issues a Group Policy Statement sets parameters within which each business unit sets its own more detailed policies; under those parameters responsibility for health and safety at each unit is clearly placed with the unit managing director. Operating sites in the UK are appraised by external consultants through a programme of regular visits and managements are made aware of the social, financial and other costs of failures to meet standards set by legislation and the Company.

In relation to environmental matters, a Group Policy Statement forms the basis for more detailed policies, with clearly devolved management responsibilities, appropriate to the varying circumstances of the Group's individual operating businesses.

Research and Development

Research and development appropriate to the needs of the Group's individual businesses is proceeding and such expenditure is written off in the period in which it is incurred. The Group's policy is to have research and development facilities as an integral part of individual manufacturing operations rather than as a central Group undertaking.

Creditor Payment Policy

It is Group policy that payment will be made in accordance with agreed terms, provided a supplier is complying with the relevant terms and conditions, including the prompt and complete submission of all specified documentation. It is also Group policy to ensure that suppliers know the terms on which payment will take place when business is agreed. Individual operating businesses within the Group are responsible for establishing appropriate policies with regard to the payment of their suppliers. The Group's trade creditors as at 31st December 2000 equated to 54 days of related purchases (1999: 54 days).

Political and Charitable Donations

During 2000 the Group gave £27,000 for charitable purposes in the UK. The principal beneficiaries were organisations concerned with medical research, the elderly, people with physical or mental disabilities, sport and inner city projects. No political donations were made during the year.

Capital Gains Tax

The official price of Aga Foodservice Group plc ordinary shares on 31st March 1982, adjusted for the bonus issues made in 1986 and 1988, was 62.4p.

Close Company Status

The Company is not a close company within the meaning of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988, nor was it a close company during the period.

Going Concern

After making enquiries, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company and the Group have adequate financial resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For this reason the 'going concern basis' has been adopted in preparing the accounts.

Auditors

A resolution to reappoint the auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers, and to authorise the directors to determine their remuneration, will be proposed at the annual general meeting.

By order of the Board

D J Solomon

Secretary

Birmingham

27th March 2001

Statement of Compliance with the Combined Code

The Company has complied throughout the year ended 31st December 2000 with the Code provisions set out in section 1 of the Principles of Good Governance and Code of Best Practice prepared by the Hampel Committee ('the Combined Code') apart from the provision relating to the length of notice on directors' service agreements, which is discussed further on page 27.

Statement of Application of Principles

The Company is committed to high standards of corporate governance. The Board is accountable to the Company's shareholders for good governance and this report describes how the Principles set out in section 1 of the Combined Code are applied by the Company.

Board of Directors

The Board of directors of the Company currently comprises a non-executive chairman, chief executive, chief operating officer, finance director and four other non-executive directors. The roles of Group chairman and Group chief executive are held by separate directors and there is a clear division of responsibilities between them.

All directors are suitably qualified, trained or experienced so as to be able to participate fully in the work of the Board. They have the business, financial and commercial experience essential to the successful management of the Company.

The non-executive directors fulfil a vital role in corporate accountability and participate fully in the comprehensive review of strategic proposals to ensure that the interests of shareholders and relevant stakeholders in the Company are safeguarded. Each non-executive director is a member of the Audit, Remuneration and Nomination Committees.

The non-executive directors are independent of the Group's management and have no business relationship with the Group. Mr S L Howard is the senior non-executive director: upon his departure from the Board the role will be taken on by Mr V Cocker.

The Board meets regularly to exercise control over the Company. Matters specifically reserved to the Board for decision include material capital expenditure, approval of annual budgets and the development of corporate strategy.

All directors have access to the advice and services of the Group secretary, who is responsible for the proper conduct of Board procedures, and whose appointment is a matter for the Board as a whole. The Group secretary reports to the chairman

upon secretarial matters. As is commensurate with the independent conduct of their function, the non-executive directors are authorised to obtain professional advice at the Company's expense, if they so wish. Management reports fully to the Board at each Board meeting and on an ad hoc basis as required.

The Company's Articles provide that each director will be required to retire by rotation at least once every three years.

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee is under the chairmanship of Mr C J Farrow. It normally meets at least three times each year. Its membership comprises the non-executive directors of the Company. It has written terms of reference which deal clearly with its authority and duties. The duties of the Committee include keeping under review the scope and results of the audit and the cost-effectiveness, independence and objectivity of the auditors. In addition the Committee receives reports from internal audit and other specialist departments. The Committee also keeps under review the nature and extent of auditors' supply of non-audit services.

Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee is under the chairmanship of Mr C I Farrow. Its membership comprises the non-executive directors and such executive directors as may be co-opted, provided that a majority of non-executive directors is maintained at all times. It is responsible for nominating candidates with required skills and attributes for approval by the Board as a whole to fill vacancies on the Board and ensure that the Board has an appropriate balance of expertise and ability.

Internal Control

The Board is ultimately responsible for the Group's systems of internal controls, including internal financial control, operational and compliance controls and risk management and for monitoring their effectiveness. The Board has established procedures necessary to implement the guidance issued in respect of Guidance for Directors on the Combined Code ('the Guidance'). The meeting calendar and agenda of the Board ensure that risk management and internal control are considered on a regular basis during the year and are subject to continuous review and development.

A methodology for identification and assessment of relevant risks throughout the Group has been settled and disseminated following a review of risk. This methodology ensures that appropriate reviews of risk are carried out at each business within the Group to arrive at an ordered assessment

encompassing issues including likelihood of occurrence and degree of impact. The areas reviewed include risks relating to operational and financial contingencies, tangible and intangible asset protection, personnel policies, compliance and legal and regulatory issues, including environment and health and safety. A full risk and control assessment has been prepared in respect of the year to 31st December 2000 and will be prepared in respect of the current year.

Throughout the Group's operations regular management and board meetings review all aspects of the Group's various businesses including those aspects where there is a potential risk to the Group. Key procedures include planning, budgeting and investment appraisal.

Systems of internal control are designed inter alia to provide reasonable assurance that the Group's assets are safeguarded and that the financial information and accounting records are reliable, though such assurance cannot be absolute. The Board has reserved, for its own approval, those major decisions considered significant to the strategy and operation of the Group as a whole. A control structure is in place throughout the Group, which requires at least two appropriate levels of authorisation for other decisions, which have a major financial implication for the businesses concerned. Continual monitoring of the systems of internal financial control is the responsibility of all managements.

The Group has clearly defined guidelines for appraisal, approval and monitoring of acquisition and divestment policy, major capital investments and restructuring costs. These include budgets (covering quantification of benefits), detailed review and monitoring procedures, specific levels of expenditure authority and due diligence where businesses are being acquired.

The Board has approved operating policies and controls for the Group's treasury activities and receives regular information about them. In addition its insurance and risk management programmes are reported upon to the Board and the Audit Committee.

The Group has an internal audit department whose head reports to the group finance director and has access to the chairman of the Audit Committee. The team's programme is set annually and approved by the Audit Committee. External auditors consider the systems of internal financial control, in conjunction with the internal auditors, to the extent necessary to express their audit opinion. Internal and external auditors report regularly on the results of their work to management, including executive members of the Board, and to the Audit Committee.

The Board will continue to review the effectiveness of the Group's internal control systems, having particular regard to the change in the structure of the Group's businesses as a result of the sale of Pipe Systems.

Relations and Communications with Shareholders

Meetings are held between directors of the Company and major institutional shareholders at regular intervals as part of the Company's investor relations programme and whenever required in relation to specific issues.

Notice of the Annual General Meeting and related papers are sent to shareholders at least 20 working days before the meeting. Separate resolutions are proposed at the Annual General Meeting on each substantive issue. Shareholders attending the Annual General Meeting are entitled to ask questions and are invited to meet with directors after formal proceedings have ended. The Chairman of the Board, Audit, Remuneration and Nomination Committees are available at the Annual General Meeting to answer questions together with relevant executive directors. At the Annual General Meeting proxy votes are announced by the chairman.

In the annual and interim reports, Annual General Meeting trading statements, results presentations and city announcements generally, the Company seeks to present an accurate, objective and balanced view in a style and format which is appropriate for the intended audience. In addition to those maintained by individual businesses, the Company has an internet web site on which it presents information about the Group.

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee currently under the chairmanship of Mr S L Howard also comprises the other non-executive members of the Board. Mr W B McGrath is not a member of the Committee but may attend meetings of the Committee by invitation. No executive director was present at meetings of the Committee during consideration of his own remuneration. The Company has complied throughout the year under review with the Code provisions concerning directors' remuneration. During 2000 the executive directors' remuneration comprised salary and bonuses, incentives and pensions as detailed on page 25.

Salary and Benefits

The Remuneration Committee determines the contracts of service and emoluments of executive directors. The Committee ordinarily reviews directors' salaries annually effective from 1st January, although reviews take place at other times, if appropriate. Salary reviews take into account market rates and the performance of the individual and of the Company. Policies for benefits (which include company cars and private health insurance) are reviewed regularly and comparisons with benefit packages of other companies are made.

It is confirmed that in carrying out its work the Committee has full regard to schedule A in the Code of Best Practice. It is the underlying policy of the Committee that the levels of remuneration of executive directors shall be reasonable and fair in comparison with that of directors of other companies which are broadly similar in size and in range of activities and sufficient to attract and retain directors needed to run the Company successfully. To that end the Committee aims to set executive directors' remuneration having taken full account of information provided by other UK listed companies, in relation to which data is obtained from leading external consultancy sources.

The individual elements of remuneration are set out below in respect of each director (other than Mr S M Smith and Mrs B A Nielsen who were appointed in March 2001):

Incentives

Annual Bonus

Executive directors participate in a performance-related annual bonus scheme which is intended to provide appropriate incentives and rewards for achieving the Company's business objectives. Current performance measures balance the need for the Company to secure the best results from its ongoing operations while successfully carrying out its strategic programme of acquisitions and disposals. Details of annual bonuses paid in respect of 2000 are set out in the table below.

The overall bonus cap for executive directors consists of 50% of salary. The Remuneration Committee has received independent external advice that a 50% cap is median practice in the engineering sector. The Company's annual bonus arrangements have been linked to a co-investment plan, intended to encourage a higher level of personal shareholding on the part of senior management. No award has yet been made under the co-investment plan.

Long-Term Incentive Plan (the 'LTIP')

The LTIP is a performance share plan whereby shares are conditionally allocated to senior management, up to a maximum annual value of 100% of salary. Shares will be released to participants, who are still in the Group's service, on a

| | | | Benefits | Annual | 2000 | 1999 |
|--|----------------|---|--------------|--------|----------|-------|
| | Salary £000 | Fees | in-kind | bonus | Total | Total |
| | | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 |
| C J Farrow (appointed Chairman in June 2000) | _ | 50 | _ | _ | 50 | 25 |
| W B McGrath | *257 | _ | 16 | 63 | 336 | 285 |
| S Rennie (from appointment in November 2000) | 27 | _ | 2 | 7 | 36 | _ |
| S L Howard | - | 25 | _ | _ | 25 | 25 |
| V Cocker (appointed in July 2000) | _ | 11 | | - | 11 | _ |
| A J Wilson | 396 | _ | 15 | 109 | 520 | 452 |
| A Catanzano (from appointment in November 2000) | 37 | | 4 | 9 | 50 | _ |
| Lord Biffen (retired in December 2000) | _ | 25 | _ | _ | 25 | 25 |
| E C S Macpherson (retired from Board in June 2000) | _ | 45 | - | | 45 | 90 |
| J C Blakeley (retired from Board in December 1999) ± | | _ | - | _ | - | 197 |
| Total | 717 | 156 | 37 | 188 | 1,098 | 1,099 |
| Compensation for loss of office ± | | | | | _ | 466 |
| Total emoluments | • | *************************************** | | | 1,098 | 1,565 |

^{*} The salary figure for Mr W B McGrath includes a supplement of £29,922 provided in place of pension benefits on Mr McGrath's salary in excess of the statutory earnings cap. ± The compensation for loss of office payable in respect of Mr J C Blakeley after cessation of employment with the Group on 31st March 2000 gave a total payment in respect of Mr J C Blakeley charged in the accounts in 1999 of £663,000.

Principal benefits-in-kind are car-related, with private healthcare costs accounting for most of the balance.

sliding-scale three to five years after they are allocated.

