

Sub-Team 2: **Modeling Travel-Related Sustainability Objectives: A Multi-Objective Approach**

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CREATING THE NEXT®

Study Optimization Solvers

- All members

Coding

- All members

Problem Addressed

- Limitations of traditional traffic assignment objectives
- How to ensure mobility, access, safety, and equity?
- Single-objective vs multi-objective

Objectives

- Study multiobjective optimization basics
- Model accessibility and safety equity
- Extend single objective model to multiobjective
- Coding in Python

Literature review

- All members

Model accessibility equity

- Tejas, Karan, Rohan, Michelle, Alex

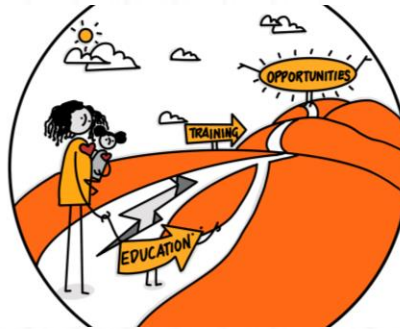
Model safety equity

- Tejas, Yeongbin, Iliyan

Learn about different optimization solvers



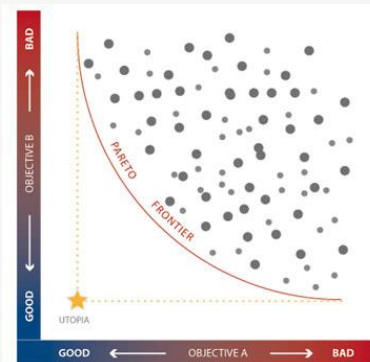
Model accessibility equity



Model safety equity



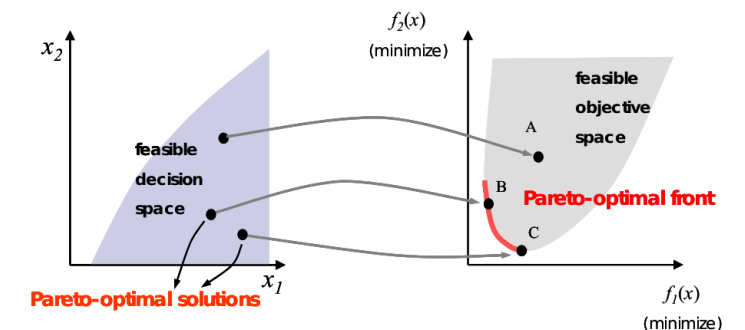
Formulate multiobjective model



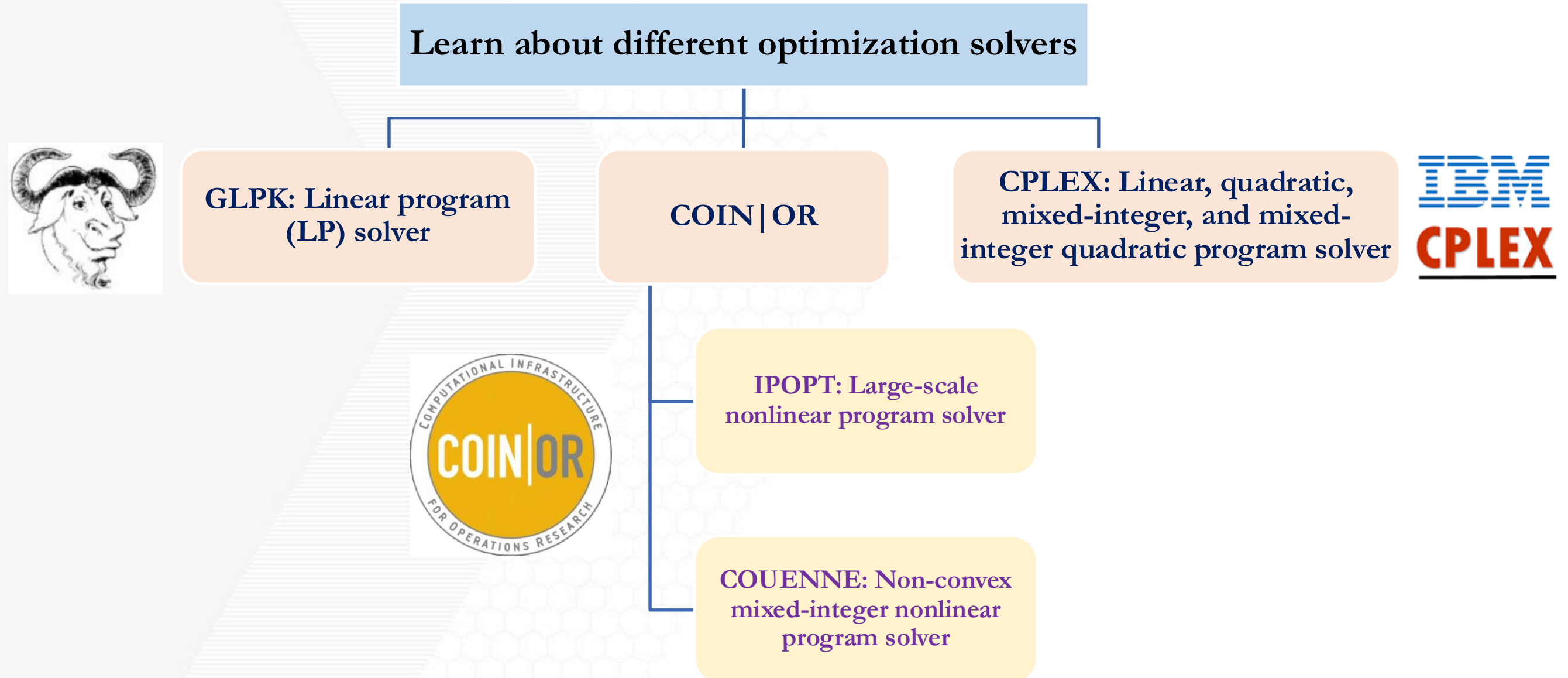
Pyomo coding and implementation



Study multiobjective optimization (MOO) basics



Activities and Work Completed



Activities and Work Completed

