

Aggreko Limited

Directors' report and accounts for the 52 week period ended 31 December 2022

Registered number SC177553



Aggreko Limited
Registered number SC 7756
Directors' report and accounts for
the 52 week period ended 31 December 2011

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Aggreko Limited
Registered number SC177553
Directors' report and accounts
for the 52 week period ended 31 December 2021

Directors

Directors

The directors who served during the year and up to date of signing were:

Heath Stewart Drewett
Richard Blair Illingworth

Company secretary

Aggreko Generators Limited

Registered office

Lomondgate
Stirling Road
Dumbarton
Scotland
G82 3RG

Aggreko Limited
Registered number SC177571
Directors' report and accounts
for the 52 week period ended 31 December 2022.

Strategic report

The directors present their Strategic report for Aggreko Limited ('the Company') for the 52 week period ended 31 December 2022.

Review of business

The principal activity of the Company is to act as an intermediate holding company for the Albion JVCo Limited Group ('Albion Group'). This is not expected to change in the foreseeable future.

The Company's result for the financial year has changed from a loss of £191 million in the period ended 1 January 2022 to a loss of £49 million in the period ended 31 December 2022. This is primarily due to exceptional items of £113 million related to the acquisition in the prior year. These exceptional items are explained in Note 3 to the Accounts.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The only principal risk to the company is that its investment strategy is unsuccessful.

Key performance indicators

Given the straightforward nature of the business, the Company's directors are of the opinion that analysis using KPIs, other than statutory measures of investments as reported on pages 5 and 6, are not necessary for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business.

Section 172 Statement

In line with the reporting requirements of the Companies (Miscellaneous Reporting) Regulations 2018 for a separately identifiable section 172 (s172) statement, we have set out our stakeholders and how the matters set out in s172 of the Companies Act 2006 have been considered in Board discussions and decision-making.

Stakeholder engagement and the impact of that engagement on Board decisions and capital allocation is determined at Group level. Group stakeholders include shareholders, employees, customers, suppliers, the environment and the local communities where we operate. Further discussion of these stakeholders, in the context of the Group as a whole, is provided on pages 5 to 6 of the Albion JVCo Limited 2022 Annual Report and Accounts.

The Company's stakeholders are employees, suppliers and shareholders, we discuss each one in turn below:

Engagement with Employees

Further discussion of our employee engagement mechanisms at Company level is provided in the employees section of the Directors' Report.


Engagement with Suppliers

We engage with our suppliers, utilising the expertise of the dedicated global procurement team. We expect our suppliers to share our commitment to conducting business with integrity, honesty and in a socially responsible and sustainable way, and to work in partnership with us to achieve this goal. We expect all our suppliers to sign up to our Code of Conduct and ways of doing business.

Engagement with shareholders

We maintain regular dialogue with our holding company, ensuring that all business arrangements are approved in accordance with the Group delegated authorities and are in the long-term interests of the Company.

By order of the Board

DocuSigned by:

E88FE5E6908546A
Heath Stewart Drewett
Director
23 November 2023

Aggreko Limited
Registered number 5511777
Directors' report and accounts for
the 52 week period ended 31 December 2022

Directors' report

The directors present their report and the audited accounts of the Company for the 52 week period ended 31 December 2022.

Future developments

The Company expects to continue to act as an intermediate holding company for the Albion JVCo Limited group.

Results and dividends

The loss after tax for the financial period was £49 million (period ended 1 January 2022: £191 million). The company paid a dividend of £nil (period ended 1 January 2022: £26 million) in the year. The total loss for the financial year was transferred to reserves.

Directors and their interests

The directors of the Company during the period ended 31 December 2022, up to date of signing this report, are noted on page 1.

Employees

The Company is committed to promoting equal opportunities for all, irrespective of disability, ethnic origin, gender or any other considerations that do not affect a person's ability to perform their job.

The Company's policies for recruitment, training, career development and promotion of employees are based on the suitability of the individual and give those who are disabled equal treatment with the able bodied. Where appropriate, employees disabled after joining the Company are given suitable training for alternative employment with the Company or elsewhere in the Group.

The Company continues to operate team briefings throughout its business to keep employees informed of developments and plans, both in the Company and in the Group as a whole. Employees have access to the 'My Aggreko', an intranet based system which provides them with a wide range of information on the activities of the Group around the world.

The Company has an externally facilitated whistle blowing hotline, which gives access for all employees to a confidential, multi-lingual service to report any cases of ethical non-compliance, bullying or discrimination.

It is the policy of the Company to consult employees wherever possible to support communication and thereby:

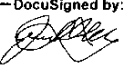
- provide information regarding the Company's performance;
- ensure that employees' views are known as part of the decision making process; and
- discuss matters of concern or importance, such as employment, personnel development and welfare.