The actual percentage of shares they can acquire will depend on a comparison of the Company's Total Shareholder Return (TSR) with the TSR of companies in the Engineering sector of the FTSE All Share Index. If the Company's TSR places it in the top 25% of the comparator companies, the participant can acquire all the shares; if the Company's TSR is at the midpoint, 25% of the shares can be acquired; if the Company's TSR is below midpoint, none of the shares can be acquired. There is a sliding scale if the Company's TSR is between upper quartile position and the midpoint. In addition, none of the shares can be acquired unless the Remuneration Committee determines that there has been a sustained improvement in underlying financial performance during the performance period.

Participants in the LTIP will not be able to participate in future option grants under the 1994 senior executive share option scheme. LTIP awards made to executive directors are set out below.

Executive Share Options

The Company has senior executive and savings-related share option schemes, which it sees as a means of encouraging employees' closer involvement in the success of the Group. Options granted under the 1994 senior executive share option scheme are only exercisable if the Company's earnings per share, calculated on the basis promulgated by the Institute of

Investment Management and Research, have exceeded by at least 2% per annum the increase in the UK's Retail Price Index over a period of three years beginning not earlier than the Company's last financial year before the date of an option grant.

The options concerned are ordinarily exercisable in the periods set out below:

Senior Executive Share Option Scheme

| Period of 7 years to | Option Price (p per share) |
|----------------------|----------------------------|
| September 2002 | 288 |
| May 2008 | 321 |

Savings-Related Share Option Scheme

| Period of 6 months to | Option Price (p per share) |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|
| May 2003 | 199 |

No share options were granted to executive directors under the 1994 senior executive share option scheme during 2000.

The mid-market price of Aga Foodservice Group plc ordinary shares at the beginning and end of the year was 240p and 193p respectively. During the year the market price of the shares ranged between 162p and 254p.

The interest of directors at the beginning and end of the 2000 financial year in the currently-operating share option schemes were as stated in the table below.

| | Executive Share | Options under the 1994 Senior xecutive Share Option Scheme approved in 1994 | | Scheme Related Share Option Scheme | |
|------------------------|-----------------|---|----------------|------------------------------------|------------|
| | at 288pps | at 321pps | at 243pps | at 199pps | |
| W B McGrath | | | | | |
| at beginning of 2000 | | 175,000 | - | 8,479 | 75.757 |
| at end of 2000 | <u> </u> | 175,000 | <u> </u> | 8,479 | 75,757 |
| S Rennie | | | | | |
| at date of appointment | 75,000 | - | 4,259 | - | 55,555 |
| lapsed during year | - | - | (4,259) | | - |
| at end of 2000 | 75,000 | - | - | _ | 55,555 |
| A J Wilson | | | | | |
| at beginning of 2000 | 100,000 | 150,000 | 7,098 | - | 136,363 |
| lapsed during year | - | - | (7,098) | - | - |
| at end of 2000 | 100,000 | 150,000 | - 0 | _ | 136,363 |
| A Catanzano | | | | | 1 1 1 1 |
| at date of appointment | 40,000 | _ | | - | 50,505 |
| at end of 2000 | 40,000 | - | 7 | - | 50,505 |

The above interests have not changed since the end of the 2000 financial year save that rights to exercise options arose in favour of Mr A J Wilson and Mr A Catanzano on ceasing employment with the Group. No other directors held any share options.

Pensions

Mr A J Wilson, Mr W B McGrath, Mr S Rennie and Mr S M Smith are members of a defined-benefit pension scheme which provides for a pension of two-thirds of final pensionable remuneration on retirement at normal retirement age with 20 or more years of pensionable service. Final pensionable remuneration is limited to the statutory earnings cap where relevant.

The increase in the transfer value of the directors' pensions (other than for Mr S M Smith who became a director on 12th March 2001), after deduction of contributions paid by them, is shown below:

| | A J Wilson | W B McGrath | S Rennie |
|-------------------------------|------------|---|----------|
| | £000 | £000 | £000 |
| Total accrued pension at 31 | st | *************************************** | |
| December 2000 (pa) | 226 | 9 | 74 |
| Increase in accrued pension | ····· | · | |
| over 2000 (pa) | 29 | 3 | 1 |
| Transfer value of increase a | t | ^^>> | |
| 31st December 2000 | 502 | 27 | 19 |
| Contributions paid by | | | |
| directors in 2000 | 12 | 3 | 1 |
| Transfer value increase after | er | | |
| deduction of directors' | | | |
| contributions | 490 | 24 | 18 |

The transfer values shown above are not payable to the individuals concerned. During the year the Company paid premiums of £661 to provide life assurance cover on that part of Mr W 8 McGrath's earnings above the Inland Revenue cap for the year.

Mr A J Wilson ceased to be a Group employee on 9th March 2001. As part of the transitional pension arrangements agreed between the Company and Etex Group S.A. in respect of all transferring employees, Mr Wilson will remain in pensionable service under the Group Pension Scheme prospectively until 30th September 2001.

Mr A Catanzano ceased to be a director on 9th March 2001. He is a member of a defined contribution pension scheme to which the Company contributed £15,948 between his appointment as a director on 3rd November 2000 and 31st December 2000.

Service Contracts

The Remuneration Committee has established a policy to align the normal notice period of new executive directors with the best practice provisions set out in the Combined Code. Accordingly, the service contracts for Mr S Rennie and Mr S M Smith (who are each proposed to be re-elected at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting) each have a notice period of one year.

The service contracts of Mr A J Wilson and of Mr W B McGrath (who is proposed to be re-elected at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting) each had a notice period of two years during 2000. Mr Wilson ceased to be an executive director on 9th March 2001 and has no service contract as a non-executive director. To reflect current policy, it was agreed that with effect from 12th March 2001, the notice period under Mr McGrath's service contract be reduced to one year. Since that date no director has had a service contract with a notice period in excess of one year.

The Remuneration Committee does not consider it to be in the best interests of shareholders for directors' contracts to provide explicitly for predetermined compensation in the event of termination and accordingly none of the contracts contains any such provision.

Mr A J Wilson became a non-executive director on 9th March 2001. Non-executive directors (including Mr V Cocker and Mrs B A Nielsen who are each proposed to be re-elected at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting) are appointed for an initial term of 3 years pursuant to a letter of appointment. Details of fees paid during the year are set out on page 25.

For the year ended 31st December

| | | 2000 | | | 1999 | | | |
|--|---------|-----------------------|------------|--|---|---|-------------------------------------|--|
| | | Continuing operations | operations | Total | Continuing operations | Dis- continued operations | Total | |
| urnover | Notes | £m | £m | £m | £m | £m | £m | |
| cquisitions | | 7.7 | 23.9 | 31,6 | | | | |
| Other continuing operations | | 196.9 | 740.6 | 937.5 | | | | |
| otal turnover | 2&3 | 204.6 | 764.5 | 969.1 | 192.8 | 685.5 | 878.3 | |
| Operating profit (after goodwill amortisation | on) | | | | | | | |
| Acquisitions | | 0.9 | 1.1 | 2.0 | | | | |
| Other continuing operations | | 16.1 | 68.3 | 84.4 | | | | |
| otal operating profit | 3 | 17.0 | 69.4 | 86.4 | 14.4 | 56.9 | 71.3 | |
| Provision for loss on disposal of businesses | 30 | - | (36.0) | (36.0) | | = | - | |
| Profit on disposal of businesses | | - | _ | - | - | 32.5 | 32.5 | |
| Profit before interest and tax | | 17.0 | 33.4 | 50.4 | 14.4 | 89.4 | 103.8 | |
| nterest payable (net) | 6 | ; | | (19.6) | | | (9.2) | |
| Profit before tax | | | • | 30.8 | | | 94.6 | |
| Tax on profit on ordinary activities | 7 | , | | (22.1) | | | (18.8) | |
| Profit on ordinary activities after tax | | | | 8.7 | | | 75.8 | |
| Equity minority interests | 22 | <u>></u> | | (0.2) | | | (0.7) | |
| Profit attributable to shareholders | | | | 8.5 | | | 75.1 | |
| Dividends | 9 | 9 | | (32.0) | | | (32.0) | |
| (Transfer from reserves)/profit retained | 2 | 1 | | (23.5) | | | 43.1 | |
| Reconciliation of profits before disposal o | f busir | nesses 20. | 1 81.4 | 101,5 | 16.8 | 64.2 | 81,0 | |
| | | (3. | 1) (12.0) | (15.1) | (2.4 | (7.3) | | |
| Goodwill amortisation | | (3. | ., (12.0) | (15.1) | (- · · | , -, | (9.7 | |
| Goodwill amortisation Operating profit | | 17. | | 86.4 | 14.4 | *************************************** | | |
| Operating profit | | | | | *************************************** | *************************************** | 71.3 | |
| | | | | 86.4 | *************************************** | *************************************** | 71.3 | |
| Operating profit Interest payable (net) Add back goodwill amortisation Profit before tax, disposal of businesses a | ınd | | | 86.4 (19.6) 15.1 | *************************************** | *************************************** | 71.3 (9.7 9.7 | |
| Operating profit Interest payable (net) Add back goodwill amortisation | nd | | | 86.4 (19.6) | *************************************** | *************************************** | 71.3 (9.7 9.7 | |
| Operating profit Interest payable (net) Add back goodwill amortisation Profit before tax, disposal of businesses a goodwill amortisation Earnings per share | | | | 86.4 (19.6) 15.1 | *************************************** | *************************************** | 71.3 (9.3 9.3 | |
| Operating profit Interest payable (net) Add back goodwill amortisation Profit before tax, disposal of businesses a goodwill amortisation Earnings per share Before disposal of businesses and | | 17. | | 86.4 (19.6) 15.1 81.9 | *************************************** | *************************************** | 71.3 (9.2 9.7 71.8 | |
| Operating profit Interest payable (net) Add back goodwill amortisation Profit before tax, disposal of businesses a goodwill amortisation Earnings per share | | 17. | | 86.4 (19.6) 15.1 —————————————————————————————————— | *************************************** | *************************************** | (9.7 71.3 (9.2 9.7 71.8 | |

Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses

| | | 2000 | 1999 |
|--|--|------|--------|
| | Notes | £m | £m |
| Profit attributable to shareholders | | 8.5 | 75.1 |
| Exchange adjustments on net investments | 21 | 8.2 | (11.8) |
| Total recognised gains and losses relating to the year | | 16.7 | 63.3 |
| | ······································ | | |
| | | | |

Note of Historical Cost Profit

| | 2000 | 1999 |
|---|--------|--------|
| Notes | £m | £m |
| Reported profit before tax | 30.8 | 94.6 |
| Realisation of property revaluation gains of previous years | 0.4 | 8.3 |
| Difference between an historical cost depreciation charge and the actual depreciation | | |
| charge of the year calculated on the revalued amounts | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| Historical cost profit on ordinary activities before tax | 31.3 | 103.0 |
| Tax on profit on ordinary activities 7 | (22.1) | (18.8) |
| Equity minority interests 22 | (0.2) | (0.7) |
| Dividends 9 | (32.0) | (32.0) |
| Historical cost (transfer from reserves)/profit retained | (23.0) | 51.5 |

Reconciliation of Movements in Shareholders' Funds

| | | | 2000 | 1999 |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------|--------|--------|
| | | Notes | £m | £m |
| Total recognised gains and losses | relating to the year | | 16.7 | 63.3 |
| Dividends | | 9 | (32.0) | (32.0) |
| New share capital subscribed | - share premium | 21 | 0.1 | 0.2 |
| Share buybacks | - preference shares | 20 | _ | (1.3) |
| | - profit and loss account | 21 | - | (1.4) |
| | - capital redemption reserve | 21 | - | 1.3 |
| Goodwill reinstated on disposals | | 21 | - | 39.1 |
| Net (decrease)/increase in shareho | olders' funds | | (15.2) | 69.2 |
| Shareholders' funds at 1st Januar | • | | 394.8 | 325.6 |
| Shareholders' funds at 31st De | ecember | | 379.6 | 394.8 |
| | | | | |

