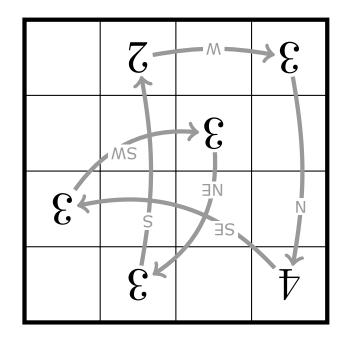
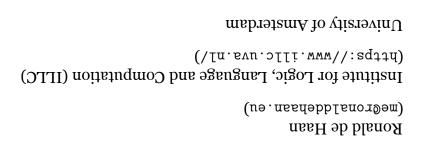
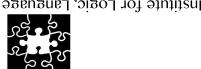
The puzzles in this booklet were designed using logic programming. Source code freely available at: https://github.com/rdehaan/puzzle-generator.



Tricky logic puzzles





Institute for Logic, Language and Computation

Introduction

There are many puzzles where step-by-step logical deduction will get you to the solution easily. Think of (easy) Sudoku puzzles, for example. The challenge is to find out the next small step, filling in one number or ruling out a number in some cell, that will get you closer to the solution.

This booklet contains puzzles where the challenge is slightly different. These puzzles are made so that you have to think shead a few steps, and by only taking small steps, you won't get to the solution.

You can make your life easier by coming up with a notation system that allows you to think ahead a few steps. See if you can come up with something clever.

Enjoy!

Notes

2 2 2 2 1	9 7 9 7 9 7	3 2 3 1 5 2
2 8 2 8 4 8	2 3 6 3 5 4	8 9 8 9 8 7
1 7 1 7 5	4 5 3 2 4 1	3 7 9 7 8
7 9 9 9 5 7	2 3 1 4 1 3	2 7 7 9
1 3 4 1 3 1	9 8 9 9 9 4	8 9 7 8 9
711 noitulo2	311 noitulo2	Solution 115
2 9 7 9 2	9 9 9 9 8	2 1 2 2 4 2
9 2 3 2 9 2	2 1 2 9 8 2	7 2 8 9 7 8
2 3 4 3 1 5	\$ 2 I V G E	9 1 7 7 1 9
I Z I E 7 9	2 1 8 9 4 2	P
8 9 5 4 2 5	\$ 2 I 8 Z 8	7 8 7 8 7
411 noitulos	Solution 133	Solution 112
8 9 8 9 8	2 9 7 8 7	3 3 2 9 2
9 7 1 9 1	9 9 8 8 9	9 9 8 7 9
		9 2 8 2 9
9 7 1 9 1	9 9 8 8 9	
G F T G T T T G F T	9 9 8 7 9	2 1 4 1 2
G \$\psi\$ \$\text{I}\$ \$\text{G}\$ \$\text{I}\$ \$\text{G}\$ \$\text{I}\$ \$\text{G}\$ \$\text{I}\$ \$\text{G}\$ \$\text{I}\$ \$\	9 9 8 7 9 9 8 7 8 7 9 7 1 9 9	2 1 \$\psi\$ \$\psi\$ \$\psi\$ 9 \$\psi\$ \$\psi\$ \$\psi\$ \$\psi\$
111 noivilos 111 noivilos	011 noithlo2	Solution 109 Solution 109
111 noitulos 2	Solution 110 2 2 2 3 2 5 2 6 6 7 6 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	8 olution 108 Solution 108
\$\psi\$	011 noithlo2	30 30 40
\$\psi\$ 0 \$\psi\$ 0 <td< td=""><td>Solution 110 Solution 110 Solution 110 Solution 110</td><td>2 1 \$\psi\$ <td< td=""></td<></td></td<>	Solution 110 Solution 110 Solution 110 Solution 110	2 1 \$\psi\$ \$\psi\$ <td< td=""></td<>
S S S S S S S S S S	9 9 8 7 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	Solution 109 Solution 2

ett noitulos

Solution 118

68

Solution 120

1 Squares

Rules

- Each cell is filled with a single digit (0–9).
- Each 2×2 square of cells must sum to a particular number (indicated with \Box).
- Each 3×3 square of cells must sum to a particular number (indicated with \square).
- No two rows may be identical.
- No two columns may be identical.