Audit exemption

The directors confirm that that the company was entitled to exemption under section 479A of the Companies Act 2006 relating to a guarantee provided by its parent undertaking in accordance with section 479C from the requirement to have its financial statements for the financial period ended 31 December 2022 audited. The directors acknowledge their responsibility for:

- ensuring the company keeps accounting records which comply with section 386; and
- preparing Accounts which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year, and of its profit or loss for the financial year, in accordance with sections 393 and 394, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act relating to Accounts, so far as applicable to the company.

By order of the Board

DocuSigned by:

3CB6FF98B30F479
Aggreko Generators Limited
Company Secretary
23 November 2023

Argreko Limited
Registered number SC177553
Directors' report and accounts
for the 52 week period ended 31 December 2022

Statement of Directors' responsibilities in respect of the strategic report, the directors' report and the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework.

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable, relevant and reliable;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- assess the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and
- use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

		Total before exceptional items (Note 3)	Exceptional items (Note 3)		Total before exceptional items (Note 3)	Exceptional items (Note 3)	
	Note	Period ended 31 Dec 2022 £ million	Period ended 31 Dec 2022 £ million	Period ended 31 Dec 2022 £ million	Period ended 1 Jan 2022 £ million	Period ended 1 Jan 2022 £ million	Period ended 1 Jan 2022 £ million
Administrative expenses		(71)	(27)	(98)	(128)	(81)	(209)
Other income		87	-	87	72	-	72
Operating profit/(loss)	2	16	(27)	(11)	(56)	(81)	(137)
Finance income	4	42	-	42	13	-	13
Finance costs	4	(81)	-	(81)	(35)	(38)	(73)
Net finance costs		(39)	-	(39)	(22)	(38)	(60)
Loss before income tax		(23)	(27)	(50)	(78)	(119)	(197)
income tax	7	1	-	1	-	6	6
Loss for the year		(22)	(27)	(49)	(78)	(113)	(191)

	Period ended 31 Dec 2022 £ million	Period ended 1 Jan 2022 £ million
Loss for the year	(49)	(191)
Other comprehensive income/(loss)		
<i>Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss</i>		
- Remeasurement of retirement benefits	(24)	6
- Taxation on remeasurement of retirement benefits	6	(2)
Other comprehensive (loss)/income for the year (net of tax)	(18)	4
Total comprehensive loss	(67)	(187)

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Aggreko Limited
Registered number SC177551
Directors' report and accounts
for the 52 week period ended 31 December 2022

Balance Sheet

As at 31 December 2022

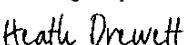
	Note	31 Dec 2022 £ million	1 Jan 2022 £ million
Fixed Assets			
Property, plant and equipment	8	38	37
Investments	9	795	795
Retirement benefit surplus	16	2	16
		835	848
Current assets			
Other receivables	10	800	655
Cash and cash equivalents		4	20
Derivative financial instruments		-	-
Current tax assets		35	29
		839	704
Creditors - amounts falling due within one year			
Borrowings	11	-	-
Lease liability	17	(1)	(1)
Other payables	12	(1,043)	(869)
Deferred tax liability	14	(1)	(4)
Net current liabilities		(206)	(170)
Total assets less current liabilities		629	678
Creditors - amounts falling due after more than one year			
Borrowings	11	(120)	(25)
Lease liability	17	(1)	(1)
Other payables	13	(295)	(372)
Net assets		213	280
Capital and reserves			
Share capital	15	42	42
Share premium		25	25
Capital redemption reserve		13	13
Retained earnings		133	200
Total shareholders funds		213	280

The notes on pages 8 to 22 are an integral part of these financial statements.

For the financial year in question the company was entitled to exemption under section 479a of the Companies Act 2006. No members have required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibility for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and for the preparation of accounts.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the board of directors on 23 November 2023 and were signed on its behalf by:

DocuSigned by:

E88FE5E6908546A

HS Drewett
Director
23 November 2023

Aggreko Limited
Registered number: 8017751
Directors' report and accounts
for the 52 week period ended 31 December 2021

Statement of changes in equity
As at 31 December 2022

	Ordinary share capital £ million	Share premium account £ million	Treasury shares £ million	Capital redemption reserve £ million	Retained earnings £ million	Total equity £ million
Balance as at 2 January 2022	42	25	-	13	200	280
Loss for the year	-	-	-	-	(49)	(49)
Other comprehensive loss	-	-	-	-	-	-
Remeasurement of retirement benefits (net of tax)	-	-	-	-	(18)	(18)
Total comprehensive loss for year	-	-	-	-	(67)	(67)
Transactions with owners:						
Dividends paid during the period	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 December 2022	42	25	-	13	133	213

