OFFICIAL ABSTRACT and CERTIFICATION

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	nproving Hepatocellular Carcinoma Survival Prediction with Artificial intelligence trategies					Category Pick one only — mark an "X" in box at right	
	ngfei Zhao					Animal Sciences	
	Syosset High School, Syosset, NY, US					Behavioral & Social	
	Hepatocellular Carcinoma (HCC), which constitutes over 90 percent of liver cancers, is the sixth most frequently diagnosed cancer and the third-leading cause of cancer related deaths in the world. Its incidence rate has tripled since 1980 and is estimated to further increase 61.9% within two decades. Thus, the increasing prevalence of HCC emphasizes the need for more accurate methods of survival prediction in order to increase survival rate.					Sciences	
W						Biochemistry	
						Biomedical & Health Sciences	
Τv	vo proposed methods of survival prediction for Hepatocellular Carcinoma patients were					Biomedical Engineering	
compared, both utilizing the missForest algorithm to impute missing values in the dataset. The first method incorporated random forests to classify the data into two categories: Positive (the patient will not survive past one year) and Negative (the patient will survive past one year), while the second method used a combination of principal component analysis and support vector machine (PCA-SVM) to make these predictions. Although the Random Forest model had a higher mean accuracy of 0.723 compared with the PCA-SVM model's mean accuracy of 0.712, the latter had a						Cellular & Molecular Biology	
						Chemistry	
						Computational Biology & Bioinformatics	
significantly higher mean True Positive Rate (0.630 compared with the 0.547 of the Random Forest model, p < 0.05). In other words, the PCA-SVM model was superior in correctly predicting that a patient was in critical condition and would not survive past one year. This model allows for more effective treatment to target the patient's individual needs, thus, the PCA-SVM was recommended as a more reliable method for prognosis evaluation.					Earth & Environmental Sciences		
					Embedded Systems		
					Energy: Sustainable Materials and Design		
					Engineering Mechanics		
					Environmental Engineering		
						Materials Science	
1	. As a part of this research project, the student directly handled, manipulated, or interacted with (check ALL that apply):					Mathematics	
						Microbiology	
	☐ human participants	☐ potentially hazardo	us biologi	cal agent	ts	Physics & Astronomy	
	☐ vertebrate animals	☐ microorganisms	☐ rDN		☐ tissue	Plant Sciences	
2.	I/we worked or used equipmen	9				Robotics & Intelligent Machines	
	or industrial setting:					Systems Software	
					9_8	Translational Medical Sciences	
3.	This project is a continuation of	of previous research.		☐ Yes	■ No		
4.	My display board includes non-published photographs/visual ☐ Yes ☐ No depictions of humans (other than myself):						
5.	. This abstract describes only procedures performed by me/us, ■ Yes □ No reflects my/our own independent research, and represents one year's work only						
6.	I/we hereby certify that the ab above statements are correct a	· ·		Yes work.	□No	ú	
an	This stamp or embossed seal attests that this project is in compliance with all federal and state laws and regulations and that all appropriate reviews and approvals have been obtained including the final clearance by the Scientific Review Committee.						