## UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

### **FORM 10-Q**

	1 OKM 10-Q
X	QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
	For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2024
	TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
	For the transition period from to
	Commission File Number 001-03761
	TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

# TEXAS INSTRUMENTS INCORPORATED

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Delaware

(State of Incorporation) (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

75-0289970

12500 TI Boulevard, Dallas, 75243

Texas

(Address of principal executive (Zip Code) offices)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code 214-479-3773

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, par value \$1.00	TXN	The Nasdaq Global Select Market

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  $\boxtimes$  No  $\square$ 

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this

chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to submit such files). Yes $\boxtimes$ No $\Box$							
-	a smaller reporting company, ccelerated filer," "accelerate						
Large accelerated filer	$\boxtimes$	Accelerated filer					
Non-accelerated filer		Smaller reporting company					
Emerging growth company							
If an emerging growth compa not to use the extended trans financial accounting standard	sition period for complying w	ith any new or revised					
Indicate by check mark wheth of the Exchange Act). Yes □ N		ompany (as defined in Rule 12b	)-2				
	910,482,146						
Number of share	es of Registrant's common st April 16, 2024	tock outstanding as of					

#### **PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

#### **ITEM 1. Financial statements**

	For Three Months Ende		hs Ended	
Consolidated Statements of Income	March 31,		1,	
(In millions, except per-share amounts)		2024		2023
Revenue	\$	3,661	\$	4,379
Cost of revenue (COR)		1,566		1,516
Gross profit		2,095		2,863
Research and development (R&D)		478		455
Selling, general and administrative (SG&A)		455		474
Restructuring charges/other		(124)		
Operating profit		1,286		1,934
Other income (expense), net (OI&E)		123		80
Interest and debt expense		116		68
Income before income taxes		1,293		1,946
Provision for income taxes		188		238
Net income	\$	1,105	\$	1,708
Earnings per common share (EPS):				
Basic	<u>\$</u>	1.21	\$_	1.87
Diluted	\$	1.20	\$	1.85
Average shares outstanding:				
Basic		910		907
Diluted		917		916
		-		

A portion of net income is allocated to unvested restricted stock units (RSUs) on which we pay dividend equivalents. Diluted EPS is calculated using the following:

Net income	\$ 1,105	\$ 1,708
Income allocated to RSUs	(5)	(9)
Income allocated to common stock for diluted EPS	\$ 1,100	\$ 1,699

See accompanying notes.

		For Three Months Ended					
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income	March 31,		1,				
(In millions)	2024 202		2023				
Net income	\$	1,105	\$	1,708			
Other comprehensive income (loss)							
Net actuarial losses of defined benefit plans:							
Adjustments, net of tax effect of (\$2) and \$1		5		(2)			
Recognized within net income, net of tax effect of (\$1) and (\$1)		2		3			
Derivative instruments:							
Change in fair value, net of tax effect of \$0 and \$1		1		(2)			
Available-for-sale investments:							
Unrealized gains (losses), net of tax effect of \$2 and \$0		(6)		3			
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of taxes		2		2			
Total comprehensive income	\$	1,107	\$	1,710			

See accompanying notes.

Consolidated Balance Sheets (In millions, except par value)	March 31,		D	ecember 31, 2023
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,483	\$	2,964
Short-term investments	•	7,910	•	5,611
Accounts receivable, net of allowances of (\$20) and (\$16)		1,671		1,787
Raw materials		417		420
Work in process		2,129		2,109
Finished goods		1,537		1,470
Inventories		4,083		3,999
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		1,301		761
Total current assets		17,448		15,122
Property, plant and equipment at cost		13,739		13,268
Accumulated depreciation		(3,297)		(3,269)
Property, plant and equipment		10,442		9,999
Goodwill		4,362		4,362
Deferred tax assets		821		757
Capitalized software licenses		231		223
Overfunded retirement plans		169		173
Other long-term assets		1,412		1,712
Total assets	\$	34,885	\$	32,348
Liabilities and stockholders' equity				
Current liabilities:				
Current portion of long-term debt	\$	1,349	\$	599
Accounts payable		551		802
Accrued compensation		399		836
Income taxes payable		378		172
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	_	876		911
Total current liabilities		3,553		3,320
Long-term debt		12,840		10,624
Underfunded retirement plans		111		108
Deferred tax liabilities		55		63
Other long-term liabilities		1,343		1,336
Total liabilities		17,902		15,451
Stockholders' equity:				
Preferred stock, \$25 par value. Shares authorized - 10; none issued		_		_
Common stock, \$1 par value. Shares authorized – 2,400; shares issued – 1,741		1,741		1,741
Paid-in capital		3,439		3,362
Retained earnings		52,199		52,283
Treasury common stock at cost				