As at 1 January 2022

	Ordinary share capital £ million	Share premium account £ million	Treasury shares £ million	Capital redemption reserve £ million	Retained earnings £ million	Total equity £ million
Balance as at 3 January 2021	42	20	(6)	13	387	456
Loss for the year	-	-	-	-	(191)	(191)
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-
Remeasurement of retirement benefits (net of tax)	-	-	-	-	4	4
Total comprehensive loss for year	-	-	-	-	(187)	(187)
Transactions with owners:						
Purchase of Treasury shares	-	-	(1)	-	-	(1)
Employee share awards	-	-	-	-	33	33
Issue of ordinary shares to employees under share option schemes	-	5	7	-	(7)	5
Dividends paid during the year	-	-	-	-	(26)	(26)
Balance as at 1 January 2022	42	25	-	13	200	280

Aggreko Limited
Registered number SC177553
Directors' report and accounts
for the 52 week period ended 31 December 2022

Notes to the accounts for the 52 week period ended 31 December 2022

1. Accounting policies

Aggreko Limited is a private company incorporated, domiciled and registered in Scotland in the UK. The registered number is SC177553 and the registered address is Lomondgate, Stirling Road, Dumbarton, Scotland, G82 3RG

a. Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101, "Reduced Disclosure Framework" (FRS 101). The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, in accordance with the Companies Act 2006. The accounting policies set out below have, unless otherwise stated, been applied consistently to all periods in these financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which the Directors consider to be appropriate for the following reasons:

At 31 December 2022 the Company had net debt (excluding a lease creditor of £2 million) of £116 million and committed debt facilities consisting of a revolving credit facility (RCF) of £300 million. The directors of the Company have prepared projected cash flow information for the company through to 31 December 2024. These forecasts have also modelled plausible downside scenarios including a 10% increase in costs. On the basis of these cash flow forecasts, in all modelled scenarios, the directors have concluded that the Company will meet its liabilities as they fall due during the forecast period as they have access to a £300 million revolving credit facility.

As a consequence, the directors are confident that the company will continue to meet its financial obligations as they fall due during the period to 31 December 2024 and therefore have prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis.

In these financial statements, the company has applied the exemptions available under FRS 101 in respect of the following disclosures:

- a Cash Flow Statement and related notes;
- comparative period reconciliations for share capital and tangible fixed assets
- disclosures in respect of transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries ;
- disclosures in respect of capital management;
- certain disclosures regarding leases;
- the effects of new but not yet effective IFRSs;
- disclosures in respect of the compensation of Key Management Personnel;
- Certain disclosures required by IFRS 13 *Fair Value Measurement* and the disclosures required by IFRS 7 *Financial Instrument Disclosures* .
- IFRS 2 *Share Based Payments* in respect of group settled share based payments

b. Accounting period

The company's period end is defined as the Saturday which falls closest to the calendar year end date and in preparing its statutory accounts the company adopts the "7 day rule" as permitted by S392 of the Companies Act 2006. The period end date for the 2022 financial year was Saturday 31st December 2022 whilst the period end date for the 2021 comparator was Saturday 1st January 2022.

c. Consolidation

The Company is exempt under section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to prepare consolidated accounts as it and its subsidiaries are included by full consolidation in the consolidated accounts of its ultimate parent Albion JVCo Limited, a company registered in England.

**Notes to the accounts
for the 52 week period ended 31 December 2022 (continued)**

1. Accounting policies (continued)

d. Exceptional items

Exceptional items are items which individually or if of a similar type, in aggregate, need to be disclosed by virtue of their size or incidence if the financial statements are to be properly understood. To monitor our financial performance we use a profit measure that excludes exceptional items.

We exclude these items because, if included, these items could distort understanding of our performance for the year and comparability between periods. The income statement has been presented in a columnar format, which separately highlights exceptional items. This is intended to enable users of the financial statements to determine more readily the impact of exceptional items on the results of the company.

Exceptional items for the period ended 31 December 2022 were £27 million before taxation (period ended 1 January 2022: £119 million) and are explained in Note 3 of the accounts.

e. Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical purchase cost less accumulated depreciation.

Cost includes the original purchase price of the asset and the costs attributable to bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use.

Depreciation is provided on all property at rates calculated to write-off the cost of each asset over its expected useful life. The principal periods of depreciation used are:

Freehold properties:	Over life of lease
Vehicles, Plant and Equipment:	3 to 8 years

**Notes to the accounts
for the 52 week period ended 31 December 2022 (continued)**

1. Accounting policies (continued)

f. Investments

Investments in subsidiary undertakings are stated in the balance sheet of the Company at cost, or nominal value of the shares issued as consideration where applicable, less provision for any impairment in value.

