UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended: April 30, 2024

Or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission file number 001-37483

HEWLETT PACKARD ENTERPRISE COMPANY

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware 47-3298624

77389

(State or other jurisdiction of identification no.) (I.R.S. employer incorporation or organization)

1701 East Mossy Oaks

Road, Spring, Texas

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip code)

(678) 259-9860

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Exchange Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common stock, par value \$0.01 per share	HPE	New York Stock Exchange

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes \boxtimes No \square

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes \boxtimes No \square

accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller company. See the definitions of "large accele reporting company" and "emerging growth compa	rated filer," "accelerated filer", "smaller
Large accelerated 区 filer	Accelerated filer \square
Non-accelerated	Smaller reporting \square
filer	company
	Emerging growth \Box company
not to use the extended transition period for conaccounting standards provided pursuant to Section Indicate by check mark whether the region Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes □ No ☒	n 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐ istrant is a shell company (as defined in ard Enterprise Company common stock

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an

HEWLETT PACKARD ENTERPRISE COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES

Form 10-Q

For the Quarterly Period Ended April 30, 2024

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Forward-Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, including "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in Item 2 of Part I, contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such statements involve risks, uncertainties, and assumptions. If the risks or uncertainties ever materialize or the assumptions prove incorrect, the results of Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company and its consolidated subsidiaries ("Hewlett Packard Enterprise") may differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements and assumptions. The words "believe", "expect", "anticipate", "guide", "optimistic", "intend", "aim", "will", "estimates", "may", "could", "should" and similar expressions are intended to identify such forward-looking statements. All statements other than statements of historical fact are statements that could be deemed forward-looking statements, including but not limited to any anticipated financial or operational benefits associated with the recent segment realignment; any projections, estimations, or expectations of addressable markets and their sizes, revenue (including annualized revenue run-rate), margins, expenses (including stock-based compensation expenses), investments, effective tax rates, interest rates, the impact of tax law changes and related guidance and regulations, net earnings, net earnings per share, cash flows, liquidity and capital resources, inventory, goodwill, impairment charges, hedges and derivatives and related offsets, order backlog, benefit plan funding, deferred tax assets, share repurchases, currency exchange rates, repayments of debts including our asset-backed debt securities, or other financial items; recent amendments to accounting guidance and any potential impacts on our financial reporting therefrom; any projections or estimations of future orders, including as-aservice orders; any statements of the plans, strategies, and objectives of management for future operations, as well as the execution and consummation of corporate transactions or contemplated acquisitions (including but not limited to our proposed acquisition of Juniper Networks, Inc.) and dispositions (including but not limited to the disposition of H3C shares and the receipt of proceeds therefrom), research and development expenditures, and any resulting benefit, cost savings, charges, or revenue or profitability improvements; any statements concerning the expected development, performance, market share, or competitive performance relating to products or services; any statements concerning technological and market trends, the pace of technological innovation, and adoption of new technologies, including artificial intelligence and products and services offered by Hewlett Packard Enterprise; any statements regarding current or future macroeconomic trends or events and the impacts of those trends and events on Hewlett Packard Enterprise and our financial performance, including but not limited to supply chain, demand for our products and services, and access to liquidity, and our actions to mitigate such impacts on our business; the scope and duration of outbreaks, epidemics, pandemics, or public health crises, the ongoing conflicts between Russia and Ukraine and in the Middle East, and the relationship between China and the U.S., and our actions in response thereto, and their impacts on our business, operations, liquidity and capital resources, employees, customers, partners, supply chain, financial results, and the world economy; any statements regarding future regulatory trends and the resulting legal and reputational exposure, including but not limited to those relating to environmental, social, governance, cybersecurity, data privacy, and artificial intelligence issues, among others; any statements regarding pending investigations, claims, or disputes; any statements of expectation or belief, including those relating to future guidance and the financial performance of Hewlett Packard Enterprise; and

any statements of assumptions underlying any of the foregoing. Risks, uncertainties, and assumptions include the need to address the many challenges facing Hewlett Packard Enterprise's businesses; the competitive pressures faced by Hewlett Packard Enterprise's businesses; risks associated with executing Hewlett Packard Enterprise's strategy; the impact of macroeconomic and geopolitical trends and events, including but not limited to supply chain constraints, the use and development of artificial intelligence, the inflationary environment, the ongoing conflicts between Russia and Ukraine and in the Middle East, and the relationship between China and the U.S.; the need to effectively manage third-party suppliers and distribute Hewlett Packard Enterprise's products and services; the protection of Hewlett Packard Enterprise's intellectual property assets, including intellectual property licensed from third parties and intellectual property shared with its former parent; risks associated with Hewlett Packard Enterprise's international operations (including from public health crises, such as pandemics or epidemics, and geopolitical events, such as those mentioned above); the development and transition of new products and services and the enhancement of existing products and services to meet customer needs and respond to emerging technological trends (including the desirability of a unified hybrid-cloud offering); the execution of Hewlett Packard Enterprise's transformation and mix shift of its portfolio of offerings; the execution and performance of contracts by Hewlett Packard Enterprise and its suppliers, customers, clients, and partners, including any impact thereon resulting from macroeconomic or geopolitical events, such as those mentioned above, the prospect of a shutdown of the U.S. federal government; the hiring and retention of key employees; the execution, integration, consummation, and other risks associated with business combination, disposition, and investment transactions, including but not limited to the risks associated with the disposition of H3C shares and the receipt of proceeds therefrom and completion of our proposed acquisition of Juniper Networks, Inc. and our ability to integrate and implement our plans, forecasts, and other expectations with respect to the consolidated business; the impact of changes to privacy, cybersecurity, environmental, global trade, and other governmental regulations; changes in our product, lease, intellectual property, or real estate portfolio; the payment or non-payment of a dividend for any period; the efficacy of using non-GAAP, rather than GAAP, financial measures in business projections and planning; the judgments required in connection with determining revenue recognition; impact of company policies and related compliance; utility of segment realignments; allowances for recovery of receivables and warranty obligations; provisions for, and resolution of, pending investigations, claims, and disputes; the impacts of tax law changes and related guidance or regulations; and other risks that are described herein, including but not limited to the items discussed in

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"Risk Factors" in Item 1A of Part I of the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2023 and that are otherwise described or updated from time to time in Hewlett Packard Enterprise's Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, Current Reports on Form 8-K, and in other filings made with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Hewlett Packard Enterprise assumes no obligation and does not intend to update these forward-looking statements, except as required by applicable law.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements.

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HEWLETT PACKARD ENTERPRISE COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings

(Unaudited)

	For the three months ended April 30,					For the six months ended April 30,				
		2024		2023		2024		2023		
		In m	illic	ons, except	per	share amo	unt	5		
Net Revenue:										
Products	\$	4,324	\$	4,242	\$	8,280	\$	9,356		
Services		2,718		2,601		5,361		5,173		
Financing income		162		130		318		253		
Total net revenue		7,204		6,973		13,959		14,782		
Costs and Expenses:										
Cost of products		3,017		2,738		5,560		6,198		
Cost of services		1,688		1,633		3,324		3,246		
Financing cost		123		90		242		168		
Research and development		590		570		1,172		1,193		
Selling, general and administrative		1,215		1,269		2,431		2,526		
Amortization of intangible assets		67		71		138		144		
Transformation costs		33		60		53		162		
Disaster charges		_		3		_		4		
Acquisition, disposition and other										
related charges		46		19	_	89		30		
Total costs and expenses		6,779		6,453		13,009		13,671		
Earnings from operations		425		520		950		1,111		
Interest and other, net		(22)		(47)		(110)		(73)		
Earnings from equity interests	_	42		49	_	88		107		
Earnings before provision for taxes		445		522		928		1,145		
Provision for taxes		(131)		(104)		(227)		(226)		
Net earnings	\$	314	\$	418	\$	701	\$	919		
Net Earnings Per Share:										
Basic	\$	0.24	\$	0.32	\$	0.54	\$_	0.71		
Diluted	\$	0.24	\$	0.32	\$	0.53	\$	0.70		
Weighted-average Shares Used to Compute Net Earnings Per Share:										
Basic		1,311		1,304		1,306		1,301		
Diluted		1,325		1,318		1,320		1,317		

HEWLETT PACKARD ENTERPRISE COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Unaudited)

		For the thr		For the six months ended April 30,					
		2024	2023		2024	2023			
			In mi	llion	llions				
Net earnings	\$	314	\$ 418	\$	701	\$	919		
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) Before Taxes									
Change in Net Unrealized (Losses) Gains on Available-for-sale Securities:									
Net unrealized (losses) gains arising during the period		(3)	_		3		5		
		(3)			3		5		
Change in Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Cash Flow Hedges:									
Net unrealized gains (losses) arising during the period		169	18		(35)		(500)		
Net (gains) losses reclassified into earnings		(115)	39		(1)		286		
		54	57		(36)		(214)		
Change in Unrealized Components of Defined Benefit Plans:									
Net unrealized losses arising during the period	l	(1)	_		(1)		_		
Amortization of net actuarial loss and prior service benefit		34	36		68		71		
Curtailments, settlements and other		1			1		_		
		34	36		68		71		
Change in Cumulative Translation Adjustment		(21)	(1)		(8)		19		
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) Before Taxes		64	92		27		(119)		
(Provision) Benefit for Taxes		(14)	(14)		(1)		39		
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), Net of Taxes		50	78		26		(80)		
Comprehensive Income	\$	364	\$ 496	\$	727	\$	839		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

HEWLETT PACKARD ENTERPRISE COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

	Apr	il 30, 2024	2023		
	(U	naudited)	(Audited)	
ACCETC	In	millions, ex	_	_	
ASSETS Current Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,676	\$	4,270	
Accounts receivable, net of allowances	Ą	3,840	Ф	3,481	
Financing receivables, net of allowances		3,646		3,543	
Inventory		7,326		4,607	
Other current assets		3,939		3,047	
Total current assets		21,427		18,948	
		5,817		5,989	
Property, plant and equipment, net Long-term financing receivables and other assets		11,673		11,377	
Investments in equity interests		2,291		2,197	
Goodwill		17,988		17,988	
Intangible assets		515		654	
	ф.	59,711	<u></u>	57,153	
Total assets	\$ = =		<u>\$</u>	37,133	
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY					
Current Liabilities:	_	2.767	_	4.060	
Notes payable and short-term borrowings	\$	3,767	\$	4,868	
Accounts payable		10,119		7,136	
Employee compensation and benefits		1,084		1,724	
Taxes on earnings		181		155	
Deferred revenue		3,783		3,658	
Accrued restructuring		97		180	
Other accrued liabilities		4,719		4,161	
Total current liabilities		23,750		21,882	
Long-term debt		7,490		7,487	
Other non-current liabilities		6,737		6,546	
Commitments and Contingencies					
Stockholders' Equity					
HPE Stockholders' Equity:					
Common stock, \$0.01 par value (9,600,000,000 shares authorized; 1,297,930,792 and 1,282,630,405 shares issued and outstanding as of April 30, 2024 and October 31, 2023, respectively)		13		13	
Additional paid-in capital		28,308		28,199	
Accumulated deficit		(3,583)		(3,946)	
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(3,058)		(3,084)	
Total HPE stockholders' equity		21,680		21,182	
Non-controlling interests		54		56	
Total stockholders' equity		21,734		21,238	
iotal stockholacis equity		21,737		21,230	

Total liabilities and stockholders' equity

\$

59,711 \$

57,153

As of

October 31,

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

HEWLETT PACKARD ENTERPRISE COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

For the six months ended April 30,

	2024 2023				
		In mil	lions		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:					
Net earnings	\$	701	\$ 919		
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Earnings to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:					
Depreciation and amortization		1,299	1,307		
Stock-based compensation expense		261	266		
Provision for inventory and credit losses		113	97		
Restructuring charges		18	95		
Deferred taxes on earnings		_	69		
Earnings from equity interests		(88)	(107)		
Other, net		128	(11)		
Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities, Net of Acquisitions:					
Accounts receivable		(376)	370		
Financing receivables		(327)	(666)		
Inventory		(2,808)	782		
Accounts payable		3,026	(3,220)		
Taxes on earnings		95	(1)		
Restructuring		(121)	(147)		
Other assets and liabilities		(764)	307		
Net cash provided by operating activities		1,157	60		
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:					
Investment in property, plant and equipment		(1,216)	(1,482)		
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		218	245		
Purchases of investments		(16)	(5)		
Proceeds from maturities and sales of investments		5	4		
Financial collateral posted		(499)	(1,009)		
Financial collateral received		401	483		
Payments made in connection with business acquisitions, net of cash acquired		_	(406)		
Net cash used in investing activities		(1,107)	(2,170)		
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:					
Short-term borrowings with original maturities less than 90 days, net		(45)	344		
Proceeds from debt, net of issuance costs		1,075	2,845		
Payment of debt		(2,218)	(2,428)		
Cash settlement for derivative hedging debt		_	(2)		
Net payments related to stock-based award activities		(94)	(106)		
Repurchase of common stock		(48)	(179)		
Cash dividends paid to non-controlling interests, net of contributions		(8)	_		
Cash dividends paid to shareholders		(338)	(311)		
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities		(1,676)	163		
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash		(31)	139		
Decree and a section of the section		(1.657)	(1.000)		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

HEWLETT PACKARD ENTERPRISE COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES Condensed Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity (Unaudited)

Common Stock

											Į.
= ab-rab						Ac	cumulated		Equity	Non	ļ
For the three		_	Additional			_	Other		tributable		
months ended	Number of	Par	Paid-in	Acc		Con	nprehensive		to the	controlling	Total
April 30, 2024	Shares	Value	Capital		Deficit		Loss		Company	Interests	Equity
			In milli	ions	, except nı	ımbe	er of shares i	n th	iousands		
Balance as of											
January 31, 2024	1,299,768	\$ 13	\$ 28,239	\$	(3,728)	\$	(3,108)	\$	21,416	\$ 52	\$21,468
Net earnings					314				314	2	316
Other											
comprehensive	ž										
gain							50		50		50
Comprehensive								_			
income									364	2	366
Stock-based											
compensation											
expense			120						120		120
Tax withholding											
related to vesting	ı										
of employee											
stock plans			(4)						(4)		(4)
Issuance of											
common stock in											
connection with											
employee stock											
plans and other	1,024		3		_				3		3
Repurchases of											
common stock	(2,861)		(50)						(50)		(50)
Cash dividends											
declared (\$0.13											
per share)					(169)				(169)	_	(169)
Balance as of April				_				_			
30, 2024	1,297,931	\$ 13	\$ 28,308	\$	(3,583)	\$	(3,058)	\$	21,680	\$ 54	\$21,734

For the six months ended April 30,

2024

Common Stock

		_	Additional			At	Equity tributable					
	Number of	Par	Paid-in	Ac		Coı	mprehensive		to the		trolling	Total
	Shares	Value	Capital		Deficit		Loss		Company	Int	erests	Equity
			In milli	ons	s, except nu	ımb	er of shares i	n th	ousands			
Balance as of												
October 31, 2023	1,282,630	\$ 13	\$ 28,199	\$	(3,946)	\$	(3,084)	\$	21,182	\$	56	\$21,238
Net earnings					701				701		6	707
Other comprehensiv	/e						26		26			26
gain							26		26			26
Comprehensive income									727		6	733
Stock-based compensation			261						261			261
expense			261						261			261
Tax withholding related to vestin of employee stock plans	g		(126)						(126)			(126)
Issuance of common stock i connection with employee stock plans and other			24						24			24
•	10,102		24						24			24
Repurchases of common stock	(2,861)		(50)						(50)			(50)
Cash dividends declared (\$0.26 per share)					(338)				(338)		(8)	(346)
Balance as of Apr 30, 2024	il 1,297,931	\$ 13	\$ 28,308	\$	(3,583)	\$	(3,058)	\$	21,680	\$	54	\$21,734

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Common Stock

							Ac	cumulated		Equity		
F	For the three			Additional				Other		tributable	Non-	
	months ended	Number of	Par	Paid-in	Ac	cumulated	Con	nprehensive		to the	controlling	
į	April 30, 2023	Shares	Value	Capital		Deficit		Loss		ompany	Interests	Equity
				In mill	ions	, except nu	mbe	r of shares in	n th	ousands		
E	Balance as of											
J	lanuary 31, 2023	1,296,884	\$ 13	\$ 28,259	\$	(5,005)	\$	(3,256)	\$	20,011	\$ 52	\$20,063
	Net earnings					418				418	3	421
	Other											
	comprehensive	;										
	gain							78		78		78
	Comprehensive											
	income									496	3	499
	Stock-based											
	compensation											
	expense			126						126		126
	Tax withholding											
	related to vesting											
	of employee											
	stock plans			(6)						(6)		(6)
	Issuance of											
	common stock in											
	connection with											
	employee stock	7 700		2		(1)						2
	plans and other	1,783		2		(1)				1		1
	Repurchases of	(7.164)		(1.07)						(107)		(1.07)
	common stock	(7,164)		(107)						(107)		(107)
	Cash dividends											
	declared (\$0.12					(4.55)				(2.5.5)		(2.55)
	per share)					(155)				(155)		(155)
	Balance as of April	1 201 502	* 12	÷ 20 274		(4.742)		(2.170)	_	20.266	÷	+20 421
-	30, 2023	1,291,503	\$ 13	\$ 28,274	\$	(4,743)	<u>\$</u>	(3,178)	\$	20,366	<u>\$ 55</u>	\$20,421

Common Stock

	or the six months			Additional				ccumulated Other	Att	Equity tributable		Non-	
	ended April 30,	Number of	Par	Paid-in	Ac		Coi	mprehensive		to the		ontrolling	Total
2	2023	Shares	Value	Capital		Deficit		Loss		ompany		nterests	Equity
				In milli	ons	s, except nu	ımb	er of shares i	n th	ousands			
	Balance as of October 31, 2022	1,281,037	\$ 13	\$ 28,299	\$	(5,350)	\$	(3,098)	\$	19,864	\$	45	\$19,909
	Net earnings					919				919		10	929
	Other comprehensive loss							(80)		(80)			(80)
	Comprehensive income							(=1,		839		10	849
	Stock-based compensation expense			266						266			266
	Tax withholding related to vesting of employee stock plans			(140)						(140)			(140)
	Issuance of common stock in connection with employee stock plans and other	22,135		26		(1)				25			25
	Repurchases of common stock	(11,669)		(177)		(1)				(177)			(177)
	Cash dividends declared (\$0.24 per share)	(11,003)		(177)		(311)				(311)			(311)
Е	Balance as of April				_	(311)				(311)	_		(311)
3	30, 2023	1,291,503	\$ 13	\$ 28,274	\$	(4,743)	\$	(3,178)	\$	20,366	\$	55	\$20,421

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

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HEWLETT PACKARD ENTERPRISE COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Note 1: Overview and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Background

Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company ("Hewlett Packard Enterprise," "HPE," or the "Company") is a global technology leader focused on developing intelligent solutions that allow customers to capture, analyze and act upon data seamlessly from edge-to-cloud. Hewlett Packard Enterprise enables customers to accelerate business outcomes by driving new business models, creating new customer and employee experiences, and increasing operational efficiency today and into the future. Hewlett Packard Enterprise's customers range from small- and medium-sized businesses to large global enterprises and governmental entities.

Basis of Presentation and Consolidation

The Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company were prepared in accordance with United States ("U.S.") Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP"). The Company's unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements include the accounts of the Company and all subsidiaries and affiliates in which the Company has a controlling financial interest or is the primary beneficiary. All intercompany transactions and accounts within the consolidated businesses of the Company have been eliminated. In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements of Hewlett Packard Enterprise contain all adjustments, including normal recurring adjustments, necessary to present fairly the Company's financial position as of April 30, 2024 and October 31, 2023, its results of operations for the three and six months ended April 30, 2024 and 2023, its cash flows for the six months ended April 30, 2024 and 2023, and its statements of stockholders' equity for the three and six months ended April 30, 2024 and 2023.

The results of operations and the cash flows for the three and six months ended April 30, 2024 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year. The information included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q should be read in conjunction with the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2023, as filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") on December 22, 2023.

Segment Realignment

As previously disclosed, effective as of the beginning of the first quarter of fiscal 2024, in order to align the segment financial reporting more closely with its business structure, the Company established two new reportable segments, Hybrid Cloud and Server. Hybrid Cloud includes the historical Storage segment, HPE GreenLake Flex Solutions (which provides flexible as-a-service IT infrastructure through the HPE GreenLake edge-to-cloud platform and was previously reported under the Compute and the High Performance Computing & Artificial

Intelligence ("HPC & AI") segments), Private Cloud, and Software (previously reported under the Corporate Investments and Other segment). The Server segment combines the previously separately reported Compute and HPC & AI segments, with adjustments for certain product lines that are now reported in Hybrid Cloud. Additionally, certain products and services previously reported in the financial results for the HPC & AI segment were moved to be reported in the Hybrid Cloud segment, and the Athonet business and certain components of the Communications and Media Solutions ("CMS") business, both previously reported in the financial results for Corporate Investments and Other, moved to be reported in the Intelligent Edge segment.

As a result, the Company's new organizational structure consists of the following segments: (i) Server; (ii) Hybrid Cloud; (iii) Intelligent Edge; (iv) Financial Services; and (v) Corporate Investments and Other. The Company began reporting under this re-aligned segment structure beginning with the results of the first quarter of fiscal 2024 included in the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended January 31, 2024, and continues to report under this segment structure.

The Company has reflected these changes to its segment information retrospectively to the earliest period presented, which primarily resulted in the realignment of net revenue and operating profit for each of the segments as described above. These changes had no impact on Hewlett Packard Enterprise's previously reported consolidated net revenue, net earnings, net earnings per share ("EPS") or total assets.

Significant Accounting Policies

There have been no changes to the Company's significant accounting policies described in Part II, Item 8, Note 1, "Overview and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies," of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2023.

HEWLETT PACKARD ENTERPRISE COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) (Unaudited)

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

In September 2022, FASB issued guidance to enhance the transparency of supplier finance programs. The amendments require the disclosure of sufficient information about the program to allow a user of the financial statements to understand the program's nature, activity during the period, changes from period to period and potential magnitude. The Company adopted this guidance in the first quarter of fiscal 2024 except for the disclosure on the roll forward information, which is effective for fiscal 2025. The Company enters into supplier financing arrangements with external financial institutions. Under these arrangements, suppliers can choose to settle outstanding payment obligations at a discount. The Company holds no economic interest in suppliers' participation, nor does it provide guarantees or pledge assets under these arrangements. Invoices are settled with the financial institutions based on the original supplier payment terms. These arrangements do not alter the Company's rights and obligations towards suppliers, including scheduled payment terms. Liabilities associated with the funded participation in these arrangements, as presented within Accounts Payable on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, amounted to \$365 million, and \$295 million as of April 30, 2024 and October 31, 2023, respectively.