As at 31st December

| | Group | | | Company | | |
|--|--|---------|---------|--------------|---------|--|
| | ••• | 2000 | 1999 | 2000 | 1999 | |
| | Notes | £m | £m | £m | £m | |
| ixed assets | | | | | | |
| itangible assets | 11 | 275.8 | 272.6 | - | - | |
| angible assets | 12 | 288.2 | 272.1 | - | _ | |
| estments: | 13 | - | 1.2 | 343.2 | 495.5 | |
| otal fixed assets | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | 564.0 | 545.9 | 343.2 | 495.5 | |
| current assets | | | | · | | |
| tocks | 14 | 194.4 | 166.6 | - | - | |
| Debtors | 15 | 192.9 | 181.0 | 937.5 | 619.1 | |
| Cash at bank and in hand | 17 | 33.5 | 34.7 | 0.3 | 7.3 | |
| Total current assets | | 420.8 | 382.3 | 937.8 | 626.4 | |
| Creditors – amounts falling due within one year | | | | | | |
| Operating creditors | 16 | (163.9) | (158.4) | (221.3) | (426.1) | |
| Borrowings | 17 | (56.8) | (25.4) | (68.1) | (30.2) | |
| Exchangeables | 17 & 20 | (33.5) | - | - | - | |
| Tax and dividends payable | 16 | (33.6) | (27.9) | (21.3) | (21.3) | |
| Total amounts falling due within one year | | (287.8) | (211.7) | (310.7) | (477.6) | |
| Net current assets | | 133.0 | 170.6 | 627.1 | 148.8 | |
| Total assets less current liabilities | | 697.0 | 716.5 | 970.3 | 644.3 | |
| Creditors – amounts falling due after more than one year | | | | | | |
| Borrowings | 17 | (247.5) | (251.1) | (241.9) | (230.6 | |
| Exchangeables | 17 & 20 | - | (32.1) | - | _ | |
| Provisions for liabilities and charges | 19 | (68.6) | (37.1) | _ | - | |
| Total net assets employed | | 380.9 | 396.2 | 728.4 | 413.7 | |
| Capital and reserves | | | | | | |
| Called up share capital | 20 | 60.6 | 60.6 | 60.6 | 60.6 | |
| Share premium account | 21 | 25.9 | 25.8 | 25,9 | 25.8 | |
| Revaluation reserve | 21 | 7.0 | 7.6 | - | - | |
| Capital redemption reserve | 21 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.3 | |
| Profit and loss account | 21 | 283.8 | 298.5 | 639,6 | 325.0 | |
| Total shareholders' funds | | 379.6 | 394.8 | 728.4 | 413. | |
| Equity minority interests | 22 | 1.3 | 1.4 | | _ | |
| Total funds | | 380.9 | 396.2 | 728.4 | 413. | |

The accounts on pages 28 to 55 were approved by the Board of Directors on 27th March 2001 and were signed on its behalf by:

C J Farrow Chairman

W B McGrath Chief Executive W H Cocally Coca

for the year ended 31st December

| | | 1999 | |
|---|-----------|---------|---------|
| | Notes | fm fm | £m £m |
| Net cash inflow from operating activities | | 106.0 | 96.0 |
| Returns on investments and servicing of finance | | (17.0) | (6.9) |
| Tax paid | | (20.9) | (37.2) |
| Capital expenditure and financial investment | | (27.4) | (24.6) |
| Acquisitions and disposals | 23 | (19.1) | (18.4) |
| Equity dividends paid | | (32.0) | (32.0) |
| Net cash outflow before financing | | (10.4) | (23.1) |
| Financing | | | |
| – issue of ordinary share capital | 24 | 0.1 | 0.2 |
| - buyback of preference share capital | 24 | _ | (1.4) |
| – increase in debt | 24 | 3,4 | 16.2 |
| | •••• | 3.5 | 15.0 |
| Decrease in cash in the year | 25 | (6.9) | (8.1) |
| Reconciliation of net cash flow | | | |
| to movement in net borrowings | | | |
| Decrease in cash in the year | 25 | (6.9) | (8.1) |
| Increase in debt | 24 | (3.4) | (16.2) |
| Change in net debt resulting from cash flows | 25 | (10.3) | (24.3) |
| Borrowings acquired with acquisitions | 23 | (4.5) | (64.6) |
| Loan notes issued for acquisitions | 23 | (7.1) | - |
| Exchangeables | 20 | - | (32.1) |
| Exchange adjustment | 25 | (8.5) | 5.6 |
| Increase in net borrowings | | (30.4) | (115.4) |
| Opening net borrowings | | (273.9) | (158.5) |
| Closing net borrowings | | (304.3) | (273.9) |

This statement should be read in conjunction with the reconciliations on page 32.

for the year ended 31st December

Reconciliation of Operating Profit to Net Cash Inflow from Operating Activities

| | | 2000 | | | 1999 | | |
|---|-------|------------|------------|--------|------------|------------|--------|
| | | £m | £m Dis- | £m | £m | £m Dis- | £m |
| | Notes | Continuing | continued | Total | Continuing | continued | Total |
| Operating profit | | 17.0 | 69.4 | 86.4 | 14.4 | 56.9 | 71.3 |
| Goodwill amortisation | 3 | 3,1 | 12.0 | 15.1 | 2.4 | 7.3 | 9.7 |
| Depreciation | 3 | 3,9 | 22.8 | 26.7 | 4.1 | 23.4 | 27.5 |
| Profit on disposal of fixed assets | | (0.5) | (1.9) | (2.4) | - | - | - |
| (Increase)/decrease in stocks | | (1.3) | (11.8) | (13.1) | 3.5 | (10.8) | (7.3) |
| (Increase)/decrease in debtors | | 0.9 | 4.8 | 5.7 | (3.4) | 16.5 | 13.1 |
| Increase/(decrease) in creditors | | 4.1 | (9.9) | (5.8) | 9.0 | (21.6) | (12.6) |
| Increase/(decrease) in provisions | | (4.1) | (2.5) | (6.6) | (2.1) | (3.6) | (5.7) |
| Net cash inflow from operating activities | | 23.1 | 82.9 | 106.0 | 27.9 | 68.1 | 96.0 |

Operating cashflows relating to acquisitions and disposals are shown in note 23.

Returns on Investments and Servicing of Finance

| | | 2000 | 1999 | |
|---|-------|--------|-------|--|
| | Notes | £m | £m | |
| Interest payable (net) | 6 | (19.6) | (9.2) | |
| Movement in prepayments and accruals | | 2.8 | 2.7 | |
| Net interest paid | | (16.8) | (6.5) | |
| Interest received | | 2,1 | 1.2 | |
| Interest paid | | (18.9) | (7.7) | |
| Net interest paid | | (16.8) | (6.5) | |
| Dividend paid to minority interests | 22 | (0.2) | (0.4) | |
| Net cash outflow from returns on investments and servicing of finance | | (17.0) | (6.9) | |

Tax paid

| | 2000 | 1999 |
|--------------------------------------|--------|--------|
| Tax paid | £m | £m |
| – on operating activities | (20.9) | (28.3) |
| – an dispasal of non-core businesses | - | (8.9) |
| Total tax paid | (20.9) | (37.2) |
| rotal tax para | (20.3) | (31.2) |

Capital Expenditure and Financial Investment

| Net cash outflow from capital expenditure and financial investment | | (27.4) | (24.6) |
|--|-------|--------|--------|
| Sale of tangible fixed assets | | 10.1 | 3.8 |
| Purchase of tangible fixed assets | 12 | (37.5) | (28.4) |
| | Notes | £m | £m |
| | | 2000 | 1999 |

1. Accounting policies

Basis of accounting

The accounts are prepared under the historical cost convention, except where adjusted for revaluations of certain fixed assets, and in accordance with applicable Accounting Standards.

New Financial Reporting Standards 15 and 16 have been adopted in the 2000 accounts. The Group's accounting policies have been revised to comply with these standards, where applicable, but this has not resulted in any change to previously published information. Following the introduction of FRS15, the Group is not adopting a policy of revaluing its fixed assets. The transitional provisions of the FRS have been followed whereby existing revaluations are retained.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated profit and loss account and balance sheet include the accounts of the parent company and all its subsidiaries made up to the end of the financial year and include the results of subsidiaries and businesses acquired and sold during the year from or up to their effective date of acquisition or sale. The consolidated accounts also include the Group's share of post-acquisition earnings and reserves of associated undertakings.

Acquisitions

Shares issued as consideration for the acquisitions of companies have a fair value attributed to them, which is normally their market value at the date of acquisition. Net tangible assets acquired are consolidated at a fair value to the Group at date of acquisition. All changes to those assets and liabilities, and the resulting gains and losses, that arise after the Group has gained control of the subsidiary are credited and charged to the post-acquisition profit and loss account or the statement of recognised gains and losses as appropriate. In the company accounts, where advantage can be taken of the merger relief rules, shares issued as consideration for acquisitions are accounted for at nominal value.

Goodwill

From 1998, goodwill, being the difference between the fair value of the purchase consideration and the fair value of the assets acquired, has been capitalised in the accounts as goodwill and then amortised on a straight line basis over its estimated useful life.

Goodwill arising on acquisitions prior to 1998 has been written off to reserves. This goodwill will be charged in the profit and loss account as part of any profit or loss of any subsequent disposal of the business to which it relates.

Turnover

Turnover which excludes value added tax and intra-group sales represents the invoiced value of goods and services supplied to customers.

Pension costs

The cost of providing retirement pensions and related benefits is charged to the profit and loss account over the periods benefiting from the employees' services.

Research and development

Research and development expenditure is written off in the year in which it is incurred.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land and assets in the course of construction, at rates calculated to write off the cost of each asset on a straight line basis over its expected useful life as follows:

- i. Freehold buildings over 50 years.
- Leasehold land and buildings over 50 years or the period of the lease whichever is less.
- Plant, machinery and equipment over a period of 3 to 12½ years (1999: 3 to 10 years).

Leases

Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are integrated with owned tangible fixed assets and the obligations relating thereto, excluding finance charges, are included in borrowings. Finance costs are charged to the profit and loss account over the contract term to give a constant rate of interest on the outstanding balance. Costs in respect of operating leases are charged in arriving at the operating profit.

Assets leased to third parties under operating leases (principally land and buildings) are held as tangible fixed assets and depreciated over their expected useful life in line with the depreciation policy. Rental income from leased assets is credited to the profit and loss account on an accruals basis.

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost on a first in first out basis and net realisable value. Cost includes a proportion of production overheads based on normal levels of activity. Full provision is made for obsolete and slow moving items.

Borrowings

All financial instruments with a cost to the Group, with the exception of share capital, have been included in borrowings. Consequently finance leases and bills of exchange, which have a cost to the Group, are included in net borrowings. The cost of bills and finance leases has been included in net interest. Borrowings are shown net of the associated finance costs, which are amortised to the profit and loss account over the life of the borrowings.

Foreign currencies

The profit and loss account items of overseas subsidiaries and related companies are translated into sterling using average exchange rates. Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies including goodwill arising on acquisitions are translated at the mid-market rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date unless matched by forward contracts. Where the translation of overseas subsidiaries and associated undertakings, net of any foreign currency borrowing used to finance them, gives rise to an exchange difference, this is taken directly to reserves. Other exchange differences are dealt with through the profit and loss account.

Financial instruments

The principal derivative instruments utilised by the Group are interest rate swaps and forward rate agreements. These instruments are used for hedging purposes in line with the Group's risk management policy and no trading in financial instruments is undertaken. Interest differentials are taken to net interest payable in the profit and loss account, and premiums and fees are amortised at a constant rate over the life of the underlying instrument.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is taken into account to the extent that a liability will probably arise in the foreseeable future and is calculated at tax rates expected to apply at that time. In the holding company and its subsidiaries the liability is assessed with reference to the individual company. On consolidation the liability is assessed with reference to the Group as a whole.

2. Segmental analysis

The figures for 1999 in this note have been restated for the disposal of Pipe Systems on 9th March 2001.

| | 2000 | | | 1999 | | |
|---|----------|------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|
| By business group | Turnover | Operating profit | Net operating assets | et ig ts Turnover | Operating profit | Net operating assets |
| | £m | £m | ı £m | | £m | £m |
| Consumer Products | 111.3 | 9.8 | 34.5 | 114.6 | 7.7 | 39.2 |
| Foodservice Products | 93.3 | 10.3 | 32.3 | 78.2 | 9.1 | 24.2 |
| Total continuing operations | 204.6 | 20.1 | 66.8 | 192.8 | 16.8 | 63.4 |
| Goodwill amortisation - continuing operations | - | (3.1) | - | _ | (2.4) | ~ |
| Discontinued operations | 764.5 | | 362.6 | 685.5 | 56.9 | 352.3 |
| Total Group | 969.1 | | 429.4 | 878.3 | 71.3 | 415.7 |

An analysis of net operating assets by category of asset is given on page 57.