Example

Puzzle:

	7		
		4	5
	5	3	
4			6

□: 12 □: 27

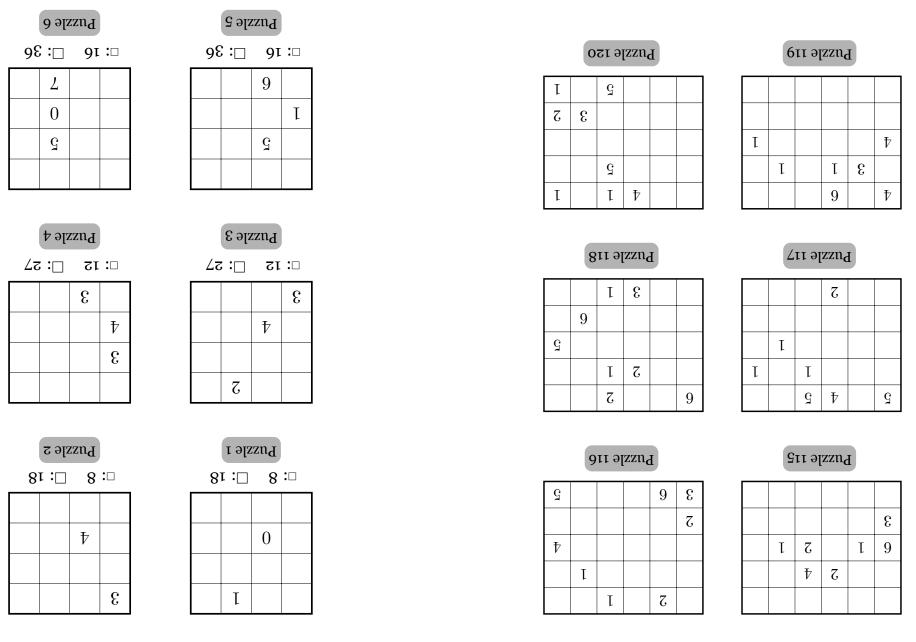
Solution:

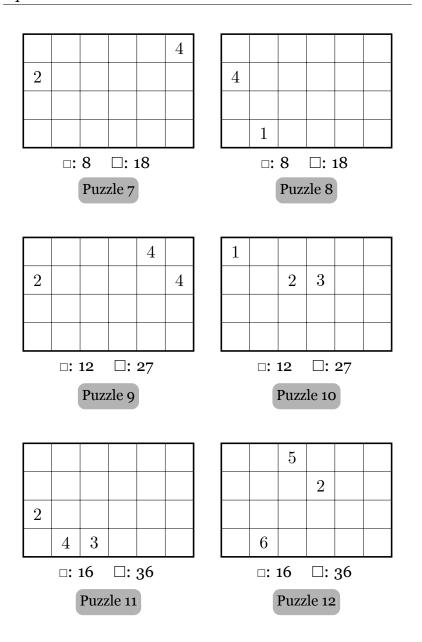
0	7	1	2
5	0	4	5
2	5	3	0
4	1	3	6

1

Solutions

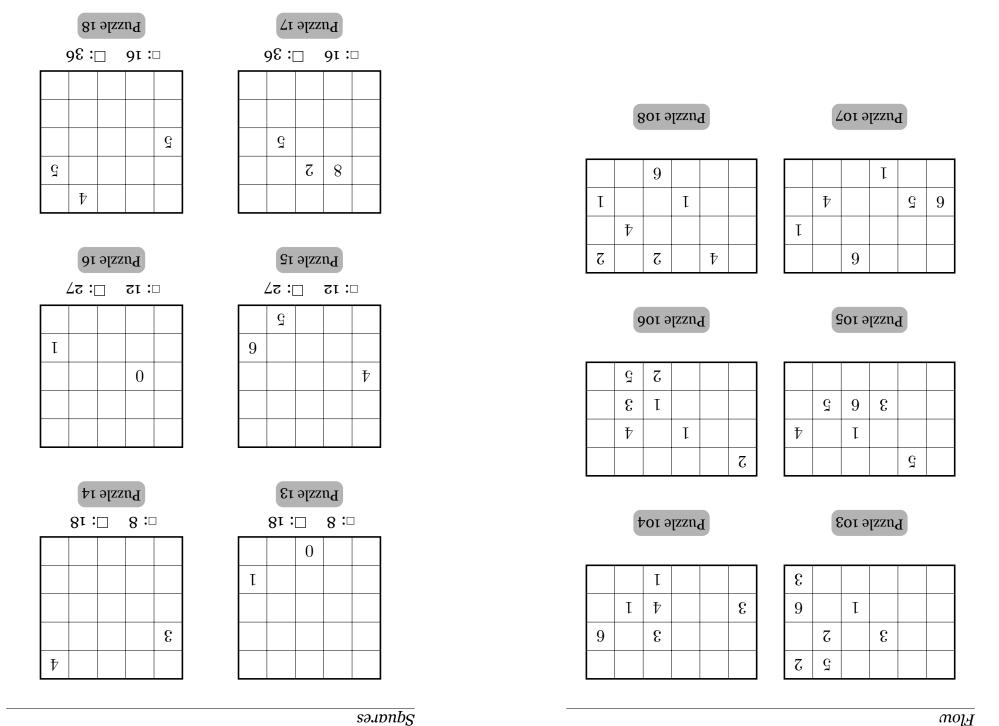
2 1 2 5 1 3 4 6 5 4 3 5 2 3 4 2 Solution 97	2 1 2 3 3 4 3 2 5 6 5 6 2 5 6 5 Solution 98	1 2 1 3 5 6 5 6 6 5 6 5 1 3 4 1 Solution 99
2 3 4 2 5 4 3 5 1 3 4 6 2 1 2 5	5 4 5 2 2 3 6 3 3 6 3 1 2 4 5 2	5 2 5 2 4 1 4 5 6 3 1 6 5 2 4 5
2 6 5 2 5 2 3 5 3 4 2 3 2 6 5 1 5 6 3 2 6 5 6 3	Solution 101 1 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 4 6 5 3 5 6 6 3 5 6 6 1 2 1 6 5 1 2 3 1 1 2 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Solution 102 6 5 3 2 5 3 5 4 2 1 6 4 3 2 3 6 5 3 2 3 2 5 6 2
Solution 103	Solution 104	Solution 105
2 4 5 4 2 5 3 5 1 3 4 6 2 4 2 1 3 5 3 2 1 2 5 6 Solution 106	3 2 3 6 3 2 2 3 2 3 2 1 6 5 4 5 4 5 5 4 1 4 5 4 Solution 107	5 4 5 2 5 2 4 3 4 3 4 3 2 4 1 4 3 1 5 6 5 6 5 2 Solution 108



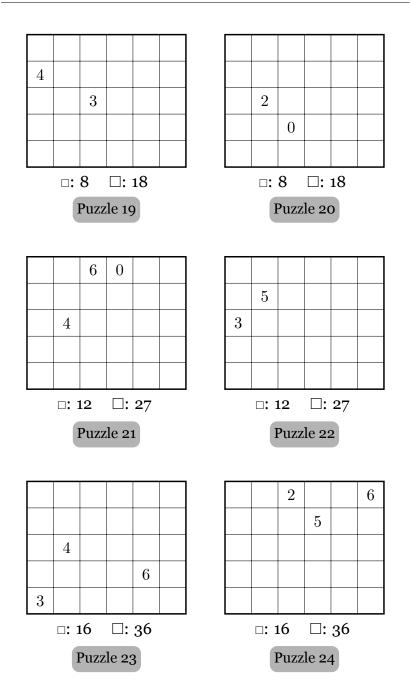


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	2	1	6	
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	Pu	zzle	111	
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				6	2				
	6	2			1				
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				2			4		
				4		4	3	4	
						1		1	
	2	1	6						
	1	2						6	
	Pu	zzle	111			Pu	zzle	112	
	5								2
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1		4						
	Puzz	de 99				Puzz	le 100	O
5								
5					4			
5	6				4			6
5	6	5			5			6
	6 Puzz		1		5	Puzz	le 102	
			1		5	Puzz	le 102	
			1		5	Puzz	le 102	

Solutions

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Solution 2

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Solution 5



Solution 1

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Solution 6

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Solution 12

Solution 11					
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10	Solution	

an integer between 0 and 4. - The flow from any cell to any of its neighbors is even number adds up to the number in the cell. The total amount of flow entering a cell with an

odd number adds up to the number in the cell.

- The total amount of flow leaving a cell with an

zontally or vertically) neighboring cells with an even • There is flow from cells with an odd number to (hori-

Two cells that are a knight's move away from each

(Horizontally or vertically) adjacent cells may not get

Each cell is filled with a number between 1 and 6.

other may not get the same number.

Example

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:noitulo2					

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7		ç							
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the same number.