Recently Enacted Accounting Pronouncements

Although there are new accounting pronouncements issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") that the Company will adopt, as applicable, the Company does not believe any of these accounting pronouncements will have a material impact on its Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

In December 2023, the FASB issued guidance to provide disaggregated income tax disclosures on the rate reconciliation and income taxes paid. The Company is required to adopt the guidance in the first quarter of fiscal 2026, though early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this amendment on its Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

In November 2023, the FASB issued guidance to improve the disclosures about a public entity's reportable segments and address requests from investors for additional, more detailed information about a reportable segment's expenses. The Company will adopt this guidance for its annual period ending October 31, 2025 and all interim periods thereafter. The Company does not expect the adoption of this guidance to have a significant impact on its Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Note 2: Segment Information

Hewlett Packard Enterprise's operations are organized into five segments for financial reporting purposes: Server, Hybrid Cloud, Intelligent Edge, Financial Services ("FS"), and

Corporate Investments and Other. Hewlett Packard Enterprise's organizational structure is based on a number of factors that the Chief Operating Decision Maker ("CODM"), who is the Chief Executive Officer, uses to evaluate, view, and run the Company's business operations, which include, but are not limited to, customer base and homogeneity of products, services and technology. The five segments are based on this organizational structure and information reviewed by Hewlett Packard Enterprise's management to evaluate segment results. Effective as of the beginning of the first quarter of fiscal 2024, in order to align the Company's segment financial reporting more closely with its current business structure, the Company realigned its reportable segments, see Note 1, "Overview and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information. A summary description of each segment follows:

Server consists of general-purpose servers for multi-workload computing and workload-optimized servers to deliver the best performance and value for demanding applications, and integrated systems comprised of software and hardware designed to address High-Performance Computing and Supercomputing (including exascale applications), Artificial Intelligence ("Al"), Data Analytics, and Transaction Processing workloads for government and commercial customers globally. This portfolio of products includes our secure and versatile HPE ProLiant Rack and Tower servers; HPE Synergy, a composable infrastructure for traditional and cloud-native applications; HPE Scale Up Servers product lines for critical applications, including large enterprise software applications and data analytics platforms; HPE Edgeline servers; HPE Cray EX; HPE Cray XD (formerly known as HPE Apollo); and HPE NonStop. Server offerings also include operational and support services sold with systems and as standalone services.

Hybrid Cloud offers a wide variety of cloud-native and hybrid solutions across storage, private cloud and the infrastructure software-as-a-service space. Storage includes data storage and data management offerings with the HPE Alletra Storage portfolio; unstructured data solutions and analytics for AI; data protection and archiving; and storage networking. It

HEWLETT PACKARD ENTERPRISE COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) (Unaudited)

also includes AlOps-driven intelligence with HPE InfoSight and HPE CloudPhysics. In private cloud, our HPE GreenLake offerings include new cloud-native offerings and capabilities for virtual machines, containers, and bare metal; a full suite of private cloud offerings that enable customers to self-manage or choose a fully managed experience; and a portfolio of world-class Al infrastructure delivered as-a-service. This segment also provides self-service private cloud on-demand with HPE GreenLake for Private Cloud Business Edition. Infrastructure software includes monitoring and observability for day two operations and beyond through our acquisition of OpsRamp and unified data access through our HPE Ezmeral Data Fabric and analytics suite, which helps move and transform data for use in Al and other applications. Hybrid Cloud segment also includes data lifecycle management and protection through our suite of offerings, including Zerto Disaster Recovery.

Intelligent Edge offers wired and wireless local area networks, campus, branch, and data center switching, software-defined wide-area-networks, private and public cellular network software, network security, and associated services that enable secure connectivity for businesses of any size. The HPE Aruba Networking product portfolio includes hardware products such as Wi-Fi access points, switches, and gateways. The HPE Aruba Networking software and services portfolio includes cloud-based management, network management, network access control, software-defined wide-area networking, network security, analytics and assurance, location services software, private and public cellular core software, and professional and support services, as well as as-a-service and consumption models through the HPE GreenLake edge-to-cloud platform for the Intelligent Edge portfolio of products. Intelligent Edge offerings are consolidated in the edge service platform, which takes a cloud-native approach that provides customers with a unified framework to meet their connectivity, security, and financial needs across campus, branch, data center, and remote worker environments.

Financial Services provides flexible investment solutions, such as leasing, financing, IT consumption, utility programs, and asset management services for customers that facilitate unique technology deployment models and the acquisition of complete IT solutions, including hardware, software, and services from Hewlett Packard Enterprise and others. FS also supports financial solutions for on-premise flexible consumption models, such as the HPE GreenLake edge-to-cloud platform.

Corporate Investments and Other includes the Advisory and Professional Services ("A & PS") business, which primarily offers consultative-led services, HPE and partner technology expertise and advice, implementation services as well as complex solution engagement capabilities; CMS, which primarily offers software and related services to the telecommunications industry; and Hewlett Packard Labs, which is responsible for research and development.

Segment Policy

Hewlett Packard Enterprise does not allocate to its segments certain operating expenses, which it manages at the corporate level. These unallocated operating costs

include certain corporate costs and eliminations, stock-based compensation expense, amortization of intangible assets, transformation costs, disaster recovery/charges, and acquisition, disposition and other related charges. Total assets by segment are not presented as that information is not used to allocate resources or assess performance at the segment level and is not reviewed by our CODM.

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HEWLETT PACKARD ENTERPRISE COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) (Unaudited)

Segment Operating Results

Segment net revenue and operating results were as follows:

			Co					orporate			
		ı	Hybrid	In	telligent		inancial	Investments			
	 Server		Cloud	Edge		Services		and Other		T	otal
	In millions										
Three months ended April 30, 2024:											
Net revenue	\$ 3,812	\$	1,192	\$	1,081	\$	867	\$	252	\$ 7	7,204
Intersegment net revenue	55		64		5						124
Total segment net revenue	\$ 3,867	\$	1,256	\$	1,086	\$	867	\$	252	\$ 7	7,328
Segment earnings (loss) from operations	\$ 426	\$	10	\$	237	\$	81	\$	(9)	\$	745
Three months ended April 30, 2023:											
Net revenue	\$ 3,192	\$	1,346	\$	1,341	\$	852	\$	242	\$ 6	5,973
Intersegment net revenue	95		25		3		6				129
Total segment net revenue	\$ 3,287	\$	1,371	\$	1,344	\$	858	\$	242	\$ 7	7,102
Segment earnings (loss) from operations	\$ 473	\$	26	\$	332	\$	76	\$	(19)	\$	888
Six months ended April 30, 2024:											
Net revenue	\$ 7,058	\$	2,398	\$	2,274	\$	1,739	\$	490	\$ 13	3,959
Intersegment net revenue	161		106		13		1		_		281
Total segment net revenue	\$ 7,219	\$	2,504	\$	2,287	\$	1,740	\$	490	\$ 14	1,240
Segment earnings (loss) from operations	\$ 809	\$	57	\$	590	\$	155	\$	(19)	\$ 1	L,592
Six months ended April 30, 2023:											
Net revenue	\$ 7,376	\$	2,707	\$	2,504	\$	1,719	\$	476	\$ 14	1,782
Intersegment net revenue	243		48		9		12				312
Total segment net revenue	\$ 7,619	\$	2,755	\$	2,513	\$	1,731	\$	476	\$ 15	5,094
Segment earnings (loss) from operations	\$ 1,151	\$	106	\$	559	\$	139	\$	(41)	\$ 1	L,914

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HEWLETT PACKARD ENTERPRISE COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) (Unaudited)

The reconciliation of segment operating results to Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings was as follows:

		For the the		For the six months ended April 30,					
		ended A	l 30,		,				
		2024		2023		2024		2023	
				In mi	llio	ns			
Net Revenue:									
Total segments	\$	7,328	\$	7,102	\$	14,240	\$	15,094	
Eliminations of intersegment net									
revenue		(124)		(129)		(281)		(312)	
Total consolidated net revenue	\$	7,204	\$	6,973	\$	13,959	\$	14,782	
Earnings Before Taxes:									
Total segment earnings from operations	\$	745	\$	888	\$	1,592	\$	1,914	
Unallocated corporate costs and eliminations		(61)		(89)		(133)		(197)	
Stock-based compensation expense		(120)		(126)		(261)		(266)	
Amortization of intangible assets		(67)		(71)		(138)		(144)	
Transformation costs		(33)		(60)		(53)		(162)	
Disaster recovery (charges)		7		(3)		32		(4)	
Acquisition, disposition and other related	l								
charges		(46)		(19)		(89)		(30)	
Interest and other, net		(22)		(47)		(110)		(73)	
Earnings from equity interests		42		49		88		107	
Total earnings before provision for taxes	\$	445	\$	522	\$	928	\$	1,145	

Geographic Information

Net revenue by geographic region was as follows:

	For the three months ended April 30,						onths ended		
	2024 2023					2024		2023	
				In m	illior	าร			
Americas:									
United States	\$	2,584	\$	2,395	\$	4,878	\$	5,280	
Americas excluding U.S.		560		520		1,067	_	1,089	
Total Americas		3,144		2,915		5,945		6,369	
Europe, Middle East and Africa		2,454		2,491		4,888		5,171	
Asia Pacific and Japan		1,606		1,567		3,126		3,242	
Total consolidated net revenue	\$	7,204	\$	6,973	\$	13,959	\$	14,782	

Note 3: Transformation Programs

Transformation programs are comprised of the Cost Optimization and Prioritization Plan and the HPE Next Plan. During the third quarter of fiscal 2020, the Company launched the Cost Optimization and Prioritization Plan, which focuses on realigning the workforce to areas of growth, real estate strategies, and simplifying and evolving our product portfolio strategy. The transformation costs predominantly related to labor restructuring, non-labor restructuring, IT investments, design and execution charges and real estate initiatives. The primary elements of the Cost Optimization and Prioritization Plan have been substantially completed by the end of fiscal 2023.

During the third quarter of fiscal 2017, the Company launched the HPE Next Plan to put in place a purpose-built company designed to compete and win in the markets where it participates. Through this program, the Company has been simplifying the operating model, and streamlining its offerings, business processes and business systems to improve its strategy execution. The primary elements of the HPE Next Plan have been substantially completed by the end of fiscal 2023.

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HEWLETT PACKARD ENTERPRISE COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) (Unaudited)

Cost Optimization and Prioritization Plan

The components of transformation costs relating to the Cost Optimization and Prioritization Plan were as follows:

	F:	or the three Apri		For the six months ende					
		2024		2023		2024		2023	
				In mi	llion	S			
Program management	\$	1	\$	1	\$	2	\$	2	
IT costs		3		8		7		16	
Restructuring charges		10		18		18		89	
Total	\$	14	\$	27	\$	27	\$	107	

HPE Next Plan

The components of transformation costs relating to HPE Next Plan were as follows:

	F6	or the three Apri			F		il 30,		
	2024 2023					2024		2023	
				In mil	lions	5			
IT costs	\$	19	\$	28	\$	28	\$	49	
Restructuring charges		1		5		_		6	
Other		_		1		_		1	
Total	\$	20	\$	34	\$	28	\$	56	

Restructuring Plan

Restructuring activities related to the Company's employees and infrastructure under the Cost Optimization and Prioritization Plan and HPE Next Plan are presented in the table below:

	Prioritization Plan					HPE N	lext Plan	
	Employee Severance		Infrastructure and other		Employee Severance			rastructure and other
				In mi	llion	ıs		
Liability as of October 31, 2023	\$	152	\$	127	\$	6	\$	27
Charges (credits)		20		(2)		_		_
Cash payments		(91)		(25)		(2)		(3)
Non-cash items		(2)		1		_		(1)
Liability as of April 30, 2024	\$	79	\$	101	\$	4	\$	23
Total costs incurred to date, as of April 30, 2024	\$	813		559		1,267	\$	270
Total expected costs to be incurred as of			Ψ		=	1,207	-	270

Cost Optimization and

560 \$

1,267 \$

270

The current restructuring liability related to the transformation programs, reported in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of April 30, 2024 and October 31, 2023, was \$97 million and \$180 million, respectively, in Accrued restructuring, and \$19 million and \$22 million, respectively, in Other accrued liabilities. The non-current restructuring liability related to the transformation programs, reported in Other non-current liabilities in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of April 30, 2024 and October 31, 2023, was \$91 million and \$110 million, respectively.

April 30, 2024

820 \$

HEWLETT PACKARD ENTERPRISE COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) (Unaudited)

Note 4: Retirement Benefit Plans

The Company's net pension benefit cost for defined benefit plans recognized in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings was as follows:

	For the three months ended			For the six months ended					
		Apri	1 30	,	April 3			30,	
		2024		2023		2024		2023	
				In milli	ons				
Service cost	\$	12	\$	13	\$	24	\$	26	
Interest cost ⁽¹⁾		102		97		203		190	
Expected return on plan assets(1)		(138)		(134)		(274)		(264)	
Amortization and Deferrals ⁽¹⁾ :									
Actuarial loss		37		40		74		79	
Prior service benefit		(2)		(2)		(4)		(5)	
Net periodic benefit cost		11		14		23		26	
Settlement loss and special termination benefits ⁽¹⁾		1		1		2		1	
Total net benefit cost	\$	12	\$	15	\$	25	\$	27	

⁽¹⁾ These non-service components were included in Interest and other, net in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings.

Note 5: Taxes on Earnings

Provision for Taxes

For the three months ended April 30, 2024 and 2023, the Company recorded income tax expense of \$131 million and \$104 million, respectively, which reflects an effective tax rate of 29.4% and 19.9%, respectively. For the six months ended April 30, 2024 and 2023, the Company recorded income tax expense of \$227 million and \$226 million, respectively, which reflects an effective tax rate of 24.5% and 19.7%, respectively. For the three and six months ended April 30, 2024, the effective tax rate differed from the U.S. federal statutory rate of 21% due to the geographic mix of forecasted earnings and net unfavorable permanent differences from U.S. income tax on non-U.S. earnings. For the three and six months ended April 30, 2023, the effective tax rate differed from the U.S. federal statutory rate of 21% due to favorable tax rates associated with certain earnings from the Company's operations in lower tax jurisdictions throughout the world but is also impacted by discrete tax adjustments during each fiscal period.

For the three and six months ended April 30, 2024, the Company recorded immaterial net income tax benefits related to various items discrete to the period.

For the three and six months ended April 30, 2023, the Company recorded \$14 million and \$25 million, respectively of net income tax benefits related to various items discrete to the period. For the three months ended April 30, 2023, this amount primarily included \$14 million of net income tax benefits related to transformation costs, and acquisition, disposition and other related charges. For the six months ended April 30, 2023, this amount primarily included \$36 million of net income tax benefits related to transformation costs, and acquisition, disposition and other related charges and \$13 million of net excess tax benefits related to stock-based compensation, partially offset by \$23 million of net income tax charges related to tax audit settlements and changes in uncertain tax positions.

Uncertain Tax Positions

As of April 30, 2024 and October 31, 2023, the amount of unrecognized tax benefits was \$661 million and \$672 million, respectively, of which up to \$357 million and \$354 million, respectively, would affect the Company's effective tax rate if realized as of their respective periods.

For tax liabilities pertaining to unrecognized tax benefits, the Company recognizes interest income from favorable settlements and interest expense and penalties in Provision for taxes in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings. As of April 30, 2024 and October 31, 2023, the Company had accrued \$57 million and \$56 million, respectively, for interest and penalties in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets.

HEWLETT PACKARD ENTERPRISE COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) (Unaudited)

The Company engages in continuous discussion and negotiation with tax authorities regarding tax matters in various jurisdictions. The Company is no longer subject to U.S. federal tax audits for years prior to 2017. The Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") is conducting audits of the Company's fiscal 2017 through 2022 U.S. federal income tax returns. During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2023, the IRS issued notices of proposed adjustments ("NOPAs") for 2017, 2018, and 2019 relating to HPE's intercompany transfer pricing. During the first quarter of fiscal 2024, the IRS issued a Revenue Agent Report ("RAR") finalizing their position on the NOPAs for the same issues and same fiscal years. The IRS is seeking to increase taxable income across the three fiscal years by \$904 million. As of the balance sheet date, HPE has sufficient tax credit carryforwards to offset any incremental tax liability from the adjustments in the RAR. However, HPE disagrees with the IRS' adjustments and believes the positions taken on its tax returns are more likely than not to prevail on technical merits, and the Company will defend these positions through the IRS administrative processes, as necessary. Discussions with the IRS are ongoing, but as of April 30, 2024 there have been no substantive updates in the process. Accordingly, no changes have been made to the Company's reserves for uncertain tax positions as of April 30, 2024 relating to the IRS' adjustments. With respect to major state and foreign tax jurisdictions, the Company is no longer subject to tax authority examinations for years prior to 2005. Additionally, it is reasonably possible that certain foreign and state tax issues may be concluded in the next 12 months, including issues involving resolution of certain intercompany transactions and other matters; accordingly, the Company believes it is reasonably possible that its existing unrecognized tax benefits for these matters may be reduced by an amount up to \$9 million within the next 12 months.

Deferred Tax Assets and Liabilities

Deferred tax assets and liabilities included in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets were as follows:

		As of					
	Apri	l 30, 2024	Oct	tober 31, 2023			
		In mil	lions				
Deferred tax assets	\$	2,283	\$	2,264			
Deferred tax liabilities		(331)		(326)			
Deferred tax assets net of deferred tax liabilities	\$	1,952	\$	1,938			

Note 6: Balance Sheet Details

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash

	As of					
	April 30, 2024			ctober 31, 2023		
	In millions					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,676	\$	4,270		
Restricted cash ⁽¹⁾		248		311		
Total	\$	2,924	\$	4,581		

⁽¹⁾ The Company included restricted cash in Other current assets in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Inventory

	As of						
	April 30, 2024			tober 31, 2023			
	In millions						
Purchased parts and fabricated assemblies	\$	4,956	\$	2,940			
Finished goods		2,370		1,667			
Total	\$	7,326	\$	4,607			

HEWLETT PACKARD ENTERPRISE COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) (Unaudited)

Property, Plant and Equipment, net

	As of				
			C	October 31,	
	Apr	il 30, 2024		2023	
	In millions				
Land	\$	66	\$	66	
Buildings and leasehold improvements		1,557		1,521	
Machinery and equipment, including equipment held for lease		10,443		10,382	
Gross property, plant and equipment		12,066		11,969	
Accumulated depreciation		(6,249)		(5,980)	
Property, plant and equipment, net	\$	5,817	\$	5,989	

Warranties

The Company's aggregate product warranty liabilities and changes for the six months ended April 30, 2024, and the fiscal year ended October 31, 2023 were as follows:

		As of						
	April 3	30, 2024		ber 31, 023				
		lions						
Balance at beginning of period	\$	318	\$	360				
Charges		77		184				
Adjustments related to pre-existing warranties		(6)		(18)				
Settlements made		(94)		(208)				
Balance at end of period	\$	295	\$	318				

Contract Balances

The Company's contract balances consist of contract assets, contract liabilities, and costs to obtain a contract with a customer.

Contract Assets

A summary of accounts receivable, net, including unbilled receivables was as follows:

	As of					
	April 30, 2024			October 31, 2023		
	In millions					
Accounts receivable	\$	3,576	\$	3,254		
Unbilled receivables		295		264		
Allowances		(31)		(37)		
Total	\$	3,840	\$	3,481		

The allowances for credit losses related to accounts receivable and changes for the six months ended April 30, 2024, and the fiscal year ended October 31, 2023 were as follows:

	As of						
	April 30, 2024			ctober 31, 2023			
		5					
Balance at beginning of period	\$	37	\$	25			
Provision for credit losses		25		29			
Adjustments to existing allowances, including write offs		(31)		(17)			
Balance at end of period	\$	31	\$	37			

HEWLETT PACKARD ENTERPRISE COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) (Unaudited)

Sale of Trade Receivables

The Company has third-party revolving short-term financing arrangements intended to facilitate the working capital requirements of certain customers. For the three and six months ended April 30, 2024, the Company sold \$0.8 billion and \$1.6 billion of trade receivables, respectively. For the fiscal year ended October 31, 2023, the Company sold \$4.1 billion of trade receivables. The Company recorded an obligation of \$50 million and \$80 million within Notes payable and short-term borrowings in its Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of April 30, 2024 and October 31, 2023, respectively, related to the trade receivables sold and collected from the third-party for which the revenue recognition was deferred.

Contract Liabilities and Remaining Performance Obligations

Contract liabilities consist of deferred revenue and customer deposits. A summary of contract liabilities were as follows:

		As of			
		April 30, 2024			ctober 31, 2023
	Location		In mi	llion	5
Customer deposits	Other accrued liabilities	\$	739	\$	392
Customer deposits - non-current	Other non-current liabilities		87		144
Total customer deposits		\$	826	\$	536
Deferred revenue	Deferred revenue	\$	3,783	\$	3,658
Deferred revenue - non-current	Other non-current liabilities		3,496		3,281
Total deferred revenue		\$	7,279	\$	6,939

For the six months ended April 30, 2024, approximately \$2.3 billion of revenue was recognized relating to contract liabilities recorded as of October 31, 2023.

Revenue allocated to remaining performance obligations represents contract work that has not yet been performed and does not include contracts where the customer is not committed. Remaining performance obligations estimates are subject to change and are affected by several factors, including contract terminations, changes in the scope of contracts, adjustments for revenue that has not materialized and adjustments for currency. As of April 30, 2024, the aggregate amount of deferred revenue, was \$7.3 billion. The Company expects to recognize approximately 31% of this balance over fiscal 2024 with the remainder to be recognized thereafter. The Company receives payments in advance of completion of its contractual obligations, these payments are considered customer deposits. As customer acceptance milestones are met, the Company will recognize revenue and

reduce the amount of contract liabilities. As of April 30, 2024, the aggregate amount of customer deposits was \$826 million. The Company expects to recognize \$739 million over the next twelve months and the remaining balance thereafter.

Costs to Obtain a Contract

As of April 30, 2024, the current and non-current portions of the capitalized costs to obtain a contract were \$88 million and \$137 million, respectively. As of October 31, 2023, the current and non-current portions of the capitalized costs to obtain a contract were \$86 million and \$138 million, respectively. The current and non-current portions of the capitalized costs to obtain a contract were included in Other current assets, and Long-term financing receivables and other assets, respectively, in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. For the three and six months ended April 30, 2024 the Company amortized \$26 million and \$52 million respectively, of capitalized costs to obtain a contract. For the three and six months ended April 30, 2023 the Company amortized \$23 million and \$45 million respectively, of capitalized costs to obtain a contract. The amortized capitalized costs to obtain a contract are included in Selling, general and administrative expense in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings.

