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1. Determine whether $g(x) = \frac{1}{x-3}$ is continuous at a=3. You must show that the 3 parts of the continuity definition are confirmed, or state for which parts it fails.

2. Determine whether

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2 - 4x + 3}{x - 3}, & \text{if } x \neq 3\\ 2, & \text{if } x = 3 \end{cases}$$

is continuous at a=3. You must show that the 3 parts of the continuity definition are confirmed, or state for which parts it fails.

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3. Evaluate $\lim_{x\to 0} \ln\left(\frac{3\sin x}{x}\right)$. Show each limit law applied (answers that do not do this will receive NO credit!)

4. Use the Intermediate Value Theorem to show that the equation

$$\sqrt{x^4 + 25x^3 + 10} = 5$$

has a solution on the interval (0,1). (Hint: See the worksheet solutions for an example as well as Example 3.4 in the *lesson notes*).

5. Use Definition 3.7 of the lesson notes to find the equation of the line tangent to the graph of $f(x) = -3x^2 - 5x + 1$ at P(1, -7).

6. Use Definition 3.6 of the lesson notes to find the equation of the line tangent to the graph of $f(x) = 8 - 2x^2$ at P(0,8).

For problems 7 and 8 you must use whichever version of the definition of the derivative is appropriate. (For those who have taken calculus before: results using the rules of differentiation will recieve no credit!)

7. (a) Find the derivative of $f(x) = 3x^2$.

(b) Find the equation of the line tangent to f(x) at x = 0.

8. (a) Find the derivative of $f(x) = \sqrt{x+2}$.

(b) Find the equation of the line tangent to the graph of f(x) at the point (a, f(a)) for a = 7.

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For problems 9 and 10: Determine whether the function is differentiable at the given value of x. If it is differentiable, find f'(x) at the given value of x. (Hint: your solution should involve analysis of the left and right derivatives! See the worksheet solutions for an example).

9. Is f(x) = |x - 1| differentiable at x = 1?

10. Is
$$g(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 + 1, & x \le 2 \\ 4x - 3, & x > 2 \end{cases}$$
 differentiable at $x = 2$?