Kules

Flow

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3	2	2	1	4		0	4	1	2	2		4	2	2		6	0
2	1	3	2	1		4	0	3	2	2		2	4	4		0	6
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7	0	5	1	6		7	0	6	5	2		5	1	7		3	3
0	5	2	4	1		2	7	3	2	7		4	6	2		4	6
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Solution 16 Solution 17								So	luti	on	18						
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\vdash	1 2	2 2	1 3 2	4		_	3 1 2	2 2	2 1 2 3	4		-	2	6	0	4	
4	1 2 3	2 2 2 2 3 1	1 3 2 1	4 0 3		4	3 1 2 3	2 2 2 2 3 1	2 1 2 3 2 2	4 0 3		5	2 3 4	6 1 4	0 5 2	4 3 2	1
4 1 2	1 2 3 1	2 2 2 2 3 1 0 4	1 3 2 1 3	4 0 3 2 2		1 2	3 1 2 3 1	2 2 2 2 3 1 0 4	2 1 2 3 2 2 4 1	4 0 3 2 2		5 0 6	2 3 4 2 3	6 1 4 2	0 5 2 4	4 3 2 4 3	1 6 0
4 1 2	1 2 3 1 1 Sol	2 2 2 2 3 1 0 4 4 0	1 1 3 2 2 1 1 3 3 3 1 2 2 1 5 5	4 0 3 2 2		1 2	3 1 2 3 1 1 Sol	2 2 2 2 3 1 0 4 4 0	2 1 2 3 2 2 4 1 1 3 3 3 6 6 6 2 6 4 6 6	4 0 3 2 2		5 0 6	2 3 4 2 3	6 1 4 2 5	0 5 2 4	4 3 2 4 3	1 6 0

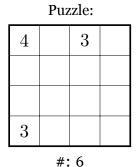
	96	uoi	յու	os				96	uoi	յու	os				† 6	uoj	յուլ	os	
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2 Pointers

Rules

- Each cell is filled with a 2, 3 or 4 or remains empty.
- The number of non-empty cells is given ("#").
- Non-empty cells are not (horizontally or vertically) adjacent.
- Each non-empty cell points to another non-empty cell, forming a single cycle.
 - An arrow from a cell with value n points to a cell that is n (horizontal/vertical) steps away.
- The arrows in the cycle all get a label based on their compass direction (N, NE, E, SE, S, SW, W, NW).
 - For example, a diagonal arrow from the bottom left to the top right gets label NE, and a vertical arrow going up gets label N.
- Subsequent arrows may not have the same label.
- An arrow may not go from a 2 to a 4, or vice versa.

Example



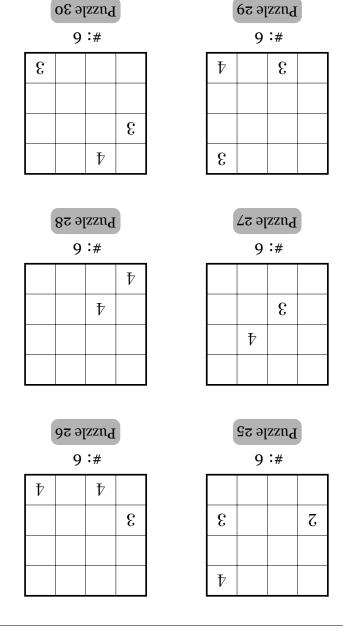
3 SE SW 3 SW 3 SW 2

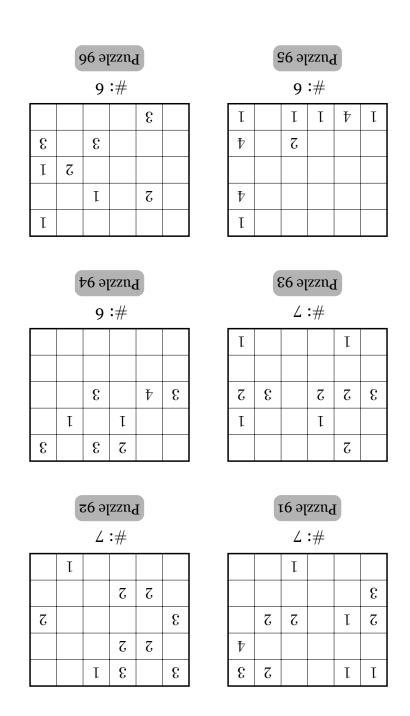
Solution:

(We will omit arrows.)

