## Customers:

cid character	name text	city text	discount numeric
c001	Tiptop	Duluth	10
c002	Tyrell	Dallas	12
c003	Allied	Dallas	8
c004	ACME	Duluth	8.5
c005	Weyland	Risa	0
c006	ACME	Kyoto	0

## Agents:

П	aid	name	city	commissi	
	character	text	text	numeric	
	a01	Smith	New York	6.5	
	a02	Jones	Newark	6	
	a03	Perry	Tokyo	7	
	a04	Grey	New York	6	
	a05	Otasi	Duluth	5	
	a06	Smith	Dallas	5	
	a08	Bond	London	7.07	

## Products:

pid character	name text	city text	quantity integer	priceusd numeric
p01	comb	Dallas	111400	0.5
p02	brush	Newark	203000	0.5
p03	razor	Duluth	150600	1
p04	pen	Duluth	125300	1
p05	pencil	Dallas	221400	1
p06	trapper	Dallas	123100	2
p07	case	Newark	100500	1
p08	eraser	Newark	200600	1.25

## Orders:

ordnumb integer	month character	cid character	aid character	pid character	qty integer	totalusd numeric
1011	Jan	c001	a01	p01	1000	450
1012	Jan	c002	a03	p03	1000	880
1015	Jan	c003	a03	p05	1200	1104
1016	Jan	c006	a01	p01	1000	500
1017	Feb	c001	a06	p03	600	540
1018	Feb	c001	a03	p04	600	540
1019	Feb	c001	a02	p02	400	180
1020	Feb	c006	a03	p07	600	600
1021	Feb	c004	a06	p01	1000	460
1022	Mar	c001	a05	p06	400	720
1023	Mar	c001	a04	p05	500	450
1024	Mar	c006	a06	p01	800	400
1025	Apr	c001	a05	p07	800	720
1026	May	c002	a05	p03	800	744

2)

Primary key: a database column that uniquely identifies all records in the table

Superkey: a combination of columns that uniquely identifies any row within a relational database.

Candidate key: a column, or set of columns, in a table that can uniquely identify any database record without referring to any other data

- 3) Musical scales: In each scale, certain notes are played while others are not, so in one scale, F sharp may be played, but not in another. The table would be named guitar scales, and the columns would be; notes, played and step. For data types, the notes would be strings and not nullable, played would be a boolean and nullable, and step would be a string and not nullable.
- 4) The first normal form rule: The data must be in a database table. The table stores information in rows and columns and must have a primary key to uniquely identify each row. Each row also cannot have repeating groups. This rule makes sure you have a relational database and a way to easily access the data.

The access rows by content only rule: Data may be displayed differently on different machines, so referring to it by other means is necessary to ensure that you are consistent for all users.

All rows must be unique: It guarantees row accessibility and prevents confusion in the database.