Turnover between business groups is immaterial. Net assets for Consumer Products and Foodservice Products in 1999 previously included allocations of central assets and liabilities. The allocations shown above are based on assets and liabilities being retained by the continuing operations. Goodwill amortisation on continuing operations relates entirely to Foodservice Products.

| By geographical origin | 2000 | | | 1999 | | |
|---|----------|------------------|----------------------------|----------------|------------------|----------------------------|
| | Turnover | Operating profit | Net operating assets | Turnover £m | Operating profit | Net operating assets |
| | £m | £m | £m | | £m | £m |
| United Kingdom | 177.4 | 19.2 | 63.9 | 176.6 | 16.2 | 62.8 ⁻ |
| North America | 21.5 | 0.4 | 1.3 | 10.9 | 0.2 | (0.7) |
| Rest of World | 5.7 | 0.5 | 1.6 | 5.3 | 0.4 | 1.3 |
| Total continuing operations | 204.6 | | 66.8 | 192.8 | 16.8 | 63.4 |
| Goodwill amortisation - continuing operations | - | (3.1) | - | _ | (2.4) | |
| Discontinued operations | 764.5 | 69.4 | 362.6 | 685.5 | 56.9 | 352.3 |
| Total Group | 969.1 | 86.4 | 429.4 | 878.3 | 71.3 | 415.7 |

Goodwill amortisation on continuing operations relates to United Kingdom £2.3m (1999: £2.1m) and North America £0.8m (1999: £0.3m).

| Turnover by geographical destination | 2000 | 1999 | | |
|--------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|------------------|
| | £m | % | £m | % |
| United Kingdom | 165.2 | 80.7 | 165.1 | 85. 6 |
| North America | 22.3 | 10.9 | 11.4 | 5.9 |
| Rest of World | 17.1 | 8,4 | 16.3 | 8.5 |
| Total continuing operations | 204.6 | 100.0 | 192.8 | 100.0 |

3. Net operating costs

| | 2000 | | | 1999 | | | |
|--|--------------------|-------------------|--------|------------|-------------------|---|--|
| | Continuing | Dis- continued | Total | Continuing | Dis- continued | Total | |
| | £m | £m | £m | £m | £m | £m | |
| ırnover | 204.6 | 764.5 | 969.1 | 192.8 | 685.5 | 878.3 | |
| ess operating profit | (17.0) | (69.4) | (86.4) | (14.4) | (56.9) | (71.3) | |
| Net operating costs | 187.6 | 695.1 | 882.7 | 178.4 | 628.6 | 807.0 | |
| Net operating costs | | | | | | *************************************** | |
| Raw materials and consumables | 75.5 | 360.8 | 436.3 | 70.0 | 302.7 | 372.7 | |
| Staff costs (note 4) | 64.6 | 177.4 | 242.0 | 59.9 | 179.0 | 238.9 | |
| Other operating charges | 37.7 | 113.3 | 151.0 | 33.1 | 101.2 | 134.3 | |
| Change in stocks of finished goods | | | | | | | |
| and work in progress | (3.3) | (22.1) | (25.4) | 2.1 | (7.2) | (5.1) | |
| Other operating income | (1.1) | (5.3) | (6.4) | (1.4) | (5.8) | (7.2) | |
| Other external charges | 7.2 | 36.2 | 43.4 | 8.2 | 28.0 | 36.2 | |
| Amortisation of goodwill (note 11) | 3.1 | 12.0 | 15.1 | 2.4 | 7.3 | 9.7 | |
| Depreciation of tangible fixed assets (note 12) | 3.9 | 22.8 | 26.7 | 4.1 | 23.4 | 27.5 | |
| Net operating costs | 187.6 | 695.1 | 882.7 | 178.4 | 628.6 | 807.0 | |
| The total figures for 2000 include the following a | mounts relating to | acquisitions: | | | | | |
| | | | | | | 2000 | |
| | | | | | | £m | |
| Turnover | | | | | | 31.6 | |
| Less operating profit | | | | | | (2.0) | |
| Net operating costs | | | | | | 29.6 | |
| Net operating costs | | | | | | | |
| Raw material and consumables | | | | | | 20.2 | |
| Staff costs | | | | | | 5.7 | |
| Other operating charges | | | | | | 3.5 | |
| Change in stocks of finished goods and work in | progress | | | | | (2.3 | |
| Other external charges | | | | | | 1.5 | |
| Amortisation of goodwill | | | | | | 0.3 | |
| Depreciation of tangible fixed assets | | | | | | 0.7 | |
| | | | | | | | |

3. Net operating costs (continued)

| 2000 | 1000 | |
|--|--------|--------|
| Total | 10,627 | 10,400 |
| Discontinued | 7,460 | 7,414 |
| Foodservice Products | 1,378 | 1,147 |
| Consumer Products | 1,789 | 1,839 |
| Average number of employees (including directors) | 2000 | 1999 |
| 4. Employee information | | |
| - Other services | 1.0 | 0.8 |
| - Services in connection with Stock Exchange related transactions - Other services | - | 8.0 |
| Other services provided by primary auditors | | |
| Total audit services | 8.0 | 0.8 |
| - Other auditors of Group companies | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| (Company E0.1m (1999 E0.1m)) | 0.7 | 0.7 |
| – Primary auditors | | |
| Audit services | | |
| Auditors' remuneration | | |
| - Other | 4.9 | 3.8 |
| - Plant and machinery | 5.6 | 4.6 |
| Rentals under operating leases | | |
| Research and development | 8.7 | 9.2 |
| Profit on disposal of fixed assets | 2.4 | _ |
| exceptional reorganisation and redundancy | 3.0 | 9.3 |
| | £m | £m |
| | 2000 | 1999 |

| | 2000 1999 | | | 1999 | | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|-------|------------|-------------------|-------|
| | Continuing | Dis- continued | Total | Continuina | Dis- continued | Total |
| Staff costs (including directors) | £m | fm | £m | £m | £m | £m |
| Wages and salaries | 58.1 | 147.9 | 206.0 | 54.0 | 151.5 | 205.5 |
| Social security costs | 5.2 | 26.0 | 31.2 | 4.4 | 24.3 | 28.7 |
| Other pension costs | 1.3 | 3.5 | 4.8 | 1.5 | 3.2 | 4.7 |
| Total staff costs | 64.6 | 177.4 | 242.0 | 59.9 | 179.0 | 238.9 |

Directors' emoluments

Details of directors' emoluments are set out in the Remuneration Report on pages 24 to 27

5. Pension costs

The Group operates a number of pension schemes throughout the world. During the year the two main UK schemes were merged. The scheme, which covers the majority of United Kingdom employees is a defined benefit scheme and the assets are held in trust funds separate from the Group's assets. A number of defined benefit pension arrangements are operated in Germany by Friatec, provided via a mixture of direct pension promises (unfunded arrangements) and arrangements funded through assets held separately from the employer. The other schemes (including those operated by Friatec outside Germany) are small in size and generally of a money purchase nature.

The latest full valuation of the main United Kingdom scheme was carried out by Watson Wyatt Partners, independent consulting actuaries, as at 31st March 1998 using the projected unit credit method. The principal assumptions on which the valuation was based for the purposes of establishing the Group's pension cost were that the investment return would be 2.75% greater than general salary increases, 4.25% greater than increases in future pension payments, and 3.5% greater than the assumed rate of growth on United Kingdom equity dividends. The results of the valuation showed that the scheme had an aggregate market value of £746.5m and was 109% funded. For the purposes of the 1999 accounts, the valuation was rolled forward to September 1999, using the same principal assumptions, to reflect changes in assets and liabilities in the intervening period. The results of this roll forward showed that the scheme was 113% funded and the surplus has been spread forward on the fixed monetary amount basis. This valuation has been used for the 2000 accounts. At 31st December 2000 the pensions prepayment held in the Group's balance sheet is £12.9m (1999: £12.1m).

Approximate valuations of the German pension schemes operated by Friatec were carried out by Watson Wyatt Partners, as at 31st October 1998, in order to comply with United Kingdom accounting requirements. The methodology and assumptions used were broadly consistent with those used in the United Kingdom valuations and were chosen to reflect the German economic environment. The overall liability at 31st December 2000 was £8.2m.

6. Interest

| Interest payable (net) | 19.6 | 9.2 |
|---|-------|-------|
| Less interest receivable and similar income | (2.1) | (1.2) |
| Total interest payable | 21.7 | 10.4 |
| All other borrowings | 2.9 | 1.2 |
| Bank loans and overdrafts | 18.8 | 9.2 |
| Interest payable | £m | £m |
| | 2000 | 1999 |

7. Tax on profit on ordinary activities

| • | 2000 | 1999 |
|--|--------|-------|
| United Kingdom corporation tax based on a rate of 30% (1999: 30.25%) | £m | £m |
| Current tax on income for year | 27.4 | 5.7 |
| Adjustments in respect of prior years | (1.6) | 1.1 |
| | 25.8 | 6.8 |
| Double taxation relief | (20.6) | (1.0) |
| Deferred tax (note 19) | ~ | (3.5) |
| Total United Kingdom tax | 5.2 | 2.3 |
| Overseas tax | | |
| Current tax on income for year | 15.5 | 15.8 |
| Adjustments in respect of prior years | (0.3) | 0.5 |
| | 15.2 | 16.3 |
| Deferred tax (note 19) | 1.7 | 0.2 |
| Total overseas tax | 16.9 | 16.5 |
| Tax on profit on ordinary activities | 22.1 | 18.8 |
| Including tax on exceptional items:— | | |
| - disposal of businesses | (1.7) | 1.0 |
| – exceptional reorganisation costs | (1.0) | (3.0) |
| Tax on exceptional items | (2.7) | (2.0) |

8. Profit for the year

Group profit after tax and minority interests for the year was £8.5m (1999: £75.1m). Aga Foodservice Group plc has taken advantage of section 230(3) of the Companies Act 1985 and has not included its own profit and loss account in these accounts. The company's profit was £346.1m (1999: £112.4m).

9. Dividends

| | 2000 | 1999 |
|---|------|------|
| Ordinary dividends | £m | £m |
| Interim paid of 4.4p per share (1999: 4.4p) | 10.7 | 10.7 |
| Proposed final of 8.8p per share (1999: 8.8p) | 21.3 | 21.3 |
| Total of 13.2p per share (1999: 13.2p) | 32.0 | 32.0 |

10. Earnings per share

| | 2000 | 1999 |
|--|---------|---------|
| Earnings before disposal of businesses | £m | £m |
| Profit on ordinary activities after tax | 8.7 | 75.8 |
| Minority interests | (0.2) | (0.7) |
| Disposal of businesses net of tax | 34.3 | (31.5) |
| Goodwill amortisation net of tax | 12.0 | 9.7 |
| Earnings before disposal of businesses and goodwill amortisation | 54.8 | 53.3 |
| Earnings | | |
| Profit on ordinary activities after tax | 8.7 | 75.8 |
| Minority interests | (0.2) | (0.7) |
| Earnings – for basic EPS | 8.5 | 75.1 |
| Dilutive effect of Exchangeables (note 20) | 2.0 | 0.6 |
| Earnings – for diluted EPS | 10.5 | 75.7 |
| Weighted average number of shares in issue | million | million |
| For basic EPS calculation | 242.5 | 242.4 |
| Dilutive effect of Exchangeables (note 20) | 14.9 | 6.2 |
| For diluted EPS calculation | 257.4 | 248.6 |
| Earnings per share | р | р |
| Before disposal of businesses and goodwill amortisation | 22.6 | 22.0 |
| Basic | 3.5 | 31.0 |
| Diluted | 4.1 | 30.5 |

The additional earnings per share figure has been calculated to provide a measure of performance before the impact of profits and losses on disposals. Prior year figures have been restated.