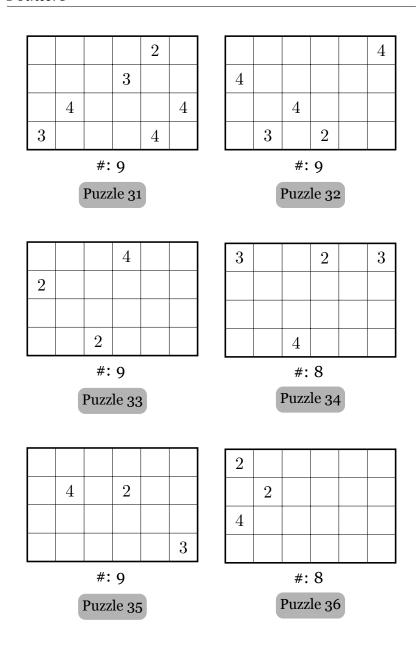
Solutions

4 1 3 2 3 1 3 2 3 2 4 4 4 1 1 2	2 2 3 2 1 4 4 2 1 3 1 1 2 2 4 3	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Solution 73	Solution 74	Solution 75
3 4 5 1 1 1 2 1 3 5 4 4 2 5 3 2	5 1 2 2 4 3 5 3 2 1 4 3 5 1 4 2	3 4 4 2 5 1 5 5 2 1 4 3 2 3 2 1
Solution 76	Solution 77	Solution 78
4 4 3 2 4 2 2 1 3 1 1 3 2 1 4 2 4 3 3 3 4 3 1 2	1 2 1 4 4 3 4 4 3 3 2 2 1 2 1 4 4 3 1 3 3 2 1 3	2 3 1 3 2 2 4 3 4 4 1 1 1 1 2 3 2 3 4 4 2 4 2 1
Solution 79	Solution 80	Solution 81
1 3 4 4 1 1 4 5 2 5 5 2 3 5 3 1 4 2 3 1 2 2 4 3	5 3 3 2 1 2 1 1 4 4 5 5 4 3 5 2 3 4 4 2 5 1 1 4	1 3 3 5 1 2 4 4 2 5 4 5 3 3 2 1 2 5 5 5 4 1 3 1
Solution 82	Solution 83	Solution 84

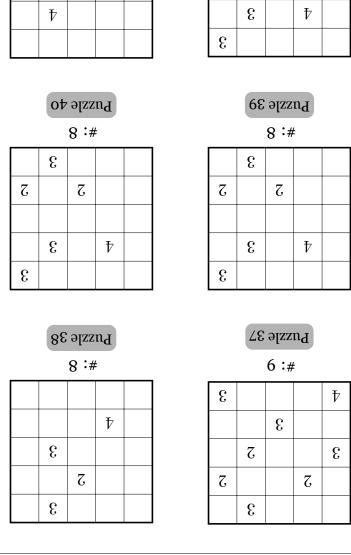




Counting Borders



1						1					
3							2				
1					-		1				
2					-		3	3			
		3	1	4	_	2				2	
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	Puzzle 85							#: 6			
	Pu	zzle	85				Pu	zzle	86		
				2]		3	1			
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Puzzle 41

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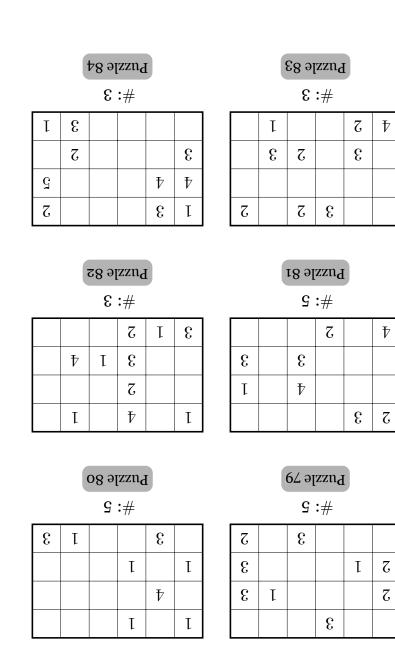
12

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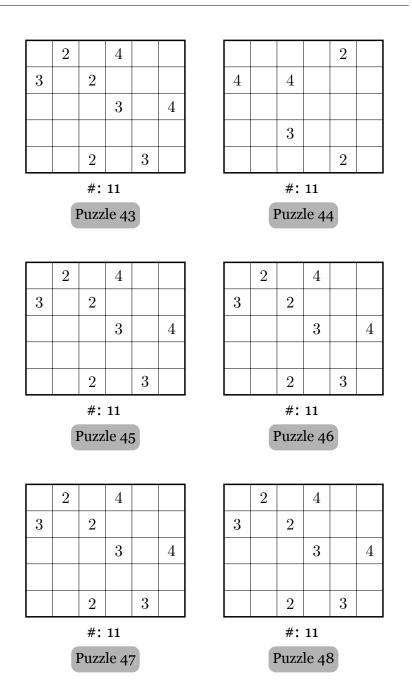
Puzzle 42