Model accessibility equity

Consider opportunities in each zone

Model equitable access to opportunities



Types of accessibility function:

- Gravity-based accessibility
- Distance-decay functions
- Cumulative opportunities

$$A_r = \sum_{s \in Z \setminus \{r\}} \frac{\sum_{k \in \mathcal{K}^{rs}} O_s e^{-T_k^{rs}}}{q_{rs}}$$

$$\min \sum_{r \in Z} \sum_{s \in Z \setminus \{r\}} |A_r - A_s|$$

Activities and Work Completed

Model safety equity

Estimate number
of accidents

Consider severity
of accidents

$$\lambda_r = \sum_{s \in \mathcal{Z} \setminus \{r\}} \frac{\sum_a \sum_{k \in \mathcal{K}^{rs}} S_a(x_a)^\theta \delta_{a,k}^{(r,s)}}{q^{rs}}$$

$$\min \sum_{r \in \mathcal{Z}} \sum_{s \in \mathcal{Z} \setminus \{r\}} |\lambda_r - \lambda_s|$$

Formulate MOO model

$$\min \sum_{(p,q) \in \mathcal{D} \setminus \{(r,s)\}} \left| \frac{\left(\sum_k \frac{T_k^{rs}}{L_k^{rs}} \right)}{|\mathcal{K}^{rs}|} - \frac{\left(\sum_k \frac{T_k^{pq}}{L_k^{rs}} \right)}{|\mathcal{K}^{pq}|} \right|$$

$$\min \sum_{(p,q) \in \mathcal{D} \setminus \{(r,s)\}} |A_r - A_s|$$

$$\min \sum_{(p,q) \in \mathcal{D} \setminus \{(r,s)\}} |\lambda_r - \lambda_s|$$