The Company evaluates the carrying value of investments in each financial year to determine if there has been an impairment in value, which would result in the inability to recover the carrying amount. When it is determined that the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the excess is written off to the income statement.

g. Current and deferred income tax

The tax expense for the period comprises of current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the profit and loss account, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in shareholders' funds. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in shareholders' funds, respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred income tax is recognised on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill; or arise from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

**Notes to the accounts
for the 52 week period ended 31 December 2022 (continued)**

1. Accounting policies (continued)

h. Foreign currencies

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange on the day the transaction occurs. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency are translated at the exchange rate ruling at the balance sheet date.

i. Other operating income

Other operating income includes central management recharges and is accrued or deferred at the balance sheet date depending on the date of the most recent invoice and contractual terms. Royalties are accounted for in the period they become payable or receivable.

j. Pensions and other post retirement benefits

The Company operates a defined benefit pension scheme and a defined contribution pension scheme. The cost for the year for the defined benefit scheme is determined using the projected unit method with actuarial updates to the valuation being carried out at each balance sheet date.

Remeasurements are recognised in full, directly in retained earnings, in the period in which they occur and are shown in the statement of comprehensive income. The current service cost of the pension charge and administrative expenses are included in arriving at operating profit. Interest income on scheme assets and interest on pension scheme liabilities are included in net finance costs.

The retirement benefit obligation recognised in the balance sheet is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date less the fair value of the scheme assets. The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash flows using interest rates of high-quality corporate bonds.

The Company recognises gains and losses on the settlement of a defined benefit plan when the settlement occurs. The gain or loss on a settlement is the difference between the present value of the defined benefit obligation being settled as determined on the date of settlement and the settlement price, including any plan assets transferred and any payments made directly by the Company in connection with the settlement.

Contributions to defined contribution pension schemes are charged to the income statement in the period in which they become payable.

**Notes to the accounts
for the 52 week period ended 31 December 2022 (continued)**

1. Accounting policies (continued)

k. Non-derivative financial instruments

Non-derivative financial instruments comprise investments in equity and debt securities, trade and other debtors, cash and cash equivalents, loans and borrowings, and trade and other creditors.

Other receivables

Other receivables are recognised initially at fair value. Other receivables include amounts due from subsidiaries. The Company has assessed its exposure to expected credit losses on the intercompany receivables under IFRS 9. Refer to note 10.

Trade and other creditors

Trade and other creditors are recognised initially at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances and call deposits.

Interest-bearing borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are recognised initially at fair value less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses.

l. Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the Company's Shareholders is recognised as a liability in the Company's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Company's Shareholders.

Aggreko Limited
Registered number SC177553
Directors' report and accounts
for the 52 week period ended 31 December 2022

**Notes to the accounts
for the 52 week period ended 31 December 2022 (continued)**

2. Operating profit

	Period ended 31 Dec 2022 £ million	Period ended 1 Jan 2022 £ million
Operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting):		
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	7	8
Royalty income	(28)	(19)
Management fee	(59)	(53)
Services provided by the company's auditor	£000	£000
- fees payable for the audit	-	20
- fees payable for other assurance related services	-	250

3. Exceptional items

The accounting policy and definition of exceptional items is contained in note 1, namely that we believe exceptional items are items which individually or, if of a similar type, in aggregate need to be disclosed by virtue of their size or incidence if the financial statements are to be properly understood. Given the size and nature of the items noted below they have been treated as exceptional items in accordance with this policy. The pre-tax exceptional charge in the period of £27 million is comprised of:

Acquisition related costs (£8 million), cost related to our Future of Finance programme (£10 million) and restructuring costs (£9 million).

2021

The pre-tax exceptional charge in the period of £119 million is comprised of:

- Acquisition related costs (£114 million) including legal, consultancy and deal fees (£35 million), break costs arising from the pre-payment of US private placement notes (£38 million), share-based payments (£33 million), non-resident capital gains tax charge which was triggered by the acquisition (£6 million) and employee related costs including redundancies (£2 million).
- Costs related to our Future of Finance programme (£5 million)

4. Net finance costs

	Period ended 31 Dec 2022 £ million	Total before exceptional items Period ended 1 Jan 2022 £ million	Exceptional items Period ended 1 Jan 2022 £ million	Period ended 1 Jan 2022 £ million
Finance cost on external borrowings	(14)	(15)	(38)	(53)
Finance cost on group undertakings	(65)	(18)	-	(18)
Finance cost on employee benefit scheme liabilities (note 16)	(2)	(2)	-	(2)
	(81)	(35)	(38)	(73)
Finance income on group undertakings	40	11	-	11
Finance income on employee benefit scheme assets (note 16)	2	2	-	2
	42	13	-	13

5. Dividends

	Period ended 31 Dec 2022 £ million	Period ended 31 Dec 2022 per share (p)	Period ended 1 Jan 2022 £ million	Period ended 1 Jan 2022 per share (p)
Final paid	-	-	26	10.00
Interim paid	-	-	-	-
	-	-	26	10.00