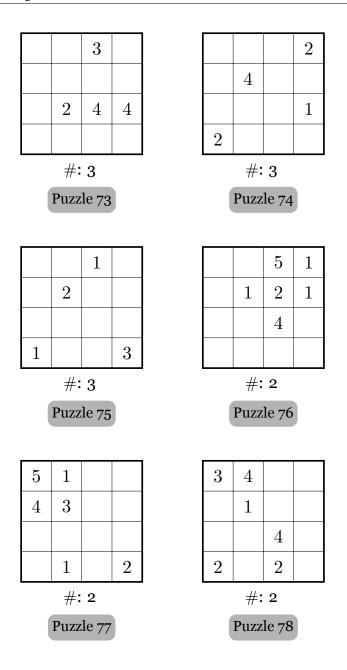
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Counting Borders





Solutions

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8		7	

Solution 29



Solution 28

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			ε			
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Solution 30

Solution 27

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	₽		7		
ε		7			ε

Solution 31

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				ε			
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solution:

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izontally or vertically).

• A number may not appear in three cells in a row (hor-

Diagonally adjacent cells may not contain the same

adjacent to each other (horizontally or vertically) must tal number of times that these numbers are directly • For each two different numbers that are used, the to-

whenever a number is used, all smaller numbers must • Not all numbers have to be used in the puzzle, but

Each cell is filled with a single number (1–5).

4 Counting Borders

be exactly a particular number (indicated by #).

Example

number.

also be used.

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Solution 72	2 7 1	O + 0
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3 Signsweeper

Rules

- Each cell is filled either with a zero, with a positive or negative number, with a positive mine (+), or with a negative mine (-).
- If a cell is filled with a number, this number should be the total number of (horizontally, vertically or diagonally) adjacent positive mines, minus the total number of (horizontally, vertically or diagonally) adjacent negative mines.
- Positive mines may not be diagonally adjacent to each other. Similarly for negative mines.
- A positive mine and a negative mine may not be horizontally or vertically adjacent to each other.
- The difference between the total number of positive mines and the total number of negative mines (or vice versa, if there are more negative mines) must be a particular number (indicated with Δ).

Example

Puzzle:

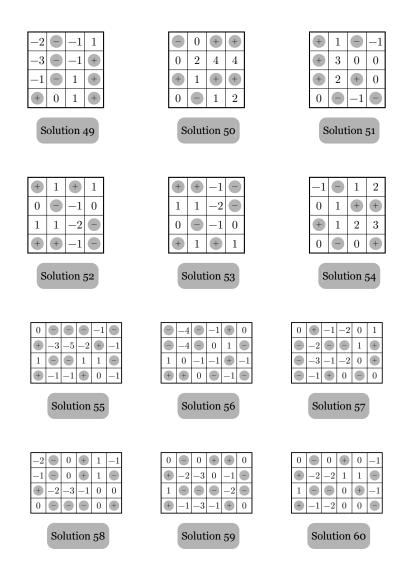
-1	
	1
2	

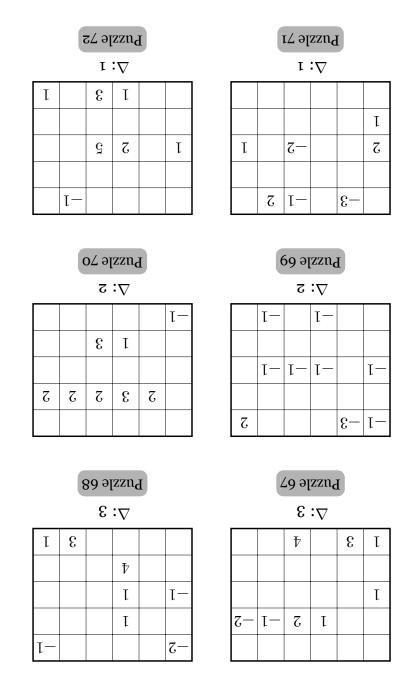
 Δ : 1

Solution:

	-1	0	
	0	+	1
0	2	+	1
+	2	0	

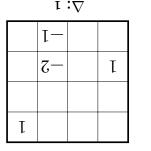
Solutions





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