Subject to:

$$\sum_{k \in \mathcal{K}^{(r,s)}} f_k^{(r,s)} = q^{rs}, \forall (r,s) \in \mathcal{D}$$

$$x_a = \sum_{(r,s) \in \mathcal{D}} \sum_{k \in \mathcal{K}^{(r,s)}} f_k^{(r,s)} \delta_{a,k}^{(r,s)}, \forall a \in \mathcal{A}$$

$$T_k^{(r,s)} = \sum_a (t_a^0 (1 + x_a^2)) \delta_{a,k}^{(r,s)}, \forall k \in \mathcal{K}^{(r,s)}, \forall (r,s) \in \mathcal{D}$$

$$f_k^{(r,s)} \geq 0, \forall k \in \mathcal{K}^{(r,s)}, \forall (r,s) \in \mathcal{D}$$

Activities and Work Completed

Pyomo coding

Code organization

Use of *dictionaries* and *for* loops

Solver call

Parameters

Decision variables

Objectives

Constraints

```

#model
def setup_accessibility_model(nodes, od_demand, opportunities, travel_time):
    model = pyo.ConcreteModel()

    # Define the sets based on the inputs
    model.nodes = pyo.Set(initialize=nodes)
    model.od_pairs = pyo.Set(dimen=2, initialize=od_demand.keys())

    # Parameters
    model.opportunities = pyo.Param(model.nodes, initialize=opportunities)
    model.od_demand = pyo.Param(model.od_pairs, initialize=od_demand)
    model.travel_time = pyo.Param(model.od_pairs, initialize=travel_time)

    # Decision variables for accessibility measure
    model.accessibility = pyo.Var(model.nodes, within=NonNegativeReals)

    # Objective: Minimize the sum of absolute differences in accessibility between all pairs of nodes
    def objective_rule(m):
        return sum(abs(m.accessibility[r] - m.accessibility[s])
                    for r in m.nodes for s in m.nodes if r != s)
    model.objective = pyo.Objective(rule=objective_rule, sense=pyo.minimize)

    # Constraint: Definition of accessibility measure for each node
    def accessibility_rule(m, r):
        return m.accessibility[r] == sum(m.opportunities[s] * pyo.exp(-m.travel_time[r,s])
                                          / m.od_demand[r,s] for s in m.nodes if r != s)
    model.accessibility_constraint = pyo.Constraint(model.nodes, rule=accessibility_rule)

    return model
    
```

```

model = setup_accessibility_model(nodes, od_demand, opportunities, travel_time)
opt = SolverFactory('gurobi')
results = opt.solve(model)

for node in model.nodes:
    print('Accessibility of node {}: {}'.format(node, pyo.value(model.accessibility[node])))

print('Objective value (equity in accessibility):', pyo.value(model.objective))
    
```

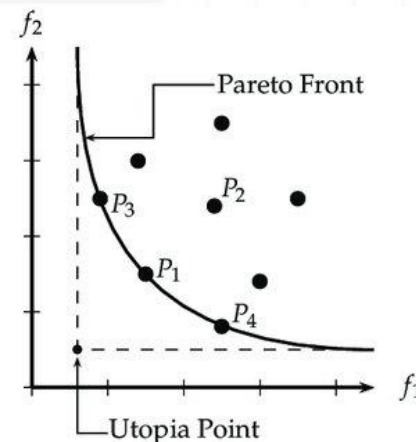
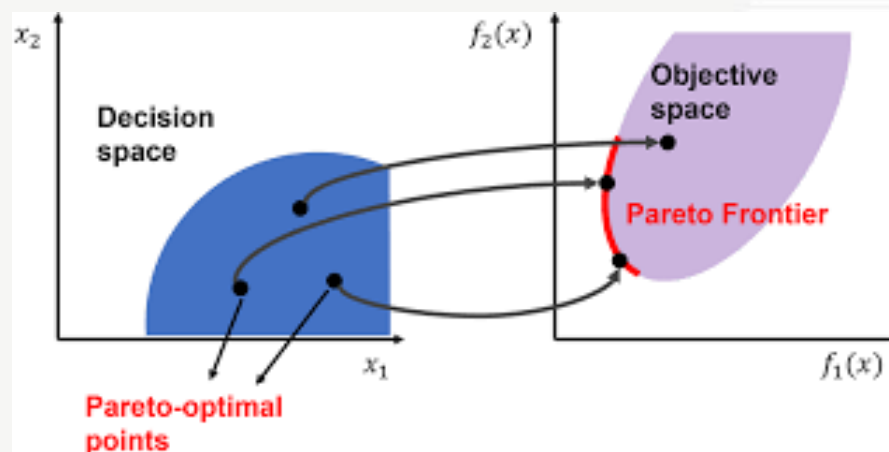
Solver call

