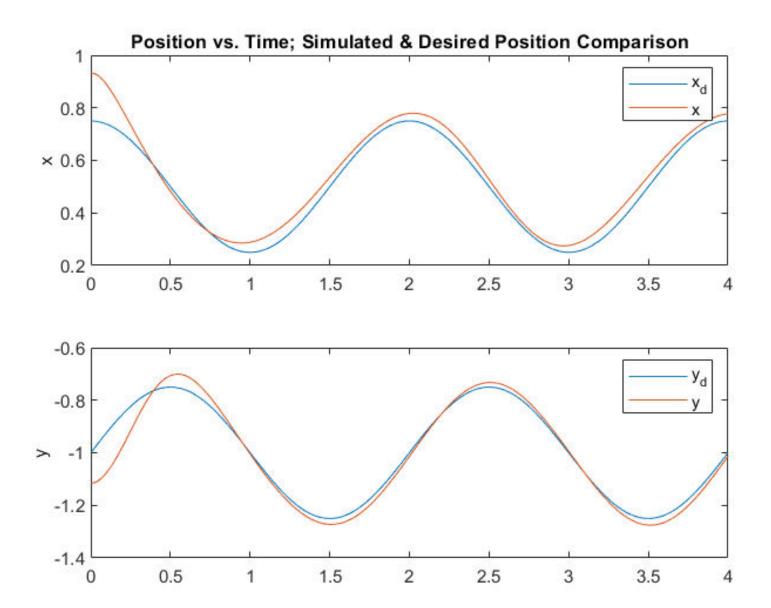
Ryan Dewsnap 32000408 CS403 HW7

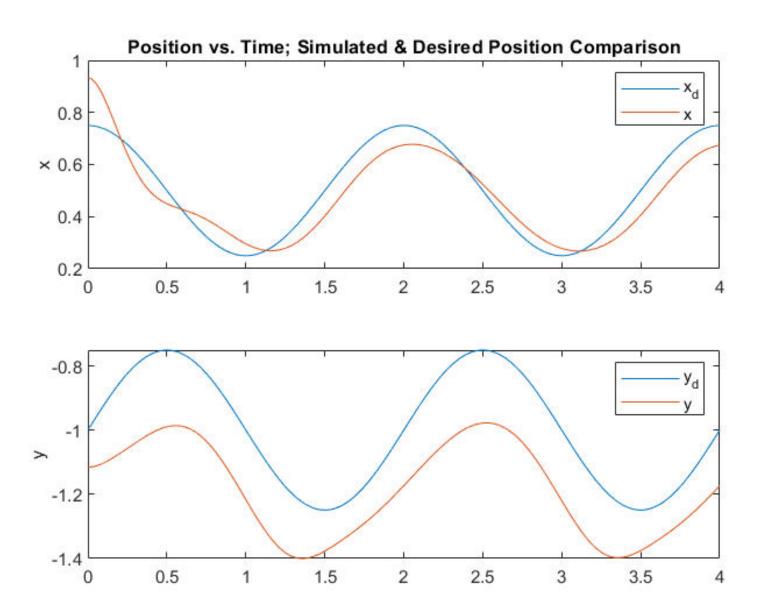
1.
$$\tau = J^{\top} \left[\Lambda \left(\ddot{\mathbf{r}}_C^d + K(\mathbf{r}_C^d - \mathbf{r}_C) + D(\dot{\mathbf{r}}_C^d - \dot{\mathbf{r}}_C) \right) + \mu + \rho \right]$$

Complete control law: Works as expected, end effector traces circle closely, desired and actual graphs are very close.



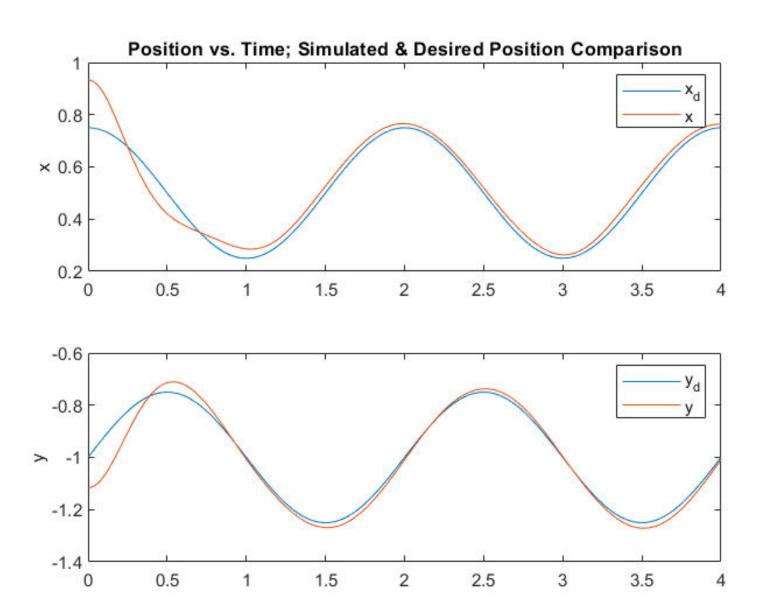
2.
$$\tau = J^T \left[\Lambda \left(\ddot{\mathbf{r}}_C^d + K(\mathbf{r}_C^d - \mathbf{r}_C) + D(\dot{\mathbf{r}}_C^d - \dot{\mathbf{r}}_C) \right) + \mu \right]$$

Rho is missing, gravity incorrectly accounted for causing a correct circle to be drawn in the wrong position.