		FOI THIEE MONTHS ENGEG					
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	Marc	h 31,					
(In millions)	2024	2023					
Cash flows from operating activities							
Net income	<b>\$ 1,105</b>	\$ 1,708					
Adjustments to net income:							
Depreciation	346	265					
Amortization of capitalized software	16	16					
Stock compensation	106	104					
Gains on sales of assets	(129)	_					
Deferred taxes	(71)	(8)					
Increase (decrease) from changes in:							
Accounts receivable	116	18					
Inventories	(84)	(531)					
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(24)	(4)					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(77)	(124)					
Accrued compensation	(444)	(407)					
Income taxes payable	212	185					
Changes in funded status of retirement plans	17	6					
Other	(72)	(68)					
Cash flows from operating activities	1,017	1,160					
cash hows from operating activities							
Cash flows from investing activities							
Capital expenditures	(1,248)	(982)					
Proceeds from asset sales	192	1					
Purchases of short-term investments	(4,864)	(3,013)					
Proceeds from short-term investments	2,631	4,026					
Other	(40)	(4)					
Cash flows from investing activities	(3,329)	28					
		_					
Cash flows from financing activities							
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	2,980	1,397					
Dividends paid	(1,183)	(1,125)					
Stock repurchases	(3)	(103)					
Proceeds from common stock transactions	65	85					
Other	(28)	(15)					
Cash flows from financing activities	1,831	239					
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(481)	1,427					
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	2,964	3,050					
cash and cash equitarents at segming or period							

See accompanying notes.

#### Notes to financial statements

1. <u>Description of business, including segment and geographic area information</u>

We design and manufacture semiconductors that we sell to electronics designers and manufacturers all over the world. We have two reportable segments, Analog and Embedded Processing, each of which represents groups of similar products that are combined on the basis of similar design and development requirements, product characteristics, manufacturing processes and distribution channels. Our segments also reflect how management allocates resources and measures results.

- Analog semiconductors change real-world signals, such as sound, temperature, pressure
  or images, by conditioning them, amplifying them and often converting them to a
  stream of digital data that can be processed by other semiconductors, such as
  embedded processors. Analog semiconductors are also used to manage power in all
  electronic equipment by converting, distributing, storing, discharging, isolating and
  measuring electrical energy, whether the equipment is plugged into a wall or using a
  battery. Our Analog segment consists of two major product lines: Power and Signal
  Chain.
- Embedded Processing products are the digital "brains" of many types of electronic equipment. They are designed to handle specific tasks and can be optimized for various combinations of performance, power and cost, depending on the application.

We report the results of our remaining business activities in Other. Other includes operating segments that do not meet the quantitative thresholds for individually reportable segments and cannot be aggregated with other operating segments. Other includes DLP® products, calculators and custom ASIC products.

Our centralized manufacturing and support organizations, such as facilities, procurement and logistics, provide support to our operating segments, including those in Other. Costs incurred by these organizations, including depreciation, are charged to the segments on a per-unit basis. Consequently, depreciation expense is not an independently identifiable component within the segments' results and, therefore, is not provided.

#### Segment information

Other (a)

Total operating profit

	For Three Months Ended				
		March 31,			
		2024 202			
Revenue:					
Analog	\$	2,836	\$	3,289	
Embedded Processing		652		832	
Other		173		258	
Total revenue	\$	3,661	\$	4,379	
Operating profit:					
Analog	\$	1,008	\$	1,574	
Embedded Processing		105		237	

173

**\$ 1,286** \$ 1,934

123

(a) Includes restructuring charges/other

Geographic area information

Our estimate for revenue based on the geographic location of our end customers' headquarters, which represents where critical decisions are made, is as follows:

## For Three Months Ended

March 31,				
202	202	23		
\$1,288	<b>35</b> %	\$1,357	31 %	
623	17	876	20	
401	11	394	9	
955	26	1,270	29	
330	9	438	10	
64	2	44	1	
\$3,661	100 %	\$4,379	100 %	
	\$1,288 623 401 955 330 64	\$1,288 35 % 623 17 401 11 955 26 330 9 64 2	\$1,288 35 % \$1,357 623 17 876 401 11 394 955 26 1,270 330 9 438 64 2 44	

- (a) Revenue from end customers headquartered in Germany was 13% in the first quarters of both 2024 and 2023.
- 2. Basis of presentation and significant accounting policies and practices

#### Basis of presentation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP) and on the same basis as the audited financial statements included in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023. The Consolidated Statements of Income, Comprehensive Income and Cash Flows for the periods ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, and the Consolidated Balance Sheet as of March 31, 2024, are not audited but reflect all adjustments that are of a normal recurring nature and are necessary for a fair statement of the results of the periods shown. Certain information and note disclosures normally included in annual consolidated financial statements have been omitted pursuant to the rules and regulations of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. Because the consolidated interim financial statements do not include all of the information and notes required by GAAP for a complete set of financial statements, they should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes included in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023. The results for the three-month periods are not necessarily indicative of a full year's results.

Significant accounting policies and practices

#### Earnings per share (EPS)

We use the two-class method for calculating EPS because the restricted stock units (RSUs) we grant are participating securities containing nonforfeitable rights to receive dividend

equivalents. Under the two-class method, a portion of net income is allocated to RSUs and excluded from the calculation of income allocated to common stock.

Computation and reconciliation of earnings per common share are as follows:

	For Three Months Ended March 31,							
	2024				2023			
	Net Income	Shares		EPS	Net Income	Shares		EPS
Basic EPS:		Julies						<u> </u>
Net income	\$ 1,105				\$ 1,708			
Income allocated to RSUs	(5)				(9)			
Income allocated to common stock	\$ 1,100	910	\$	1.21	\$ 1,699	907	\$	1.87
Dilutive effect of stock compensation plans		7				9		
Diluted EPS:								
Net income	\$ 1,105				\$ 1,708			
Income allocated to RSUs	(5)				(9)			
Income allocated to common stock	\$ 1,100	917	\$	1.20	\$ 1,699	916	\$	1.85

Potentially dilutive securities representing 14 million and 8 million shares of common stock that were outstanding during the first quarters of 2024 and 2023, respectively, were excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per common share during these periods because their effect would have been anti-dilutive.