Aggreko Limited
Registered number 5531772
Directors' report and accounts
for the 52 week period ended 31 December 2022

**Notes to the accounts
for the 52 week period ended 31 December 2022 (continued)**

6. Employees and directors

Employees

	Period ended 31 Dec 2022 £ million	Period ended 1 Jan 2022 £ million
Wages and Salaries	30	29
Social security costs	3	4
Other pension costs	1	1
Share-based payments	-	15
Staff Costs	34	49

The average number of persons (including executive directors) employed by the Company during the period was:

	Period ended 31 Dec 2022 No.	Period ended 1 Jan 2022 No.
By activity:		
Administrative	291	237

Directors

The directors' emoluments were as follows:

	Period ended 31 Dec 2022 £ million	Period ended 1 Jan 2022 £ million
Directors' remuneration	2	4
Amounts receivable under long-term incentive schemes	-	9
Compensation for loss of office	-	2
Aggregate emoluments	2	15

Highest paid director

	Period ended 31 Dec 2022 £ million	Period ended 1 Jan 2022 £ million
Highest paid director's remuneration	1	2
Amounts receivable under long-term incentive schemes	-	6
Compensation for loss of office	-	2
Highest paid director's emoluments	1	10

The aggregate of remuneration and amounts receivable under long term incentive schemes of the highest paid director was £1 million (period ended 1 January 2022: £10 million).

The number of directors who exercised share options during the year of office was nil (period ended 1 January 2022: 2). The gain (before transaction costs and taxes) on options exercised by directors during the year was £nil (period ended 1 January 2022: £9 million).

2021 period
 1. Financial Statement
 2. Profit and Loss
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 4. Cash Flow Statement
 5. Statement of Changes in Equity
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 98. Statement of Financial Position
 99. Statement of Financial Performance
 100. Statement of Financial Position

**Notes to the accounts
 for the 52 week period ended 31 December 2022 (continued)**

7. Income Tax

	Total before exceptional items	Exceptional items	Total	Total before exceptional items	Exceptional items	Total
	Period ended 31 Dec 2022 £ million	Period ended 31 Dec 2022 £ million	Period ended 31 Dec 2022 £ million	Period ended 1 Jan 2022 £ million	Period ended 1 Jan 2022 £ million	Period ended 1 Jan 2022 £ million
Tax included in profit or loss						
Current tax						
UK corporation tax on loss for the year	(6)	-	(6)	(1)	(6)	(7)
Overseas tax	1	-	1	1	-	1
Adjustment in respect of prior periods	1	-	1	(2)	-	(2)
Total current tax expense for the year	(4)	-	(4)	(2)	(6)	(8)
Deferred tax						
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	3	-	3	1	-	1
Adjustment in respect of prior periods	-	-	-	1	-	1
Total deferred tax	3	-	3	2	-	2
Tax on loss	(1)	-	(1)	-	(6)	(6)

As part of the UK Budget in March 2021, further changes to the UK corporation tax rates were announced. From 1 April 2023, the tax rate will be increased to 25%. This change was substantively enacted at the Balance Sheet date and therefore its impact is reflected in these financial statements.

The tax credit for the period is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK for the period ended 31 December 2022 of 19% (period ended 1 January 2021: 19%).

	Total before exceptional items	Exceptional items	Total	Total before exceptional items	Exceptional items	Total
	Period ended 31 Dec 2022 £ million	Period ended 31 Dec 2022 £ million	Period ended 31 Dec 2022 £ million	Period ended 1 Jan 2022 £ million	Period ended 1 Jan 2022 £ million	Period ended 1 Jan 2022 £ million
Loss before tax	(23)	(27)	(50)	(78)	(119)	(197)
Loss multiplied by the standard rate of tax in the UK of 19% (period ended 1 January 2022: 19%)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(15)	(23)	(38)
Effects of:						
Permanent differences	-	-	-	-	-	-
Acquisition related costs	-	-	-	-	10	10
Finance costs	-	-	-	-	7	7
Impairment of investment	-	-	-	11	-	11
Other permanent differences	1	5	6	4	-	4
Adjustments to tax charge in respect of prior years	1	-	1	(1)	-	(1)
Overseas tax	1	-	1	1	-	1
Tax credit	(1)	-	(1)	-	(6)	(6)

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8. Property, plant and equipment

	Freehold properties £ million	Vehicles, plant and equipment £ million	Total £ million
Cost:			
At 2 January 2022	3	70	73
Additions	-	9	9
Disposals (ii)	(2)	-	(2)
At 31 December 2022	1	79	80
Accumulated depreciation:			
At 2 January 2022	1	36	37
Charge for the year	-	7	7
Disposals	-	(2)	(2)
At 31 December 2022	1	41	42
Net Book Value			
At 31 December 2022	-	38	38
At 1 January 2022	2	35	37

(i) The net book value of assets capitalised in respect of leased right of use assets at 31 December 2022 is £300k (1 January 2022: £2 million).