Activities and Work Completed

Study MOO

Basics

- Decision space vs feasible criterion space
- Pareto solution and Utopia solution
- Pareto frontier



Solution methods

- Weighted-sum
- Weighted min-max
- Lexicographic

$$U = \sum_{i=1}^k w_i f_i(\mathbf{x}) \quad U = \max_i \left\{ w_i [f_i(\mathbf{x}) - f_i^*] \right\}$$

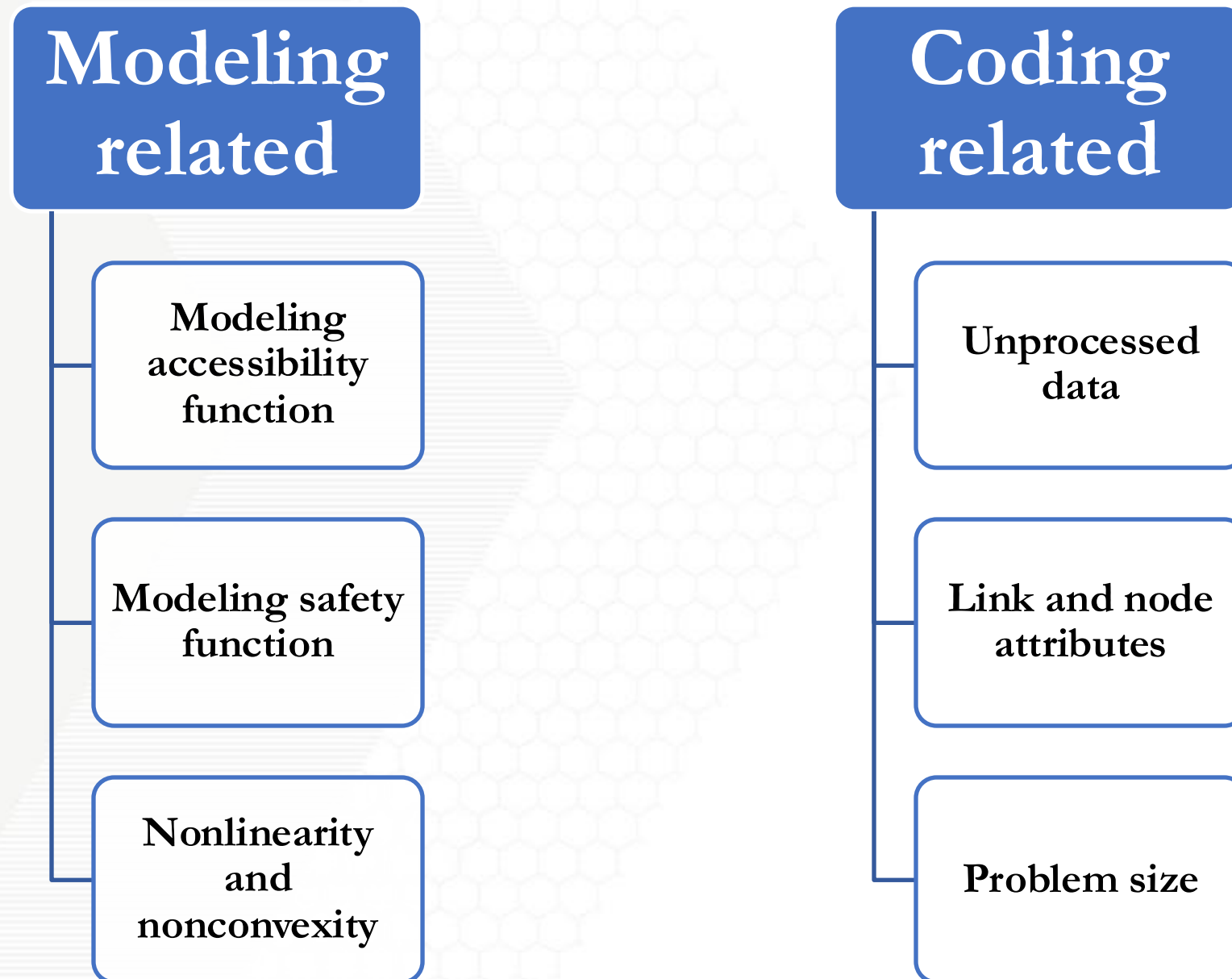
Minimize (for $i = 1$ to k):