#### **Derivatives and hedging**

We use derivative financial instruments to manage exposure to foreign exchange risk. These instruments are primarily forward foreign currency exchange contracts, which are used as economic hedges to reduce the earnings impact that exchange rate fluctuations may have on our non-U.S. dollar net balance sheet exposures. Gains and losses from changes in the fair value of these forward foreign currency exchange contracts are credited or charged to OI&E. We do not apply hedge accounting to our foreign currency derivative instruments.

We are exposed to variability in compensation charges related to certain deferred compensation obligations to employees. We use total return swaps to economically hedge this exposure and offset the related compensation expense, recognizing changes in the value of the swaps and the related deferred compensation liabilities in SG&A.

In connection with the issuance of long-term debt, we may use financial derivatives such as treasury-rate lock agreements that are recognized in AOCI and amortized over the life of the related debt.

The results of these derivative transactions were not material. We do not use derivatives for speculative or trading purposes.

#### Fair values of financial instruments

The fair values of our derivative financial instruments were not material as of March 31, 2024. Our investments in cash equivalents, short-term investments and certain long-term investments, as well as our deferred compensation liabilities, are carried at fair value. The carrying values for other current financial assets and liabilities, such as accounts receivable and accounts payable, approximate fair value due to the short maturity of such instruments. As of March 31, 2024, the carrying value of long-term debt, including the current portion, was \$14.19 billion, and the estimated fair value was \$13.33 billion. The estimated fair value is measured using broker-dealer quotes, which are Level 2 inputs. See Note 4 for a description of fair value and the definition of Level 2 inputs.

#### 3. Income taxes

Provision for income taxes is based on the following:

	Tot Tillee Moliciis Elided			
	March 31,			
	2024			2023
Taxes calculated using the estimated annual effective tax rate	\$	176	\$	276
Discrete tax items		12		(38)
Provision for income taxes	\$ 188		\$	238
Effective tax rate		14.5 %		12.2 %

For Three Months Ended

The effective tax rate differs from the 21% U.S. statutory corporate tax rate due to the effect of U.S. tax benefits.

#### 4. Valuation of debt and equity investments and certain liabilities

Investments measured at fair value

Money market funds, debt investments and mutual funds are stated at fair value, which is generally based on market prices or broker quotes. We classify all debt investments as available-for-sale. See Fair-value considerations. Unrealized gains and losses are recorded as an increase or decrease, net of taxes, in AOCI on our Consolidated Balance Sheets, and any credit losses are recorded as an allowance for credit losses with an offset recognized in OI&E in our Consolidated Statements of Income.

Our mutual funds hold a variety of debt and equity investments intended to generate returns that offset changes in certain deferred compensation liabilities. We record changes in the fair value of these mutual funds and the related deferred compensation liabilities in SG&A.

#### Other investments

Our other investments include equity-method investments and nonmarketable investments, which are not measured at fair value. These investments consist of interests in venture capital funds and other nonmarketable securities. Gains and losses from equity-method investments are recognized in OI&E based on our ownership share of the investee's financial results. Nonmarketable securities are measured at cost with adjustments for observable changes in price or impairments. Gains and losses on nonmarketable investments are recognized in OI&E.

Details of our investments are as follows:

		1	Marc	h 31, 202	4		December 31, 2023											
	Ca	sh and					C	ash and										
		Cash	Sh	ort-Term	Lo	ng-Term	Cash		SI	nort-Term	Loi	ng-Term						
	Equ	ivalents	Inv	estments	Inve	estments	Equivalents		Equivalents		Equivalents		Equivalents		Inv	estments	Inve	stments
Measured at fair																		
value:																		
Money market																		
funds	\$	1,473	\$		\$	_	\$	1,068	\$	_	\$	_						
Corporate																		
obligations		130		2,322		_		349		1,605		_						
U.S. government																		
and agency		174		F 202				606		2 000								
securities		174		5,292		_		696		3,808								
Non-U.S.																		
government and agency securities		_		296		_		50		198								
		_		290		11		30		190		12						
Mutual funds																		
Total		1,777		7,910		11		2,163		5,611		12						
011																		
Other measurement																		
basis:																		
Equity-method																		
investments		_		_		13		_		_		17						
Nonmarketable																		
investments						4						5						
Total		_		_		17				_		22						
Cash on hand		706						801										
Total	\$	2,483	\$	7,910	\$	28	\$	2,964	\$	5,611	\$	34						

As of March 31, 2024, and December 31, 2023, unrealized gains and losses associated with our debt investments were not material. We did not recognize any credit losses related to debt investments for the first three months of 2024 and 2023.

The following table presents the aggregate maturities of our available-for-sale debt investments as of March 31, 2024:

	Fair Valu	е
One year or less	\$ 7,58	35
One to two years	62	29

Proceeds from sales, redemptions and maturities of short-term available-for-sale investments were \$2.63 billion and \$4.03 billion for the first quarters of 2024 and 2023, respectively. Gross realized gains and losses from these sales were not material.

#### Fair-value considerations

We measure and report certain financial assets and liabilities at fair value on a recurring basis. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date.

The three-level hierarchy described below indicates the extent and level of judgment used to estimate fair-value measurements.

