

HW 1

Reinaldo Daniswara
604840665

$$f(x|\theta) = h(x) c(\theta) \exp\left(\sum_{i=1}^k w_i(\theta) t_i(x)\right)$$

Express $x \sim \Gamma(\alpha, \beta)$

$$f(x) = \frac{x^{\alpha-1} e^{-\frac{x}{\beta}}}{\beta^{\alpha} \Gamma(\alpha)} =$$

$$= \frac{1}{x \beta^{\alpha} \Gamma(\alpha)} (x^{\alpha} \cdot e^{-\frac{x}{\beta}})$$

$$= \frac{1}{x \beta^{\alpha} \Gamma(\alpha)} \cdot \exp\left(\ln x^{\alpha} \cdot -\frac{x}{\beta}\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{x \beta^{\alpha} \Gamma(\alpha)} \cdot \exp\left(\alpha \ln x \cdot -\frac{x}{\beta}\right) = \frac{1}{x \beta^{\alpha} \Gamma(\alpha)} \exp\left(-\frac{\alpha}{\beta} \cdot x \ln x\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{x} \cdot \frac{1}{\beta^{\alpha} \Gamma(\alpha)} \cdot \exp\left(-\frac{\alpha}{\beta} \cdot x \ln(x)\right)$$

Thus,

$$h(x) = \frac{1}{x}$$

$$w_i(\theta) = -\frac{\alpha}{\beta}$$

$$c(\theta) = \frac{1}{\beta^{\alpha} \Gamma(\alpha)}$$

$$t_i(x) = x \ln(x)$$

$$2 \quad f(x) = \frac{2}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{x^2}{2}}, \quad 0 < x < \infty$$

$$f(x) = \frac{x^{\alpha-1} e^{-\frac{x}{\beta}}}{\beta^{\alpha} \Gamma(\alpha)}$$

$$\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = \sqrt{\pi}$$

$$\text{let } Y = x^2$$

$$F_Y(g) = P(Y \leq g) = P(x^2 \leq g) = P(x \leq \sqrt{g})$$

$$\text{So, } F_Y(g) = F_X(\sqrt{g})$$

$$F_Y(g) = F_X(\sqrt{g}) \rightarrow f(g) = \frac{1}{2} g^{-1/2} f_X(\sqrt{g})$$

$$\rightarrow f(g) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{g}} \cdot \frac{2}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{g}{2}}$$

$$= g^{-1/2} \cdot \frac{e^{-\frac{g}{2}}}{\sqrt{2} \cdot \sqrt{\pi}} = \frac{g^{-1/2} e^{-\frac{g}{2}}}{2^{1/2} \cdot \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)}$$

$$\text{So, } \alpha = \frac{1}{2} \quad \beta = 2$$

$$\text{By the formula, Mean} = \alpha\beta = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 2 = 1$$

$$\text{Variance} = \alpha\beta^2 = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 4 = 2$$

$$E(x) = E(\sqrt{y}) = \frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\right) \beta^{1/2}}{\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)} = \frac{\Gamma(1) \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}} = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Var}(x) &= E(x^2) - [E(x)]^2 \leadsto E(x^2) = E(Y) = \alpha\beta = 1 \\ &= 1 - \left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\right)^2 = 1 - \frac{2}{\pi} = \frac{\pi-2}{\pi} \end{aligned}$$

