OFFICIAL ABSTRACT and CERTIFICATION

5	rfaces to Optimize Sequencing Accuracy zabeth Korn		Pick one only — mark an "X" in box at right
Plainview-Old Bethpage John F. Kennedy High School, Plainview NY, U.S.A. Following the success of the Human Genome Project in 2003, DNA sequencing has been applied successfully to carrier screening, detection of inherited disorders, and DNA library preparation. Unfortunately, current sequencing methods are limited to DNA fragments a few kilobases long and result in many inaccuracies due to random fragmentation and the repetitive nature of DNA. One method being explored to combat this inaccuracy is DNA combing, in which a substrate is slowly pulled out of a DNA solution, depositing DNA molecules linearly on its surface, allowing for controlled cutting of DNA to then be sequenced in an orderly fashion. Polymethyl methacrylate (PMMA)-coated silicon wafers have been successfully used for DNA combing and cutting; however, they have presented issues in the removal of DNA for subsequent replication and sequencing. The goal of this study was to determine an effective method of desorbing DNA from PMMA-coated silicon wafers, specifically using agarose gels and an electric field. Some samples of DNA-dipped PMMA-coated silicon wafers incubated in an oven, while others sat in a well with buffer and an electric field, with and without a gel, with the hope of removing the DNA. Each sample was photographed before and after DNA was desorbed and the percent change in DNA on the samples was quantified. With 97.9% DNA removed, the use of an agarose gel and electric field (at .39 V/mm for 15 minutes) provides a significant increase in DNA desorption, overall improving the applicability of the DNA combing and cutting technique to DNA sequencing.			Animal Sciences Behavioral & Social Sciences Biochemistry Biomedical & Health Sciences Biomedical Engineering Cellular & Molecular Biology Chemistry Computational Biology & Bioinformatics Earth & Environmental Sciences Embedded Systems Energy: Sustainable Materials and Design Engineering Mechanics Environmental Engineering Materials Science
1.	As a part of this research project, the student directly handled, manipulated, or interacted with (check ALL that apply):		Mathematics Microbiology
	☐ human participants ☐ potentially hazardous biological agents	;	Physics & Astronomy Plant Sciences
	□ vertebrate animals □ microorganisms □ rDNA	□ tissue	Robotics & Intelligent
2.	2. I/we worked or used equipment in a regulated research institution Your industrial setting:	es 🗆 No	Machines Systems Software
3.	3. This project is a continuation of previous research. ☐ Yes	■ No	Translational Medical Sciences
4.	 My display board includes non-published photographs/visual ☐ Yes depictions of humans (other than myself): 	■ No	*
5.	 This abstract describes only procedures performed by me/us, Yes reflects my/our own independent research, and represents one year's work only 	□No	
6.	6. I/we hereby certify that the abstract and responses to the above statements are correct and properly reflect my/our own work. ■	□No)
ar	This stamp or embossed seal attests that this project is in compliance with all and state laws and regulations and that all appropriate reviews and approve been obtained including the final clearance by the Scientific Review Committee	als have	