• Level 1 – Uses unadjusted quoted prices that are available in active markets for identical assets or liabilities as of the reporting date.

- Level 2 Uses inputs other than Level 1 that are either directly or indirectly observable as of the reporting date through correlation with market data, including quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets and quoted prices in markets that are not active. Level 2 also includes assets and liabilities that are valued using models or other pricing methodologies that do not require significant judgment since the input assumptions used in the models, such as interest rates and volatility factors, are corroborated by readily observable data. We utilize a third-party data service to provide Level 2 valuations. We verify these valuations for reasonableness relative to unadjusted quotes obtained from brokers or dealers based on observable prices for similar assets in active markets.
- Level 3 Uses inputs that are unobservable, supported by little or no market activity and reflect the use of significant management judgment. These values are generally determined using pricing models that utilize management estimates of market participant assumptions. As of March 31, 2024, and December 31, 2023, we had no Level 3 assets or liabilities.

The following are our assets and liabilities that were accounted for at fair value on a recurring basis. These tables do not include cash on hand, assets held by our postretirement plans, or assets and liabilities that are measured at historical cost or any basis other than fair value.

	M	arch 31, 20	24	Dec	ember 31,	2023	
	Level 1	Level 2	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Total	
Assets:							
Money market funds	\$1,473	<b>\$</b> —	\$1,473	\$ 1,068	\$ <b>—</b>	\$ 1,068	
Corporate obligations	_	2,452	2,452	_	1,954	1,954	
U.S. government and agency securities	3,592	1,874	5,466	3,618	886	4,504	
Non-U.S. government and agency securities	_	296	296	_	248	248	
Mutual funds	11	_	11	12		12	
Total assets	\$5,076	\$4,622	\$9,698	\$ 4,698	\$ 3,088	\$ 7,786	
Liabilities:							
Deferred compensation	\$ 395	<u> </u>	\$ 395	\$ 393	<u> </u>	\$ 393	
Total liabilities	\$ 395	<u>\$</u>	\$ 395	\$ 393	\$ —	\$ 393	

5. Postretirement benefit plans

Expenses related to defined benefit and retiree health care benefit plans are as follows:

	U.S. Retiree Health U.S. Defined Benefit Care			Non-U.S. Defined Benefit						
For Three Months Ended March 31,	_	2024		2023	_	2024	 2023	2024		2023
Service cost	\$	2	\$	2	\$	_	\$ 	\$ 4	\$	4
Interest cost		6		7		3	4	14		14
Expected return on plan assets		(6)		(6)		(3)	(5)	(19)		(15)
Recognized net actuarial losses (gains)		1		2		(1)	(1)	3		3
Net periodic benefit costs (credits)	\$	3	\$	5	\$	(1)	\$ (2)	\$ 2	\$	6

#### 6. Debt and lines of credit

#### Short-term borrowings

We maintain a line of credit to provide additional liquidity through bank loans and, if necessary, to support commercial paper borrowings. As of March 31, 2024, the aforementioned line of credit was a variable-rate, revolving credit facility from a consortium of investment-grade banks that allows us to borrow up to \$1 billion until March 2025. The interest rate on borrowings under this credit facility, if drawn, is indexed to the applicable Term Secured Overnight Financing Rate (Term SOFR). As of March 31, 2024, our credit facility was undrawn, and we had no commercial paper outstanding.

#### Long-term debt

In February 2024, we issued five series of senior unsecured notes for an aggregate principal amount of \$3.00 billion, consisting of:

- \$650 million of 4.60% notes due in 2027;
- \$650 million of 4.60% notes due in 2029;
- \$600 million of 4.85% notes due in 2034;
- \$750 million of 5.15% notes due in 2054; and
- \$350 million further issuance of existing 5.05% notes due in 2063.

We incurred \$16 million of issuance and other related costs. The proceeds of the offering were \$2.98 billion, net of the original issuance discounts, which will be used for general corporate purposes.

Long-term debt outstanding is as follows:

	M	larch 31,	Dec	ember 31,
		2024		2023
Notes due 2024 at 2.625%	\$	300	\$	300
Notes due 2024 at 4.70%		300		300
Notes due 2025 at 1.375%		750		750
Notes due 2026 at 1.125%		500		500
Notes due 2027 at 4.60%		650		_
Notes due 2027 at 2.90%		500		500
Notes due 2028 at 4.60%		700		700
Notes due 2029 at 4.60%		650		_
Notes due 2029 at 2.25%		750		750
Notes due 2030 at 1.75%		750		750
Notes due 2031 at 1.90%		500		500
Notes due 2032 at 3.65%		400		400
Notes due 2033 at 4.90%		950		950
Notes due 2034 at 4.85%		600		_
Notes due 2039 at 3.875%		750		750
Notes due 2048 at 4.15%		1,500		1,500
Notes due 2051 at 2.70%		500		500
Notes due 2052 at 4.10%		300		300
Notes due 2053 at 5.00%		650		650
Notes due 2054 at 5.15%		750		_
Notes due 2063 at 5.05%		1,550		1,200
Total debt		14,300		11,300
Net unamortized discounts, premiums and issuance costs		(111)		(77)
Total debt, including net unamortized discounts, premiums and issuance costs		14,189		11,223
Current portion of long-term debt		(1,349)		(599)
Long-term debt	\$	12,840	\$	10,624

Interest and debt expense was \$116 million and \$68 million for the first quarters of 2024 and 2023, respectively. This was net of the amortized discounts, premiums, issuance and other related costs. Capitalized interest was \$6 million and \$2 million for the first quarters of 2024 and 2023, respectively.