HEWLETT PACKARD ENTERPRISE COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) (Unaudited)

Note 7: Accounting for Leases as a Lessor

Financing receivables represent sales-type and direct-financing leases of the Company and third-party products. These receivables typically have terms ranging from two to five years and are usually collateralized by a security interest in the underlying assets. Financing receivables also include billed receivables from operating leases. The allowance for credit losses represents future expected credit losses over the life of the receivables based on past experience, current information and forward-looking economic considerations. The components of financing receivables were as follows:

	As of				
	April 30, 2024			ctober 31, 2023	
		In mi	llions	5	
Minimum lease payments receivable	\$	9,706	\$	9,363	
Unguaranteed residual value		513		438	
Unearned income		(1,114)		(987)	
Financing receivables, gross		9,105		8,814	
Allowance for credit losses		(216)		(243)	
Financing receivables, net		8,889		8,571	
Less: current portion		(3,646)		(3,543)	
Amounts due after one year, net	\$	5,243	\$	5,028	

Sale of Financing Receivables

The Company enters into arrangements to transfer the contractual payments due under certain financing receivables to third party financial institutions. For the six months ended April 30, 2024 and the fiscal year ended October 31, 2023, the Company sold \$41 million and \$237 million of financing receivables, respectively.

Credit Quality Indicators

Due to the homogeneous nature of its leasing transactions, the Company manages its financing receivables on an aggregate basis when assessing and monitoring credit risk. Credit risk is generally diversified due to the large number of entities comprising the Company's customer base and their dispersion across many different industries and geographic regions. The Company evaluates the credit quality of an obligor at lease inception and monitors that credit quality over the term of a transaction. The Company assigns risk ratings to each lease based on the creditworthiness of the obligor and other variables that augment or mitigate the inherent credit risk of a particular transaction and periodically updates the risk ratings when there is a change in the underlying credit quality. Such variables include the underlying value and liquidity of the collateral, the essential use of

the equipment, the term of the lease, and the inclusion of credit enhancements, such as guarantees, letters of credit or security deposits.

The credit risk profile of gross financing receivables, based on internal risk ratings as of April 30, 2024, presented on amortized cost basis by year of origination was as follows:

	As of April 30, 2024					
	Risk Rating					
	 Low		/loderate		High	
Fiscal Year		Ir	n millions			
2024	\$ 1,092	\$	534	\$	10	
2023	2,056		1,136		58	
2022	1,425		851		61	
2021	652		461		69	
2020 and prior	 278		314		108	
Total	\$ 5,503	\$	3,296	\$	306	

HEWLETT PACKARD ENTERPRISE COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) (Unaudited)

The credit risk profile of gross financing receivables, based on internal risk ratings as of October 31, 2023, presented on amortized cost basis by year of origination was as follows:

		As of October 31, 2023					
		Risk Rating					
	Low Moderate					High	
Fiscal Year			ı	n millions			
2023	\$	2,100	\$	1,196	\$	31	
2022		1,681		1,052		51	
2021		868		645		57	
2020		336		285		35	
2019 and prior		155		223		99	
Total	\$	5,140	\$	3,401	\$	273	

Accounts rated low risk typically have the equivalent of a Standard & Poor's rating of BBB- or higher, while accounts rated moderate risk generally have the equivalent of BB+ or lower. The Company classifies accounts as high risk when it considers the financing receivable to be impaired or when management believes there is a significant near-term risk of impairment. The credit quality indicators do not reflect any mitigation actions taken to transfer credit risk to third parties.

Allowance for Credit Losses

The allowance for credit losses for financing receivables as of April 30, 2024 and October 31, 2023 and the respective changes for the six and twelve months then ended were as follows:

	As	of	
April	30, 2024		ober 31, 2023
	In mil	llions	
\$	243	\$	325
	22		58
	(49)		(140)
\$	216	\$	243
	\$	April 30, 2024 In mil \$ 243 22 (49)	April 30, 2024 In millions \$ 243 \$ 22 (49)

Non-Accrual and Past-Due Financing Receivables

The following table summarizes the aging and non-accrual status of gross financing receivables:

	As	of	
		C	October 31,
Apri	l 30, 2024		2023
	In m	illior	ıs
\$	368	\$	320
	16		30
	26		13
	79		100
	8,616		8,351
\$	9,105	\$	8,814
\$	185	\$	227
\$	79	\$	81
	\$	\$ 368 16 26 79 8,616 \$ 9,105	\$ 368 \$ 16 26 79 8,616 \$ 9,105 \$ \$

⁽¹⁾ Includes billed operating lease receivables and billed sales-type and direct-financing lease receivables.

⁽²⁾ Includes billed operating lease receivables and billed and unbilled sales-type and direct-financing lease receivables.

HEWLETT PACKARD ENTERPRISE COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) (Unaudited)

The following table presents amounts included in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings related to lessor activity:

			For the the			F0	or the six n Apri	
		2024 2023					2024	2023
	Location	_			In m	illior	าร	
Interest income from		_						
sales-type leases and	Financing							
direct financing leases	Income	\$	162	\$	130	\$	318	\$ 253
Lease income from								
operating leases	Services		594		605		1,193	 1,194
Total lease income		\$	756	\$	735	\$	1,511	\$ 1,447

Variable Interest Entities

The Company has issued asset-backed debt securities under a fixed-term securitization program to private investors. The asset-backed debt securities are collateralized by the U.S. fixed-term financing receivables and leased equipment in the offering, which is held by a Special Purpose Entity ("SPE"). The SPE meets the definition of a Variable Interest Entity ("VIE") and is consolidated, along with the associated debt, into the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements as the Company is the primary beneficiary of the VIE. The SPE is a bankruptcy-remote legal entity with separate assets and liabilities. The purpose of the SPE is to facilitate the funding of customer receivables and leased equipment in the capital markets.

The Company's risk of loss related to securitized receivables and leased equipment is limited to the amount by which the Company's right to receive collections for assets securitized exceeds the amount required to pay interest, principal, and fees and expenses related to the asset-backed securities.

The following table presents the assets and liabilities held by the consolidated VIE as of April 30, 2024 and October 31, 2023, which are included in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. The assets in the table below include those that can be used to settle the obligations of the VIE. Additionally, general creditors do not have recourse to the assets of the VIE.

		As	of	
	Apri	l 30, 2024	O	ctober 31, 2023
Assets held by VIE:		In m	illions	5
Other current assets	\$	166	\$	145
Financing receivables				
Short-term Short-term		760		764
Long-term		1,043		983
Property, plant and equipment, net		1,145		1,214
Liabilities held by VIE:				
Notes payable and short-term borrowings, net of unamortized				
debt issuance costs		1,398		1,392
Long-term debt, net of unamortized debt issuance costs	\$	1,038	\$	1,082

For the six months ended April 30, 2024, financing receivables and leased equipment transferred via securitization through the SPE were \$0.6 billion and \$0.3 billion, respectively. For the fiscal year ended October 31, 2023, financing receivables and leased equipment transferred via securitization through the SPE were \$0.8 billion and \$0.7 billion, respectively.

Note 8: Acquisitions

Pending Merger with Juniper Networks, Inc.

On January 9, 2024, the Company entered into a definitive merger agreement under which HPE will acquire Juniper Networks, Inc. ("Juniper Networks") in an all-cash transaction for \$40.00 per share, representing an equity value of approximately \$14 billion. The transaction was unanimously approved by the boards of directors of both companies. The transaction is expected to be funded based on financing commitments for \$14 billion in term loans. Such financing will ultimately be replaced, in part, with a combination of new debt, mandatory convertible preferred securities, and cash on the

HEWLETT PACKARD ENTERPRISE COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) (Unaudited)

balance sheet. On April 2, 2024, Juniper Networks shareholders approved the transaction. The closing of the transaction remains subject to receipt of regulatory approvals and satisfaction of other customary closing conditions.

Note 9: Goodwill

Goodwill is tested for impairment at the reporting unit level. As of April 30, 2024, the Company's reporting units are consistent with the reportable segments identified in Note 2, "Segment Information", with the exception of Server and Corporate Investments and Other. The Server segment contains two reporting units, Compute and HPC & Al. The Corporate Investments and Other segment contains two reporting units, A & PS and CMS. The following table represents the carrying value of goodwill, by reportable segment as of April 30, 2024 and October 31, 2023.

	Server	Hybrid Cloud	In	telligent Edge	nancial ervices	Inves	oorate tments Other	Total
	<u>Jeivei</u>	Cloud		In m		and	<u> </u>	
Balance as of October 31, 2023	\$ 10,220	\$ 4,716	\$	2,908	\$ 144	\$	_	\$ 17,988
Goodwill adjustments	_	(1)		1	_		_	_
Balance as of April 30, 2024	\$ 10,220	\$ 4,715	\$	2,909	\$ 144	\$	_	\$17,988

Goodwill is tested annually for impairment, as of the first day of the fourth quarter, at the reporting unit level. As a result of the realignment, the Company performed an interim quantitative goodwill impairment test for all of its reporting units as of November 1, 2023, which did not result in any goodwill impairment charges. There has been no change to the accumulated impairment loss from the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2023. The fair value of all reporting units continued to exceed the carrying amount of their net assets. The excess of fair value over carrying amount for our reporting units ranged from approximately 4% to 184% of the respective carrying amounts. In order to evaluate the sensitivity of the estimated fair value of our reporting units in the goodwill impairment test, the Company applied a 10% decrease to the fair value of each reporting unit. Based on the results of this hypothetical 10% decrease, all of the reporting units had an excess of fair value over carrying value with the exception of the Compute and HPC & Al reporting units.

The Compute reporting unit has goodwill of \$8.2 billion as of April 30, 2024, and excess of fair value over carrying value of 4% as of the interim test date. The Compute business is cyclical in nature. Over the last several years, digital transformation drove increased investment to modernize infrastructure. However, in the current macroeconomic and inflationary environment, customers have slowed their investments resulting in lower server

demand and competitive pricing. These dynamics are further compounded by higher supply chain costs. During this cycle, the Compute business continues to focus on capturing market share while maintaining operating margin. If the global macroeconomic or geopolitical conditions worsen, projected revenue growth rates or operating margins decline, weighted average cost of capital increases, or if the Company has significant or sustained decline in its stock price, it is possible its estimates about the Compute reporting unit's ability to successfully address the current challenges may change, which could result in the carrying value of the Compute reporting unit exceeding its estimated fair value and potential impairment charges.

The HPC & AI reporting unit has goodwill of \$2.0 billion as of April 30, 2024, and excess of fair value over carrying value of 4% as of the interim test date. The HPC & AI business continues to face challenges related to supply chain constraints of key components and other operational challenges impacting our ability to achieve certain customer acceptance milestones required for revenue recognition and resulting cost increases associated with fulfilling contracts over longer than originally anticipated timelines. We currently believe these challenges will be successfully addressed as the supply chain constraints continue to improve. If the global macroeconomic or geopolitical conditions worsen, projected revenue growth rates or operating margins decline, weighted average cost of capital increases, or if the Company has significant or sustained decline in its stock price, it is possible its estimates about the HPC & AI reporting unit's ability to successfully address the current challenges may change, which could result in the carrying value of the HPC & AI reporting unit exceeding its estimated fair value and potential impairment charges.

Note 10: Fair Value

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

HEWLETT PACKARD ENTERPRISE COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) (Unaudited)

The Company uses valuation techniques that are based upon observable and unobservable inputs. Observable inputs are developed using market data such as publicly available information and reflect the assumptions market participants would use, while unobservable inputs are developed using the best information available about the assumptions market participants would use.

Fair Value

Measured Using

Quoted

Fair Value

Measured Using

Quoted

	A Ma Ide	ices in active arkets for entical ssets	•	Significant Other Observable Remaining Inputs (Level 2)	Un F	Significant Other nobservable Remaining Inputs (Level 3)	1	Fotal In mi	Ad Ma Ide As (Le	ces in ctive orkets for ontical ssets vel 1)		Significant Other Observable Remaining Inputs (Level 2)	Une R	ignificant Other observable emaining Inputs Level 3)	Т	<u>'otal</u>
Assets																
Cash Equivale	ent	s and	Inve	estments:												
Time deposits	\$	_	\$	841	\$	_	\$	841	\$	_	\$	905	\$	_	\$	905
Money market funds		583		_		_		583	1	,672		_		_	1	,672
Equity investments	5	_		_		81		81		_		_		135		135
Foreign bonds		_		98		1		99		1		95		1		97
Other debt securities (1))	_		_		14		14		_		_		22		22
Derivative Instruments:																
Foreign exchange contracts		_		345		_		345		_		464		_		464
Other derivatives				2				2		_				_		
Total assets	\$	583	\$	1,286	\$	96	<u>\$1</u>	.,965	\$1 ==	,673	\$	1,464	\$	158	\$3	,295
Liabilities																
Derivative Instruments:																
Interest rate contracts	\$	_	\$	119	\$	_	\$	119	\$	_	\$	151	\$	_	\$	151
Foreign exchange contracts	7	_	7	158	Ŧ	_	Ť	158	T	_	т	152	7	_	Ŧ	152
Other derivatives		_		4		_		4		_		2		_		2
Total liabilities	\$		\$	281	\$	_	\$	281	\$	_	\$	305	\$		\$	305

(1) Available-for-sale debt securities with carrying values that approximate fair value.

Other Fair Value Disclosures

Short-Term and Long-Term Debt: As of April 30, 2024 and October 31, 2023, the estimated fair value of the Company's short-term and long-term debt was \$11.3 billion and \$12.2 billion, respectively. As of April 30, 2024 and October 31, 2023, the carrying value of the Company's short-term and long-term debt was \$11.3 billion and \$12.4 billion, respectively. If measured at fair value in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, short-term and long-term debt would be classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

Other Financial Instruments: For the balance of the Company's financial instruments, primarily accounts receivable, accounts payable and financial liabilities included in other accrued liabilities, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to their short-term nature. If measured at fair value in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, these other financial instruments would be classified in Level 2 or Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

Non-Recurring Fair Value Measurements

Equity Investments without Readily Determinable Fair Value: Equity investments are recorded at cost and measured at fair value when they are deemed to be impaired or when there is an adjustment from observable price changes. For the six

HEWLETT PACKARD ENTERPRISE COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) (Unaudited)

months ended April 30, 2024, the Company recognized an unrealized net loss of \$7 million on these investments. For the three and six months ended April 30, 2023, the Company recognized an unrealized net gain of \$4 million and an unrealized net loss of \$6 million, respectively, on these investments. For the six months ended April 30, 2023, this included an impairment of \$10 million. If measured at fair value in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, these would generally be classified in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. For investments still held as of April 30, 2024, the cumulative upward adjustments for observable price changes was \$39 million and cumulative downward adjustments for observable price changes and impairments was \$84 million. Refer to Note 11 "Financial Instruments," for further information about equity investments.

Non-Financial Assets: The Company's non-financial assets, such as intangible assets, goodwill, and property, plant and equipment, are recorded at cost. The Company records right-of-use assets based on the lease liability, adjusted for lease prepayments, lease incentives received, and the lessee's initial direct costs. Fair value adjustments are made to these non-financial assets in the period an impairment charge is recognized.

Note 11: Financial Instruments

Cash Equivalents and Available-for-Sale Debt Investments

Cash equivalents and available-for-sale debt investments were as follows:

		As	of A	April 30, 20)24			As o	f Oct	ober 31,	202	23
	Gross Unrealized Gains Fair Cost (Losses) Value						Fair					
	C	ost	(Losses)				Cost	(L	osses)		Value
						In mi	llio	ns				
Cash Equivalents:												
Time deposits	\$	841	\$	_	\$	841	\$	905	\$	_	\$	905
Money market funds		583				583		1,672		_		1,672
Total cash equivalents	1	,424		_		1,424		2,577		_		2,577
Available-for-sale Debt Investments:												
Foreign bonds		101		(2)		99		100		(3)		97
Other debt securities		9		5		14		19		3		22
Total available-for-sale debt investments		110		3		113		119		_		119
Total cash equivalents and available-for-sale debt investments	\$ 1	,534	\$	3	\$	1,537	\$	2,696	\$	_	\$	2,696

As of April 30, 2024 and October 31, 2023, the carrying amount of cash equivalents approximated fair value due to the short period of time to maturity. Time deposits were primarily issued by institutions outside of the U.S. as of April 30, 2024 and October 31, 2023. The estimated fair value of the available-for-sale debt investments may not be representative of values that will be realized in the future.

Contractual maturities of investments in available-for-sale debt securities were as follows:

		As of April	30, 20	24
	Amort	ized Cost	Fair	· Value
		In mil	lions	
Due in more than five years	\$	110	\$	113
Total	\$	110	\$	113

Equity Investments

Non-marketable equity investments in privately held companies are included in Long-term financing receivables and other assets in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. These non-marketable equity investments are carried either at fair value or under measurement alternative. Measurement alternative equity investments are recorded at cost and measured at fair value when they are deemed to be impaired or when there is an adjustment from observable price changes.

HEWLETT PACKARD ENTERPRISE COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) (Unaudited)

The carrying amount of those non-marketable equity investments accounted for under the fair value option was \$81 million and \$135 million as of April 30, 2024 and October 31, 2023, respectively. For the six months ended April 30, 2024, the Company recognized an unrealized loss of \$54 million on these investments. For the three and six months ended April 30, 2023, the Company recorded an unrealized gain of \$3 million on these investments. This amount is reflected in Interest and other, net in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings.

The carrying amount of those non-marketable equity investments accounted for under the measurement alternative was \$159 million and \$145 million as of April 30, 2024 and October 31, 2023, respectively. For the six months ended April 30, 2024 the Company recognized an unrealized net loss of \$7 million on these investments. For the three and six months ended April 30, 2023, the Company recognized an unrealized net gain of \$4 million and an unrealized net loss of \$6 million, respectively, on these investments. For the six months ended April 30, 2023, this included an impairment of \$10 million. These amounts are reflected in Interest and other, net in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings.

Fair Value of Derivative Instruments in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

The gross notional and fair value of derivative instruments in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets were as follows:

Fair Value

As of October 31, 2023

Fair Value

	Outstanding Gross Notional	Other Current Assets	Long-Term Financing Receivables and Other Assets	Other Accrued Liabilities	Long- Term Other Liabilities	Outstanding Gross Notional	Other Current Assets	Long-Term Financing Receivables and Other Assets	Other Accrued Liabilities	Long- Term Other Liabilities
Derivatives Designated as Hedging Instruments					In mi	illions				
Fair Value Hedges:										
Interest rate contracts	\$ 2,500	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 119	\$ 2,500	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 151
Cash Flow Hedges:										
Foreign currency contracts	8,267	178	70	38	32	8,247	252	104	33	23
Net Investment Hedges:										
Foreign currency contracts	1,859	25	35	23	20	1,972	39	46	34	23
Total derivatives designated as hedging			105						-	107
instruments Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments		203	105	61	171	12,719	291	150	67	197
Foreign currency contracts	5,444	34	3	30	15	6,786	20	3	23	16
Other derivatives	128	2		4		100			2	
Total derivatives not designated as hedging										
instruments Total derivatives		\$ 239	\$ 108	\$ 95	\$ 186	\$ 19,605	\$ 311	\$ 153	\$ 92	\$ 213

Offsetting of Derivative Instruments

The Company recognizes all derivative instruments on a gross basis in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. The Company's derivative instruments are subject to master netting arrangements and collateral security arrangements. The Company does not offset the fair value of its derivative instruments against the fair value of cash collateral posted under collateral security agreements. The information related to the potential effect of the Company's use of the master netting agreements and collateral security agreements were as follows:

HEWLETT PACKARD ENTERPRISE COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) (Unaudited)

As of April 30, 2024

						AS OT A	prii	30, 2024						
		In th	ie Co	ndense	d Co	nsolidate	d B	alance Sh	eets					
	(iii) = (i)- (i) (ii) (ii) (iv) (v)								(vi)	= (iii)-				
		(i)		(ii)		(ii)		(iv)		(v)		(iv	/)-(v)	
								Gross Am	ount	s Not				
								Off	set	_				
	G	iross	Gross		Net						-			
	Ar	Amount		Amount		Amount			Financial					
	Rec	ognized	0	ffset	Pr	esented	De	erivatives	Co	llateral		Net A	Amount	
			In :			mil	lions							
Derivative assets	\$	347	\$	_	\$	347	\$	192	\$	102	(1)	\$	53	
Derivative liabilities	\$	281	\$	_	\$	281	\$	192	\$	95	(2)		N/A	
	As of October 31, 2023													
	In the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets													
					(i	ii) = (i)-					-	(vi)	= (iii)-	
		(i)		(ii)	(ii)		(iv)			(v)		(iv	/)-(v)	
								Gross Am	ount	s Not				
								Off	set		_			
	G	iross	G	ross		Net								
	Ar	nount	An	nount	P	Mount			Fi	nancial				
	Rec	ognized	0	ffset	Pr	esented	De	erivatives	Co	llateral		Net A	Amount	
						In	mill	lions						
Derivative assets	\$	464	\$	_	\$	464	\$	196	\$	207	(1)	\$	61	
Derivative liabilities	\$	305	\$	_	\$	305	\$	196	\$	103	(2)	\$	6	

⁽¹⁾ Represents the cash collateral posted by counterparties as of the respective reporting date for the Company's asset position, net of derivative amounts that could be offset, as of, generally, two business days prior to the respective reporting date.

The amounts recorded on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets related to cumulative basis adjustments for fair value hedges were as follows:

⁽²⁾ Represents the collateral posted by the Company in cash or through the re-use of counterparty cash collateral as of the respective reporting date for the Company's liability position, net of derivative amounts that could be offset, as of, generally, two business days prior to the respective reporting date. As of April 30, 2024, of the \$95 million of collateral posted, \$69 million was in cash and \$26 million was through the re-use of counterparty collateral. As of October 31, 2023, of the \$103 million of collateral posted, \$56 million was in cash and \$47 million was through the re-use of counterparty collateral.

		rrying Am Hedged L			Cumulative Amount of Fair Value Hedging Adjustment Included in the Carrying Amount of the Hedged Assets/ (Liabilities)					
		As	of		As of					
	•	ril 30, 024	Octob 20	•	•	il 30, 024	Oc	tober 31, 2023		
				In mi	llions					
Long-term debt	\$	(2,378)	\$ (2	2,345)	\$	119	\$	151		

The pre-tax effect of derivative instruments in cash flow and net investment hedging relationships recognized in Other Comprehensive Income ("OCI") were as follows:

	Gains (Losses) Recognized in OCI on Derivatives										
	For	the three Apri		For the six months endo							
	2024			2023		2024		2023			
				In milli	ons						
Derivatives in Cash Flow Hedging Relationship:											
Foreign exchange contracts	\$	169	\$	18	\$	(35)	\$	(500)			
Derivatives in Net Investment Hedging Relationship:											
Foreign exchange contracts		20		8		(19)		(99)			
Total	\$	189	\$	26	\$	(54)	\$	(599)			

HEWLETT PACKARD ENTERPRISE COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) (Unaudited)

As of April 30, 2024, the Company expects to reclassify an estimated net accumulated other comprehensive gain of approximately \$40 million, net of taxes, to earnings in the next twelve months along with the earnings effects of the related forecasted transactions associated with cash flow hedges.

