Ron Cox

HW2 605.202.81 Data Structures

- 1. Stack Operations
- a) Set i to the bottom element of the stack

```
procedure getBottomElement(stack)
    auxiliaryStack = createEmptyStack()

while not stack.empty()
    auxiliaryStack.push(stack.pop())

i = auxiliaryStack.peek() // bottom element

while not auxiliaryStack.empty()
    stack.push(auxiliaryStack.pop())

return i
end procedure
```

b) Set i to the third element from the bottom of the stack

```
procedure getThirdFromBottom(stack)
    auxiliaryStack = createEmptyStack()

while not stack.empty()
    auxiliaryStack.push(stack.pop())

count = 0
    thirdFromBottom = null

while not auxiliaryStack.empty()
    count = count + 1
    if count == 3
        thirdFromBottom = auxiliaryStack.peek()
    stack.push(auxiliaryStack.pop())
```

```
i = thirdFromBottom
  return i
end procedure
```

2. Checking Delimiters with Stack

a. {[A+B]-[(C-D)]

```
// Initial Stack: []
push '['
          // Stack: ['{', '[']
push ']' // Stack: ['{']
push '-'
          // Stack: ['{', '-']
          // Stack: ['{', '-', '[']
push '['
push '('
          // Stack: ['{', '-', '[', '(']
          // Stack: ['{', '-', '[']
push ')'
push ']'  // Stack: ['{', '-']
push '}'
          // Stack: []
```

```
b. ((H) * {([J+K])})
```

```
// Initial Stack: []
push '('
           // Stack: ['(']
push '('
           // Stack: ['(', '(']
push ')'
           // Stack: ['(']
push '*'
           // Stack: ['(',
           // Stack: ['(', '*', '{']
push '{'
           // Stack: ['(', '*', '{', '(']
push '('
           // Stack: ['(', '*', '{', <u>'(', '[']</u>
push '['
           // Stack: ['(', '*', '{', '(']
push ')'
                            '*<sup>'</sup>, '{']
push ']'
           // Stack: ['(',
push ')'
           // Stack: ['(',
push '}'
           // Stack: ['(']
push ')'
            // Stack: []
```

3. Determine if String is of the Form xCy

```
procedure isFormXCX(inputString)
    stack = createEmptyStack()

for each char in inputString
    if char == 'C'
         break
    stack.push(char)

for each char in inputString (continuing from 'C')
    if char != stack.pop()
        return false

    return stack.empty()
end procedure
```

4. Determine if String is of the Form aDbDc...Dz

```
procedure isFormADBCD(inputString)
     stack = createEmptyStack()
    isValid = true
    for each char in inputString
    if char == 'C'
          while not stack.empty()
               if stack.pop() != stack.pop()
                    isValid = false
                    break
          if not isValid
               return false
     else if char == 'D'
          if stack.empty() or not isValid
               return false
          stack = createEmptyStack()
          isValid = true
     else
```

```
stack.push(char)

return stack.empty() and isValid
end procedure
```

5. Implement a One-Dimensional Array Using Two Stacks

```
// Assume the stacks are s1 and s2 for storage
procedure arrayInsert(index, value)
     while s1 not empty
     s2.push(s1.pop())
     s1.push(value)
     while s2 not empty
     s1.push(s2.pop())
end procedure
procedure arrayRead(index)
     while s1 not empty and index > 0
     s2.push(s1.pop())
     index = index - 1
     value = s1.peek()
     while s2 not empty
     s1.push(s2.pop())
     return value
end procedure
```

6. Two Stacks in a Single Array

```
array = new array[SPACESIZE]
top1 = -1
top2 = SPACESIZE
procedure push1(value)
      if top1 < top2 - 1
     top1 = top1 + 1
     array[top1] = value
      else
      error "Stack Overflow"
end procedure
procedure push2(value)
     if top1 < top2 - 1</pre>
      top2 = top2 - 1
      array[top2] = value
      else
      error "Stack Overflow"
end procedure
procedure pop1()
      if top1 >= 0
      value = array[top1]
      top1 = top1 - 1
      return value
      else
      error "Stack Underflow"
end procedure
procedure pop2()
      if top2 < SPACESIZE</pre>
     value = array[top2]
      top2 = top2 + 1
      return value
      else
      error "Stack Underflow"
end procedure
```

7. Transform Expressions

a)
$$(A + B) * (C $ (D - E) + F) - G$$

b)
$$A + ((B - C) * (D - E) + F) / G) $ (H - J)$$

8. Transform Prefix Expressions to Infix

• Infix:
$$A + ((B \ C) * D - (E + F / (G * H)) + I)$$

9. Evaluate Postfix Expressions

a)
$$A B + C - B A + C $ -$$

- Stack operations:
 - 1. Push A (1)
 - 2. Push B (2)
 - 3. Add (1 + 2 = 3)
 - 4. Push C (3)
 - 5. Subtract (3 3 = 0)
 - 6. Push B (2)
 - 7. Push A (1)
 - 8. Add (2 + 1 = 3)
 - 9. Push C (3)
 - 10. Exponentiate (3 \$ 3 = 27)
 - 11. Subtract (0 27 = -27)

• Result: -27

10. Prefix Function for Infix to Prefix Conversion

```
procedure infixToPrefix(infix)
     stack = createEmptyStack()
     prefix = createEmptyString()
     for each char in infix (right to left)
     if char is operand
          prefix.prepend(char)
     else if char is ')'
          stack.push(char)
     else if char is '('
          while stack.peek() != ')'
               prefix.prepend(stack.pop())
          stack.pop() // remove ')'
     else
          while not stack.empty() and precedence(char) <</pre>
precedence(stack.peek())
               prefix.prepend(stack.pop())
          stack.push(char)
     while not stack.empty()
     prefix.prepend(stack.pop())
     return prefix
end procedure
```