#### 7. Stockholders' equity

Changes in equity are as follows:

		nmon		Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Treasury Common Stock		AOCI
Balance, December 31, 2023		.,741		3,362	\$ 52,283	\$ (40,284)	\$	(205)
2024								
Net income		_		_	1,105	_		_
Dividends declared and paid (\$1.30 per share)		_		_	(1,183)	_		_
Common stock issued for stock- based awards		_		(29)	_	94		_
Stock repurchases		_		_	_	(3)		_
Stock compensation		_		106	_	_		_
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of taxes		_		_	_	_		2
Dividend equivalents on RSUs		_		_	(7)	_		_
Other				_	1	_		_
Balance, March 31, 2024	<b>\$ 1</b>	,741	<b>\$</b>	3,439	\$52,199 ———	\$(40,193)	<u>\$</u>	(203)
		ommon	1	Paid-in	Retained	Treasury Common		
		Stock		Capital	Earnings	Common Stock		AOCI
Balance, December 31, 2022					Earnings	Common	\$	<b>AOCI</b> (254)
Balance, December 31, 2022 2023		Stock		Capital	Earnings	Common Stock	\$	
		Stock		Capital	Earnings	Common Stock	\$	
2023		Stock		Capital	\$ 50,353	Common Stock \$(40,214)	\$	
2023 Net income Dividends declared and paid (\$1.24	\$	Stock		Capital	\$ 50,353 1,708 (1,125)	Common Stock \$(40,214)	\$	
2023  Net income  Dividends declared and paid (\$1.24 per share)  Common stock issued for stock-base	\$	Stock		Capital 5 2,951 — —	\$ 50,353 1,708 (1,125)	Common   Stock     \$(40,214)     -	\$	
2023  Net income  Dividends declared and paid (\$1.24 per share)  Common stock issued for stock-base awards	\$	Stock		Capital 5 2,951 — —	\$ 50,353 1,708 (1,125)	Common Stock \$(40,214)	\$	
2023  Net income  Dividends declared and paid (\$1.24 per share)  Common stock issued for stock-base awards  Stock repurchases	\$	Stock		Capital 5 2,951 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	\$ 50,353 1,708 (1,125)	Common Stock \$(40,214)	\$	
2023  Net income  Dividends declared and paid (\$1.24 per share)  Common stock issued for stock-base awards  Stock repurchases  Stock compensation  Other comprehensive income (loss),	\$	Stock		Capital 5 2,951 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	\$ 50,353 1,708 (1,125)	Common Stock \$(40,214)	\$	——————————————————————————————————————
2023  Net income  Dividends declared and paid (\$1.24 per share)  Common stock issued for stock-base awards  Stock repurchases  Stock compensation  Other comprehensive income (loss), net of taxes	\$	Stock		Capital 5 2,951 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	1,708 (1,125) — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Common Stock \$(40,214)	\$	——————————————————————————————————————

#### 8. Contingencies

#### Indemnification guarantees

We routinely sell products with an intellectual property indemnification included in the terms of sale. Historically, we have had only minimal, infrequent losses associated with these indemnities. Consequently, we cannot reasonably estimate any future liabilities that may result.

#### Warranty costs/product liabilities

Our stated warranties for semiconductor products obligate us to repair, replace or credit the purchase price of a covered product back to the buyer. Product claim consideration may exceed the price of our products. Historically, we have experienced a low rate of payments on product claims. Although we cannot predict the likelihood or amount of any future claims, we do not believe they will have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial statements. We accrue for known product-related claims if a loss is probable and can be reasonably estimated. During the periods presented, there have been no material accruals or payments regarding product warranty or product liability.

#### General

We are subject to various legal and administrative proceedings. Although it is not possible to predict the outcome of these matters, we believe that the results of these proceedings will not have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial statements.

#### 9. Supplemental financial information

#### Restructuring charges/other

During the first quarter of 2024, restructuring charges/other was a credit of \$124 million primarily due to a gain on the sale of a property.

#### Prepaid expenses and other current assets

	March 31,			December 31,		
	2024			2023		
U.S. CHIPS and Science Act investment tax credit	\$	999	\$	497		
Other		302		264		
Total	\$	1,301	\$	761		

#### Other long-term assets

			D	ecember		
	March 31,			31,		
	2024			2023		
U.S. CHIPS and Science Act investment tax credit	\$	498	\$	859		
Other		914		853		
Total	\$	1,412	\$	1,712		

Details on amounts reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of taxes, to net income

Our Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income include items that have been recognized within net income during the first quarters of 2024 and 2023. The table below

details where these transactions are recorded in our Consolidated Statements of Income.

#### For Three Months Ended

	March 31,			1,	
	2024 2023			2023	Impact to Related Statement of Income Lines
Net actuarial losses of defined benefit plans:					
Recognized net actuarial losses (a)	\$	3	\$	4	Decrease to OI&E
Tax effect		(1)		(1)	Decrease to provision for income taxes
Recognized within net income, net of taxes	\$	2	\$	3	Decrease to net income

#### (a) Detailed in Note 5

Effect on shares outstanding and treasury shares

The following table reflects the changes in treasury shares:

	2024
Balance, January 1	832
Repurchases	_
Shares issued for stock compensation	(1)
Balance, March 31	831

## ITEM 2. Management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations

#### **Overview**

We design and manufacture semiconductors that we sell to electronics designers and manufacturers all over the world. Technology is the foundation of our company, but ultimately, our objective and the best metric for owners to measure our progress is through the growth of free cash flow per share over the long term.