(iii) Disposals include £2 million of cost in relation to leased right-of-use assets.

9. Investments

	£ million
Cost	
At 1 January 2022 and 31 December 2022	850
Accumulated impairment losses	
At 1 January 2022 and 31 December 2022	55
Net book value	795

The subsidiary undertaking of Aggreko Limited at the period end, and country in which it operates is shown below.

The company is wholly owned and incorporated in the UK and acts as an intermediate holding company for the Albion JVCo group.

All shareholdings are of Ordinary Shares or other equity capital.

Company	Country of incorporation	Registered address
Aggreko Holdings Limited	Scotland	Lomondgate, Stirling Road, Dumbarton, Scotland, G82 3RG

The annual impairment review of the investment in Aggreko Holdings Limited gave rise to a zero adjustment.

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10. Other receivables

	31 Dec 2022 £ million	1 Jan 2022 £'000
Amounts due from subsidiary undertakings	792	651
Less: provision for impairment of amounts owed by group undertakings	(2)	(2)
Other receivables	10	6
	800	655

Amounts owed by group undertakings are unsecured and are repayable on demand.

11. Borrowings

	31 Dec 2022 £ million	1 Jan 2022 £ million
Non-current		
Bank borrowings	120	25
	120	25
Current		
Bank overdrafts	-	-
	-	-
Total borrowings before lease liability	120	25
Cash at bank and in hand	(4)	(20)
Lease liability	2	2
Net borrowings	118	7

(i) Maturity of financial liabilities

The maturity profile of the borrowings was as follows:

	31 Dec 2022 £ million	1 Jan 2022 £ million
Within 1 year, or on demand	-	-
Between 1 and 2 years	-	-
Between 2 and 3 years	-	-
Between 3 and 4 years	120	-
Between 4 and 5 years	-	25
Greater than 5 years	-	-
	120	25

(ii) Borrowing facilities

The Company has the following undrawn committed floating rate borrowing facilities available at 31 December 2022 in respect of which all conditions precedent had been met at that date:

	31 Dec 2022 £ million	1 Jan 2022 £ million
Expiring within 1 year	-	-
Expiring between 1 and 2 years	-	-
Expiring between 2 and 3 years	180	-
Expiring between 3 and 4 years	-	275
Expiring between 4 and 5 years	-	-
	180	275

**Notes to the accounts
 for the 52 week period ended 31 December 2022 (continued)**

12. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	31 Dec 2022	1 Jan 2022
	£ million	£ million
Amounts owed to group undertakings	1,000	841
Accruals and deferred income	43	28
	1,043	869

13. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	31 Dec 2022	1 Jan 2022
	£ million	£ million
Amounts owed to group undertakings	295	372
	295	372

Amounts due to group undertakings are unsecured.

14. Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is provided for in the accounts as follows:

	Accelerated capital allowances £ million	Other temporary differences £ million	Derivative financial instruments £ million	Total £ million
Deferred tax liabilities / (assets)				
At 2 January 2021	1	(1)	-	-
Charged / (credited) to income statement	-	2	-	2
Debit directly to other comprehensive income	-	2	-	2
At 1 January 2022	1	3	-	4
Charged / (credited) to income statement	-	3	-	3
Credited directly to other comprehensive income	-	(6)	-	(6)
At 31 December 2022	1	-	-	1

The net deferred tax liability due after more than one year is £1 million (1 January 2022: £4 million).

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	31 Dec 2022 Number of Shares	31 Dec 2022 £'000	1 Jan 2022 Number of Shares	1 Jan 2022 £'000
15. Called up share capital				
(i) Ordinary shares of 4.329/395 pence (2021: 4.329/395 pence)				
At beginning of period	262,534,993	12,682	256,128,201	12,378
Issued in the period	-	-	6,406,792	304
At end of period	262,534,993	12,682	262,534,993	12,682
(ii) Deferred ordinary shares of 6.18/25 pence (2021: 6.18/25 pence)				
At beginning and end of period	182,700,915	12,278	182,700,915	12,278
(iii) Deferred ordinary shares of 1/775 pence (2021: 1/775 pence)				
At beginning and end of period	18,352,057,648	237	18,352,057,648	237
(iv) Deferred ordinary shares of 9.84/775 pence (2021: 9.84/775 pence)				
At beginning and end of period	188,251,587	17,147	188,251,587	17,147
(v) Deferred ordinary shares of 1/306125 pence (2021: 1/306125 pence)				
At beginning and end of period	573,643,383,325	19	573,643,383,325	19
Total		42,363		42,363

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16. Pensions

The Company operates pension schemes for its employees. The Aggreko Pension Scheme ("the Scheme") is a funded, contributory, defined benefit scheme. Assets are held separately from those of the Company under the control of the Directors of Aggreko Pension Scheme Trustee Limited. The Scheme is subject to valuations at intervals of not more than three years by an independent actuary.