Effect of Derivative Instruments on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings

The following table represents the pre-tax effect of derivative instruments on total amounts of income and expense line items presented in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings in which the effects of fair value hedges and derivatives not designated as hedging instruments are recorded:

Gains (Losses) Recognized in Income

	For the three months ended April 30,						For the six months ended April 30,									
	2024 2023						202		2023							
	Interest and Net Other, Revenue net		R	Interest and Net Other, Revenue net					Interest and Other, net		Net Revenue		terest and ther, net			
Total net revenue and interest and other, net	\$	7,204	\$	(22)	\$	6,973	\$			3,959	\$	(110)	\$14,	782	\$	(73)
Gains (Losses) on Deriva	tiv	es in Fa	ir V	alue H	ed	ging Re	lati	onship	s:							
Interest Rate Contracts																
Hedged items	\$	_	\$	15	\$	_	\$	(13)	\$	_	\$	(32)	\$	_	\$	(54)
Derivatives designated as hedging instruments		_ -		(15)		—	نددا	13		_		32		_		54
Gains (Losses) on Deriva	TIV	es in Ca	asn	FIOW F	iea	iging Re	elati	onsnip)S:							
Foreign Exchange Contracts																
Amount of gains (losses) reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income into income		22		93		(23)		(16)		46		(45)		27		(313)
Gains (Losses) on Deriva	tiv	es not [Desi	ignate	d a	s Hedgi	ing	Instrui	mer	nts:						
Foreign exchange contracts		_		62		_		4		_		18		_		(190)
Other derivatives		_		(5)		_		(1)		_		(1)		_		(1)
Total gains (losses)	\$	22	\$	150	\$	(23)	\$	(13)	\$	46	\$	(28)	\$	27	\$	(504)

Note 12: Borrowings

Notes Payable, Short-Term Borrowings and Long-Term Debt

Notes payable, short-term borrowings, including the current portion of long-term debt, and long-terms debt were as follows:

	As of							
			(October 31,				
	Apri		2023					
	In millions							
Current portion of long-term debt ⁽¹⁾	\$	3,000	\$	4,022				
Commercial paper		646		679				
Notes payable to banks, lines of credit and other		121		167				
Total notes payable and short-term borrowings		3,767		4,868				
Long-term debt		7,490		7,487				
Total	\$	11,257	\$	12,355				

⁽¹⁾ As of April 30, 2024, the Current portion of long-term debt, net of discount and issuance costs, included \$1.4 billion associated with the asset-backed debt securities issued by the Company.

HEWLETT PACKARD ENTERPRISE COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) (Unaudited)

Unsecured Senior Notes

In April 2024, the Company repaid \$1.0 billion of 1.45% Senior Notes on their original maturity date.

Commercial Paper

Hewlett Packard Enterprise maintains two commercial paper programs, collectively "the Parent Programs", and a wholly-owned subsidiary maintains a third program. The commercial paper program in the U.S. provides for the issuance of U.S. dollar-denominated commercial paper up to a maximum aggregate principal amount of \$4.75 billion. The commercial paper program outside the U.S. provides for the issuance of commercial paper denominated in U.S. dollars, euros, or British pounds up to a maximum aggregate principal amount of \$3.0 billion or the equivalent in those alternative currencies. The combined aggregate principal amount of commercial paper outstanding under those two programs at any one time cannot exceed the \$4.75 billion as authorized by Hewlett Packard Enterprise's Board of Directors. In addition, the Hewlett Packard Enterprise subsidiary's euro Commercial Paper/Certificate of Deposit Program provides for the issuance of commercial paper in various currencies of up to a maximum aggregate principal amount of \$1.0 billion. As of April 30, 2024 and October 31, 2023, no borrowings were outstanding under the Parent Programs. As of April 30, 2024 and October 31, 2023, \$646 million and \$679 million, respectively, were outstanding under the subsidiary's program.

Revolving Credit Facility

The Company maintains a senior unsecured revolving credit facility that was entered into in December 2021 with an aggregate lending commitment of \$4.75 billion for a period of five years. As of April 30, 2024 and October 31, 2023, no borrowings were outstanding under this credit facility.

Uncommitted Credit Facility

The Company maintains an uncommitted short-term advance facility with Societe Generale that was entered into in September 2023 with a principal amount of up to \$500 million for a period of five years. As of April 30, 2024 and October 31, 2023, no borrowings were outstanding under this credit facility.

Juniper Acquisition Committed Financing

In connection with HPE's signing a definitive agreement to acquire Juniper Networks in January 2024, HPE obtained a commitment from Citigroup Global Markets Inc., JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. and Mizuho Bank, Ltd. for a \$14.0 billion senior unsecured delayed draw term loan facility, comprised of an \$11.0 billion 364-day tranche and a \$3.0 billion three-year

tranche, subject to customary conditions. As of April 30, 2024, no borrowings were outstanding and HPE paid \$42 million of financing fees.

Note 13: Stockholders' Equity

The components of accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of taxes as of April 30, 2024, and changes for the six months ended April 30, 2024 were as follows:

	Net unrealized Ne gains on unreal available-for- gair sale on ca		lized ns ash	of	nrealized mponents f defined benefit plans	Cumulative translation adjustment	Accumulated other comprehensive loss	
					h	n millions		
Balance at beginning of period	\$	_	\$	61	\$	(2,507)	\$ (638)	\$ (3,084)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications		3		(35)		(1)	(8)	(41)
Reclassifications of (gains)								
losses into earnings		_		(1)		69	_	68
Tax benefit (provision)		_		6		(8)	1	(1)
Balance at end of period	\$	3	\$	31	\$	(2,447)	\$ (645)	\$ (3,058)

HEWLETT PACKARD ENTERPRISE COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) (Unaudited)

The components of accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of taxes as of April 30, 2023, and changes for the six months ended April 30, 2023 were as follows:

	(los avai	net unrealized gains (losses) on available-for- sale securities		Net realized gains losses) on cash w hedges	co	nrealized mponents f defined benefit plans	tra	mulative anslation justment	ccumulated other nprehensive loss
					lı	n millions			
Balance at beginning of period	\$	(1)	\$	109	\$	(2,596)	\$	(610)	\$ (3,098)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications		5		(500)		_		19	(476)
Reclassifications of losses into earnings		_		286		71		_	357
Tax benefit (provision)		_		42		(6)		3	39
Balance at end of period	\$	4	\$	(63)	\$	(2,531)	\$	(588)	\$ (3,178)

Share Repurchase Program

For the six months ended April 30, 2024, the Company repurchased and settled 2.8 million shares under its share repurchase program through open market repurchases, which included 0.2 million shares that were unsettled open market repurchases as of October 31, 2023. Additionally, as of April 30, 2024, the Company had unsettled open market repurchases of 0.3 million shares. Shares repurchased for the six months ended April 30, 2024 were recorded as a \$50 million reduction to stockholders' equity. As of April 30, 2024, the Company had a remaining authorization of approximately \$0.9 billion for future share repurchases.

Note 14: Net Earnings Per Share

The Company calculates basic net earnings per share ("EPS") using net earnings and the weighted-average number of shares outstanding during the reporting period. Diluted net EPS includes the weighted-average dilutive effect of outstanding restricted stock units, stock options, and performance-based awards.

The reconciliations of the numerators and denominators of each of the basic and diluted net EPS calculations were as follows:

	Apri	1 30	,	April 30,					
	2024	2023			2024		2023		
	In m	illio	er share amounts						
Numerator:									
Net earnings	\$ 314	\$	418	\$_	701	\$	919		
Denominator:									
Weighted-average shares used to compute basic net EPS	1,311		1,304		1,306		1,301		
Dilutive effect of employee stock plans	14		14		14		16		
Weighted-average shares used to compute diluted net EPS	1,325		1,318		1,320		1,317		
Net Earnings per Share:									
Basic	\$ 0.24	\$	0.32	\$	0.54	\$	0.71		
Diluted	\$ 0.24	\$	0.32	\$	0.53	\$	0.70		
Anti-dilutive weighted-average stock awards ⁽¹⁾	_		13		_		10		

For the three months ended

For the six months ended

⁽¹⁾ The Company excludes shares potentially issuable under employee stock plans that could dilute basic net EPS in the future from the calculation of diluted net earnings per share, as their effect, if included, would have been anti-dilutive for the periods presented.

HEWLETT PACKARD ENTERPRISE COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Unaudited)

Note 15: Litigation, Contingencies, and Commitments

Litigation

The Company and certain of its subsidiaries are involved in various lawsuits, claims, investigations and proceedings including those consisting of intellectual property, commercial, securities, employment, employee benefits, and environmental matters, which arise in the ordinary course of business. In addition, as part of the Separation and Distribution Agreement (the "Separation and Distribution Agreement") entered into in connection with HPE's spin-off from HP Inc. (formerly known as "Hewlett-Packard Company") (the "Separation"), HPE and HP Inc. agreed to cooperate with each other in managing certain existing litigation related to both parties' businesses. The Separation and Distribution Agreement included provisions that allocate liability and financial responsibility for pending litigation involving the parties, as well as provide for cross-indemnification of the parties against liabilities to one party arising out of liabilities allocated to the other party. The Separation and Distribution Agreement also included provisions that assign to the parties responsibility for managing pending and future litigation related to the general corporate matters of HP Inc. arising prior to the Separation. HPE records a liability when it believes that it is both probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. Significant judgment is required to determine both the probability of having incurred a liability and the estimated amount of the liability. HPE reviews these matters at least quarterly and adjusts these liabilities to reflect the impact of negotiations, settlements, rulings, advice of legal counsel, and other updated information and events pertaining to a particular matter. Litigation is inherently unpredictable. However, HPE believes it has valid defenses with respect to legal matters pending against us. Nevertheless, cash flows or results of operations could be materially affected in any particular period by the resolution of one or more of these contingencies. HPE believes it has recorded adequate provisions for any such matters and, as of April 30, 2024, it was not reasonably possible that a material loss had been incurred in connection with such matters in excess of the amounts recognized in its financial statements.

Litigation, Proceedings, and Investigations

Ross and Rogus v. Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company. On November 8, 2018, a putative class action complaint was filed in the Superior Court of California, County of Santa Clara alleging that HPE pays its California-based female employees "systemically lower compensation" than HPE pays male employees performing substantially similar work. The complaint alleges various California state law claims, including California's Equal Pay Act, Fair Employment and Housing Act, and Unfair Competition Law, and seeks certification of a California-only class of female employees employed in certain "Covered Positions." The parties subsequently reached an agreement to resolve this class action. The terms of the settlement are reflected in Plaintiff's Motion for Preliminary Approval of Class Action Settlement and Certification of Settlement Class, which was filed with the Court on September 26, 2022. On November 3, 2022, the Court granted Plaintiff's motion and preliminarily approved the terms of the class settlement, which defines the settlement class

as all "[w]omen actively employed in California by Defendant at any point from November 1, 2015, through the date of Preliminary Approval" who were employed in a covered job code. The settlement class excludes certain individuals, including those who previously executed an arbitration agreement with HPE or an agreement that resulted in a release or waiver of claims. On April 28, 2023, the Court granted Plaintiffs' Motion for Final Approval of the Class Action Settlement and Certification of the Settlement Class. On February 6, 2024, the Court entered final judgment, approving the settlement and dismissing the action.

India Directorate of Revenue Intelligence Proceedings. On April 30 and May 10, 2010, the India Directorate of Revenue Intelligence (the "DRI") issued notices to Hewlett-Packard India Sales Private Ltd ("HP India"), a subsidiary of HP Inc., seven HP India employees and one former HP India employee alleging that HP India underpaid customs duties while importing products and spare parts into India and seeking to recover an aggregate of approximately \$370 million, plus penalties. On April 11, 2012, the Bangalore Commissioner of Customs issued an order on the products-related notices affirming duties and penalties against HP India and the named individuals for approximately \$386 million. On April 20, 2012, the Commissioner issued an order on the spare parts-related notice affirming duties and penalties against HP India and certain of the named individuals for approximately \$17 million. HP India filed appeals of the Commissioner's orders before the Customs Tribunal. The Customs Department filed cross-appeals before the Customs Tribunal. On October 27, 2014, the Customs Tribunal commenced hearings on the cross-appeals of the Commissioner's orders. The Customs Tribunal rejected HP India's request to return the matter to the Commissioner on procedural grounds. The hearings before the Customs Tribunal were subsequently delayed, have been postponed on several occasions since 2014, and have not yet been rescheduled.

<u>ECT Proceedings</u>. In January 2011, the postal service of Brazil, Empresa Brasileira de Correios e Telégrafos ("ECT"), notified a former subsidiary of HP Inc. in Brazil ("HP Brazil") that it had initiated administrative proceedings to consider

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) (Unaudited)

whether to suspend HP Brazil's right to bid and contract with ECT related to alleged improprieties in the bidding and contracting processes whereby employees of HP Brazil and employees of several other companies allegedly coordinated their bids and fixed results for three ECT contracts in 2007 and 2008. In late July 2011, ECT notified HP Brazil it had decided to apply the penalties against HP Brazil and suspend HP Brazil's right to bid and contract with ECT for five years, based upon the evidence before it. In August 2011, HP Brazil appealed ECT's decision. In April 2013, ECT rejected HP Brazil's appeal, and the administrative proceedings were closed with the penalties against HP Brazil remaining in place. In parallel, in September 2011, HP Brazil filed a civil action against ECT seeking to have ECT's decision revoked. HP Brazil also requested an injunction suspending the application of the penalties until a final ruling on the merits of the case, which was denied. HP Brazil appealed the denial of its request for injunctive relief to the intermediate appellate court, which issued a preliminary ruling denying the request for injunctive relief but reducing the length of the sanctions from five to two years. HP Brazil appealed that decision and, in December 2011, obtained a ruling staying enforcement of ECT's sanctions until a final ruling on the merits of the case. HP Brazil expects a resolution of the decision on the merits to take several years.

Forsyth, et al. vs. HP Inc. and Hewlett Packard Enterprise. This purported class and collective action was filed on August 18, 2016 in the United States District Court for the Northern District of California, against HP Inc. and HPE (collectively, "Defendants") alleging Defendants violated the Federal Age Discrimination in Employment Act ("ADEA"), the California Fair Employment and Housing Act, California public policy and the California Business and Professions Code by terminating older workers and replacing them with younger workers. Plaintiffs seek to certify a nationwide collective action under the ADEA comprised of individuals aged 40 years and older who had their employment terminated by an HP entity pursuant to a work force reduction ("WFR") plan. Plaintiffs also seek to certify a class under California law consisting of all persons 40 years or older employed by Defendants in the state of California and terminated pursuant to a WFR plan on or after August 18, 2012. On April 14, 2021, Plaintiffs' Motion for Conditional Class Certification was granted. The conditionally certified collective action consists of all individuals who had their employment terminated by Defendants pursuant to a WFR Plan on or after November 1, 2015, and who were 40 years or older at the time of such termination. The collective action excludes all individuals who signed a Waiver and General Release Agreement or an Agreement to Arbitrate Claims. The parties have reached an agreement to resolve this matter. Plaintiffs filed a Motion for Preliminary Approval of the Class Action and Collective Action Settlement on September 21, 2023. On November 3, 2023, the Court issued an order granting preliminary approval to the Class Action and Collective Action Settlement. On March 29, 2024, the Court granted Final Approval to the settlement following a Fairness Hearing on the parties' Motion for Final Approval. The Court has set a November 15, 2024 deadline for the filing of a post-distribution accounting statement.

Q3 Networking Litigation. On September 21 and September 22, 2020, Q3 Networking LLC filed complaints against HPE, Aruba Networks, Commscope and Netgear in the United States District Court for the District of Delaware and the United States International Trade

Commission ("ITC"). Both complaints allege infringement of four patents, and the ITC complaint defines the "accused products" as "routers, access points, controllers, network management servers, other networking products, and hardware and software components thereof." The ITC action was instituted on October 23, 2020. The District of Delaware action has been stayed pending resolution of the ITC action. On December 7, 2021, the Administrative Law Judge issued his initial determination finding no violation of section 337 of the Tariff Act. On May 3, 2022, the ITC issued its Notice of Final Determination, affirming the initial determination and terminating the investigation. On June 18, 2022, Q3 Networking filed a petition for review of the ITC ruling with the United States Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit. On May 10, 2024, the United States Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit affirmed the ITC's ruling in favor of HPE and Aruba Networks.

R2 Semiconductor Patent Litigation. In November 2022, R2 Semiconductor, Inc. ("R2") filed a lawsuit in the Dusseldorf Regional Court in Germany against Intel Deutschland GmbH, Hewlett-Packard GmbH, and other Intel customers. R2 asserts that one European patent is infringed by certain Intel processors and the HPE products that contain those Intel processors. On February 7, 2024, the Dusseldorf Regional Court ruled in R2's favor, issuing an injunction that, if enforced by R2, would prevent the sale in Germany of any products with infringing Intel processors, and require Hewlett-Packard GmbH to correspond with its direct customers in Germany requesting return of the products with infringing Intel processors. The injunction would remain in place unless the ruling is overturned on appeal, the patent is invalidated by the German Federal Patent Court, or the matter is resolved by the parties. On February 8, 2024, Hewlett-Packard GmbH filed an appeal and request for a stay of the judgment pending appeal. Intel is indemnifying HPE pursuant to the terms of the parties' agreement regarding patent

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) (Unaudited)

indemnification. Given the procedural posture and nature of the case, HPE is currently unable to make a reasonable estimate of the potential loss or range of losses, if any, that may arise from this lawsuit and that would not be indemnifiable by Intel.

Shared Litigation with HP Inc., DXC Technology Company and Micro Focus International plc

As part of the Separation and Distribution Agreements between HPE and HP Inc., HPE and DXC Technology Company ("DXC"), and HPE and Seattle SpinCo ("Micro Focus"), the parties to each agreement agreed to cooperate with each other in managing certain existing litigation related to both parties' businesses. The Separation and Distribution Agreements also included provisions that assign to the parties responsibility for managing pending and future litigation related to the general corporate matters of HP Inc. (in the case of the separation of HPE from HP Inc.) or of HPE (in the case of the separation of DXC from HPE and the separation of Micro Focus from HPE), in each case arising prior to the applicable separation.

Environmental

The Company's operations and products are or may in the future become subject to various federal, state, local, and foreign laws and regulations concerning the environment, including laws addressing the discharge of pollutants into the air and water; supply chain due diligence; sustainability, environment, and emissions-related reporting; the management, movement, and disposal of hazardous substances and wastes; the clean-up of contaminated sites; product safety and compliance; the energy consumption of products, services, and operations; and the operational or financial responsibility for recycling, treatment, and disposal of those products. This includes legislation that makes producers of electrical goods, including servers and networking equipment, responsible for repairability requirements or financially responsible for specified collection, recycling, treatment, and disposal of past and future covered products (sometimes referred to as "product take-back legislation"). The Company could incur substantial costs, its products could be restricted from entering certain jurisdictions, and it could face other sanctions, if it were to violate or become liable under environmental laws, including those related to addressing climate change and other environmental related issues, or if its products become non-compliant with such environmental laws. The Company's potential exposure includes impacts on revenue, fines and civil or criminal sanctions, third-party property damage or personal injury claims and clean-up costs. The amount and timing of costs to comply with environmental laws are difficult to predict.

In particular, the Company may become a party to, or otherwise involved in, proceedings brought by U.S. or state environmental agencies under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act ("CERCLA"), known as "Superfund," or other federal, state or foreign laws and regulations addressing the clean-up of contaminated sites, and may become a party to, or otherwise involved in, proceedings

brought by private parties for contribution towards clean-up costs. The Company is also contractually obligated to make financial contributions to address actions related to certain environmental liabilities, both ongoing and arising in the future, pursuant to its Separation and Distribution Agreement with HP Inc.

Guarantees

In the ordinary course of business, the Company may issue performance guarantees to certain of its clients, customers, and other parties pursuant to which the Company has guaranteed the performance obligations of third parties. Some of those guarantees may be backed by standby letters of credit or surety bonds. In general, the Company would be obligated to perform over the term of the guarantee in the event a specified triggering event occurs as defined by the guarantee. The Company believes the likelihood of having to perform under a material guarantee is remote.

The Company has entered into service contracts with certain of its clients that are supported by financing arrangements. If a service contract is terminated as a result of the Company's non-performance under the contract or failure to comply with the terms of the financing arrangement, the Company could, under certain circumstances, be required to acquire certain assets related to the service contract. The Company believes the likelihood of having to acquire a material amount of assets under these arrangements is remote.

Indemnifications

In the ordinary course of business, the Company enters into contractual arrangements under which the Company may agree to indemnify a third party to such arrangement from any losses incurred relating to the services they perform on behalf of the Company or for losses arising from certain events as defined within the particular contract, which may include, for example, litigation or claims relating to past performance. The Company also provides indemnifications to certain vendors and customers against claims of IP infringement made by third parties arising from the use by such vendors and customers of the Company's

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) (Unaudited)

software products and support services and certain other matters. Some indemnifications may not be subject to maximum loss clauses. Historically, payments made related to these indemnifications have been immaterial.

Note 16: Equity Method Investments

Pursuant to the Shareholders' Agreement among the Company's relevant subsidiaries, Unisplendour International Technology Limited ("UNIS"), and H3C Technologies Co., Limited ("H3C") dated as of May 1, 2016, as amended from time to time, and most recently on October 28, 2022, the Company delivered a notice to UNIS on December 30, 2022, to exercise its right to put to UNIS, for cash consideration, all of the H3C shares held by the Company, which represent 49% of the total issued share capital of H3C. On May 26, 2023, the Company's relevant subsidiaries entered into a Put Share Purchase Agreement with UNIS, whereby UNIS has agreed to purchase all of the H3C shares held by the Company, through its subsidiaries. On May 24, 2024, the Company's relevant subsidiaries entered into (i) an Amended and Restated Put Share Purchase Agreement with UNIS, whereby its relevant subsidiaries shall sell to UNIS 30% of the total issued share capital of H3C for pre-tax cash consideration of approximately \$2.1 billion by August 31, 2024 (the "Sale Transaction"), and (ii) an Agreement on Subsequent Arrangements with UNIS, whereby upon closing of the Sale Transaction, the Company's relevant subsidiary shall have a put option to sell to UNIS and UNIS shall have a call option to purchase from the Company's relevant subsidiary 19% of the total issued share capital of H3C for pre-tax cash consideration of approximately \$1.4 billion between the 16th month and until the 36th month after the Sale Transaction. The transactions referenced in clauses (i) and (ii) above, taken together, revise the arrangements governing the aforementioned sale of all of the H3C shares held by the Company, through its subsidiaries and are subject to certain grace periods and regulatory approvals.