$$f_i(\mathbf{x})$$

subject to:

$$f_j(\mathbf{x}) \leq f_j(\mathbf{x}_j^*); \quad j = 1 \text{ to } (i-1); \quad i > 1; \quad i = 1 \text{ to } k$$

Challenges



Lessons Learned/Skills Obtained

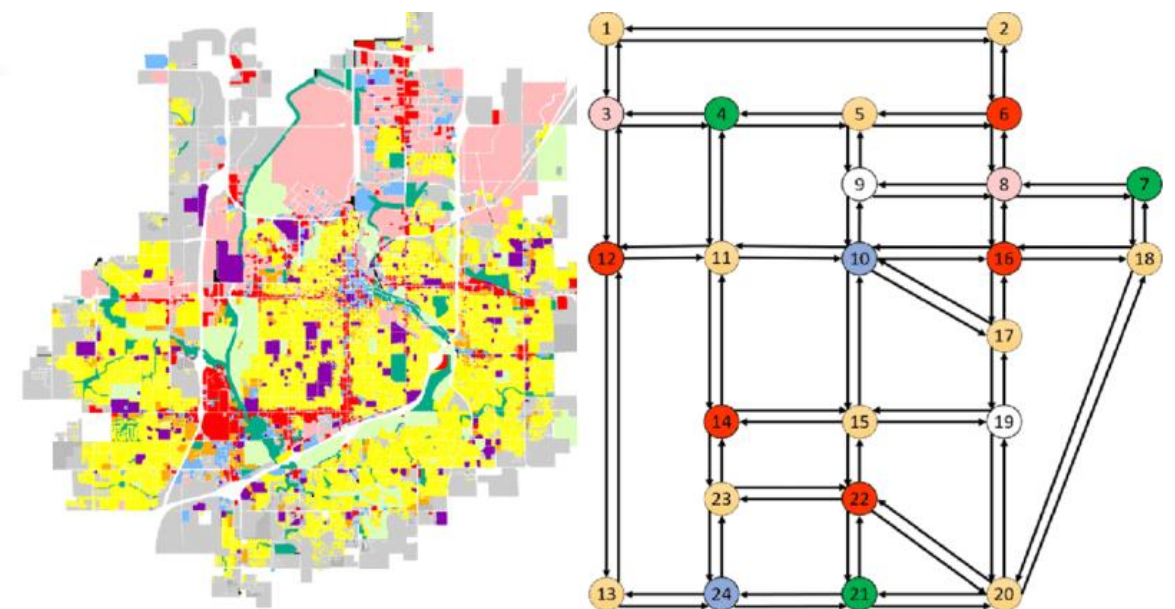
Learned optimization problem formulation basics

$$\begin{aligned}
 &\min_{x \in R^n} f(x) \\
 &s.t. g(x) \leq 0 \\
 &\quad h(x) = 0 \\
 &\quad x_L \leq x \leq x_U
 \end{aligned}$$

Familiarity with Pyomo and different solvers for optimization tasks



Gained insights into multiobjective traffic assignment and network modeling



Learned concise coding for different problem size



Learned to implement weighted-sum method for MOO

$$U = \sum_{i=1}^k w_i f_i(\mathbf{x})$$

Next Steps

- Finish modeling safety equity
- Model parameter calculations
- Solving the multiobjective model
 - Explore algorithms
 - Explore solvers



Questions?