The Trustee of the Scheme has control over the operation, funding and investment strategy of the Scheme but works closely with the Company to agree funding and investment strategy.

A valuation of the Scheme was carried out as at 31 December 2020 using the Attained Age method to determine the level of contributions to be made by the Company. The actuary adopted a valuation basis linked to market conditions at the valuation date. Assets were taken at market value. The major actuarial assumptions used were:

Return on investments pre-retirement	Fixed interest gilt yield curve plus 0.25% pa
Return on investments post-retirement	Fixed interest gilt yield curve plus 0.25% pa
Price inflation (RPI)	Market implied RPI inflation curve
Increase in pensions	In line with the RPI inflation curve, adjusted to allow for the respective caps and collars

At the valuation date, the market value of the Scheme's assets (excluding AVC's) was £130 million which was sufficient to cover 87% of the benefits that had accrued to members.

As part of the valuation at 31 December 2020, the Company and the Trustee agreed upon a Schedule of Contributions and a Recovery Plan. To address the Scheme deficit, including the cost of expenses associated with the Scheme, the Company has already made contributions of £14.9 million since the valuation date (up to and including December 2022). In line with the agreed Recovery Plan, the Company made further contributions of £0.5 million each month until March 2023. Prior to Scheme closure on 31 December 2020, employee contributions were 6% of pensionable earnings.

The Company has the right to a refund of any pension surplus at the end of the Scheme and as such has not recognised an additional liability in accordance with IFRIC 14.

The Scheme closed to all new employees joining the Company after 1 April 2002. New employees are given the option to join a defined contribution scheme. Contributions of £1 million were paid to this defined contribution scheme during the period. There are no outstanding or prepaid balances at 31 December 2022. The Scheme closed to future accrual from 31 December 2020.

An update of the Scheme was carried out by a qualified independent actuary using the latest available information for the purposes of this statement. The major assumptions used in this update by the actuary were:

	31 Dec 2022	1 Jan 2022
Rate of increase in pensions in payment	3.1%	3.1%
Rate of Increase in deferred pensions	3.4%	3.4%
Discount rate	4.8%	1.9%
Inflation assumption	3.4%	3.4%
Longevity at age 65 for current pensioners		
Men	22.2	22.2
Women	24.8	24.8
Longevity at age 65 for future pensioners		
Men	23.5	23.5
Women	26.6	26.6

The assets in the Scheme were:

	Value at 31 Dec 2022 £ million	Value at 1 Jan 2022 £ million
Equities		
Diversified growth	8	13
Bonds		
Corporate bonds	14	53
Liability driven investments	45	62
Cash	1	3
Total	<u>68</u>	<u>131</u>

The amounts included in the balance sheet arising from the Company's obligations in respect of the Scheme are as follows:

	2022 £ million	2021 £ million
Fair value of assets	68	131
Present value of funded obligations	<u>(66)</u>	<u>(115)</u>
Asset recognised in the balance sheet	<u>2</u>	<u>16</u>

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16. Pensions continued

Movement in defined benefit surplus during the year:

	Defined benefit obligation		Fair value of Scheme assets		Net defined benefit surplus	
	31 Dec 2022	1 Jan 2022	31 Dec 2022	1 Jan 2022	31 Dec 2022	1 Jan 2022
	£ million	£ million	£ million	£ million	£ million	£ million
Balance at beginning of period	(115)	(125)	131	129	16	4
Included in income statement						
Service cost	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest cost	(2)	(2)	-	-	(2)	(2)
Interest income	-	-	2	2	2	2
	(2)	(2)	2	2	-	-
Included in statement of comprehensive income						
Remeasurements						
- Effect of changes in demographic assumptions	-	2	-	-	-	2
- Effect of changes in financial assumptions	55	2	-	-	55	2
- Effect of experience adjustments	(10)	-	-	-	(10)	-
- Return on plan assets (excluding interest income)	-	-	(69)	2	(69)	2
	45	4	(69)	2	(24)	6
Other						
Employer contributions	-	-	10	6	10	6
Benefits paid	6	8	(6)	(8)	-	-
	6	8	4	(2)	10	6
Balance at end of period	(66)	(115)	68	131	2	16

The Projected Unit method has been used for the valuation of the liabilities. Under this method each participant's benefits under the Scheme are attributed to years of service, taking into consideration the Scheme's benefit allocation formula. Thus, the estimated total pension to which each participant is expected to become entitled at retirement is broken down into units, each associated with a year of past credited service. The benefit obligation is the total present value (assessed using appropriate assumptions) of the individual's attributed benefits for valuation purposes at the measurement date. The discount rate was calculated as the single rate equivalent to using the full Merrill Lynch AA- rated corporate bond yield curve at the calculation date.