11. Intangible assets - goodwill

| At 1st January 284.1 132 Exchange adjustment 8.7 (10 Arising from acquisitions in the year (note 23) 10.2 165 Arising from adjustment to prior year acquisitions (note 23) (0.2) (3 At 31st December 302.8 284 Amortisation 11.5 2 Exchange adjustment 0.4 (0 Charge for the year 15.1 5 At 31st December 27.0 1 Net book value | | 2000 | 1999 |
|--|--|-------|--------|
| Exchange adjustment 8.7 (100 Arising from acquisitions in the year (note 23) 10.2 1650 Arising from adjustment to prior year acquisitions (note 23) (0.2) (30 At 31st December 302.8 2840 Amortisation At 1st January 11.5 22 Exchange adjustment 11.5 22 Exchange adjustment 15.1 250 At 31st December 15.1 250 At 31st December 27.0 11.5 250 At 31st December 15.1 250 At 31st December 15.1 250 At 31st December 15.1 250 At 31st December 27.0 11.5 At 31st December 27.0 11.5 At 31st December 27.0 11.5 At 31st December 37.0 At 31st Dec | Cost | £m | £m |
| Arising from acquisitions in the year (note 23) Arising from adjustment to prior year acquisitions (note 23) At 31st December 302.8 284 Amortisation At 1st January Exchange adjustment Charge for the year At 31st December 27.0 1 Net book value | At 1st January | 284.1 | 132.7 |
| Arising from adjustment to prior year acquisitions (note 23) At 31st December 302.8 284 Amortisation At 1st January Exchange adjustment Charge for the year At 31st December 27.0 1 Net book value | Exchange adjustment | 8.7 | (10.6) |
| At 31st December 302.8 284 Amortisation At 1st January 11.5 2 Exchange adjustment 0.4 (0 Charge for the year 15.1 5 At 31st December 27.0 1 Net book value | Arising from acquisitions in the year (note 23) | 10.2 | 165.1 |
| Amortisation At 1st January Exchange adjustment Charge for the year At 31st December 27.0 Net book value | Arising from adjustment to prior year acquisitions (note 23) | (0.2) | (3.1) |
| At 1st January Exchange adjustment O.4 (Charge for the year At 31st December 27.0 1 | At 31st December | 302.8 | 284.1 |
| Exchange adjustment Charge for the year 15.1 At 31st December 27.0 Net book value | Amortisation · | | |
| Charge for the year 15.1 At 31st December 27.0 1 Net book value | At 1st January | 11.5 | 2.0 |
| At 31st December 27.0 1 Net book value | Exchange adjustment | 0.4 | (0.2) |
| Net book value | Charge for the year | 15.1 | 9.7 |
| · | At 31st December | 27.0 | 11.5 |
| At 31st December 275.8 27 | Net book value | | |
| | At 31st December | 275.8 | 272.6 |

Goodwill arising on acquisitions is being amortised over 20 years, which the directors believe to be its useful economic life.

12. Tangible fixed assets

| | Land and buildings | Plant, machinery and equipment | Assets in course of construction | Total tangible fixed assets |
|---------------------|-----------------------|---|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Cost and valuation | £m | £m | £m | £m |
| At 1st January | 164.9 | 338.0 | 6.8 | 509.7 |
| Exchange adjustment | 2.9 | 4.5 | 0.1 | 7.5 |
| Businesses acquired | 4.6 | 3.8 | - | 8.4 |
| Capital expenditure | 4.3 | 28.3 | 4.9 | 37.5 |
| Disposals | (7.3) | (10.9) | _ | (18.2) |
| Reclassification | 0.4 | 5.5 | (5.9) | - |
| At 31st December | 169.8 | 369.2 | 5.9 | 544.9 |
| Depreciation | | | | |
| At 1st January | 8.3 | 229.3 | - | 237.6 |
| Exchange adjustment | 0.2 | 2.5 | - | 2.7 |
| Businesses acquired | 0.2 | → | - | 0.2 |
| Charge for the year | 2.8 | 23.9 | _ | 26.7 |
| Disposals | (0.5 |) (10.0 |) – | (10.5) |
| At 31st December | 11.0 | 245.7 | - | 256.7 |
| Net book value | | | | |
| At 31st December | 158.8 | 123.5 | 5.9 | 288.2 |
| At 1st January | 156.6 | 108.7 | 6.8 | 272.1 |

All tangible fixed assets are held at cost except for £42.7m of land and buildings valued professionally in 1995.

The historical cost to the relevant businesses of tangible fixed assets amounts to £539.6m (1999: £506.1m) and the accumulated depreciation thereon is £263.2m (1999: £247.0m), giving a net historical book value of £276.4m (1999: £259.1m).

The net book value of tangible fixed assets includes £1.0m (1999: £0.8m) in respect of assets held under finance leases. Depreciation for the year on these assets was £0.2m (1999: £0.3m).

| Total 158.8 | 156.6 |
|--|-------|
| Short Leasehold 0.1 | 0.1 |
| Long leasehold 0.8 | 1.0 |
| Freehold 157.9 | 155.5 |
| £m | £m |
| The net book value of land and buildings comprises: 2000 | 1999 |

Included in net book value of land and buildings is £9.8m relating to properties leased to former Metals Processing businesses. The businesses have options to purchase these properties, exercisable before 2009. No material loss would arise on the exercise of these options.

The useful life of certain assets has been reviewed in accordance with FRS15. The effect has been to reduce the depreciation charge in the year by approximately £3.0m. The effect of this on the profit for the year is partially offset by a reduction in stock values of approximately £0.4m.

194.4

166.6

| 13. Investments | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------|
| | | | | | 2000 | 1999 |
| Group | | | | | £m | £m |
| Trade Investments | | | | | · - | 1.2 |
| | Cost of shares | Provisions | Net book value | Amounts due from subsidiaries | Amounts due to subsidiaries | Total |
| Company | £m | £m | £m | £m | £m | £m |
| In subsidiaries | | | | | | |
| At 1st January | 529.3 | (33.8) | 495.5 | 599.0 | (422.8) | 671.7 |
| Movement in the year | (115.2) | (37.1) | (152.3) | 314.4 | 208.3 | 370.4 |
| At 31st December | 414.1 | (70.9) | 343.2 | 913.4 | (214.5) | 1,042.1 |
| 14. Stocks | | | | | | |
| | | | | | 2000 | 1999 |
| | | | | | £m | £m |
| Raw materials and consumables | | | | | 41.4 | 38.8 |
| Work in progress | | | | | 20,2 | 18.0 |
| Finished goods and goods for resale | | | | | 132.8 | 109.8 |

15. Debtors

Total stocks

| | Grou | Group | | ny |
|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | 2000 | 1999 | 2000 | 1999 |
| Operating debtors | £m | £m | £m | £m |
| - falling due within one year | | | | |
| Trade debtors | 136.2 | 133.4 | - | - |
| Amounts owed by Group undertakings | - | - | 913.4 | 541.9 |
| Other debtors | 14.3 | 13.4 | 0.1 | 0.2 |
| Prepayments and accrued income | 7.0 | 6.0 | 0.3 | 0.5 |
| Total falling due within one year | 157.5 | 152.8 | 913.8 | 542.6 |
| Operating debtors | | | | |
| – falling due after one year | | | | |
| Amounts owed by Group undertakings | - | _ | _ | 57.1 |
| Other debtors | 6.9 | 6.4 | - | - |
| Pension prepayment | 12.9 | 12.1 | - | - |
| Total operating debtors | 177.3 | 171.3 | 913.8 | 599.7 |
| Tax recoverable falling due within one year | 15.6 | 9.7 | 23.7 | 19.4 |
| Total debtors | 192.9 | 181.0 | 937,5 | 619.1 |

16. Creditors

| | Group | | Compa | iny | | | | | |
|---|--------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | 2000 | 1999 | 2000 | 1999 | | | | | |
| Amounts falling due within one year | £m | £m | £m | £m | | | | | |
| Operating creditors Trade creditors Amounts owed to Group undertakings Social security Accruals and deferred income Other creditors | | | - 214.5 - 6.4 0.4 | | | | | | |
| | 99.7 | 88.1 | | 422.8 - 2.8 0.5 | | | | | |
| | - 6.0 36.5 21.7 | 4.8 42.6 22.9 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Total operating creditors | 163.9 | 158.4 | 221.3 | 426.1 |
| | | | | | Tax and dividends payable | | | | |
| | | | | | Tax | 12.3 | 6.6 | - | _ |
| Dividends payable | 21.3 | 21.3 | 21.3 | 21.3 | | | | | |
| Total tax and dividends payable | 33.6 | 27.9 | 21.3 | 21.3 | | | | | |

17. Borrowings

| | Group | | Сотрапу | | |
|--------------------------------------|--------|--------|---------|---|--|
| | 2000 | 1999 | 2000 | 1999 | |
| | fm | £m | £m | £m | |
| Floating Rate Loan Notes – 1996/2005 | 6.8 | 7.4 | 6.8 | 7.4 | |
| Finance leases | 0.2 | 0.3 | _ | | |
| Other borrowings | 49.8 | 17.7 | 61.3 | 22.8 | |
| Total falling due within one year | 56.8 | 25.4 | 68.1 | 30.2 | |
| Finance leases | 0.3 | 0.3 | - | _ | |
| Floating Rate Loan Notes – 2010 | 7.1 | - | 7.1 | - | |
| Other borrowings | 240.1 | 250.8 | 234.8 | 230.6 | |
| Total falling due after one year | 247.5 | 251.1 | 241.9 | 230.6 | |
| Exchangeables (note 20) | 33.5 | 32.1 | - | *************************************** | |
| Total borrowings | 337.8 | 308.6 | 310.0 | 260.8 | |
| Cash at bank and in hand | (33.5) | (34.7) | (0.3) | (7.3) | |
| Total net borrowings | 304.3 | 273.9 | 309.7 | 253.5 | |
| Secured | 2.0 | 2.2 | - | | |
| Unsecured | 335.8 | 306.4 | 310.0 | 260.8 | |
| Total borrowings | 337.8 | 308.6 | 310.0 | 260.8 | |

Subsidiaries' secured borrowings are secured on the property and assets of those subsidiaries.

18. Financial instruments

The Group's objective in using financial instruments is to reduce its exposure to financial risk. The group treasurer co-ordinates banking, borrowing requirements and financial instrument transactions. The Group manages its financial instrument credit risk by only undertaking transactions with established relationship banks. Board approved policies and procedures govern these activities.

Major transactions are undertaken by the group treasury team. Operating units are responsible for their transactional hedging, under parameters set by the Board and with monthly monitoring at Group level. The treasury department is a cost centre, only undertaking transactions to hedge identified Group exposures.

The three principal areas of financial risk are:

• Foreign exchange transactional exposures

The objective of foreign exchange transactional hedging policy is to minimise the impact of exchange rate fluctuations on expected results. This is achieved through the use of forward foreign exchange contracts on all material transaction flows.

• Foreign exchange translation exposures

The Group seeks to hedge a proportion of overseas investments, reducing volatility by maintaining liabilities in its non-sterling balance sheet currencies. In 2000 the Group continued with its strategy of maintaining liabilities in the two principal overseas currencies of Canadian dollars and Euros to hedge a material proportion of the Group's investments made in those currencies. At the end of 2000, the non-sterling liabilities represented 74% (1999: 74%) of Canadian net assets and 35% (1999: 35%) of Eurozone net assets respectively.

Interest rate risk on borrowing

The Group seeks to maintain a balance between fixed and floating rate debt. At the year end, the majority of the Group's borrowings were at floating rates. The Group manages the risk associated with interest rate movements by entering into interest rate swaps and forward rate agreements over periods of between 1 and 2 years. Depending on market conditions and absolute debt levels, the Group's policy is to have between 25% and 75% of debt at fixed rates at any time. At the year end, 32% of the borrowings had been swapped to a fixed rate basis.

Short term debtors and creditors have been excluded from all the following disclosures, other than the currency exposure.

a) Currency and interest rate exposure of financial assets and liabilities

The following table analyses the currency and interest rate composition of the Group's financial liabilities, comprising total borrowings of £337.8m (1999: £308.6m) included in note 17 and the provision for vacant leasehold properties of £1.9m (1999: £5.4m) included in note 19. The analysis is shown after accounting for the impact of interest rate swaps.

| | | | | | Fixed rate weighted average | |
|------------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 2000 | Floating rate £m | Fixed rate £m | Non interest bearing £m | Total £m | Interest rate % | Time period Years |
| Currency | | | | | | |
| Sterling | 41.4 | _ | 1.9 | 43.3 | - | _ |
| Eurozone | 37.3 | 43.1 | _ | 80.4 | 5.5 | 1.8 |
| US | 16.7 | _ | - | 16.7 | - | |
| Canadian | 106.7 | 55.3 | _ | 162.0 | 6.3 | 1.1 |
| Other currencies | 3.8 | - | - | 3.8 | - | - |
| At 31st December | 205.9 | 98.4 | 1.9 | 306.2 | | |
| Canadian ~ Exchangeables (note 20) | 33.5 | _ | _ | 33.5 | | _ |

18. Financial instruments (continued)

Fixed rate weighted average

| | | | | ***** | | , |
|------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------|----------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| 1999 | Floating rate £m | Fixed rate £m | Non interest bearing £m | Total £m | Interest rate % | Time period Years |
| Currency | LIII | 210 | L111 | 2111 | 70 | iea s |
| Sterling | 15.6 | _ | 5.4 | 21.0 | _ | |
| Eurozone | 17.0 | 60.5 | _ | 77.5 | 4.1 | 1.1 |
| US | 14.6 | - | - | 14.6 | - | _ |
| Canadian | 143.2 | 21.3 | - | 164.5 | 6.4 | 1.7 |
| Other currencies | 1.0 | 3.3 | - | 4.3 | - | - |
| At 31st December | 191.4 | 85.1 | 5.4 | 281.9 | | |
| Canadian – Exchangeables (note 20) | 32.1 | _ | - | 32.1 | - | _ |

Floating rate financial liabilities bear interest based on the relevant national LIBOR equivalents, which are fixed in advance for periods of between one month and six months. The Exchangeables carried interest equivalent to dividends on Aga Foodservice Group shares (note 20).