Note 17: Subsequent Event

On May 23, 2024, HPE announced plans to divest the Company's Communications Technology Group ("CTG") business to HCLTech. CTG is included in our Communications and Media Solutions business, which is reported in the Corporate Investments and Other segment. This divestiture includes the platform-based software solutions portions of the CTG portfolio, including systems integration, network applications, data intelligence, and the business support systems groups. The disposition is subject to regulatory approvals and satisfaction of other customary closing conditions.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

HEWLETT PACKARD ENTERPRISE COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES

For purposes of this Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations ("MD&A") section, we use the terms "Hewlett Packard Enterprise", "HPE", the "Company", "we", "us" and "our" to refer to Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company.

We intend the discussion of our financial condition and results of operations that follows to provide information that will assist the reader in understanding our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, changes in certain key items in these financial statements from period-to-period and the primary factors that accounted for these changes, as well as how certain accounting principles, policies, and estimates affect our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. This discussion should be read in conjunction with our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and the related notes that appear elsewhere in this document.

The financial discussion and analysis in the following MD&A compares the three and six months ended April 30, 2024 to the comparable prior-year period and where appropriate, as of April 30, 2024, unless otherwise noted.

This MD&A is organized as follows:

- Trends and Uncertainties. A discussion of material events and uncertainties known to management, such as the mixed macroeconomic environment of supply chain constraints (though easing), uneven demand across our portfolio, increased demand for and adoption of new technologies, conservative customer spending environment, persistent inflation, foreign exchange pressures, recent tax developments, and pending merger with Juniper Networks, Inc.
- Executive Overview. A discussion of our business and a summary of our financial performance and other highlights, including non-GAAP financial measures, affecting the Company in order to provide context to the remainder of the MD&A.
- Results of Operations. A discussion of the results of operations at the consolidated level is followed by a discussion of the results of operations at the segment level.
- Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates. A discussion of accounting policies and estimates that we believe are important to understanding the assumptions and judgments incorporated in our reported financial results.
- Liquidity and Capital Resources. An analysis of changes in our cash flows, financial condition, liquidity, and cash requirements and commitments.
- GAAP to non-GAAP Reconciliations. Each non-GAAP financial measure has been reconciled to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure therein. This section also includes a discussion of the use, usefulness and economic substance of the non-GAAP financial measures, along with a discussion of material limitations, and

compensation for those limitations, associated with the use of non-GAAP financial measures.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

TRENDS AND UNCERTAINTIES

During the first six months of fiscal 2024, the effects of the evolving macroeconomic environment on demand persisted and certain significant developments impacted the environment in which we operate. Such developments, and their impact on our operations, were as follows:

Technological Advancements: We have observed market trends and demand (of customers of various segments and sizes) gravitating towards AI, hybrid cloud, edge computing, data security capabilities, and related offerings. The volume of data at the edge continues to grow, driven by the proliferation of more devices. The need for a unified cloud experience everywhere has grown, as well, in order to manage the growth of data at the edge. With the abundance of data, there are opportunities to develop AI tools with powerful computational abilities to extract insights and value from the captured data. We expect these market dynamics and trends to continue in the longer term.

Macroeconomic Uncertainty: The effect of the evolving macroeconomic environment continued to impact industry-wide demand, as customers take longer to work through prior orders and have been adopting a more conservative approach to discretionary IT spending. This has resulted in demand softening unevenly across our portfolio and geographies, particularly for certain of our hardware offerings, as customers have focused investments on modernizing infrastructure, such as migrating to cloud-based offerings, including our own. We expect such mixed macroeconomic environment to continue to limit our revenue growth in the near term.

Supply Chain: We have seen supply chain constraints for certain components, including graphics processing units, ease (though challenges still remain). Mild improvements to industry-wide supply constraints have helped to ease certain supply chain challenges we encountered in the recent past, including the increased availability of supply and lower material and logistics costs. Logistics costs continued to decrease from previously elevated levels as a result of declines in both expedited shipments and overall rate costs in the freight network. We have experienced, and expect to continue experiencing, rising input component costs, principally driven by inflation. While we have been able to pass on such increased costs to customers, the pricing environment has been, and we believe will continue to remain, competitive, which may impact our financial results. We plan to mitigate the impact of these dynamics through continued disciplined cost management. Furthermore, during fiscal 2024, we have been experiencing higher-than-normal inventory levels, primarily due to longer cycle times for us to deliver (and/or for customers to accept) certain Al-related orders; we expect this trend to continue.

Recurring Revenue and Consumption Models: We continue to strengthen our core server and storage-oriented offerings and expand our offerings on the HPE GreenLake edge-to-cloud platform, to deliver our entire portfolio as-a-service ("aaS") and become the edge-to-cloud company for our customers and partners. We expect that such flexible consumption model will continue to strengthen our customer relationships and contribute to growth in recurring revenue.

Foreign Currency Exposure: We have a large global presence, with more than half of our revenue generated outside of the U.S. As a result, our financial results can be, and particularly in recent periods have been, impacted by fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates. We utilize a comprehensive hedging strategy intended to mitigate the impact of foreign currency volatility over time, and we adjust pricing when possible to further minimize foreign currency impacts.

Recent Tax Developments: The Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development ("OECD"), an international association of 38 countries including the United States, has proposed changes to numerous long-standing tax principles, namely, its Pillar Two framework, which imposes a global minimum corporate tax rate of 15%. To date, 29 countries have enacted portions, or all, of the OECD proposal and a further 23 countries have drafted, or have announced an intent to draft, legislation enacting the proposed rules. Where enacted, the rules begin to be effective for us in fiscal 2025. Under US GAAP, the OECD Pillar Two rules are considered an alternative minimum tax and therefore deferred taxes would not be recognized or adjusted for the estimated effects of the future minimum tax. As a result, no impact to our fiscal 2024 results is expected. The adoption and effective dates of these rules may vary by country and could increase tax complexity and uncertainty and may adversely affect our provision for income taxes.

Other Trends and Uncertainties: The impacts of trade protection measures, including increases in tariffs and trade barriers, changes in government policies and international trade arrangements, geopolitical volatility (including the ongoing conflict in the Middle East), and global macroeconomic challenges (including the relationship between China and the U.S.), may impact our operations, financial performance, and ability to conduct business in some non-U.S. markets. We monitor and seek to mitigate these risks with adjustments to our manufacturing, supply chain, and distribution networks.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

Pending Merger with Juniper Networks, Inc: On January 9, 2024, we entered into a definitive Agreement and Plan of Merger (the "Merger Agreement") under which we will acquire Juniper Networks, Inc. ("Juniper Networks") in an all-cash transaction for \$40.00 per share (the "Merger"), representing an equity value of approximately \$14 billion. The transaction is expected to be funded based on financing commitments for \$14 billion in term loans. Such financing will ultimately be replaced, in part, with a combination of new debt, mandatory convertible preferred securities, and cash on the balance sheet. On April 2, 2024, Juniper Networks shareholders approved the transaction. The closing of the transaction remains subject to receipt of regulatory approvals and satisfaction of other customary closing conditions.

For further information about the Merger, refer to Note 8, "Acquisitions" in Item 1 of Part I of this Quarterly Report, and for further discussion about the risks related to the Merger, see the section titled "Risk Factors" in Item 1A of Part II of the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended January 31, 2024.

The foregoing summary of the Merger, the adoption of the Merger Agreement, and the transactions contemplated thereby does not purport to be complete and is subject to, and qualified in its entirety by, the full text of the Merger Agreement, which is filed as Exhibit 2.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on January 10, 2024.

EXECUTIVE OVERVIEW

We are a global technology leader focused on developing intelligent solutions that allow customers to capture, analyze, and act upon data seamlessly from edge-to-cloud. We enable customers to accelerate business outcomes by driving new business models, creating new customer and employee experiences, and increasing operational efficiency today and into the future. Our customers range from small-and-medium size businesses to large global enterprises and governmental entities. Our legacy dates to a partnership founded in 1939 by William R. Hewlett and David Packard, and we strive every day to uphold and enhance that legacy through our dedication to providing innovative technological solutions to our customers.

Our operations are organized into five reportable segments for financial reporting purposes: Server, Hybrid Cloud, Intelligent Edge, Financial Services ("FS"), and Corporate Investments and Other.

Financial Results

The following table summarizes our condensed consolidated GAAP financial results:

For the three months ended April

	_		30,		For the six months ended April 30,					
		2024	2023	Change		2024	2023		Change	
			Dollars in	millions, ex	сер	t per share	ar	nounts		
Net revenue	\$	7,204	\$ 6,973	3.3%	\$	13,959	\$	14,782	(5.6)%	
Gross profit	\$	2,376	\$ 2,512	(5.4)%	\$	4,833	\$	5,170	(6.5)%	
Gross profit margin		33.0 %	36.0 %	(3.0)pts		34.6 %		35.0 %	(0.4)pts	
Earnings from operations	\$	425	\$ 520	(18.3)%	\$	950	\$	1,111	(14.5)%	
Operating profit margin		5.9 %	7.5 %	(1.6)pts		6.8 %		7.5 %	(0.7)pts	
Net earnings	\$	314	\$ 418	(24.9)%	\$	701	\$	919	(23.7)%	
Diluted net earnings pe share	r \$	0.24	\$ 0.32	\$(0.08)	\$	0.53	\$	0.70	\$(0.17)	
Cash flow provided by operations	/\$	1,093	\$ 889	\$204	\$	1,157	\$	60	\$1,097	

Three months ended April 30, 2024 compared with three months ended April 30, 2023

Net revenue of \$7.2 billion represented an increase of 3.3% (increased 3.5% on a constant currency basis) primarily due to higher average unit prices ("AUPs") in the Server segment, moderated by lower volume and product mix effect in the Intelligent Edge segment. The gross profit margin of 33.0% (or \$2.4 billion), represents a decrease of 3.0 percentage points from the prior-year period primarily due to higher mix of lower margin products and services revenue in the Intelligent Edge and Server segments, partially offset by cost recoveries in connection with our exit from Russia and Belarus. The operating profit margin of 5.9% represents a decrease of 1.6 percentage points from the prior-year period primarily due to the aforementioned gross margin decline moderated by lower operating expenses.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

Six months ended April 30, 2024 compared with six months ended April 30, 2023

Net revenue of \$14.0 billion represented a decrease of 5.6% (decreased 5.7% on a constant currency basis) primarily due to lower unit volume in the Server segment, lower AUPs in the Hybrid Cloud segment, and lower volume and product mix effect in the Intelligent Edge segment. This decrease was moderated by increase in AUPs in the Server segment. The gross profit margin of 34.6% (or \$4.8 billion) represents a decrease of 0.4 percentage points from the prior-year period which was relatively flat. The operating profit margin of 6.8% represents a decrease of 0.7 percentage points from the prior-year period primarily due to lower gross profit moderated by lower operating expenses.

The following table summarizes our condensed consolidated non-GAAP financial results:

	ded April								
_			30,		_F	or the six i	mo	nths ended	April 30,
_	2024		2023	Change		2024		2023	Change
		ı	Dollars in n	nillions, ex	сер	t per share	an	nounts	
Net revenue in constants currency	\$ 7,218	\$	6,973	3.5%	\$	13,946	\$	14,782	(5.7)%
Non-GAAP gross profit	\$ 2,383	\$	2,525	(5.6)%	\$	4,831	\$	5,199	(7.1)%
Non-GAAP gross profit margin	33.1 %		36.2 %	(3.1)pts		34.6 %		35.2 %	(0.6)pts
Non-GAAP earnings from soperations	\$ 684	\$	799	(14.4)%	\$	1,459	\$	1,717	(15.0)%
Non-GAAP operating profit margin	9.5 %		11.5 %	(2.0)pts		10.5 %		11.6 %	(1.1)pts
Non-GAAP net earnings	\$ 561	\$	685	(18.1)%	\$	1,199	\$	1,513	(20.8)%
Non-GAAP diluted net searnings per share	\$ 0.42	\$	0.52	\$(0.10)	\$	0.91	\$	1.15	\$(0.24)
Free cash flow	610	\$	288	\$322	\$	128	\$	(1,038)	\$1,166

Each non-GAAP financial measure has been reconciled to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure herein. Please refer to the section "GAAP to non-GAAP Reconciliations" included in this MD&A for these reconciliations, a discussion of the use, usefulness and economic substance of the non-GAAP financial measures, along with a discussion of material limitations, and compensation for those limitations, associated with the use of non-GAAP financial measures.

Annualized Revenue Run-rate ("ARR")

ARR represents the annualized revenue of all net HPE GreenLake edge-to-cloud platform services revenue, related financial services revenue (which includes rental income from operating leases and interest income from finance leases), and software-as-a-service, software consumption revenue, and other aaS offerings, recognized during a quarter and

multiplied by four. We believe that ARR is a metric that allows management to better understand and highlight the potential future performance of our aaS business. We also believe ARR provides investors with greater transparency to our financial information and of the performance metric used in our financial and operational decision making and allows investors to see our results "through the eyes of management." We use ARR as a performance metric. ARR should be viewed independently of net revenue and is not intended to be combined with it.

ARR does not have any standardized definition and is therefore unlikely to be comparable to similarly titled measures presented by other companies. ARR is not a forecast and the active contracts at the end of a reporting period used in calculating ARR may or may not be extended or renewed by our customers.

The following presents our ARR calculated as of April 30, 2024 and 2023:

	 As of	April	30,	
	 2024		2023	
	Dollars	in mi	illions	
RR	\$ 1,531	\$	1,116	
ear-over-year growth rate	 37%		35%	

The 37% year-over year increase in ARR was primarily due to growth in our Hybrid Cloud and Intelligent Edge segments, which was due to an expanding customer installed base, an expanded range of HPE GreenLake Flex Solutions, and Intelligent Edge aaS activity.

Dividends

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

Returning capital to our shareholders remains an important part of our capital allocation framework, which also consists of strategic investments. During the second quarter of fiscal 2024, we paid a quarterly dividend of \$0.13 per share to our shareholders. On June 4, 2024, we declared a regular cash dividend of \$0.13 per share on our common stock, payable on or about July 18, 2024, to our shareholders of record as of the close of business on June 19, 2024. As of April 30, 2024, we had a remaining authorization of approximately \$0.9 billion for future share repurchases.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Revenue from our international operations has historically represented, and we expect will continue to represent, a majority of our overall net revenue. As a result, our revenue growth has been impacted, and we expect will continue to be impacted, by fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates. In order to provide a framework for assessing performance excluding the impact of foreign currency fluctuations, we present the year-over-year percentage change in revenue on a constant currency basis, which assumes no change in foreign currency exchange rates from the prior-year period and does not adjust for any repricing or demand impacts from changes in foreign currency exchange rates. This change in revenue on a constant currency basis is calculated as the quotient of (a) current year revenue converted to U.S. dollars using the prior-year period's foreign currency exchange rates divided by (b) the prior-year period revenue. This information is provided so that revenue can be viewed without the effect of fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates, which is consistent with how management evaluates our revenue results and trends. This constant currency disclosure is provided in addition to, and not as a substitute for, the yearover-year percentage change in revenue on a GAAP basis. Other companies may calculate and define similarly labeled items differently, which may limit the usefulness of this measure for comparative purposes.

Results of operations in dollars and as a percentage of net revenue were as follows:

	For the	three mon	ths ended	April 30,	For the six months ended April 30,							
	20)24	20)23	20	24	20	23				
		% of		% of		% of		% of				
	Dollars	Revenue	Dollars	Revenue	Dollars	Revenue	Dollars	Revenue				
	. –				in millions							
Net revenue	\$7,204	100.0 %		100.0 %			\$14,782	100.0 %				
Cost of sales	4,828	67.0	4,461	64.0	9,126	65.4	9,612	65.0				
Gross profit	2,376	33.0	2,512	36.0	4,833	34.6	5,170	35.0				
Research and development	590	8.2	570	8.2	1,172	8.4	1,193	8.1				
Selling, general and												
administrative	1,215	16.9	1,269	18.2	2,431	17.4	2,526	17.1				
Amortization of intangible assets	67	0.9	71	0.9	138	1.0	144	1.0				
Transformation costs	33	0.5	60	0.9	53	0.4	162	1.1				
Disaster charges	_	— —	3	— —	_	—	4	_				
Acquisition, disposition and other related charges	46	0.6	19	0.3	89	0.6	30	0.2				
Earnings from operations	425	5.9	520	7.5	950	6.8	1,111	7.5				
Interest and other, net	(22)	(0.3)	(47)	(0.7)	(110)	(0.8)	(73)	(0.5)				
Earnings from equity interests	42	0.6	49	0.7	88	0.6	107	0.7				
Earnings before provision for taxes	445	6.2	522	7.5	928	6.6	1,145	7.7				
Provision for taxes	(131)	(1.8)	(104)	(1.5)	(227)	(1.6)	(226)	(1.5)				
Net earnings	\$ 314	4.4 %	\$ 418	6.0 %	\$ 701	5.0 %	\$ 919	6.2 %				

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

Three and six months ended April 30, 2024 compared with the three and six months ended April 30, 2023

Net revenue

For the three months ended April 30, 2024, total net revenue of \$7.2 billion represented an increase of \$231 million, or 3.3% (increased 3.5% on a constant currency basis). U.S. net revenue increased by \$189 million, or 7.9%, to \$2.6 billion, and net revenue from outside of the U.S. increased by \$42 million, or 0.9%, to \$4.6 billion.

For the six months ended April 30, 2024, total net revenue of \$14.0 billion represented a decrease of \$823 million, or 5.6% (decreased 5.7% on a constant currency basis). U.S. net revenue decreased by \$402 million, or 7.6%, to \$4.9 billion, and net revenue from outside of the U.S. decreased by \$421 million, or 4.4%, to \$9.1 billion.

The components of the weighted net revenue change by segment were as follows:

	For the three	For the six
	months ended	months ended
	April 30, 2024	April 30, 2024
	Percentag	e Points
Server	8.3	(2.8)
Hybrid Cloud	(1.6)	(1.7)
Intelligent Edge	(3.7)	(1.5)
Financial Services	0.1	0.1
Corporate Investments and Other	0.1	0.1
Total segment	3.2	(5.8)
Elimination of intersegment net revenue and other	0.1	0.2
Total HPE	3.3	(5.6)

Three months ended April 30, 2024 compared with three months ended April 30, 2023

From a segment perspective, the primary factors contributing to the change in total net revenue are summarized as follows:

- Server net revenue increased \$580 million, or 17.6%, primarily due to higher AUPs
- Hybrid Cloud net revenue decreased \$115 million, or 8.4%, primarily due to lower AUPs
- Intelligent Edge net revenue decreased \$258 million, or 19.2%, primarily due to lower volume and product mix effect
- Financial Services net revenue increased \$9 million, or 1.0%, primarily due to higher finance income
- Corporate Investments and Other net revenue increased \$10 million, or 4.1%, primarily due to revenue growth from Advisory and Professional Services ("A&PS")

Six months ended April 30, 2024 compared with six months ended April 30, 2023

From a segment perspective, the primary factors contributing to the change in total net revenue are summarized as follows:

- Server net revenue decreased \$400 million, or 5.3%, primarily due to lower unit volume
- Hybrid Cloud net revenue decreased \$251 million, or 9.1%, primarily due to lower AUPs
- Intelligent Edge net revenue decreased \$226 million, or 9.0%, primarily due to lower volume and product mix effect
- Financial Services net revenue increased \$9 million, or 0.5%, primarily due to higher finance income
- Corporate Investments and Other net revenue increased \$14 million, or 2.9%, primarily due to revenue growth from A&PS

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

Please refer to the section "Segment Information" further below for a discussion of our results of operations for each reportable segment.

Gross profit

For the three and six months ended April 30, 2024, the total gross profit margin of 33.0% and 34.6%, respectively, represents a decrease of 3.0 and 0.4 percentage points, respectively, as compared to the respective prior year periods. The decrease for the three months ended April 30, 2024, was due to higher mix of lower margin products and services revenue in the Intelligent Edge and Server segments, partially offset by cost recoveries in connection with our exit from Russia and Belarus. For the six months ended April 30, 2024, the change in gross profit margin was relatively flat.

Operating expenses

Research and development ("R&D")

For the three months ended April 30, 2024, R&D expense increased by \$20 million, or 3.5%. The increase was primarily due to higher employee costs driven by higher planned investments in R&D, which contributed 3.8 percentage points to the change.

For the six months ended April 30, 2024, R&D expense decreased by \$21 million, or 1.8%. The decrease was primarily due to lower costs as a result of higher grants for R&D received in the current period by 1.1 percentage points and lower employee costs, partially offset by higher planned investments in R&D, which contributed 0.8 percentage points to the change.

Selling, general and administrative ("SG&A")

For the three months ended April 30, 2024, SG&A expense decreased by \$54 million, or 4.3%, primarily due to lower employee costs, and lower travel and marketing expenses, which contributed 2.1 and 1.3 percentage points, respectively, to the change.

For the six months ended April 30, 2024, SG&A expense decreased by \$95 million, or 3.8%, primarily due to lower employee costs by 2.3 percentage points, lower consulting costs and lower marketing expenses, both of which contributed 0.7 percentage points to the change.

Transformation programs and costs

Our transformation programs consist of the Cost Optimization and Prioritization Plan (launched in 2020) and the HPE Next Plan (launched in 2017).

For the three and six months ended April 30, 2024, transformation costs decreased by \$27 million, or 45.0%, and \$109 million, or 67.3%, respectively, due to lower charges incurred in the current period as the primary elements of these plans have been substantially completed by the end of fiscal 2023. For a further discussion, refer to Note 3, "Transformation Programs" to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 1 of Part I.

Acquisition, disposition and other related charges

For the three and six months ended April 30, 2024, acquisition, disposition and other related charges increased by \$27 million or 142.1%, and \$59 million, or 196.7%, respectively, primarily due to costs incurred in relation to the pending acquisition of Juniper Networks.

Interest and other, net

For the three months ended April 30, 2024, interest and other, net expense decreased by \$25 million, primarily due to a gain from the sale of certain investments.