Our strategy to maximize long-term free cash flow per share growth has three elements:

- 1. A great business model that is focused on analog and embedded processing products and built around four sustainable competitive advantages. The four sustainable competitive advantages are powerful in combination and provide tangible benefits:
  - i. A strong foundation of manufacturing and technology that provides lower costs and greater control of our supply chain.
  - ii. A broad portfolio of analog and embedded processing products that offers more opportunity per customer and more value for our investments.
  - iii. The reach of our market channels that gives access to more customers and more of their design projects, leading to the opportunity to sell more of our products into each design and gives us better insight and knowledge of customer needs.
  - iv. Diversity and longevity of our products, markets and customer positions that provide less single point dependency and longer returns on our investments.

Together, these competitive advantages help position TI in a unique class of companies capable of generating and returning significant amounts of cash for our owners. We make our investments with an eye towards long-term strengthening and leveraging of these advantages.

- 2. Discipline in allocating capital to the best opportunities. This spans how we select R&D projects, develop new capabilities like Tl.com, invest in new manufacturing capacity or how we think about acquisitions and returning cash to our owners.
- 3. Efficiency, which means constantly striving for more output for every dollar spent.

We believe that our business model with the combined effect of our four competitive advantages sets TI apart from our peers and will for a long time to come. We will invest to strengthen our competitive advantages, be disciplined in capital allocation and stay diligent in our pursuit of efficiencies. Finally, we will remain focused on the belief that long-term growth of free cash flow per share is the ultimate measure to generate value.

Management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations (MD&A) should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and the related notes that appear elsewhere in this document. In the following discussion of our results of operations:

• Our segments represent groups of similar products that are combined on the basis of similar design and development requirements, product characteristics, manufacturing

processes and distribution channels, and how management allocates resources and measures results. See Note 1 to the financial statements for more information regarding our segments.

#### • When we discuss our results:

- Unless otherwise noted, changes in our revenue are attributable to changes in customer demand, which are evidenced by fluctuations in shipment volumes.
- New products do not tend to have a significant impact on our revenue in any given period because we sell such a large number of products.
- From time to time, our revenue and gross profit are affected by changes in demand for higher-priced or lower-priced products, which we refer to as changes in the "mix" of products shipped.

- Because we own much of our manufacturing capacity, a significant portion of our operating cost is fixed. When factory loadings decrease, our fixed costs are spread over reduced output and, absent other circumstances, our profit margins decrease. Conversely, as factory loadings increase, our fixed costs are spread over increased output and, absent other circumstances, our profit margins increase.
- For an explanation of free cash flow, see the Non-GAAP financial information section.
- All dollar amounts in the tables are stated in millions of U.S. dollars.

#### **Performance summary**

Our first quarter revenue was \$3.66 billion, net income was \$1.11 billion and earnings per share (EPS) were \$1.20.

Revenue decreased 16% from the same quarter a year ago and 10% sequentially, as revenue declined across all end markets.

Our cash flow from operations of \$6.3 billion for the trailing 12 months again underscored the strength of our business model, the quality of our product portfolio and the benefit of 300mm production. Free cash flow for the same period was \$940 million.

Over the past 12 months we invested \$3.7 billion in R&D and SG&A, invested \$5.3 billion in capital expenditures and returned \$4.8 billion to shareholders.

#### Results of operations - first quarter 2024 compared with first quarter 2023

Revenue of \$3.66 billion decreased \$718 million, or 16%, primarily due to lower revenue from Analog and, to a lesser extent, Embedded Processing.

Gross profit of \$2.10 billion was down \$768 million, or 27%, primarily due to lower revenue and, to a lesser extent, higher manufacturing costs associated with reduced factory loadings and our planned capacity expansions. As a percentage of revenue, gross profit decreased to 57.2% from 65.4%.

Operating expenses (R&D and SG&A) were \$933 million compared with \$929 million.

Restructuring charges/other was a credit of \$124 million primarily due to a gain on the sale of a property during 2024.

Operating profit was \$1.29 billion, or 35.1% of revenue, compared with \$1.93 billion, or 44.2% of revenue.

OI&E was \$123 million of income compared with \$80 million of income, primarily due to higher interest income.

Interest and debt expense of \$116 million increased \$48 million due to the issuance of additional long-term debt. See Note 6 to the financial statements.

Our provision for income taxes was \$188 million compared with \$238 million. This decrease was due to lower income before income taxes, partially offset by discrete tax items.

Net income was \$1.11 billion compared with \$1.71 billion. EPS was \$1.20 compared with \$1.85.

#### First quarter 2024 segment results

Our segment results compared with the year-ago quarter are as follows:

Analog (includes Power and Signal Chain product lines)

	Q1 2024		Q1 2023	Change
Revenue	\$ 2,836	\$	3,289	(14)%
Operating profit	1,008		1,574	(36)%
Operating profit % of revenue	35.5	<b>%</b>	47.9 %	

Analog revenue decreased in both product lines, led by Signal Chain. Operating profit decreased primarily due to lower revenue and higher manufacturing costs.

