SEC 1-FAE1-DELA ROSA, R

Github Link: https://github.com/rddelarosa/APM1110/blob/main/FA4/DELA%20ROSA%2C%20R-FA4.Rmd

Roland Dela Rosa

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5. A geospatial analysis system has four sensors supplying images. The percentage of images supplied by each sensor and the percentage of images relevant to a query are shown in the following table.

```
# Given
sensors <- data.frame(</pre>
 Sensor = 1:4,
 Percent_Supply = c(15, 20, 25, 40),
 Percent_Relevant = c(50, 60, 80, 85)
sensors
    Sensor Percent_Supply Percent_Relevant
##
## 1
       1
                        15
## 2
         2
                        20
                                          60
         3
                        25
                                          80
## 3
                        40
```

What is the overall percentage of relevant images?

```
# Compute
prob_relevance <- sum(sensors$Percent_Supply * sensors$Percent_Relevant) / sum(sensors$Percent_Supply)
# Output the result
cat("The overall percentage of relevant images is ", prob_relevance, "%.")</pre>
```

The overall percentage of relevant images is 73.5 %.

6. A fair coin is tossed twice. Let E_1 be the event that both tosses have the same outcome, that is $E_1 = (HH, TT)$. Let E_2 be the event that the first toss is a head, that is, $E_2 = (HH, HT)$. Let E_3 be the event that the second toss is a head, that it, $E_3 = (TH, HH)$. Show that E_1, E_2 , and E_3 are pairwise independent but not mutually independent.

```
# Define the sample space
sample <- c("HH", "HT", "TH", "TT")</pre>
# Define events
E1 <- c("HH", "TT") # Both tosses are the same
E2 <- c("HH", "HT") # First toss is a head
E3 <- c("HH", "TH")  # Second toss is a head
# Calculate probabilities
P_E1 <- length(E1) / length(sample)
P_E2 <- length(E2) / length(sample)</pre>
P_E3 <- length(E3) / length(sample)</pre>
P_E1_E2 <- length(intersect(E1, E2)) / length(sample)
P_E1_E3 <- length(intersect(E1, E3)) / length(sample)
P_E2_E3 <- length(intersect(E2, E3)) / length(sample)
P_E1_E2_E3 <- length(intersect(intersect(E1, E2), E3)) / length(sample)
# Check for pairwise independence
pairwise_independent <- (P_E1_E2 == P_E1 * P_E2) &
                          (P_E1_E3 == P_E1 * P_E3) &
                          (P_E2_E3 == P_E2 * P_E3)
# Check for mutual independence
mutual_independent <- (P_E1_E2_E3 == P_E1 * P_E2 * P_E3)</pre>
# Display results
cat("P(E1) =", P_E1, "\n")
## P(E1) = 0.5
cat("P(E2) =", P_E2, "\n")
## P(E2) = 0.5
cat("P(E3) =", P_E3, "\n")
## P(E3) = 0.5
cat("P(E1 and E2) =", P_E1_E2, "\n")
## P(E1 \text{ and } E2) = 0.25
```

```
cat("P(E1 and E3) = ", P_E1_E3, "\n")

## P(E1 and E3) = 0.25

cat("P(E2 and E3) = ", P_E2_E3, "\n")

## P(E2 and E3) = 0.25

cat("P(E1 and E2 and E3) = ", P_E1_E2_E3, "\n")

## P(E1 and E2 and E3) = 0.25

cat("Pairwise Independent:", pairwise_independent, "\n")

## Pairwise Independent: TRUE

cat("Mutually Independent: FALSE

# Conclusion
cat("\n The events E1, E2, and E3 are pairwise independent but not mutually independent.")

## ## The events E1, E2, and E3 are pairwise independent but not mutually independent.
```