For the six months ended April 30, 2024, interest and other, net expense increased by \$37 million, primarily due to increase in loss on equity investments and unfavorable currency fluctuations. The increase was partially offset by a decrease in net interest expense and gain from the sale of certain investments.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

Earnings from equity interests

Earnings from equity interests primarily represents our 49% interest in H3C Technologies Co., Limited ("H3C") and the amortization of our basis difference. For the three and six months ended April 30, 2024, earnings from equity interests decreased by \$7 million and \$19 million primarily due to lower net income earned by H3C partially offset by lower amortization expense from basis difference in the current period.

Provision for taxes

For the three months ended April 30, 2024 and 2023, we recorded income tax expense of \$131 million and \$104 million, respectively, which reflects an effective tax rate of 29.4% and 19.9%, respectively. For the six months ended April 30, 2024 and 2023, we recorded income tax expense of \$227 million and \$226 million, respectively, which reflect an effective tax rate of 24.5% and 19.7%, respectively. For the three and six months ended April 30, 2024, our effective tax rate differed from the U.S. federal statutory rate of 21% due to our geographic mix of forecasted earnings and net unfavorable permanent differences from U.S. income tax on non-U.S. earnings. For the three and six months ended April 30, 2023, our effective tax rate differed from the U.S. federal statutory rate of 21% due to favorable tax rates associated with certain earnings from our operations in lower tax jurisdictions throughout the world but is also impacted by discrete tax adjustments during each fiscal period.

For further discussion, refer to Note 5, "Taxes on Earnings" to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 1 of Part I.

Segment Information

Hewlett Packard Enterprise's organizational structure is based on a number of factors that the Chief Operating Decision Maker, who is the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO"), uses to evaluate, view, and run our business operations, which include, but are not limited to, customer base and homogeneity of products and technology. The segments are based on this organizational structure and information reviewed by Hewlett Packard Enterprise's management to evaluate segment results.

As described in Note 1, "Overview and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies," effective as of the beginning of the first quarter of fiscal 2024, in order to align the Company's segment financial reporting more closely with its current business structure, the Company realigned its six reportable segments to five reportable segments. These changes had no impact to HPE's previously reported consolidated GAAP results. A description of the products and services for each segment, along with other pertinent information related to our segments can be found in Note 2, "Segment Information" to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 1 of Part I.

Segment Results

The following table and ensuing discussion provide an overview of our key financial metrics by segment for the three months ended April 30, 2024, as compared to the prior-year period:

														C	orporat	:е
		HPE				Hybrid	i	Ir	ntellige	nt	F	inanc	ial	Inv	estmei	nts
	Co	nsolidat	ted	Server		Cloud		Edge			S	ervic	es	and Other		
						Dollar	s in	mi	illions							
Net revenue ⁽¹⁾	\$	7,204	ļ	\$ 3,867	7	\$ 1,256	j	\$	1,086		\$	867	,	\$	252	<u>'</u>
Year-over-year change %		3.3	%	17.6	%	(8.4)	%	((19.2)	%		1.0	%		4.1	%
Earnings (loss) from operations ⁽²⁾	\$	425		\$ 426		\$ 10		\$	237		\$	81		\$	(9)	
Earnings (loss) from operations as a % of net revenue		5.9	%	11.0	%	0.8	%		21.8	%		9.3	%		(3.6)	%
Year-over-year change percentage points		(1.6)	ots	(3.4)	nts	(1.1)	ots		(2.9)	ots		0.4	ots		4.3	ots
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HEWLETT PACKARD ENTERPRISE COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

The following table and ensuing discussion provide an overview of our key financial metrics by segment for the six months ended April 30, 2024, as compared to the prior-year period:

Carnarata

														C	orporat	:е
		HPE				Hybrid	i	Ir	ntellige	nt	F	inanci	ial	Inv	estme	nts
	C	onsolidat	ed	Serve	r	Cloud			Edge		9	Service	es	aı	nd Othe	er
						Dolla	's ir	m	illions							
Net revenue ⁽¹⁾	\$	13,959		\$ 7,219)	\$ 2,504	•	\$	2,287		\$	1,740)	\$	490)
Year-over-year change %		(5.6)	%	(5.3)	%	(9.1)	%		(9.0)	%		0.5	%		2.9	%
Earnings (loss) from operations ⁽²⁾	\$	950		\$ 809		\$ 57		\$	590		\$	155		\$	(19)	
Earnings (loss) from operations as a % of net revenue		6.8	%	11.2	%	2.3	%		25.8	%		8.9	%		(3.9)	%
Year-over-year change percentage points		(0.7)p	ots	(3.9)	pts	(1.5)ا	ots		ا 3.6	ots		0.9	pts		ا 4.7	ots

⁽¹⁾ HPE consolidated net revenue excludes intersegment net revenue. Segment net revenues include intersegment net revenue.

Server

	_		30,		_!	For the six months ended April 30,						
		2024	2023	% Change		2024		2023	% Change			
				Dollars ii	n n	nillions						
Net revenue	\$	3,867	\$ 3,287	17.6 %	\$	7,219	\$	7,619	(5.3)%			
Earnings from operations	\$	426	\$ 473	(9.9)%	\$	809	\$	1,151	(29.7)%			
Earnings from operations as a % of net												
revenue		11.0 %	14.4 %			11.2 %		15.1 %				

Three months ended April 30, 2024 compared with three months ended April 30, 2023

Server net revenue increased by \$580 million, or 17.6% (increased 17.9% on a constant currency basis), primarily due to a \$586 million, or 24.3%, increase in product revenue. The

⁽²⁾ Segment earnings (loss) from operations exclude certain unallocated corporate costs and eliminations, stock-based compensation expense, amortization of intangible assets, transformation costs, disaster recovery/charges, and acquisition, disposition and other related charges.

increase in product revenue was primarily due to higher net AUPs of \$366 million, or 15.2%, and an increase in net unit volume of \$218 million, or 9.0%.

Server earnings from operations as a percentage of net revenue decreased 3.4 percentage points due to an increase in costs of products and services as a percentage of net revenue, moderated by a decrease in operating expenses as a percentage of net revenue. The increase in costs of products and services as a percentage of net revenue was primarily due to higher mix of lower margin products and services revenue, partially offset by lower supply chain costs. The decrease in operating expenses as a percentage of net revenue was primarily due to lower total operating expenses as a result of cost containment measures.

Six months ended April 30, 2024 compared with six months ended April 30, 2023

Server net revenue decreased by \$400 million, or 5.3% (decreased 5.2% on a constant currency basis), primarily due to a \$375 million, or 6.4%, decrease in product revenue. The decrease in product revenue was primarily due to lower net unit volume of \$595 million, or 10.1%, as customers absorbed prior orders. This decrease was partially offset by higher net AUPs of \$216 million, or 3.7%.

Server earnings from operations as a percentage of net revenue decreased 3.9 percentage points due to an increase in costs of products and services as a percentage of net revenue, moderated by a decrease in operating expenses as a percentage of net revenue. The increase in costs of products and services as a percentage of net revenue was primarily due to higher mix of lower margin products and services revenue, partially offset by lower supply chain and employee costs. The decrease in operating expenses as a percentage of net revenue was primarily due to lower total operating expenses as a result of cost containment measures.

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HEWLETT PACKARD ENTERPRISE COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

Hybrid Cloud

For the three months ended April

		30,		For the six months ended April 30,					
	2024	2023	% Change		2024		2023	% Change	
			Dollars in	n n	nillions				
Net revenue	\$ 1,256	\$ 1,371	(8.4)%	\$	2,504	\$	2,755	(9.1)%	
Earnings from operations	\$ 10	\$ 26	(61.5)%	\$	57	\$	106	(46.2)%	
Earnings from operations as a % of net									
revenue	0.8 %	1.9 %			2.3 %		3.8 %		

Three months ended April 30, 2024 compared with three months ended April 30, 2023

Hybrid Cloud net revenue decreased by \$115 million, or 8.4% (decreased 8.5% on a constant currency basis), primarily due to a decrease in AUPs, partially offset by an increase in unit volume. Hybrid Cloud product revenue decreased by \$171 million, or 20.5%, primarily due to a decrease in AUPs of \$267 million, or 32.0%, partially offset by a unit volume increase of \$86 million or 10.4%, both of which were led by private cloud and storage products. Hybrid Cloud services revenue increased by \$56 million, or 10.4%, primarily due to a unit volume increase of \$72 million, or 13.5%, led by private cloud and infrastructure software-as-a-service ("SaaS"). This increase was partially offset by lower AUPs of \$18 million, or 3.3%.

Hybrid Cloud earnings from operations as a percentage of net revenue decreased 1.1 percentage points primarily due to an increase in operating expenses as a percentage of net revenue moderated by a decrease in cost of products and services as a percentage of net revenue. The increase in operating expenses as a percentage of net revenue was primarily due to the scale of net revenue decline and the related impact of fixed overhead costs. The decrease in cost of products and services as a percentage of net revenue was primarily due to higher margin GreenLake Flex Solutions deals and increase in storage subscription and infrastructure SaaS revenues. This was moderated by a decrease in AUPs for storage products.

Six months ended April 30, 2024 compared with six months ended April 30, 2023

Hybrid Cloud net revenue decreased by \$251 million, or 9.1%, (decreased 9.3% on a constant currency basis), primarily due to a decrease in AUPs, partially offset by an increase in unit volume. Hybrid Cloud product revenue decreased by \$344 million, or 20.3%, primarily due to a decrease in AUPs of \$421 million, or 24.9%, led by storage and private cloud products, partially offset by a unit volume increase of \$66 million or 3.9%, led by storage products. Hybrid Cloud services revenue increased by \$93 million, or 8.7%, primarily due to a unit volume increase of \$132 million, or 12.4%, led by private cloud and infrastructure software-as-a-service ("SaaS"). This increase was partially offset by lower AUPs of \$43 million, or 4.0%.

Hybrid Cloud earnings from operations as a percentage of net revenue decreased 1.5 percentage points due to an increase in operating expenses as a percentage of net revenue, moderated by a decrease in cost of products and services as a percentage of net revenue. The increase in operating expenses as a percentage of net revenue was primarily due to the scale of net revenue decline and the related impact of fixed overhead costs. The decrease in cost of products and services as a percentage of net revenue was primarily due to higher margin GreenLake Flex Solutions deals and increase in storage subscription and infrastructure SaaS revenues. This was moderated by a decrease in AUPs for storage products.

Intelligent Edge

		30,		_F	or the six	d April 30,	
	2024	2023	% Change		2024	2023	% Change
			Dollars in	m	illions		
Net revenue	\$ 1,086	\$ 1,344	(19.2)%	\$	2,287	\$ 2,513	(9.0)%
Earnings from operations	\$ 237	\$ 332	(28.6)%	\$	590	\$ 559	5.5 %
Earnings from operations							
as a % of net revenue	21.8 %	24.7 %			25.8 %	22.2 %	

Three months ended April 30, 2024 compared with three months ended April 30, 2023

Intelligent Edge net revenue decreased by \$258 million, or 19.2% (decreased 19.1% on a constant currency basis). Product revenue decreased by \$309 million, or 28.0%, led by lower volume and product mix effect of \$259 million, or 23.5%, and lower AUPs of \$51 million, or 4.6%. The product revenue decrease was primarily led by switching products and wireless local area network products due to softened demand. Services net revenue increased \$51 million, or 21.3%, primarily led by attached support service and our aaS offerings.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

Intelligent Edge earnings from operations as a percentage of net revenue decreased 2.9 percentage points primarily due to an increase in operating expenses as a percentage of net revenue, partially offset by a decrease in cost of products and services as a percentage of net revenue. The decrease in cost of product and services as a percentage of net revenue was primarily due to favorable revenue mix and lower supply chain costs. Operating expenses as a percentage of net revenue increased primarily due to higher employee costs related to acquisitions.

Six months ended April 30, 2024 compared with six months ended April 30, 2023

Intelligent Edge net revenue decreased by \$226 million, or 9.0% (decreased 9.2% on a constant currency basis). Product revenue decreased by \$333 million, or 16.3%, led by lower volume and product mix effect of \$391 million, or 19.1%, moderated by higher AUPs of \$50 million, or 2.4%, and favorable currency fluctuations of \$8 million. The product revenue decrease was primarily led by wireless local area network products and switching products due to softened demand. Services net revenue increased \$107 million, or 23.0%, primarily led by attached support service and our aaS offerings.

Intelligent Edge earnings from operations as a percentage of net revenue increased 3.6 percentage points primarily due to decreases in cost of products and services as a percentage of net revenue, partially offset by an increase in operating expenses as a percentage of net revenue. The decrease in cost of product and services as a percentage of net revenue was primarily due to favorable revenue mix and lower supply chain costs. Operating expenses as a percentage of net revenue increased primarily due to higher employee costs related to acquisitions.

Financial Services

		30,		For the six months ended April 30,							
	2024	2023	% Change		2024		2023	% Change			
			Dollars	in ı	millions						
Net revenue	\$ 867	\$ 858	1.0 %	\$	1,740	\$	1,731	0.5 %			
Earnings from operations	\$ 81	\$ 76	6.6 %	\$	155	\$	139	11.5 %			
Earnings from operations as a % of net revenue	9.3 %	8.9 %			8.9 %		8.0 %				

Three months ended April 30, 2024 compared with three months ended April 30, 2023

FS net revenue increased by \$9 million, or 1.0% (increased 1.1% on a constant currency basis) due primarily to higher finance income on higher average finance leases in an increasing interest rate environment.

FS earnings from operations as a percentage of net revenue increased 0.4 percentage points due to operating expenses as a percentage of net revenue and cost of services as a percentage of net revenue were relatively flat.

Six months ended April 30, 2024 compared with six months ended April 30, 2023

FS net revenue was increased by \$9 million, or 0.5% (decreased 0.4% on a constant currency basis) due primarily to higher finance income on higher average finance leases in an increasing interest rate environment.

FS earnings from operations as a percentage of net revenue increased 0.9% percentage points largely due to operating expenses as a percentage of net revenue and cost of services as a percentage of net revenue were relatively flat.

Financing Volume

	F	or the three Apr	mor il 30		F	or the six n Apr	nonth il 30,	
		2024		2023		2024		2023
				In mil	lions			
Financing volume	\$	1,672	\$	1,668	\$	3,035	\$	3,268

Financing volume, which represents the amount of financing provided to customers for equipment and related software and services, including intercompany activity, was relatively flat and decreased 7.1% for the three and six months ended April 30, 2024, as compared to the prior-year period. The decrease for the six months ended April 30, 2024, was primarily due to lower financing of third-party product and services, partially offset by higher financing of HPE product sales and services.

Table of Content

HEWLETT PACKARD ENTERPRISE COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

Portfolio Assets and Ratios

The portfolio assets and ratios derived from the segment balance sheets for FS were as follows:

	As of					
	_Ap	oril 30, 2024		October 31, 2023		
		Dollars in millions				
Financing receivables, gross	\$	9,105	\$	8,814		
Net equipment under operating leases		3,896		4,100		
Capitalized profit on intercompany equipment transactions ⁽¹⁾	ı	246		263		
Intercompany leases ⁽¹⁾		138		109		
Gross portfolio assets		13,385		13,286		
Allowance for credit losses ⁽²⁾		184		178		
Operating lease equipment reserve		34		36		
Total reserves		218		214		
Net portfolio assets	\$	13,167	\$	13,072		
Reserve coverage		1.6 %		1.6 %		
Debt-to-equity ratio ⁽³⁾		7.0x		7.0x		

⁽¹⁾ Intercompany activity is eliminated in consolidation.

As of April 30, 2024 and October 31, 2023, FS net cash and cash equivalents balances were approximately \$552 million and \$700 million, respectively.

Net portfolio assets as of April 30, 2024 increased 0.7% from October 31, 2023. The increase generally resulted from favorable currency fluctuations.

FS bad debt expense includes charges to general reserves, specific reserves, and write-offs for sales-type, direct-financing, and operating leases. For the three and six months ended April 30, 2024, FS recorded net bad debt expense of \$10 million and \$22 million, respectively. For the three and six months ended April 30, 2023, FS recorded net bad debt expense of \$11 million and \$30 million, respectively.

⁽²⁾ Allowance for credit losses for financing receivables includes both the short- and long-term portions.

⁽³⁾ Debt benefiting FS consists of intercompany equity that is treated as debt for segment reporting purposes, intercompany debt, and borrowing- and funding-related activity associated with FS and its subsidiaries. Debt benefiting FS totaled \$11.5 billion and \$11.6 billion as of April 30, 2024 and October 31, 2023, respectively, and was determined by applying an assumed debt-to-equity ratio, which management believes to be comparable to that of other similar financing companies. FS equity at April 30, 2024 and October 31, 2023 was \$1.6 billion and \$1.7 billion, respectively.

Corporate Investments and Other

For the three months ended April

	30,				For the six months ended April 30,				
	2024		2023	% Change		2024		2023	% Change
	Dollars in millions								
Net revenue	\$ 252	\$	242	4.1 %	\$	490	\$	476	2.9 %
Loss from operations	\$ (9)	\$	(19)	52.6 %	\$	(19)	\$	(41)	53.7 %
Loss from operations as									
a % of net revenue	(3.6)%		(7.9)%			(3.9)%		(8.6)%	

Three months ended April 30, 2024 compared with three months ended April 30, 2023

Corporate Investments and Other net revenue increased by \$10 million, or 4.1% (increased 7.9% on a constant currency basis), primarily due to revenue growth from A&PS, partially offset by unfavorable currency fluctuations.

Corporate Investments and Other loss from operations as a percentage of net revenue decreased by 4.3 percentage points primarily due to the scale of net revenue growth.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

Six months ended April 30, 2024 compared with six months ended April 30, 2023

Corporate Investments and Other net revenue increased by \$14 million, or 2.9% (increased 4.6% on a constant currency basis), primarily due to revenue growth from A&PS, partially offset by unfavorable currency fluctuations.

Corporate Investments and Other loss from operations as a percentage of net revenue decreased by 4.7 percentage points primarily due to decreases in cost of services as a percentage of net revenue resulting from our cost containment measures, while operating expenses as a percentage of net revenue increased due to higher total operating expenses.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

Our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP"), which requires us to make estimates, judgments, and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, net revenue, and expenses, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. An accounting policy is deemed to be critical if the nature of the estimate or assumption it incorporates is subject to a material level of judgment related to matters that are highly uncertain, and changes in those estimates and assumptions are reasonably likely to materially impact our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Estimates and judgments are based on historical experience, forecasted events, and various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. Estimates and judgments may vary under different assumptions or conditions. We evaluate our estimates and judgments on an ongoing basis. Accounting policies that are critical in the portrayal of our financial condition and results of operations and require management's most difficult, subjective, or complex judgments include revenue recognition, taxes on earnings, impairment assessment of goodwill and intangible assets, and contingencies.

As of April 30, 2024, there have been no significant changes to our critical accounting estimates since our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2023.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Current Overview

We use cash generated by operations as our primary source of liquidity. We believe that internally generated cash flows will be generally sufficient to support our operating businesses, capital expenditures, product development initiatives, and disposal activities including legal settlements, restructuring activities, transformation costs, indemnifications, maturing debt, interest payments, and income tax payments, in addition to any future investments, share repurchases, and shareholder dividend payments. We expect to supplement this short-term liquidity, if necessary, by accessing the capital markets, issuing commercial paper, and borrowing under credit facilities made available by various domestic and foreign financial institutions. However, our access to capital markets may be constrained and our cost of borrowing may increase under certain business, market, and economic conditions. We anticipate that the funds made available, including committed debt funding

related to the pending merger with Juniper Networks and anticipated proceeds from the sale of H3C shares held by us, and cash generated from operations, along with our access to capital markets, will be sufficient to meet our liquidity requirements for at least the next twelve months and for the foreseeable future thereafter. Our liquidity is subject to various risks including the risks identified in the section entitled "Risk Factors" in Item 1A of Part II and market risks identified in the section entitled "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk" in Item 3 of Part I.

Our cash balances are held in numerous locations throughout the world, with a substantial amount held outside the U.S. as of April 30, 2024. We utilize a variety of planning and financing strategies in an effort to ensure that our worldwide cash is available when and where it is needed.

Amounts held outside of the U.S. are generally utilized to support our non-U.S. liquidity needs. Repatriations of amounts held outside the U.S. generally will not be taxable from a U.S. federal tax perspective, but may be subject to state income or foreign withholding tax. Where local restrictions prevent an efficient intercompany transfer of funds, our intent is to keep cash balances outside of the U.S. and to meet liquidity needs through ongoing cash flows, external borrowings, or both. We do not expect restrictions or potential taxes incurred on repatriation of amounts held outside of the U.S. to have a material effect on our overall liquidity, financial condition, or results of operations.

In connection with the share repurchase program previously authorized by our Board of Directors, we repurchased and settled an aggregate amount of \$48 million, during the first six months of fiscal 2024. As of April 30, 2024, we had a remaining

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

authorization of approximately \$0.9 billion for future share repurchases. For more information on our share repurchase program, refer to the section entitled "Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds" in Item 2 of Part II.

On January 9, 2024, we entered into a definitive Agreement and Plan of Merger under which HPE will acquire Juniper Networks in an all-cash transaction for \$40.00 per share, representing an equity value of approximately \$14 billion. The transaction was unanimously approved by the boards of directors of both companies. The transaction is expected to be funded based on financing commitments for \$14 billion in term loans. Such financing will ultimately be replaced, in part, with a combination of new debt, mandatory convertible preferred securities, and cash on the balance sheet. On April 2, 2024, Juniper Networks shareholders approved the transaction. The closing of the transaction remains subject to receipt of regulatory approvals and satisfaction of other customary closing conditions.

Pursuant to the Shareholders' Agreement among our relevant subsidiaries, Unisplendour International Technology Limited ("UNIS"), and H3C dated as of May 1, 2016, as amended from time to time, and most recently on October 28, 2022, we delivered a notice to UNIS on December 30, 2022, to exercise our right to put to UNIS, for cash consideration, all of the H3C shares held by us, which represent 49% of the total issued share capital of H3C. On May 26, 2023, our relevant subsidiaries entered into a Put Share Purchase Agreement with UNIS, whereby UNIS has agreed to purchase all of the H3C shares held by us, through our subsidiaries. On May 24, 2024, our relevant subsidiaries entered into (i) an Amended and Restated Put Share Purchase Agreement with UNIS, whereby our relevant subsidiaries shall sell to UNIS 30% of the total issued share capital of H3C for pre-tax cash consideration of approximately \$2.1 billion by August 31, 2024 (the "Sale Transaction"), and (ii) an Agreement on Subsequent Arrangements with UNIS, whereby upon closing of the Sale Transaction, our relevant subsidiary shall have a put option to sell to UNIS and UNIS shall have a call option to purchase from our relevant subsidiary 19% of the total issued share capital of H3C for pre-tax cash consideration of approximately \$1.4 billion between the 16th month and until the 36th month after the Sale Transaction. The transactions referenced in clauses (i) and (ii) above, taken together, revise the arrangements governing the aforementioned sale of all of the H3C shares held by us, through our subsidiaries and are subject to certain grace periods and regulatory approvals.