Embedded Processing (includes microcontrollers and processors)

	 Q1 2024			Change	
Revenue	\$ 652	\$	832	(22)%	
Operating profit	105		237	(56)%	
Operating profit % of revenue	16.1 %		28.5 %		

Embedded Processing revenue decreased. Operating profit decreased primarily due to lower revenue and associated gross profit.

Other (includes DLP® products, calculators and custom ASIC products)

	Q1 2024	Q1 2023	Change
Revenue	<b>\$ 173</b>	\$ 258	(33)%
Operating profit*	173	123	41 %
Operating profit % of revenue	100.0 %	47.7 %	

<sup>\*</sup> Includes restructuring charges/other

Other revenue decreased \$85 million, and operating profit increased \$50 million.

#### Financial condition

At the end of the first quarter of 2024, total cash (cash and cash equivalents plus short-term investments) was \$10.39 billion, an increase of \$1.82 billion from the end of 2023.

Accounts receivable were \$1.67 billion, a decrease of \$116 million compared with the end of 2023. Days sales outstanding for the first quarter of 2024 were 41 compared with 39 at the end of 2023.

Inventory was \$4.08 billion, an increase of \$84 million from the end of 2023. Days of inventory for the first quarter of 2024 were 235 compared with 219 at the end of 2023.

#### Liquidity and capital resources

Our primary source of liquidity is cash flow from operations. Additional sources of liquidity are cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments and access to debt markets. We also have a variable-rate, revolving credit facility. As of March 31, 2024, our credit facility was undrawn, and we had no commercial paper outstanding. Cash flows from operating activities for the first three months of 2024 were \$1.02 billion, a decrease of \$143 million from the year-ago period primarily due to lower net income, partially offset by lower cash used for working capital.

Investing activities for the first three months of 2024 used \$3.33 billion compared with \$28 million of cash provided in the year-ago period. Capital expenditures were \$1.25 billion compared with \$982 million in the year-ago period and were primarily for semiconductor manufacturing equipment and facilities in both periods. Short-term investments used cash of \$2.23 billion compared with \$1.01 billion of cash provided in the year-ago period.

As we continue to invest to strengthen our competitive advantage in manufacturing and technology as part of our long-term capacity planning, our capital expenditures are expected to remain at elevated levels. In August 2022, the U.S. government enacted the U.S. CHIPS and Science Act, which provides funding for manufacturing grants and research investments and establishes a 25% investment tax credit for certain investments in U.S. semiconductor manufacturing. We will begin receiving the cash benefit associated with the investment tax credit for qualifying capital expenditures in the second quarter of 2024. See Note 9 to the financial statements. We have also submitted applications for the manufacturing grants provided by the legislation.

Financing activities for the first three months of 2024 provided \$1.83 billion compared with \$239 million in the year-ago period. In 2024, we received net proceeds of \$2.98 billion from the issuance of fixed-rate, long-term debt. In the year-ago period, we received net proceeds of \$1.40 billion from the issuance of fixed-rate, long-term debt. Dividends paid were \$1.18 billion compared with \$1.13 billion in the year-ago period, reflecting an increased dividend rate. We used \$3 million to repurchase shares of our common stock compared with \$103 million in the year-ago period. Employee exercises of stock options provided cash proceeds of \$65 million compared with \$85 million in the year-ago period.

We had \$2.48 billion of cash and cash equivalents and \$7.91 billion of short-term investments as of March 31, 2024. We believe we have the necessary financial resources and operating plans to fund our working capital needs, capital expenditures, dividend and debt-related payments, and other business requirements for at least the next 12 months.

#### **Non-GAAP financial information**

This MD&A includes references to free cash flow and ratios based on that measure. These are financial measures that were not prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States (GAAP). Free cash flow was calculated by subtracting capital expenditures from the most directly comparable GAAP measure, cash flows from operating activities (also referred to as cash flow from operations).

We believe that free cash flow and the associated ratios provide insight into our liquidity, our cash-generating capability and the amount of cash potentially available to return to shareholders, as well as insight into our financial performance. These non-GAAP measures are supplemental to the comparable GAAP measures.

Reconciliation to the most directly comparable GAAP measures is provided in the table below.

#### For 12 Months Ended

	Marc		
	2024	2023	Change
Cash flow from operations (GAAP)	\$ 6,277	\$ 7,736	(19)%
Capital expenditures	(5,337)	(3,336)	
Free cash flow (non-GAAP)	\$ 940	\$ 4,400	(79)%
Revenue	\$ 16,801	\$ 19,502	
Cash flow from operations as a percentage of revenue			
(GAAP)	37.4 %	39.7 %	
Free cash flow as a percentage of revenue (non-GAAP)	5.6 %	22.6 %	

#### ITEM 4. Controls and procedures

An evaluation as of the end of the period covered by this report was carried out under the supervision and with the participation of management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934). Based upon that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that those disclosure controls and procedures were effective. In addition, there has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) that occurred during the period covered by this report that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

#### **PART II - OTHER INFORMATION**

#### ITEM 1A. Risk factors

Information concerning our risk factors is contained in Item 1A of our Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023, and is incorporated by reference herein.

#### ITEM 2. Unregistered sales of equity securities and use of proceeds

The following table contains information regarding our purchases of our common stock during the quarter.