Fixed rate financial liabilities were those for which the interest was fixed for more than 12 months.

The provision for vacant leasehold properties is considered to be a non-interest bearing liability and has an average period to maturity of 4.5 years (1999: 3.8 years).

The following table analyses the currency and interest rate exposure of the Group's financial assets, comprising cash at bank and in hand of £33.5m (1999: £34.7m).

| At 31st December | 33.5 | 34.7 |
|------------------|------|------|
| Other currencies | 9.6 | 6.8 |
| Canadian | 6.2 | 4.4 |
| US | 3.0 | 5.2 |
| Eurozone | 13.7 | 15.0 |
| Sterling | 1.0 | 3.3 |
| Currency | £m | £m |
| | 2000 | 1999 |

The above financial assets bear floating rate interest at the relevant short term market rate.

b) Maturity analysis of financial liabilities

The following table analyses the maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities at the year end.

| | | Company | | | | |
|----------------------------|-------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|-------|--|
| | | Finance leases | Other financial liabilities | Total | Total | |
| | £m | £m | £m | £m | £m | |
| Within 1 year or on demand | 90.1 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 90.7 | 68.1 | |
| Between 1 and 2 years | 23,1 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 23.5 | 20.1 | |
| Between 2 and 5 years | 222.8 | 0.1 | 1.1 | 224.0 | 221.8 | |
| Over 5 years | 1.3 | - | 0.2 | 1.5 | - | |
| At 31st December | 337.3 | 0.5 | 1.9 | 339.7 | 310.0 | |

| 18. Financial instruments (continued) | _ | | Company | | |
|--|------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|-------|
| b) Maturity analysis of financial liabilities (continued) 1999 | Borrowings | Finance leases | Other financial liabilities | Total | Total |
| | £m | £m | £m | £m | £m |
| Within 1 year or on demand | 25.1 | 0.3 | 1.5 | 26.9 | 30.2 |
| Between 1 and 2 years | 92.8 | 0.1 | 0.7 | 93.6 | 43.9 |
| Between 2 and 5 years | 188.7 | 0.2 | 2.1 | 191.0 | 186.7 |
| Over 5 years | 1.4 | - | 1.1 | 2.5 | - |
| At 31st December | 308.0 | 0.6 | 5.4 | 314.0 | 260.8 |

c) Borrowing facilities

The following table analyses the Group's undrawn committed facilities at the year end.

| | 2000 | 1999 |
|------------------------------------|-------|-------|
| | £m | £m |
| Expiring within 1 year | 94.9 | 28.1 |
| Expiring between 1 and 2 years | 12.0 | 164.6 |
| Expiring in more than 2 years | 82.2 | 42.3 |
| | | |
| Total undrawn committed facilities | 189.1 | 235.0 |

The Group also has uncommitted facilities totalling £126.4m.

Following the disposal of Pipe Systems on 9th March 2001 the Group's borrowing facilities have been reduced substantially to reflect the Group's ongoing requirements.

| | 200 | 0 | 1999 | | |
|---|------------------------------------|------------|---|-------------------|--|
| d) Fair values of financial assets and liabilities | | • | | | |
| | Book value | Fair value | Book value | Fair value | |
| | £m | £m | £m | £m | |
| Primary financial instruments held or issued to finance Group operations: | | | | | |
| Short term borrowings Long term borrowings Exchangeables | (56.8) | (56.8) | (251.1) (32.1) (5.4) | (25.4) (251.1) | |
| | (247.5) (33.5) (1.9) 33.5 | (247.5) | | | |
| | | • • | | (32.1) | |
| Other financial liabilities | | | | (5.4) 34.7 | |
| Cash at bank and in hand | | | | | |
| Derivative financial instruments held to manage the interest rate | | | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | | |
| and currency profile: | | | | | |
| Interest rate swaps | - | (8.0) | - | (0.1) | |
| Derivative financial instruments held or issued to hedge the | | | | | |
| currency exposure on purchases and sales: | | | | | |
| Forward foreign currency contracts | - | (0.1 |) – | (0.3) | |

The Group's borrowings are primarily floating rate loans and their book value is deemed to approximate to their fair values. The fair values of the Exchangeables and other financial liabilities are not materially different from their book value. The fair value of the interest rate swaps has been estimated by discounting the affected cash flows. The fair value of the forward foreign exchange contracts has been calculated using the spot rate of exchange at the year end.

18. Financial instruments (continued)

e) Currency exposures

The table below shows the currency exposure of the Group's net monetary assets and liabilities in currencies other than their local currency after taking account of forward foreign exchange contracts held to manage such exposures. Foreign exchange differences on retranslation of these assets and liabilities are taken to the profit and loss account.

Net foreign currency financial assets/(liabilities)

| 2000 Functional currency of Group operation: | Sterling | Eurozone | Other US currencies | | Total |
|--|----------|-------------------------|------------------------|-----|--------------|
| | £m | £m | £m | £m | £m |
| | | | | | |
| Sterling Eurozone | - | 0.6 1) – 0.2 – | (0.3) | 2.0 | (1.1) |
| | (0.1) | | 0.1 | | 2.0 |
| US | | | _ | | 0.2 (2.1) |
| Canadian | _ | | (2.1) | | |
| Other currencies | (1.6) | ` ' | 0.4 | - | (2.6) |
| Total | (1.7) | | (1.9) | 0.6 | (3.6) |

Net foreign currency financial assets/(liabilities)

| 1999 | Sterling | Eurozone | US | Other currencies | Total |
|------------------------------|----------|----------|-------|------------------|-------|
| | £m | £m | £m | £m | £m |
| currency of Group operation: | | | | | |
| | _ | 0.2 | 0.2 | (1.2) | (0.8) |
| | (0.6) | - | (0.1) | 2.4 | 1.7 |
| | -1 | 0.2 | - | → | 0.2 |
| | - | _ | 3.2 | - | 3.2 |
| | (3.2) | 0.4 | 0.2 | - | (2.6) |
| | (3.8) | 0.8 | 3.5 | 1.2 | 1.7 |

f) Hedges on future transactions

As explained on page 43, the Group's policy is to hedge the following exposures:

- interest rate risk by using interest rate swaps and forward rate agreements
- structural and transactional currency exposures, and currency exposures on future expected sales and purchases by using forward foreign exchange contracts.

At 31st December there were £0.8m (1999: £0.1m) of unrecognised net losses in respect of interest rate swaps and £0.1m (1999: £0.3m) in respect of forward foreign exchange contracts to be recognised in the profit and loss account in the next year.

19. Provisions for liabilities and charges

| | | Pensions & | | Property & | | |
|---|-----------------|----------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------|-------|
| | Deferred tax | employee benefits | Product warranties | reorganis- ation | Other | Total |
| | £m | £m | £m | £m | £m | £m |
| At 1st January | - | 14.6 | 9.3 | 6.5 | 6.7 | 37.1 |
| Exchange adjustment | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.8 |
| Acquisitions | | | | | | |
| – current year (note 23) | - | 0.1 | - | - | - | 0.1 |
| adjust prior year fair values (note 23) | <u></u> | _ | 0.2 | - | (0.5) | (0.3) |
| Charge/(credit) in the year | 1.7 | 1.7 | 0.7 | (1.3) | 36.2 | 39.0 |
| Utilised in the year | - | (0.6 | , | , (- , | (1.6) | (8.1) |
| At 31st December | 2,0 | | | | 40.9 | 68.6 |

| Deferred tax | 2000 | 1999 | | |
|--|--------------|----------|----------|------------|
| | P | otential | | Potential |
| | Provided unp | rovided | Provided | unprovided |
| | £m | £m | £m | £m |
| Timing differences between tax allowances and depreciation | _ | 6.0 | - | 8.1 |
| Other timing differences | 2.0 | _ | - | 0.6 |
| Total deferred tax | 2.0 | 6.0 | _ | 8.7 |

Pensions and employee benefits

Pensions and employee benefits include £14.1m (1999: £12.9m) in respect of unfunded pension schemes and £1.9m (1999: £1.7m) in respect of other long-term employee benefits.

Product warranties

Provision is made for the estimated liability on all products still under warranty. Product warranties of between 1 and 5 years are given, where appropriate, by individual businesses in the Group.

Property and reorganisation

Following the disposal programme of previous years certain vacant property located in the UK remains with the Group. Full provision has been made for the residual lease commitments, together with other outgoings, for the remaining period of the leases. The timing of payments is shown in note 18(b).

Provision has also been made for the remaining costs of reorganisations announced during the year to which the Group is committed. The expenditure will principally arise in 2001.

Other

The Group's other provisions relate to the provision made for loss on the disposal of Pipe Systems (see note 30), to minor legal and other claims and other costs from third parties in relation to divested businesses. Although the majority of these provisions should be realised in the next two accounting periods, the exact timing is unclear.

Company

The company does not have any provisions for liabilities and charges (1999: nil).

20. Share capital

| | 2000 | 1999 |
|---|------|------|
| | £m | £m |
| Authorised | | |
| 327.0m ordinary shares of 25p each (1999: 327.0m) | 81.8 | 81.8 |
| Issued and fully paid | | |
| 242.5m ordinary shares of 25p each (1999: 242.5m) | 60.6 | 60.6 |

During the year 51,426 ordinary shares of 25p each (nominal value £12,856) were issued in connection with the Company's share option schemes for an aggregate consideration of £105,720.

Exchangeables

In August 1999, 14.9m exchangeable shares ("the Exchangeables") with a value of CAD75m (£33.5m at 31st December 2000) were issued by a subsidiary of the Group as part of the consideration for IPEX Inc. At 31st December 2000 they represented a contractual obligation of the Group to exchange the shares at the holders option on a 1:1 basis for Aga Foodservice Group plc shares. Between March 2001 and August 2004 Exchangeables could be converted at the holders option into CAD75m cash, payable by Aga Foodservice Group plc and therefore have been accounted for as debt in the Group balance sheet. The Exchangeables carried interest cost equivalent to the dividend payable on the shares that would be issued on conversion into Aga Foodservice Group plc shares. As discussed in note 30 the Exchangeables were converted for ordinary shares in Aga Foodservice Group plc on 9th March 2001.

Options

Options outstanding at 31st December 2000 under the following schemes were as follows:

| | | Senior Executive Share Option Schemes | | | | otion Schemes |
|-------|---|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|---|--------------------------------|
| | Number of shares | Option price p per share | Exercisable in the 7 years to | Number of shares | Option price | Exercisable in the 6 months to |
| | 13,588 | 243.39 | April 2001 | 380,465 | 268.00 | May 2002 |
| | 29,120 | 382.73 | April 2002 | 476,006 | 199.00 | May 2003 |
| | 82,500 | 200.00 | September 2002 | 840,350 | 199.00 | May 2005 |
| | 17,472 | 302.88 | April 2004 | | | |
| | 1,099,444 | 288.00 | April 2007 | | | |
| | 325,000 | 321.00 | May 2008 | | | |
| | 2,410,000 | 225.00 | September 2009 | | | |
| Total | 3,977,124 | | | 1,696,821 | | |
| | *************************************** | ************************************ | ······ | *************************************** | *************************************** | |

Additionally under Long-Term Incentive awards, options were granted and were outstanding at the year end for 459,592 shares. These are exercisable in the 7 years to June 2009. A fee of £1 per award is payable and no further consideration is due.