Liquidity

Our cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash, total debt, and available borrowing resources were as follows:

	As of					
	April 30, 2024			October 31,		
				2023		
	In millions					
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	\$	2,924	\$	4,581		
Total debt		11,257		12,355		
Available borrowing resources ⁽¹⁾		6,353		6,588		
Commercial paper programs ⁽²⁾		5,104		5,071		
Uncommitted lines of credit ⁽³⁾		1,249		1,517		

⁽¹⁾ Excludes the financing commitment for the Juniper Networks acquisition. The maximum aggregate commitment under this facility is \$14.0 billion, however, no balances were outstanding under this facility as of April 30, 2024.

⁽²⁾ The maximum aggregate borrowing amount of the commercial paper programs and revolving credit facility is \$5.75 billion.

⁽³⁾ The maximum aggregate capacity under the uncommitted lines of credit is \$1.63 billion of which \$0.4 billion was primarily utilized towards issuances of bank guarantees.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

The following tables represent the way in which management reviews cash flows:

	For the six months ended April			
	30,			
		2024		2023
		In mi	llion	s
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	1,157	\$	60
Net cash used in investing activities		(1,107)		(2,170)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities		(1,676)		163
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash, cash equivalents, and	d			
restricted cash		(31)		139
Net decrease in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	\$	(1,657)	\$	(1,808)
Free cash flow	\$	128	\$	(1,038)

Operating Activities

For the six months ended April 30, 2024, net cash provided by operating activities increased by \$1.1 billion, as compared to the corresponding period in fiscal 2023. The increase was primarily due to favorable working capital and favorable impacts from financing receivables. The increase was moderated by higher cash payouts for variable compensation and unfavorable impacts from other assets and liabilities, as compared to the prior-year period.

Our working capital metrics and cash conversion impacts were as follows:

	As	of		As			
	April 30, 2024	October 31, 2023	Change	April 30, 2023	October 31, 2022	Change	Y/Y Change
Days of sales outstanding in accounts receivable ("DSO")	48	43	5	48	47	1	_
Days of supply in inventory ("DOS")	137	87	50	87	88	(1)	50
Days of purchases outstanding in accounts payable ("DPO")	(189)	(134)	(55)	(111)	(149)	38	(78)
Cash conversion cycle	(4)	(4)		24	(14)	38	(28)

The cash conversion cycle is the sum of DSO and DOS less DPO. Items which may cause the cash conversion cycle in a particular period to differ include, but are not limited to,

changes in business mix, changes in payment terms (including extended payment terms to customers or from suppliers), early or late invoice payments from customers or to suppliers, the extent of receivables factoring, seasonal trends, the timing of the revenue recognition and inventory purchases within the period, the impact of commodity costs, and acquisition activity.

DSO measures the average number of days our receivables are outstanding. DSO is calculated by dividing ending accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts, by a 90-day average of net revenue. Compared to the corresponding three-month period in fiscal 2023, DSO remained flat.

DOS measures the average number of days from procurement to sale of our products. DOS is calculated by dividing ending inventory by a 90-day average of cost of goods sold. Compared to the corresponding three-month period in fiscal 2023, the increase in DOS in the current period was primarily due to higher inventory levels caused by strategic purchases of key components and higher ending inventory pending customer acceptances.

DPO measures the average number of days our accounts payable balances are outstanding. DPO is calculated by dividing ending accounts payable by a 90-day average of cost of goods sold. Compared to the corresponding three-month period in fiscal 2023, the increase in DPO in the current period was primarily due to higher inventory purchases, and lower vendor payments during the current period.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

Investing Activities

For the six months ended April 30, 2024, net cash used in investing activities decreased by \$1.1 billion, as compared to the corresponding period in fiscal 2023. The decrease was primarily due to lower cash utilized in net financial collateral activities of \$0.4 billion and the prior-year period containing higher net payments made in connection with business acquisitions of \$0.4 billion.

Financing Activities

For the six months ended April 30, 2024, net cash used in financing activities increased by \$1.8 billion, as compared to the corresponding period in fiscal 2023. This was primarily due to lower proceeds from debt, net of issuance costs and short-term borrowings of \$2.2 billion, offset by lower repayments of debt of \$0.2 billion and lower share repurchases of \$0.1 billion, as compared to the prior-year period.

Free Cash Flow

Free cash flow ("FCF") represents cash flow from operations less net capital expenditures (investments in property, plant and equipment ("PP&E") less proceeds from the sale of PP&E), and adjusted for the effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash. For the six months ended April 30, 2024, FCF increased by \$1.2 billion, as compared to the corresponding period in fiscal 2023. This was primarily due to higher cash provided by operations, as compared to the prior-year period. For more information on our FCF, refer to the section entitled "GAAP to non-GAAP Reconciliations" included in this MD&A.

For more information on the impact of operating assets and liabilities to our cash flows, see Note 6, "Balance Sheet Details" to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 1 of Part I.

Capital Resources

We maintain debt levels that we establish through consideration of several factors, including cash flow expectations, cash requirements for operations, investment plans (including acquisitions), share repurchase activities, our cost of capital, and targeted capital structure. We maintain a revolving credit facility and two commercial paper programs, "the Parent Programs", and a wholly-owned subsidiary maintains a third program. There have been no changes to our commercial paper programs and revolving credit facility since October 31, 2023.

In December 2023, we filed a shelf registration statement with the Securities and Exchange Commission that allows us to sell, at any time and from time to time, in one or more offerings, debt securities, preferred stock, common stock, warrants, depository shares, purchase contracts, guarantees or units consisting of any of these securities.

Significant funding and liquidity activities for the six months ended April 30, 2024 were as follows:

Debt Issuances

• In January 2024, we issued \$796 million of asset-backed debt securities in six tranches with a weighted average interest rate of 5.476% and final maturity date of November 2031.

Debt Repayments:

- In April 2024, the Company repaid \$1.0 billion of 1.45% Senior Notes on their original maturity date.
- During the six months ended April 30, 2024, we repaid \$834 million of the outstanding asset-backed debt securities.

HEWLETT PACKARD ENTERPRISE COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

Cash Requirements and Commitments

Contractual Obligations

Other than the previously mentioned repayment of unsecured senior notes and issuance and redemption of asset-backed debt securities, our contractual obligations have not changed materially outside of the normal course of business since October 31, 2023. For further information see "Cash Requirements and Commitments" in Item 7 of Part II of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2023.

Retirement Benefit Plan Funding

For the remainder of fiscal 2024, we anticipate making contributions of approximately \$93 million to our non-U.S. pension plans. Our policy is to fund our pension plans so that we meet at least the minimum contribution requirements, as established by various authorities including local government and tax authorities.

Restructuring Plans

As of April 30, 2024, we expect to make future cash payments of approximately \$210 million in connection with our approved restructuring plans, which includes \$60 million expected to be paid through the remainder of fiscal 2024 and \$150 million expected to be paid thereafter. For more information on our restructuring activities, see Note 3, "Transformation Programs" to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 1 of Part I.

Uncertain Tax Positions

As of April 30, 2024, we had approximately \$241 million of recorded liabilities and related interest and penalties pertaining to uncertain tax positions. These liabilities and related interest and penalties include \$2 million expected to be paid within one year. For the remaining amount, we are unable to make a reasonable estimate as to when cash settlement with the tax authorities might occur due to the uncertainties related to these tax matters. Payments of these obligations would result from settlements with taxing authorities. For more information on our uncertain tax positions, see Note 5, "Taxes on Earnings" to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 1 of Part I.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

As part of our ongoing business, we have not participated in transactions that generate material relationships with unconsolidated entities or financial partnerships, such as entities often referred to as structured finance or special purpose entities, established for the purpose of facilitating off-balance sheet arrangements or other contractually narrow or limited purposes.

We have third-party revolving short-term financing arrangements intended to facilitate the working capital requirements of certain customers. For more information on our third-party revolving short-term financing arrangements, see Note 6, "Balance Sheet Details", to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 1 of Part I.

HEWLETT PACKARD ENTERPRISE COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

GAAP to non-GAAP Reconciliations

The following tables provide a reconciliation of each non-GAAP financial measure to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure for the periods presented:

Reconciliation of GAAP gross profit and gross profit margin to non-GAAP gross profit and gross profit margin.

	For the	three mont	hs ended	April 30,	For the six months ended April 30,					
	20)24	20)23	20	24	20	23		
		% of		% of		% of		% of		
	Dollars	Revenue	Dollars	Revenue	Dollars	Revenue	Dollars	Revenue		
				Dollars	in millions					
GAAP net										
revenue	\$7,204	100 %	\$6,973	100 %	\$13,959	100 %	\$14,782	100 %		
GAAP cost of										
sales	4,828	67.0 %	4,461	64.0 %	9,126	65.4 %	9,612	65.0 %		
GAAP gross										
profit	2,376	33.0 %	2,512	36.0 %	\$ 4,833	34.6 %	5,170	35.0 %		
Non-GAAP										
adjustments										
Stock-based										
compensation										
expense	14	0.2 %	13	0.2 %	30	0.2 %	29	0.2 %		
Disaster										
recovery	(7)	(0.1)%		– %	(32)	(0.2)%		– %		
Non-GAAP gross										
profit	\$2,383	33.1 %	\$2,525	36.2 %	\$ 4,831	34.6 %	\$ 5,199	35.2 %		

Reconciliation of GAAP earnings from operations and operating profit margin to non-GAAP earnings from operations and operating profit margin.

	For the three months ended April 30,						For the six months ended April 30,								
		2	024			2	023			20	24			20	023
			%	of			%	of			%	of			% of
	_ 	ollars	Rev	enue	D	ollars	Reve			ollars	Reve	nue	Dolla —	rs	Revenue
C. A. D							Dol	lars i	n m	illions					
GAAP earnings from operations	\$	425	5	5.9 %	\$	520	7	.5 %	\$	950	6	.8 %	\$1,1	11	7.5 %
Non-GAAP Adjustments:															
Amortization of intangible		67		2 0 0/		71	-	0.0/		120	-	0.0/	-		1.0.0/
assets		67	(0.9 %		71	Ι	.0 %		138	1.	.0 %	T.	44	1.0 %
Transformation costs		33	().5 %		60	0	9 %		53	0	4 %	1	62	1.1 %
Disaster (recovery) charges		(7)	(0).1)%		3		– %		(32)	(0.	2)%		4	– %
Stock-based compensation expense		120	1	L.7 %		126	1	.8 %		261	1	.9 %	2	66	1.8 %
Acquisition, disposition and other related charges		46		0.6 %		19		.3 %		89		.6 %		30	0.2 %
Non-GAAP		40		70				70		- 03		70			0.2 /0
earnings from operations	\$	684	g	9.5 %	\$	799	11	.5 %	\$1	1,459	10	.5 %	\$1,7	17	11.6 %

HEWLETT PACKARD ENTERPRISE COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

Reconciliation of GAAP net earnings and diluted net earnings per share to non-GAAP net earnings and diluted net earnings per share.

		For the	thi	ree mon	ths	ended	Ар	ril 30,	For the six months ended April 3				I 30,			
		20	024			20)23			20	24			20	23	
	D	ollars	E	Oiluted Net arnings per Share	D	ollars	Ea	Oiluted Net arnings per Share	Do	llars	Ea	iluted Net irnings per Share	De	ollars	E	Net arnings per Share
							C	Oollars in	n mil	lions						
GAAP net earnings	¢	314	\$	0.24	\$	418	\$	0.32	\$	701	\$	0.53	\$	919	\$	0.70
Non-GAAP Adjustments:	Ψ	314	Ψ	0.24	Ψ	410	Ψ	0.32	Ψ	701	Ψ	0.55	Ψ	313	Ψ	0.70
Amortization of intangible assets		67		0.05		71		0.05		138		0.10		144		0.11
Transformation costs		33		0.03		60		0.05		53		0.04		162		0.12
Disaster (recovery) charges		(7)		(0.01)		3		_		(32)		(0.02)		4		_
Stock-based compensation expense		120		0.09		126		0.10		261		0.20		266		0.21
Acquisition, disposition and other related charges		46		0.04		19		0.01		89		0.07		30		0.02
Earnings from equity interests ⁽¹⁾		(42)		(0.03)		2		_		(88)		(0.07)		14		0.01
Loss on equity investments, net		_		_		_		_		61		0.05		_		_
Other adjustments ⁽²⁾		(1)		(0.01)		(7)		_		1		_		(6)		_
Adjustments for taxes	-	31		0.02		(7)		(0.01)		15		0.01		(20)		(0.02)
Non-GAAP net earnings	\$	561	\$	0.42	\$	685	\$	0.52	\$1	,199	\$	0.91	\$ 1	,513	\$	1.15

⁽¹⁾ For the three and six months ended April 30, 2024, includes the equity in earnings from H3C equity method investment and all periods include the amortization of the basis difference in our investment.

Reconciliation of net cash provided by operating activities to free cash flow.

⁽²⁾ Other adjustments includes non-service net periodic benefit cost and tax indemnification and other adjustments.

For	the	three	months	ended
		Apr	il 30,	

For the six months ended April 30,

		•		•		•		<u>*</u>
		2024		2023		2024		2023
				In milli	ons			
Net cash provided by operating								
activities	\$	1,093	\$	889	\$	1,157	\$	60
Investment in property, plant and equipment		(560)		(688)		(1,216)		(1,482)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		122		86		218		245
Effect of exchange rate changes or cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash	1	(45)		1		(31)		139
			_			<u> </u>		
Free cash flow	\$	610	\$	288	<u>\$</u>	128	<u>\$</u>	(1,038)

HEWLETT PACKARD ENTERPRISE COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures

The non-GAAP financial measures presented are net revenue on a constant currency basis (including at the business segment level), non-GAAP gross profit, non-GAAP gross profit margin, non-GAAP earnings from operations, non-GAAP operating profit margin (non-GAAP earnings from operations as a percentage of net revenue), non-GAAP income tax rate, non-GAAP net earnings, non-GAAP diluted net earnings per share, and FCF. These non-GAAP financial measures are not computed in accordance with, or as an alternative to, generally accepted accounting principles in the United States. The GAAP measure most directly comparable to net revenue on a constant currency basis is net revenue. The GAAP measure most directly comparable to non-GAAP gross profit is gross profit. The GAAP measure most directly comparable to non-GAAP gross profit margin is gross profit margin. The GAAP measure most directly comparable to non-GAAP earnings from operations is earnings from operations. The GAAP measure most directly comparable to non-GAAP operating profit margin (non-GAAP earnings from operations as a percentage of net revenue) is operating profit margin (earnings from operations as a percentage of net revenue). The GAAP measure most directly comparable to non-GAAP income tax rate is income tax rate. The GAAP measure most directly comparable to non-GAAP net earnings is net earnings. The GAAP measure most directly comparable to non-GAAP diluted net earnings per share is diluted net earnings per share. The GAAP measure most directly comparable to FCF is cash flow from operations.

We believe that providing the non-GAAP measures stated above, in addition to the related GAAP measures provides greater transparency to the information used in our financial and operational decision making and allows the reader of our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements to see our financial results "through the eyes" of management. We further believe that providing this information provides investors with a supplemental view to understand our historical and prospective operating performance and to evaluate the efficacy of the methodology and information used by management to evaluate and measure such performance. Disclosure of these non-GAAP financial measures also facilitates comparisons of our operating performance with the performance of other companies in the same industry that supplement their GAAP results with non-GAAP financial measures that may be calculated in a similar manner.

Economic Substance of non-GAAP Financial Measures

Net revenue on a constant currency basis assumes no change to the foreign exchange rate utilized in the comparable prior-year period. This measure assists investors with evaluating our past and future performance, without the impact of foreign exchange rates, as more than half of our revenue is generated outside of the U.S.

We believe that excluding the items mentioned below from the non-GAAP financial measures provides a supplemental view to management and our investors of our consolidated financial performance and presents the financial results of the business without costs that we do not believe to be reflective of our ongoing operating results. Exclusion of these items can have a material impact on the equivalent GAAP measure and cash flows thus

limiting their use as analytic tools. See "Compensation for Limitations With Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures" section below for further information.

Non-GAAP gross profit and non-GAAP gross profit margin are defined to exclude charges related to the stock-based compensation expense, and disaster (recovery) charges. See below for the reasons management excludes each item:

- Stock-based compensation expense consists of equity awards granted based on the
 estimated fair value of those awards at grant date. Although stock-based
 compensation is a key incentive offered to our employees, we exclude these charges
 for the purpose of calculating these non-GAAP measures, primarily because they are
 non-cash expenses and our internal benchmarking analyses evidence that many
 industry participants and peers present non-GAAP financial measures excluding stockbased compensation expense.
- Disaster (recovery) charges are primarily related to the exit of our businesses in Russia and Belarus, and include credit losses of financing and trade receivables, employee severance and abandoned assets. Disaster charges also include direct costs or recovery of these costs related to COVID-19 as a result of Hewlett Packard Enterprisehosted, co-hosted, or sponsored event cancellations and subsequent shift to a virtual format. We exclude Disaster (recovery) charges from these non-GAAP measures as the specific charges are non-recurring charges and not indicative of the operational performance of our business.

Non-GAAP earnings from operations and non-GAAP operating profit margin consist of earnings from operations or earnings from operations as a percentage of net revenue excluding the items mentioned above and charges relating to the amortization of intangible assets, transformation costs and acquisition, disposition and other related charges. In addition to the items previously explained above, management excludes these items for the following reasons:

HEWLETT PACKARD ENTERPRISE COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

- We incur charges relating to the amortization of intangible assets and exclude these charges for purposes of calculating these non-GAAP measures. Such charges are significantly impacted by the timing and magnitude of our acquisitions. We exclude these charges for the purpose of calculating these non-GAAP measures, primarily because they are non-cash expenses and our internal benchmarking analyses evidence that many industry participants and peers present non-GAAP financial measures excluding intangible asset amortization. Although this does not directly affect our cash position, the loss in value of intangible assets over time can have a material impact on the equivalent GAAP earnings measure.
- Transformation costs represent net costs related to the (i) HPE Next Plan and (ii) Cost Optimization and Prioritization Plan and include restructuring charges, program design and execution costs, costs incurred to transform our IT infrastructure, net gains from the sale of real estate and any impairment charges on real estate identified as part of the initiatives. We exclude these costs as they are discrete costs related to two specific transformation programs that were announced in 2017 and 2020, respectively, as multi-year programs necessary to transform the business and IT infrastructure following material divestiture transactions in 2017 and in response to COVID-19 and an evolving product portfolio in fiscal 2020. The HPE Next Plan and Cost Optimization and Prioritization Plan are substantially complete. The exclusion of the transformation program costs from our non-GAAP financial measures as stated above is to provide a supplemental measure of our operating results that does not include material HPE Next Plan and Cost Optimization and Prioritization Plan costs as we do not believe such costs to be reflective of our ongoing operating cost structure. Further as our transformation costs for these plans have materially fluctuated since 2017, have been materially declining since 2021 and we do not expect these costs to be material. We believe non-GAAP measures excluding these costs are useful to management and investors for comparing operating performance across multiple periods.
- We incur costs related to our acquisition, disposition and other related charges. The charges are direct expenses, such as professional fees and retention costs, most of which are treated as non-cash or non-capitalized expenses. For the three and six months ended April 30, 2024, these charges were driven by costs associated with the pending acquisition of Juniper Networks, in addition to prior acquisitions of Axis and Athonet. For the three and six months ended April 30, 2023, these charges were driven by acquisitions of Axis, Zerto and Athonet. Charges may also include expenses associated with disposal activities including legal and arbitration settlements in connection with certain dispositions. We consider these acquisitions and divestitures to be discrete events. We exclude these costs as these expenses are inconsistent in amount and frequency and are significantly impacted by the timing and nature of our acquisitions and divestitures. In addition, our internal benchmarking analyses evidence that many industry participants and peers present non-GAAP financial measures excluding these charges.

Non-GAAP net earnings and non-GAAP diluted net earnings per share consist of net earnings or diluted net earnings per share excluding those same charges mentioned above,

as well as other items such as earnings from equity interests, gain or loss on equity investments, other adjustments, and adjustments for taxes. The Adjustments for taxes line item includes certain income tax valuation allowances and separation taxes, the impact of tax reform, structural rate adjustment, excess tax benefit from stock-based compensation, and adjustments for additional taxes or tax benefits associated with each non-GAAP item. In addition to the items previously explained, management excludes these items for the following reasons:

- For the three and six months ended April 30, 2024 and prospectively, the adjustment to earnings from equity interests includes the equity in earnings from the H3C investment. In connection with the planned divestiture of the H3C investment, we stopped reporting H3C earnings in our non-GAAP results as we no longer receive dividends from this investment due to the Put Share Purchase Agreement described in Note 16 "Equity Method Investments" to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 1 of Part I. All periods presented include the amortization of the basis difference in our investment. For the six months ended April 30, 2023, this adjustment also included our portion of intangible asset impairment charges from H3C. We believe that eliminating these amounts for purposes of calculating non-GAAP financial measures facilitates the evaluation of our current operating performance.
- We exclude gains and losses (including impairments) on our non-marketable equity investments because we do not believe they are reflective of normal continuing business operations. These adjustments are reflected in Interest and other, net in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings. We believe eliminating these adjustments for the purposes of calculating non-GAAP measures facilitates the evaluation of our current operating performance.
- We utilize a structural long-term projected non-GAAP income tax rate in order to provide consistency across the interim reporting periods and to eliminate the effects of items not directly related to our operating structure that can vary in size and frequency. When projecting this long-term rate, we evaluated a three-year financial projection. The projected rate assumes no incremental acquisitions in the three-year projection period and considers other factors

HEWLETT PACKARD ENTERPRISE COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

including our expected tax structure, our tax positions in various jurisdictions and current impacts from key legislation implemented in major jurisdictions where we operate. For fiscal 2024, we will use a projected non-GAAP income tax rate of 15%, which reflects currently available information as well as other factors and assumptions. The non-GAAP income tax rate could be subject to change for a variety of reasons, including the rapidly evolving global tax environment, significant changes in our geographic earnings mix including due to acquisition activity, or other changes to our strategy or business operations. We will re-evaluate its long-term rate as appropriate. For fiscal 2023, we had a non-GAAP tax rate of 14%. We believe that making these adjustments for purposes of calculating non-GAAP measures, facilitates a supplemental evaluation of our current operating performance and comparisons to past operating results.

FCF is defined as cash flow from operations, less net capital expenditures (investments in PP&E less proceeds from the sale of PP&E), and adjusted for the effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash. FCF does not represent the total increase or decrease in cash for the period. Our management and investors can use FCF for the purpose of determining the amount of cash available for investment in our businesses, repurchasing stock and other purposes as well as evaluating our historical and prospective liquidity.