The fair value of the assets is based on the underlying 'bid value' statements issued by the various investment managers. The manager statements reflect the relevant pricing basis of the units held in the underlying pooled funds.

An alternative method of valuation is the estimated cost of buying out benefits with a suitable insurer. This amount represents the amount that would be required to settle the Scheme liabilities and wind-up the scheme, rather than the Company continuing to fund the ongoing liabilities of the Scheme. The Company estimates the amount required to settle the Scheme's liabilities at the most recent valuation date (31 December 2020) was around £159 million, which gave a Scheme shortfall on a buyout basis of approximately £29 million at that date.

Cumulative actuarial gains and losses recognised in equity

	31-Dec-22	01-Jan-22
	£ million	£ million
At beginning of period	41	35
Actuarial (losses)/gains recognised in the period	(24)	6
At end of period	17	41

The actual return on Scheme assets was a loss of £69 million (period ended 1 January 2022: gain of £2 million)

There is a risk of asset volatility leading to a deficit in the Scheme. Working with the Company, the Trustee has agreed investment derisking triggers which, when certain criteria are met, will decrease corporate bond holding and increase the holding of index linked bonds. Over time, this will result in an investment portfolio which better matches the liabilities of the Scheme thereby reducing the risk of asset volatility. However there remains a significant level of investment mismatch in the Scheme. This is deliberate and is aimed at maximising the Scheme's long term investment return whilst retaining control of the funding risks.

Through the Scheme, the Company is exposed to a number of other risks:

- Changes in bond yields – a decrease in corporate bond yields will increase Scheme liabilities.
- Inflation risk – pension obligations are linked to inflation and higher inflation will lead to higher liabilities
- Life expectancy – an increase in life expectancy will result in an increase in the Scheme liabilities.

The measurement of the defined benefit obligation is particularly sensitive to changes in key assumptions as described below:

- The discount rate has been selected following actuarial advice and taking into account the duration of the liabilities. A decrease in the discount rate of 0.5% p.a. would result in a £7 million increase in the present value of the defined benefit obligation. The weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation liabilities is around 20 years.

- The inflation assumption adopted is consistent with the discount rate used. It is used to set the assumptions for pension increases, salary increases and deferred revaluations. An increase in the inflation rate of 0.5% p.a. would result in a £5 million increase in the present value of the defined benefit obligation.

- The longevity assumptions adopted are based on those recommended by the Scheme Actuary advising the Trustee of the Scheme and reflect the most recent mortality information available at the time of the Trustee actuarial valuation. The increase in the present value of the defined benefit obligation due to members living one year longer would be £1 million.

There is a risk that changes in the above assumptions could increase the deficit in the Scheme. Other assumptions used to value the defined benefit obligation are also uncertain, although their effect is less material.

	31-Dec-22	01-Jan-22
	£ million	£ million
Defined benefit obligation by participant status		
Actives	-	-
Deferreds	42	78
Pensioners	24	37
	66	115

Expected cash flows in future years

Expected employer contributions for the year ending 31 December 2023 are £2 million.

Expected total benefit payments: approximately £2 million per year for the next ten years.

**Notes to the accounts
for the 52 week period ended 31 December 2022 (continued)**

17. Lease liability

Property, plant and equipment comprise owned and leases assets

	31 Dec 2022	1 Jan 2022
	£ million	£ million
Property, plant and equipment owned	38	35
Right-of-use assets	-	2
	38	37

	Freehold properties
	£ million
Balance at 2 January 2022	2
Disposal	(2)
Depreciation charge for year	-
Balance at 31 December 2022	-

Maturity Analysis	31 Dec 2022	1 Jan 2022
	£ million	£ million
Less than one year	1	1
One to five years	1	1
Total undiscounted lease liabilities at period end	2	2
Impact of discounting	-	-
Lease Liabilities included in the balance sheet	2	2
Current	1	1
Non-Current	1	1

Amounts recognised in the income statement:

	Period ended	Period ended
	31 Dec 2022	1 Jan 2022
	£ million	£ million
Depreciation charge of right-of-use assets - Freehold properties	-	1

	Period ended	Period ended
	31 Dec 2022	1 Jan 2022
	£ million	£ million
Total cash outflow for leases	1	1

18. Related party transactions

During the period ended 31 December 2022 there were no (period ended 1 January 2022: none) related party transactions with companies outside the Albion JVCo Limited Group.

19. Controlling parties

The company's immediate parent company is Albion Acquisition Limited. The company's ultimate parent company and controlling party is Albion JVCo Limited, a company incorporated in England, which heads the only group into which the results of the company are consolidated. Copies of the group accounts of Albion JVCo Group are available available from Companies House.