21. Reserves

| Share premium | Revaluation reserve | Capital redemption reserve | Profit and loss account | Total |
|-------------------------|--|---|--|---|
| £m | £m | £m | £m | £m |
| 25.8 | 7.6 | 2.3 | 298.5 | 334.2 |
| - | (0.1) | _ | 8.3 | 8.2 |
| 0.1 – - (0.5) - – | _ | - | - | 0.1 |
| |) - | 0.5 (23.5) | - (23.5) | |
| | | | | 25.9 |
| | | | | |
| 25.8 | _ | 2.3 | 325.0 | 353,1 |
| - | _ | - | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| 0.1 | - | | | 0.1 |
| - | - | - | 314.1 | 314.1 |
| 25.9 | - | 2.3 | 639.6 | 667.8 |
| | premium fm 25.8 - 0.1 25.9 25.8 - 0.1 25.9 | premium reserve fm fm 25.8 7.6 - (0.1) 0.1 (0.5) 25.9 7.0 | Share premium premium Revaluation reserve reserve £m £m 25.8 7.6 2.3 - (0.1) - 0.1 - - - (0.5) - - - - 25.9 7.0 2.3 25.8 - 2.3 - - - 0.1 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - | Share premium premium premium Revaluation reserve reserve reserve and loss account account account fm £m £m £m £m 25.8 7.6 2.3 298.5 - (0.1) - 8.3 0.1 - - - - (0.5) - 0.5 - - - (23.5) 25.9 7.0 2.3 283.8 25.8 - 2.3 325.0 - - - 0.5 0.1 - - - - - 314.1 |

The cumulative amount of goodwill taken direct to reserves since 1985 in respect of businesses who were members of the Group at 31st December 2000 is £182.1m. Of this £175.8m relates to Pipe Systems disposed of in March 2001 (see note 30).

In accordance with SSAP 20, for each currency, exchange differences arising from the translation of foreign currency borrowings used to finance foreign currency investments, have been offset as reserves movements against exchange differences arising on the retranslation of the net investment in that currency. In total, net exchange losses on foreign currency borrowings of £8.5m (1999 £5.6m gains) have been taken to reserves. The Company's profit and loss account reserves of £639.6m include approximately £280m which is unavailable for distribution.

22. Minority interests

| | 2000 | 1999 |
|--|-------|-------|
| | £m | £m |
| At 1st January | 1.4 | 8.9 |
| Exchange adjustment | - | (0.8) |
| Purchased in year (note 23) | (0,1) | (6.9) |
| Adjustment of prior year acquisition fair values | - | (0.1) |
| Profit and loss account | 0.2 | 0.7 |
| Dividend paid | (0.2) | (0.4) |
| At 31st December | 1.3 | 1.4 |

23. Acquisitions and disposals

a) Acquisitions

The principal acquisitions during the year were Eslon Thermoplastics and Mono Equipment Limited.

| | Book value | Re- valuation | Total |
|---|---|---|-------|
| | £m | fm | £m |
| Net assets acquired | | | |
| Tangible fixed assets | 6.9 | 0.9 | 7.8 |
| Stocks | 11.4 | (0.9) | 10.5 |
| Debtors | 8.6 | (0.1) | 8.5 |
| Cash at bank and in hand | 0.6 | _ | 0.6 |
| Other creditors | (4.8) | (0.2) | (5.0) |
| Tax | (0.1) | _ | (0.1) |
| Borrowings acquired | (4.5) | | (4.5) |
| Other provisions (note 19) | - | (0.1) | (0.1) |
| Minority interests (note 22) | 0.1 | - | 0.1 |
| Net assets acquired | 18.2 | (0.4) | 17.8 |
| Cash paid | *************************************** | *************************************** | 20.1 |
| Cash previously paid | | | 8.0 |
| Loan notes issued | | | 7.1 |
| Total consideration | | | 28.0 |
| Goodwill arising on acquisitions in the year | | *************************************** | 10.2 |
| Adjustment to goodwill arising on prior year acquisitions | | | (0.2) |
| Total goodwill arising (note 11) | | | 10.0 |

Revaluation adjustments to fixed assets represent changes to bring assets to gross replacement cost reduced by depreciation to take account of the age and condition of the assets and reflect appropriate professional advice taken by the directors. Adjustments relating to stocks and debtors reflect knowledge gained as to the recoverability of these items following the acquisition. Adjustments relating to creditors and provisions relate to certain re-statements of accruals and the provision for certain liabilities not included in the acquired balance sheets.

23. Acquisitions and disposals (continued)

a) Acquisitions (continued)

The provisional fair values for IPEX Inc. and other acquisitions incorporated into the 1999 year end accounts have now been finalised and minor revaluation adjustments reflected as per the following table.

| | | IPEX Inc. | | | |
|---|---|---------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| | Provisional fair value | Adjustments | Final fair value | Other acquisitions adjustments | Total |
| | fm 65.8 44.9 41.7 (24.6) (1.3) (64.6) (1.1) | £m | £m | £m | £m |
| Net assets acquired | | | | | |
| Tangible fixed assets | | - - - (0.4) - | 65.8 | - | 66.2 |
| Stocks Debtors Other creditors Tax | | | 44.9 41.7 (24.6) (1.7) (64.6) (1.1) | | 44.9 |
| | | | | | 41.7 |
| | | | | | (24.9) |
| | | | | | (1.7) |
| Borrowings acquired | | | | | (64.6) (0.8) |
| Other provisions (note 19) | | | | | |
| Net assets acquired | 60.8 | (0.4) | 60,4 | 0.4 | 60.8 |
| Cash paid/(received) | 172.7 | _ | 172.7 | (0.2) | 172.5 |
| Exchangeables (note 20) | 32.1 | - | 32.1 | | 32.1 |
| Total consideration | 204.8 | _ | 204.8 | (0.2) | 204.6 |
| Goodwill arising on prior year acquisitions | | | 144.4 | (0.6) | 143.8 |
| Less reported in 1999 for IPEX Inc | | | (144.0) | - | (144.0) |
| Total adjustment to goodwill arising on prior year acquisitions | | | 0.4 | (0.6) | (0.2) |

b) Disposals

There were no major disposals in the year.

Provision has been made for the loss on disposal of Pipe Systems to the Etex Group completed on 9th March 2001 (see note 30).

c) Net cash flow on acquisitions and disposals

| | 2000 | 1999 |
|--|--------|---------|
| Current year acquisitions | £m | £m |
| Cash paid | (20.1) | (197.8) |
| Cash acquired | 0.6 | 0.4 |
| Net current year acquisitions paid | (19.5) | (197.4) |
| Prior year acquisitions received/(paid) | 0.2 | (32.4) |
| Net acquisitions outflow | (19.3) | (229.8) |
| Disposal proceeds received less costs incurred | 0.2 | 211.4 |
| Net cash flow | (19.1) | (18.4) |

Effect of acquisitions and disposals during the year on the Group cash flow statement

Post-acquisition the effect on the Group cash flow was an inflow of £3.0m being cash inflow from operations of £4.2m, tax paid of £0.2m and cash outflow for capital expenditure and financial investment of £1.0m.

The effect on the Group cash flow from businesses now classified as discontinued was an inflow of £7.8m being cash inflow from operations of £82.9m, interest paid of £14.9m, tax paid of £19.0m, cash outflow for capital expenditure and financial investment of £22.1m and cash outflow from acquisitions and disposals of £19.1m.

| 24. Financing | ng | | | 1999 | |
|--|-------|---------------------------------------|-----|-------|-------|
| | Notes | £m | £m | £m | £m |
| Issue of ordinary share capital | 21 | | 0.1 | | 0.2 |
| Buyback of preference share capital | | | _ | | (1.4) |
| Increase in borrowings not repayable on demand | 25 | 3.8 | | 16.7 | |
| Finance lease repayments | 25 | (0.4) | | (0.5) | |
| Increase in debt | | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | 3.4 | | 16.2 |
| Movement in financing | | | 3.5 | | 15.0 |

25. Analysis of movement in net borrowings

| | At 1st January £m | Cash | Acquisitions (excluding cash and overdrafts) £m | Exchange translation adjustments £m | At 31st December fm |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------|---|--|---------------------------|
| Cash at bank and in hand (note 17) | | 1.7 | | (0.5) | (33.5) |
| Borrowings repayable on demand | 10.6 | 5.2 | - | | 15.8 |
| Net cash | (24.1) | 6.9 | | (0.5) | |
| Other borrowings | 297.4 | 3.8 | 11.3 | 9.0 | 321.5 |
| Finance lease obligations | 0.6 | (0.4) | 0.3 | - | 0.5 |
| Total net borrowings | 273.9 | 10.3 | 11.6 | | 304.3 |

26. Commitments

| | 2000 | 1999 |
|--|------|------|
| | £m | £m |
| Capital commitments contracted for by the Group but not provided in the accounts | 14.1 | 10.7 |

Of the above, £13.6m relates to discontinued businesses.

The company had no commitments (1999: nil).

27. Operating lease commitments

| | Land & buildings | | Other operating le | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|------|--------------------|------|
| | 2000 | 1999 | 2000 | 1999 |
| For leases expiring: | £m | £m | £m | £m |
| - within 1 year | 2.4 | 2.1 | 1.6 | 8.0 |
| - between 1 and 2 years | 2.3 | 1.1 | 1.6 | 1.4 |
| - between 2 and 5 years | 3.7 | 2.6 | 2.2 | 2.4 |
| - after more than 5 years | 1.1 | 1.1 | 0.2 | - |
| Total operating lease commitments | 9.5 | 6.9 | 5,6 | 4.6 |

Of the above operating lease commitments outstanding at 31st December 2000 £8.6m and £2.8m relate to discontinued businesses for land and buildings and other operating leases respectively.

The company had no operating lease commitments (1999: nil).

28. Contingent liabilities

The Group had contingent liabilities given in the normal course of business of £0.2m at 31st December 2000 (1999 £0.1m). The Group also has contingent liabilities for certain potential claims from third parties in relation to divested businesses. On the basis of information presently available to them, the directors believe that no material claims are likely to arise for which provision has not been made in these accounts. The Company has given a number of financial and performance guarantees on behalf of subsidiaries, the relevant liabilities are included in the consolidated balance sheet.

29. Major non-cash transactions

£7.1m loan notes were issued in the year in connection with acquisitions (note 23).

30. Post balance sheet events

On 9th March 2001 the Group disposed of Pipe Systems for an initial consideration of £786m cash. The initial consideration will be adjusted, on a pound for pound basis, to the extent that the tangible net assets set out in the completion balance sheet exceed or fall short of £401.1m.

The anticipated loss on disposal of these businesses is calculated as follows:

| | £m | £m |
|------------------------------------|---|---|
| Sale proceeds | 786.0 | |
| Less professional fees | (7.0) | |
| | *************************************** | 779.0 |
| Tangible net assets disposed of | (401.1) | |
| Minority interest | 1.0 | |
| Capitalised goodwill at completion | (210.1) | |
| | | |
| Total net assets sold | | (610.2) |
| Provision for additional costs | | (29.0) |
| Goodwill previously written off | | (175.8) |
| Net loss on disposal | | (36.0) |
| Tax on loss on disposal | | 1.7 |
| | | *************************************** |

As discussed on page 6 the cash proceeds will be used to pay down the Group's debt and to undertake a tender offer to return up to £386m to shareholders.

The Exchangeables were exchanged for ordinary shares in Aga Foodservice Group plc on 9th March 2001 (see note 20).

30. Post balance sheet events (continued)

The effect of the above transactions had they occurred at 31st December 2000 would have been:

| | Actual balance sheet 31st December £m | Disposal of assets | 2000 disposal provision expensed £m note (ii) | - | returned to shareholders £m | sheet £m |
|---|---|-----------------------|--|------|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| | | fm note (i) | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Fixed assets | 288.2 | (256.0) | - | - | - | 32.2 |
| Stocks | 194.4 | (173.4) | - | - | - | 21.0 |
| Operating debtors less creditors and provisions | (53.2) | 28.3 | 36.0 | - | - | 11.1 |
| Total net operating assets | 429.4 | (401.1) | 36.0 | _ | - | 64.3 |
| Goodwill | 275.8 | (216.2) | _ | _ | _ | 59.6 |
| Tax | 3.3 | 2.4 | - | _ | _ | 5.7 |
| Deferred tax | (2.0) | 3.7 | - | - | - | 1.7 |
| Dividends | (21.3) | - | - | - | _ | (21.3) |
| Cash/(borrowings) | (304.3) | 786.0 | (36.0) | 33.5 | (386.0 | 93.2 |
| Total net assets employed | 380.9 | 174.8 | _ | 33.5 | (386.0 |) 203.2 |
| Share capital and reserves | 379.6 | 175.8 | _ | 33.5 | (386.0 | 202.9 |
| Minority interests | 1.3 | (1.0) | - | | - | 0.3 |
| Total funds | 380.9 | 174.8 | _ | 33.5 | (386.0 | 203.2 |

Notes

The above proforma balance sheet has been prepared on the following basis:

- (i) Assets and liabilities relating to Pipe Systems as at 31st December 2000 disposed of in exchange for initial consideration of £786m.
- (ii) Transaction cost and additional costs arising on the disposal are assumed to have been settled in cash.
- (iii) Exchangeables convertd to shares in Aga Foodservice Group plc (see note 20).
- (iv) Proposed return of capital to shareholders excluding associated transaction costs.