Compensation for Limitations With Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures

These non-GAAP financial measures have limitations as analytical tools, and these measures should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for analysis of our results as reported under GAAP. Some of the limitations in relying on these non-GAAP financial measures are that they can have a material impact on the equivalent GAAP earnings measures and cash flows, they may be calculated differently by other companies (limiting the usefulness of those measures for comparative purposes) and may not reflect the full economic effect of the loss in value of certain assets.

We compensate for these limitations on the use of non-GAAP financial measures by relying primarily on our GAAP results and using non-GAAP financial measures only as a supplement. We also provide a reconciliation of each non-GAAP financial measure to its most directly comparable GAAP financial measure for this quarter and prior periods, and we encourage investors to review those reconciliations carefully.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

For quantitative and qualitative disclosures about market risk affecting HPE, see "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk" in Item 7A of Part II of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2023. There have been no material changes in our market risk exposures since October 31, 2023.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, we conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures, as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act as of the end of the period covered by this report (the "Evaluation Date"). Based on this evaluation, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded as of the Evaluation Date that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective such that the information related to the Company, including our consolidated subsidiaries, required to be disclosed in our SEC reports (i) is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in SEC rules and forms, and (ii) is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There were no changes to our internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended April 30, 2024, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

Information with respect to this item may be found in Note 15, "Litigation, Contingencies, and Commitments".

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

Our operations and financial results are subject to various risks and uncertainties, including those described in Part I, Item 1A, "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal period ended October 31, 2023, which could adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations, cash flows, and the trading price of our common stock, including certain risks, which have been modified as follows:

The revenue and profitability of our operations have historically varied, which makes our future financial results less predictable.

Our revenue, gross margin, and profit vary among our diverse products and services, customer groups, and geographic markets and therefore, will likely be different in future periods than our historical results. Our revenue depends on the overall demand for our products and services, which is difficult to accurately predict, varies from time to time, may be uneven across our portfolio of offerings, and is subject to industry-wide or broader

macroeconomic market dynamics (such as the persistent inflationary environment and industry-wide softening of network demand), all of which have in the past adversely impacted, and may again in the future adversely impact, our business and financial condition. Additionally, customer acceptances of delivered orders and the timing thereof can be uneven across our portfolio and can impact our ability to recognize revenue. Such variables have in the past negatively impacted our financial performance, and may do so again in the future. Delays or reductions in discretionary IT spending by our customers or potential customers have had, and in the future could have a material adverse effect on demand for our products and services, which could result in a significant decline in revenue. For example, we have seen demand soften unevenly across our portfolio and geographies, which may continue, as certain customers and sectors have been taking longer than anticipated to digest prior large orders. In addition, revenue declines in some of our businesses may affect revenue in our other businesses as we may lose cross-selling opportunities. Overall gross margins and profitability in any given period are dependent partially on the product, service, customer, and geographic mix reflected in that period's net revenue.

Furthermore, the relationship between China and the U.S., and any subsequent action that may be taken by either country, may significantly vary the results our operations and financial performance from that region. There has been, and there could be additional, uncertainty surrounding the enforceability of contract obligations, as well as the timing and form of payments from China.

Competition, lawsuits, investigations, increases in component and manufacturing costs that we are unable to pass on to our customers, component supply disruptions, and other risks affecting our businesses may have a significant impact on our overall gross margin and profitability. Variations in our fixed cost structure and gross margins across business units and product portfolios have from time to time led to, and may lead to significant operating profit volatility on a quarterly or annual basis in the future. In addition, newer geographic market opportunities may be relatively less profitable due to our investments associated with entering those markets and local pricing pressures, and we may have difficulty establishing and maintaining the operating infrastructure necessary to support the high growth rate associated with some of those markets. Additionally, we may enter new markets or grow in lower margin markets through acquisitions, which may also cause our gross margin to vary. Market trends, industry shifts, competitive pressures, commoditization of products, increased component or shipping costs, regulatory impacts, and other factors have from time to time resulted in, and may in the future result in, reductions in revenue or pressure on gross margins of certain segments in a given period, which may lead to adjustments to our operations. Moreover, our efforts to address the challenges facing our business could increase the level of variability in our financial results because the rate at which we are able to realize the benefits from those efforts may vary from period to period. Further, the costs associated with cybersecurity events or data privacy breaches and their remediation are difficult to predict and can vary.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities

There were no unregistered sales of equity securities during the period covered by this report.

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

Nonth 1 (February 2024) Nonth 2 (March 2024) Nonth 3 (April 2024) Nonth 3 (April 2024) Nonth 3 (April 2024) Nonth 3 (April 2024) Nonth 1 (Possible 2024) Nonth 2 (March				Total Number		
Purchased and Settled of as Shares that Part of Publicly Purchased and Settled of Asystem Shares that Part of Publicly Purchased Purchased Price Paid Plans Plans or Programs Period In thousands, except per share amounts Month 1 (February 2024) — \$ — \$ 961,779 Month 2 (March 2024) — \$ — \$ 961,779 Month 3 (April 2024) 2,596 17.51 2,596 \$ 916,335				of		
Period Total Number of Shares Average Publicly Purchased and Settled Plans or Programs In thousands, except per share amounts Month 1 (February 2024) — \$ — \$ 961,779 Month 2 (March 2024) — \$ — 961,779 Month 3 (April 2024) 2,596 17.51 2,596 \$ 916,335				Shares	Approximate	
Period Total Number of Shares Average Publicly Purchased under the Purchased and Settled per Share or Programs In thousands, except per share amounts Month 1 (February 2024) — \$ — \$ 961,779 Month 2 (March 2024) — \$ — 961,779 Month 3 (April 2024) 2,596 17.51 2,596 \$ 916,335				Purchased	Dollar Value	
Total Number of Shares Average Publicly Purchased under the Purchased Purchased Price Paid Plans Plans or Programs Period In thousands, except per share amounts Month 1 (February 2024) — \$ — — \$ 961,779 Month 2 (March 2024) — — — — 961,779 Month 3 (April 2024) 2,596 17.51 2,596 \$ 916,335				and Settled	of	
Total Number of Shares Average Purchased Plans Plans Plans and Settled Per Share or Programs or Programs In thousands, except per share amounts Month 1 (February 2024) — \$ — — \$ 961,779 Month 2 (March 2024) — — — 961,779 Month 3 (April 2024) 2,596 17.51 2,596 \$ 916,335				as	Shares that	
Period Average Purchased and Settled Average Price Paid per Share Announced Plans or Programs under the Plans or Programs In thousands, except per share amounts Month 1 (February 2024) — \$ — — \$ 961,779 Month 2 (March 2024) — — — — 961,779 Month 3 (April 2024) 2,596 17.51 2,596 \$ 916,335				Part of	May Yet Be	
Period Purchased and Settled Price Paid per Share Plans or Programs Plans or Programs In thousands, except per share amounts Month 1 (February 2024) — \$ — — \$ 961,779 Month 2 (March 2024) — — — 961,779 Month 3 (April 2024) 2,596 17.51 2,596 \$ 916,335		Total Number		Publicly	Purchased	
Period and Settled per Share or Programs or Programs In thousands, except per share amounts Month 1 (February 2024) — \$ — — \$ 961,779 Month 2 (March 2024) — — — 961,779 Month 3 (April 2024) 2,596 17.51 2,596 \$ 916,335		of Shares	Average	Announced	under the	
In thousands, except per share amounts		Purchased	Price Paid	Plans	Plans	
Month 1 (February 2024) — \$ — — \$ 961,779 Month 2 (March 2024) — — — 961,779 Month 3 (April 2024) 2,596 17.51 2,596 \$ 916,335	Period	and Settled	per Share	or Programs	or Programs	
Month 2 (March 2024) — — — 961,779 Month 3 (April 2024) 2,596 17.51 2,596 \$ 916,335		In t	housands, excep	ot per share amo	ounts	
Month 3 (April 2024) 2,596 17.51 2,596 \$ 916,335	Month 1 (February 2024)	_	\$ —	_	\$ 961,779	
	Month 2 (March 2024)	_	_	_	961,779	
Total 2,596 \$ 17.51 2,596	Month 3 (April 2024)	2,596	17.51	2,596	\$ 916,335	
	Total	2,596	\$ 17.51	2,596		

As of April 30, 2024, the Company had a remaining authorization of approximately \$0.9 billion for future share repurchases.

Item 5. Other Information

Trading Plans

During the fiscal quarter ended April 30, 2024, the following trading plans were adopted or terminated by our directors or officers, as applicable:

Name & Title	Date of Adoption / Termination	Character of Trading Arrangement ⁽¹⁾	Aggregate Number of Shares of Common Stock to be Purchased/ Sold Pursuant to Trading Arrangement	Duration of Plan ⁽²⁾
Gerri Gold				
EVP, President and CEO, HPE Financial Services	Adopted March 11, 2024	Rule 10b5-1 Trading Arrangement	Up to 100,060 shares to be sold	June 14, 2024- March 6, 2025
Kirt Karros SVP, Treasurer and FP&A	Adopted March 12, 2024	Rule 10b5-1 Trading Arrangement	Up to 128,163 shares to be sold	June 11, 2024- March 7, 2025
Neil MacDonald EVP, General Manager, Compute and HPC & Al	Adopted March 12, 2024	Rule 10b5-1 Trading Arrangement	Up to 372,626 shares to be sold	June 10, 2024- May 30, 2025
Kristin Major	Adopted March 8, 2024	Rule 10b5-1 Trading Arrangement	Up to 80,784 shares to be sold	December 10, 2024-March 31, 2025
EVP, Chief People Officer		7 ag a	55.6	
Antonio Neri President and Chief Executive Officer	Adopted March 11, 2024	Rule 10b5-1 Trading Arrangement	Up to 365,945 shares to be sold	June 10, 2024- September 6, 2024
Fidelma Russo EVP, General Manager, Hybrid Cloud and Chief Technology Officer	Adopted March 11, 2024	Rule 10b5-1 Trading Arrangement	Up to 352,886 shares to be sold	October 1, 2024-June 6, 2025
John Schultz EVP, Chief Operating and Legal Officer	Adopted March 12, 2024	Rule 10b5-1 Trading Arrangement	Up to 262,818 shares to be sold	December 11, 2024- December 11, 2025

- (1) Each trading arrangement marked as a "Rule 10b5-1 Trading Arrangement" is intended to satisfy the affirmative defense conditions of Rule 10b5-1(c), as amended (the "Rule").
- (2) Each trading arrangement marked as a "Rule 10b5-1 Trading Arrangement" only permits transactions after the indicated duration start date and, in any case, upon expiration of the applicable mandatory cooling-off period under the Rule, and until the earlier of the indicated duration end date or completion of all sales contemplated in the Rule 10b5-1 Trading Arrangement.

Exchange Act Section 13(r) Disclosure

The following disclosure is being made under Section 13(r) of the Exchange Act:

On March 2, 2021, the U.S. Secretary of State designated the Russian Federal Security Service ("FSB") as a party subject to the provisions of U.S. Executive Order No. 13382 issued in 2005 ("Executive Order 13382"). On the same day, the U.S. Department of the Treasury's Office of Foreign Assets Control ("OFAC") updated General License 1B ("General License 1B") which generally authorizes U.S. companies to engage in certain licensing, permitting, certification, notification, and related transactions with the FSB as may be required for the importation, distribution, or use of information technology products in the Russian Federation. Our local Russian subsidiary ("HPE Russia") may be required to engage with the FSB as a licensing authority and to file documents. There are no gross revenues or net profits directly associated with any such dealings by HPE with the FSB and all such dealings are explicitly authorized by General License 1B. We plan to continue these activities as required to support our orderly and managed wind down of our Russia operations.

On April 15, 2021, the U.S. Government issued an executive order on Blocking Property with Respect to Specified Harmful Foreign Activities of the Government of the Russian Federation ("Executive Order 14024"), implementing additional U.S. sanctions against the Russian government and against Russian actors that threaten U.S. interests, including certain technology companies that support the Russian Intelligence Service. The U.S. Secretary of the Treasury designated Pozitiv Teknolodzhiz, AO ("Positive Technologies") under Executive Order 14024 and Executive Order 13382. HPE Russia had dealings with Positive Technologies prior to its designation. Following the sanctions designation, HPE Russia immediately initiated procedures to terminate its relationship with Positive Technologies. HPE does not plan to engage in any further transactions with this entity, except wind down activities that are authorized by OFAC going forward. HPE Russia continues to have blocked property associated with Positive Technologies. No action will be taken unless and until a license is received from OFAC authorizing collection of the property. There are no identifiable gross revenues or net profits associated with HPE's activities related to Positive Technologies for this reporting period.

For a summary of our revenue recognition policies, see "Revenue Recognition" described in Note 1, "Overview and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" to the Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 8 of Part II of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2023.

Item 6. Exhibits.

The Exhibit Index beginning on page 63 of this report sets forth a list of exhibits.

HEWLETT PACKARD ENTERPRISE COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES

EXHIBIT INDEX

Incorporated by Reference

				orated by Reference				
Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description	Form	File No.	Exhibit(s)	Filing Date			
2.1	Separation and Distribution Agreement, dated as of October 31, 2015, by and among Hewlett- Packard Company, Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company and the Other Parties Thereto	8-K	001-37483	2.1	November 5, 2015			
2.2	Transition Services Agreement, dated as of November 1, 2015, by and between Hewlett-Packard Company and Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company	8-K	001-37483	2.2	November 5, 2015			
2.3	Employee Matters Agreement, dated as of October 31, 2015, by and between Hewlett-Packard Company and Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company	8-K	001-37483	2.4	November 5, 2015			
2.4	Real Estate Matters Agreement, dated as of October 31, 2015, by and between Hewlett-Packard Company and Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company	8-K	001-37483	2.5	November 5, 2015			
2.5	Master Commercial Agreement, dated as of November 1, 2015, by and between Hewlett-Packard Company and Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company	8-K	001-37483	2.6	November 5, 2015			
2.6	Information Technology Service Agreement, dated as of November 1, 2015, by and between Hewlett- Packard Company and HP Enterprise Services, LLC	8-K	001-37483	2.7	November 5, 2015			
2.7	Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of May 24, 2016, by and among Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company, Everett SpinCo, Inc., Computer Sciences Corporation, and Everett Merger Sub, Inc.	8-K	001-37483	2.1	May 26, 2016			
2.8	Separation and Distribution Agreement, dated as of May 24, 2016, by and between Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company and Everett SpinCo, Inc.	8-K	001-37483	2.2	May 26, 2016			
2.9	Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of September 7, 2016, by and among Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company, Seattle SpinCo, Inc., Micro Focus International plc, Seattle Holdings, Inc. and Seattle MergerSub, Inc.	8-K	001-37483	2.1	September 7, 2016			
2.10	Separation and Distribution	8-K	001-37483	2.2	September 7,			

2.16	Employee Matters Agreement, dated March 31, 2017, by and between Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company, Everett SpinCo, Inc., and Computer Sciences Corporation,	8-K	001-38033	2.1	April 6, 2017
2.17	Tax Matters Agreement, dated March 31, 2017, by and among Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company, Everett SpinCo, Inc., and Computer Sciences Corporation	8-K	001-38033	2.2	April 6, 2017
2.18	IP Matters Agreement, dated March 31, 2017, by and between Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company, Hewlett Packard Enterprise Development LP, and Everett SpinCo, Inc.	8-K	001-38033	2.3	April 6, 2017
2.19	Transition Services Agreement, dated March 31, 2017, by and between Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company and Everett SpinCo, Inc.	8-K	001-38033	2.4	April 6, 2017
2.20	Real Estate Matters Agreement, dated March 31, 2017, by and between Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company and Everett SpinCo, Inc.	8-K	001-38033	2.5	April 6, 2017
2.21	Fourth Amendment to the Separation and Distribution Agreement, dated March 31, 2017, by and between Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company and Everett SpinCo, Inc.	8-K	001-38033	2.6	April 6, 2017
2.22	Tax Matters Agreement, dated September 1, 2017, by and among Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company, Seattle SpinCo, Inc., and Micro Focus International plc	8-K	001-37483	2.1	September 1, 2017
2.23	Intellectual Property Matters Agreement, dated September 1, 2017, by and between Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company, Hewlett Packard Enterprise Development LP, and Seattle SpinCo, Inc.	8-K	001-37483	2.2	September 1, 2017
2.24	Transition Services Agreement, dated September 1, 2017, by and between Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company and Seattle SpinCo, Inc.	8-K	001-37483	2.3	September 1, 2017
2.25	Real Estate Matters Agreement, dated September 1, 2017, by and between Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company and Seattle SpinCo, Inc.	8-K	001-37483	2.4	September 1, 2017
2.26	Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of May 16, 2019, by and among Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company, Canopy Merger Sub, Inc., and Cray Inc.	8-K	001-37483	2.1	May 17, 2019
2.27	Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of July 11, 2020, by and among	8-K	001-37483	2.1	July 13, 2020

Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company

4.1	Indenture, dated as of October 9, 2015, between Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as Trustee	8-K	001-37483	4.1	October 13, 2015
4.2	Fifth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of October 9, 2015, between Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as Trustee, relating to Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company's 4.900% notes due 2025	8-K	001-37483	4.6	October 13, 2015
4.3	Sixth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of October 9, 2015, between Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as Trustee, relating to Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company's 6.200% notes due 2035	8-K	001-37483	4.7	October 13, 2015
4.4	Seventh Supplemental Indenture, dated as of October 9, 2015, between Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as Trustee, relating to Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company's 6.350% notes due 2045	8-K	001-37483	4.8	October 13, 2015
4.5	Seventeenth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of July 17, 2020, between Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as Trustee, relating to Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company's 1.450% notes due 2024	8-K	001-37483	4.2	July 17, 2020
4.6	Eighteenth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of July 17, 2020, between Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as Trustee, relating to Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company's 1.750% notes due 2026	8-K	001-37483	4.3	July 17, 2020
4.7	Nineteenth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of March 21, 2023, between Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as Trustee, relating to Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company's 5.900% notes due 2024	8-K	001-37483	4.2	March 21, 2023
4.8	Twentieth Supplemental Indenture,	8-K	001-37483	4.3	March 21,

10.5	Amendment No. 3 to the Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company 2021 Stock Incentive Plan*	8-K	001-37483	10.1	April 12, 2024
10.6	Hewlett Packard Enterprise Severance and Long-Term Incentive Change in Control Plan for Executive Officers*	10-12B/ A	001-37483	10.4	September 28, 2015
10.7	Hewlett Packard Enterprise Grandfathered Executive Deferred Compensation Plan*	S-8	333-207679	4.4	October 30, 2015
10.8	Form of Non-Qualified Stock Option Grant Agreement*	8-K	001-37483	10.4	November 5, 2015
10.9	Form of Performance-Contingent Non-Qualified Stock Option Grant Agreement*	8-K	001-37483	10.8	November 5, 2015
10.10	Form of Performance-Adjusted Restricted Stock Units Grant Agreement, as amended and restated effective January 1, 2016*	10-Q	001-37483	10.15	March 10, 2016
10.11	Description of Amendment to Equity Awards (incorporated by reference to Item 5.02 of the 8-K filed on May 26, 2016)*	8-K	001-37483	10.1	May 26, 2016
10.12	Niara, Inc. 2013 Equity Incentive Plan*	S-8	333-216481	4.3	March 6, 2017
10.13	SimpliVity Corporation 2009 Stock Plan*	S-8	333-217438	4.3	April 24, 2017
10.14	Silicon Graphics International Corp. 2005 Equity Incentive Plan, as amended*	10-K	000-51333	10.3	September 10, 2012
10.15	Cloud Technology Partners, Inc. 2011 Equity Incentive Plan*	S-8	333-221254	4.3	November 1, 2017
10.16	Amendment to the Cloud Technology Partners, Inc. 2011 Equity Incentive Plan*	S-8	333-221254	4.4	November 1, 2017
10.17	Plexxi Inc. 2011 Stock Plan*	S-8	333-226181	4.3	July 16, 2018
10.18	Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company 2015 Employee Stock Purchase Plan (as amended and restated on July 18, 2018, effective as of October 8, 2015)	10-Q	001-37483	10.29	September 4, 2018
10.19	Form of Restricted Stock Units Grant Agreement	10-Q	001-37483	10.30	September 4, 2018
10.20	Hewlett Packard Enterprise Executive Deferred Compensation Plan (as amended and restated December 1, 2018)*	10-K	001-37483	10.27	December 12, 2018
10.21	First Amendment to the Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company Severance and Long-Term Incentive Change in Control Plan for Executive Officers*	10-K	001-37483	10.29	December 12, 2018

10.30	Five-Year Credit Agreement dated as of December 10, 2021 among Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company, the Lenders Party Hereto, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Administrative Processing Agent and Co-Administrative Agent and Citibank, N.A., as Co-Administrative Agent	10-Q	001-37483	10.33	March 3, 2022
10.31	2021 Stock Incentive Plan - Form of Performance-Adjusted Restricted Stock Units Grant Agreement (for grants beginning December 2022)*	10-K	001-37483	10.31	December 8, 2022
10.32	2021 Stock Incentive Plan - Form of Non-Employee Director Restricted Stock Units Grant Agreement (for grants beginning April 2023)*	10-Q	001-37483	10.32	June 2, 2023
10.33	OpsRamp, Inc. 2014 Equity Incentive Plan*	10-Q	001-37483	10.33	June 2, 2023
10.34	Put Share Purchase Agreement, dated May 26, 2023, among H3C Holdings Limited, Izar Holding Co., and Unisplendour International Technology Limited (portions omitted pursuant to Regulation S-K Item 601(b)(10)(iv))	10-Q	001-37483	10.34	June 2, 2023
10.35	2021 Stock Incentive Plan - Form of Restricted Stock Units Grant Agreement (for grants beginning December 2023)*	10-K	001-37483	10.34	December 22, 2023
10.36	2021 Stock Incentive Plan - Form of Performance-Adjusted Restricted Stock Units Grant Agreement (for grants beginning December 2023)*	10-K	001-37483	10.35	December 22, 2023
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a- 14(a) and Rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended‡				
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a- 14(a) and Rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended‡				
32	Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002†				
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document‡				
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document‡				
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document‡				
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document‡				
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label				

- * Indicates management contract or compensation plan, contract or arrangement
- ‡ Filed herewith
- † Furnished herewith

The registrant agrees to furnish to the Commission supplementally upon request a copy of any instrument with respect to long-term debt not filed herewith as to which the total amount of securities authorized thereunder does not exceed 10% of the total assets of the registrant and its subsidiaries on a consolidated basis.

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

HEWLETT PACKARD ENTERPRISE COMPANY

/s/ Marie Myers

Marie Myers
Executive Vice President and
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer and Authorized
Signatory)

Date: June 5, 2024