#### **ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES**

			<b>Total Number</b>	
			of Shares	
			Purchased as	Approximate Dollar
			Part of	Value of Shares
			Publicly	that May Yet Be
	<b>Total Number</b>	Average Price	Announced	Purchased Under
	of Shares	Paid per	Plans or	the Plans or
Period	Purchased	Share	Programs (a)	Programs (a)
January 1, 2024 through				
January 31, 2024	206,420	\$162.04	1,323	\$ 21.20 billion
February 1, 2024 through				
February 29, 2024	17,106	158.65	17,106	21.19 billion
March 1, 2024 through March				
31, 2024		_		21.19 billion
	(b)	(b)		billion
Total	223,526	\$161.78 <sup>(b)</sup>	18,429	\$ 21.19 (c)

- (a) All open-market purchases during the quarter were made under the authorizations from our board of directors to purchase up to \$12.0 billion and \$15.0 billion of additional shares of TI common stock announced September 20, 2018, and September 15, 2022, respectively.
- (b) In addition to open-market purchases, 205,097 shares of common stock were surrendered by employees to satisfy tax withholding obligations in connection with the vesting of restricted stock units.
- (c) As of March 31, 2024, this amount consisted of the remaining portion of the \$12.0 billion authorized in September 2018 and the \$15.0 billion authorized in September 2022. No expiration date has been specified for these authorizations.

#### ITEM 6. Exhibits

#### Designation of Exhibits in This

Exhibits in This	
Report	Description of Exhibit
3(a)	Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Registrant, dated April 18, 1985, as amended (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3(a) of the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014).
3(b)	By-Laws of the Registrant (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3 of the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed January 26, 2022).
4(a)	Officers' Certificate, dated February 8, 2024 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed February 8, 2024).
31(a)	Certification of Chief Executive Officer of Periodic Report Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a).†
31(b)	Certification of Chief Financial Officer of Periodic Report Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a).†
32(a)	Certification by Chief Executive Officer of Periodic Report Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350.†
32(b)	Certification by Chief Financial Officer of Periodic Report Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350.†
101.ins	XBRL Instance Document – the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.†
101.def	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.†
101.sch	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.†
101.cal	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.†
101.lab	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.†
101.pre	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.†
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document).†

† Filed or furnished herewith.

#### Notice regarding forward-looking statements

This report includes forward-looking statements intended to qualify for the safe harbor from liability established by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements generally can be identified by phrases such as TI or its management "believes," "expects," "anticipates," "foresees," "forecasts," "estimates" or other words or phrases of similar import. Similarly, statements herein that describe TI's business strategy, outlook, objectives, plans, intentions or goals also are forward-looking statements. All such forward-looking statements are subject to certain risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those in forward-looking statements.

We urge you to carefully consider the following important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the expectations of TI or our management:

- Economic, social and political conditions, and natural events in the countries in which we, our customers or our suppliers operate, including global trade policies;
- Market demand for semiconductors, particularly in the industrial and automotive markets, and customer demand that differs from forecasts;
- Our ability to compete in products and prices in an intensely competitive industry;
- Evolving cybersecurity and other threats relating to our information technology systems or those of our customers, suppliers and other third parties;
- Our ability to successfully implement and realize opportunities from strategic, business and organizational changes, or our ability to realize our expectations regarding the amount and timing of associated restructuring charges and cost savings;
- Our ability to develop, manufacture and market innovative products in a rapidly changing technological environment, our timely implementation of new manufacturing technologies and installation of manufacturing equipment, and our ability to realize expected returns on significant investments in manufacturing capacity;
- Availability and cost of key materials, utilities, manufacturing equipment, third-party manufacturing services and manufacturing technology;
- Our ability to recruit and retain skilled personnel, and effectively manage key employee succession;
- Product liability, warranty or other claims relating to our products, software, manufacturing, delivery, services, design or communications, or recalls by our customers for a product containing one of our parts;
- Compliance with or changes in the complex laws, rules and regulations to which we are
  or may become subject, or actions of enforcement authorities, that restrict our ability
  to operate our business or subject us to fines, penalties or other legal liability;
- Changes in tax law and accounting standards that impact the tax rate applicable to us, the jurisdictions in which profits are determined to be earned and taxed, adverse resolution of tax audits, increases in tariff rates, and the ability to realize deferred tax assets;

- Financial difficulties of our distributors or semiconductor distributors' promotion of competing product lines to our detriment; or disputes with current or former distributors;
- Losses or curtailments of purchases from key customers or the timing and amount of customer inventory adjustments;
- Our ability to maintain or improve profit margins, including our ability to utilize our manufacturing facilities at sufficient levels to cover our fixed operating costs, in an intensely competitive and cyclical industry and changing regulatory environment;
- Our ability to maintain and enforce a strong intellectual property portfolio and maintain freedom of operation in all jurisdictions where we conduct business; or our exposure to infringement claims;
- Instability in the global credit and financial markets; and
- Impairments of our non-financial assets.

For a more detailed discussion of these factors, see the Risk factors discussion in Item 1A of our most recent Form 10-K. The forward-looking statements included in this report are made only as of the date of this report, and we undertake no obligation to update the forward-looking statements to reflect subsequent events or circumstances. If we do update any forward-looking statement, you should not infer that we will make additional updates with respect to that statement or any other forward-looking statement.

#### **SIGNATURE**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS INCORPORATED

By:	/s/ Rafael R. Lizardi	
	Rafael R. Lizardi. Senior Vice	

President and Chief Financial Officer

Date: April 24, 2024