31. Related party transactions

The Group recharges the Group pension scheme with the cost of administration and independent advisors paid by the Group. The total amount re-charged in the year to 31st December 2000 was £0.2m (1999: £0.2m).

The Exchangables were held by Scepter, the family company of IPEX Chief Executive, Tom Torokvei.

32. Trading subsidiaries

The following is a list of the Company's principal subsidiaries at 31st December 2000. A brief description of activities is given in the operational reports on pages 10 to 17. The share capital in each case consists, unless otherwise stated, wholly of ordinary shares or common stock. All companies are held by subsidiary undertakings, except for those marked • in which case it is held directly by the company.

Where subsidiaries are not wholly owned the percentage of owned capital is stated in brackets. Unless otherwise stated the companies are registered in England and operate in the United Kingdom.

Consumer Products

Aga Consumer Products Limited trades in the UK principally under the trade and business names of Aga-Rayburn, Leisure Consumer Products and Agalinks.com.

Foodservice Products

Aga Foodservice Equipment Limited trades in the UK principally under the trade and business names of AFE Online, AFE Serviceline, Falcon Foodservice Equipment, Mono Equipment and Williams Refrigeration.

Williams Refrigeration Central Limited (80%).

Principal overseas businesses are:
Ming Fai Stainless Steel Catering Equipment
Manufacturing Co Limited (56.8%)
(Hong Kong)
Victory Refrigeration LLC (USA).
Williams Refrigeration Limited (Australia)

Central Services

AFG Corporate Services Limited • and AFG Property Developments Limited.

Pipe Systems (now discontinued)

Glynwed Pipe Systems Limited • trades in the UK principally under the trade and business names of Capper, Durapipe-S&LP, GPS Couplings, Valvestock, VIP-Heinke and Wask-RMF.

Principal overseas businesses are:
Akatherm-Höhn GmbH (Germany)
Akatherm International BV (Holland & Belgium)
AVF-Astore Valves and Fittings Srl (Italy)
Enfield Industrial Corp Inc. (USA)
FIP Formatura Iniezione Polimeri SpA (Italy)
Friatec AG (Germany)
Glynwed Dublin Corporation (Rep. of Ireland)

Glynwed Pipe Systems (Asia) Pte Limited (Singapore)
Glynwed Pipe Systems Inc. (USA)
Glynwed Properties Limited •
GPS Couplings BV (Holland)
GPS Iberica Srl (Spain)
Harrington Industrial Plastics Inc. (USA)
Innoge PEI SAM (Monaco)
IPEX Inc.+ (Canada)
IPEX Industrial Inc.+ (USA)
Material de Aireación SA (MASA) (98.7%)
(Spain)
Philmac Pty Limited (Australia)
Straub Werke GmbH (Switzerland)

† Subsidiary companies not audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers. The aggregate turnover of subsidiaries not audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers amounted to 27% of the Group's turnover for the year.

All the companies listed under Pipe Systems above were included in the disposal of businesses to the Etex Group completed in March 2001.

Directors' Responsibilities

The directors are required to prepare financial statements for each financial year which comply with the provisions of the Companies Act 1985 and give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and the Group as at the end of the financial year and of the profit and loss for that year.

The directors consider that in preparing the financial statements on pages 28 to 55 on a going-concern basis, the Company and the Group have used appropriate accounting policies, consistently applied and supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates, and that all accounting standards which they consider to be applicable have been followed.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the Company and the Group maintain accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy the financial position of the Company and the Group and which enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985.

The directors are responsible for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Group and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

Auditors' Report

To the members of Aga Foodservice Group plc

We have audited the financial statements on pages 28 to 55. The financial statements include the table of directors' emoluments on page 25 and the tables of directors' share options and pension benefits on pages 26 to 27.

Respective responsibilities of directors and Auditors

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report. As described on page 55, this includes responsibility for preparing the financial statements, in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards. Our responsibilities, as independent auditors, are established in the United Kingdom by statute, the Auditing Practices Board, the Listing Rules of the London Stock Exchange and our profession's ethical guidance.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the United Kingdom Companies Act. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors' Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the Company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if the information specified by law or the Listing Rules regarding directors' remuneration and transactions is not disclosed.

We read the other information contained in the Annual Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements.

We review whether the statement on page 23 reflects the Company's compliance with the seven provisions of the Combined Code specified for our review by the London Stock Exchange, and we report if it does not. We are not required to consider whether the Board's statements on internal control cover all risks and controls, or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's or Group's corporate governance procedures or its risk and control procedures.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and the Group as at 31st December 2000 and of the profit and cash flows of the Group for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Birmingham

27th March 2001

| Trading Parulte | | 2000 £m | 1999 | 1998 | 1997 | 1996 |
|--|---|------------|-----------|---------|--------|--------|
| Trading Results Turnover | | 969 | £m 878 | £m | £m | £m |
| | | | | 1,015 | 1,242 | 1,324 |
| Operating profit before disposal of businesses and goodwill amortisation | | 101.5 | 81.0 | 81.0 | 96.1 | 95.4 |
| Goodwill amortisation | | (15.1) | (9.7) | (2.1) | _ | _ |
| Interest payable (net) | | (19.6) | (9.2) | (3.6) | (6.7) | (9.1) |
| Profit before disposal of businesses | | 66.8 | 62.1 | 75.3 | 89.4 | 86.3 |
| Disposal of businesses | | (36.0) | 32.5 | (38.9) | (13.2) | (16.2) |
| Profit before tax | | 30.8 | 94.6 | 36.4 | 76.2 | 70.1 |
| Tax - before disposal of businesses | | (23.8) | (17.8) | (23.9) | (27.8) | (28.7) |
| - disposal of businesses | | 1,7 | (1.0) | (3.6) | (2.6) | 2.7 |
| Profit after tax | | 8.7 | 75.8 | 8.9 | 45.8 | 44.1 |
| Balance sheet summary | | | | | | |
| Net operating assets | | | | | | |
| Fixed assets | | 288.2 | 273.3 | 267.3 | 175.4 | 193.4 |
| Stocks | | 194.4 | 166.6 | 163.6 | 181.7 | 194.6 |
| Operating debtors less creditors and provisions | | (53.2) | (24.2) | (52.6) | (38.6) | (34.8) |
| Businesses held with a view to resale | | - | | 17.7 | - | - |
| Total net operating assets | *************************************** | 429.4 | 415.7 | 396.0 | 318.5 | 353.2 |
| Goodwill | | 275.8 | 272.6 | 130.7 | - | - |
| Tax and dividends | | (20.0) | (18.2) | (33.7) | (38.1) | (35.7) |
| Total net borrowings | | (304.3) | (273.9) | (158.5) | (2.5) | (66.1) |
| Total net assets employed | | 380.9 | 396.2 | 334.5 | 277.9 | 251.4 |
| Financed by | | | | | | |
| Ordinary shares | | 60.6 | 60.6 | 60.6 | 61.5 | 61.1 |
| Reserves | | 319.0 | 334.2 | 263.7 | 214.7 | 188.7 |
| Ordinary share capital and reserves | | 379.6 | 394.8 | 324.3 | 276.2 | 249.8 |
| Preference shares | | - | - | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.3 |
| Total shareholders' funds | | 379.6 | 394.8 | 325.6 | 277.5 | 251.1 |
| Minority interests | | 1.3 | 1.4 | 8.9 | 0.4 | 0.3 |
| Total funds | | 380.9 | 396.2 | 334.5 | 277.9 | 251.4 |
| Statistics | | | | | | |
| Operating profit before disposal of businesses and goodwill amortisation | | | | | | |
| to turnover | % | 10.5 | 9.2 | 8.0 | 7.7 | 7.2 |
| Interest cover before disposal of businesses | х | 4,4 | 7.8 | 21.9 | 14.3 | 10.5 |
| Dividend per ordinary share | р | 13.20 | 13.20 | 13.20 | 13.20 | 12.75 |
| Earnings per share | | | | | | |
| Before disposal of businesses and goodwill amortisation | р | 22.6 | 22.0 | 21.5 | 25.1 | 23.6 |
| Basic | р | 3.5 | 31.0 | 3.3 | 18.6 | 18.0 |
| Diluted | р | 4.1 | 30.5 | 3.3 | - | - |

Notice is hereby given that the sixtieth annual general meeting of Aga Foodservice Group plc will be held at Headland House, New Coventry Road, Sheldon, Birmingham B26 3AZ on 10th May 2001 at 12 noon to transact the following business:

Ordinary Business:

- To receive and adopt the annual report and accounts for the year ended 31st December 2000.
- 2. To declare a final dividend.
- 3. To re-elect Mr C J Farrow as a director.
- 4. To re-elect Mr W B McGrath as a director,
- 5. To re-elect Mr V Cocker as a director.
- 6. To re-elect Mr S Rennie as a director.
- 7. To re-elect Mr S M Smith as a director.
- 8. To re-elect Mrs B A Nielsen as a director.
- To re-appoint the auditors to hold office from the conclusion of this meeting until the conclusion of the next general meeting of the Company at which accounts are laid and to authorise the directors to determine the auditors' remuneration.
- 10. To consider the following resolution, which will be proposed as an ordinary resolution:
 - That the authority conferred on the directors by Article 4(B) of the Company's Articles of Association be renewed for the period expiring on the earlier of the date 15 months after the passing of this resolution and the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company following the passing of this resolution and for that period the 'section 80 amount' is £21,452,489.
- 11. Subject to the passing of the foregoing resolution, no.10 to consider the following resolution, which will be proposed as a special resolution:
 - That the power conferred on the directors by Article 4(C) of the Company's Articles of Association be renewed for the period expiring on the earlier of the date 15 months after the passing of this resolution and the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company following the passing of this resolution and for that period the 'section 89 amount' is £3,217,873.

Special Business:

- 12. To consider the following resolution, which will be proposed as a special resolution:
 - That the Company be generally and unconditionally authorised to make one or more market purchases (within the meaning of section 163(3) of the Companies Act 1985) of ordinary shares of 25p in the capital of the Company ('ordinary shares') provided that:
- (a) the maximum aggregate number of ordinary shares authorised to be purchased is 25,742,987 (representing 10 per cent of the issued ordinary share capital);
- (b) the minimum price which may be paid for an ordinary share is 25p (exclusive of expenses and taxes (if any) payable by the Company);
- (c) the maximum price which may be paid for an ordinary share is an

- amount equal to 105 per cent of the average of the middle market quotations for an ordinary share as derived from The London Stock Exchange Daily Official List for the five business days immediately preceding the day on which that ordinary share is purchased (exclusive of expenses and tax payable by the Company);
- (d) this authority expires on the earlier of the date 12 months after the passing of this resolution and the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company following the passing of this resolution; and
- (e) the Company may make a contract to purchase ordinary shares under this authority before the expiry of the authority which will or may be executed wholly or partly after the expiry of the authority, and may make a purchase of ordinary shares in pursuance of any such contract.

By order of the Board D J Solomon Secretary Birmingham

6th April 2001

Notes

- A member entitled to attend and vote at the above meeting is entitled to appoint one or more proxies to attend and, on a poll, vote in his or her stead. A proxy need not be a member of the Company.
- 2. Only holders of ordinary shares whose names appear on the register of members of the Company as at 12 noon on 8th May 2001 shall be entitled to attend the Annual General Meeting either in person or by proxy and the number of shares then registered in their respective names shall determine the number of votes such persons are entitled to cast at the meeting. Changes to entries on the register of members after such time shall be disregarded in determining the rights of any person to attend or vote at the meeting.
- 3. A form of proxy is enclosed for the use of ordinary shareholders. The form should be completed, signed and returned so that it arrives at the office of the Company's registrars not less than 48 hours before the time of the meeting. By signing and returning the form of proxy, a shareholder will not be precluded from attending and voting in person should he subsequently find it possible to be present.
- 4. Copies of the contracts of service of directors (unless expiring or determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation) and the register of directors' interests in shares in the Company will be available for inspection at the Company's registered office between 9:00 am and 5:30 pm on any weekday (Saturdays and public holidays excluded) from the date of this notice up to and including the day before the meeting, and also at the place of the meeting for 15 minutes prior to the meeting and during the meeting.
- An explanation of resolutions nos. 10 to 12 (inclusive) is set out in the Report of the Directors' on page 20, under the heading 'Share Capital of the Company and Annual General Meeting'.