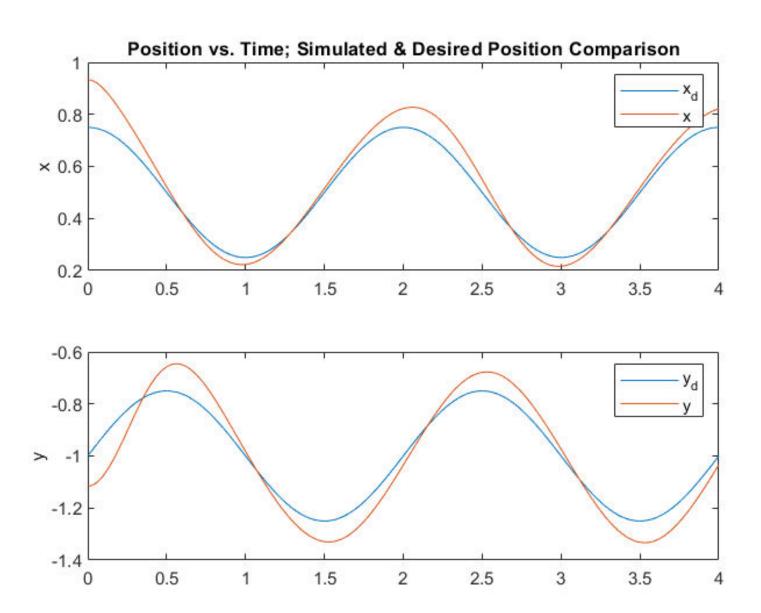
3.
$$\tau = J^T \left[\Lambda \left(\ddot{\mathbf{r}}_C^d + K(\mathbf{r}_C^d - \mathbf{r}_C) + D(\dot{\mathbf{r}}_C^d - \dot{\mathbf{r}}_C) \right) + \rho \right]$$

Mu is missing, this seems to affect the beginning adjustment made by the arm. Without mu, the movement is more unstable in the beginning and takes longer to converge with the target path.



4.
$$\tau = J^T \left[\Lambda \left(K(\mathbf{r}_C^d - \mathbf{r}_C) + D(\dot{\mathbf{r}}_C^d - \dot{\mathbf{r}}_C) \right) + \mu + \rho \right]$$

This control law excludes acceleration in lambda. The position is mostly off and draws a bigger circle than the target as it neglects those outward forces acting on it as it draws a circle.



```
1 clear all
 3 %% Paramter preparation
 4 syms th1 dth1 ddth1 th2 dth2 ddth2 real
 5 syms c1 11 c2 12 m1 I1 m2 I2 real
 6 syms g tau1 tau2 real
 8 q = [th1; th2];
9 dq = [dth1; dth2];
10 ddq = [ddth1; ddth2];
11
12 u = [tau1; tau2];
13 p = [c1; 11; c2; 12; m1; I1; m2; I2; g];
14
15 %% Unit Vectors
16 \text{ ihat} = [1; 0; 0];
17 \text{ jhat} = [0; 1; 0];
18 \text{ khat} = [0; 0; 1];
19
20 ahat = sin(th1)*ihat - cos(th1)*jhat;
21 bhat = sin(th1+th2)*ihat - cos(th1+th2)*jhat;
22
23 %% Kinematics
24 \text{ Rc1} = [c1*\sin(th1); -c1*\cos(th1); 0];
                                                                                           % COM1 ∠
25 Rc2 = [11*\sin(th1) + c2*\sin(th1+th2); -11*\cos(th1) - c2*\cos(th1+th2); 0]; % COM2 \checkmark
Position
26 R1 = 11*ahat;
                      % endpoint1 position
27 R2 = R1 + 12*bhat; % endpoint2 position
28
29 ddt = @(r) jacobian(r, [q; dq])*[dq; ddq];
30
31 \text{ v1} = \text{ddt}(\text{Rc1});
32 v2 = ddt(Rc2); % COM velocities
33
34 %% Kinetic and Potential engergy
35 T1 = 1/2*m1*dot(v1, v1) + 1/2*I1*(dth1)^2;
36 \text{ T2} = \frac{1}{2 \cdot \text{m2} \cdot \text{dot}(\text{v2}, \text{v2})} + \frac{1}{2 \cdot \text{I2} \cdot \text{(dth1+dth2)}}
37 T = T1 + T2;
                                        % Total kinetic
38
39 V1 = m1*g*dot(Rc1, -(-jhat));
40 V2 = m2*g*dot(Rc2, -(-jhat));
41 \ V = V1 + V2;
                                        % Total potential
42
43 %% Generalized Force
44 Q = [tau1; tau2];
45
46 %% Lagrange equation
47 L = T - V;
```

```
48 g = ddt(jacobian(L,dq).') - jacobian(L,q).' - Q;
49
50 A = simplify(jacobian(g,ddq));
51 b = simplify(A*ddq - g);
52
53 gravity = simplify(jacobian(V,q)).';
54 coriolis = simplify(-b - gravity + Q);
55
56 z = [q; dq];
57 dz = [dq; ddq];
58
59 rA = [11*sin(th1); -11*cos(th1)];
60 rB = [11*\sin(th1) + 12*\sin(th1+th2); -11*\cos(th1) - 12*\cos(th1+th2)];
61 keypoints = [rA rB];
62
63 J B = jacobian(rB, q);
64 J B dot = reshape(ddt(J B(:)), size(J B));
65 vB = J B*dq;
66
67 %% Save files
68 matlabFunction(A, 'file', 'A pend', 'var', {z p});
69 matlabFunction(b, 'file', 'b pend', 'var', {z u p});
70 matlabFunction(keypoints, 'file', 'keypoints pend', 'var', {z p});
71 matlabFunction(J B, 'file', 'Jacobian_rB','var',{z p});
72 matlabFunction(vB, 'file', 'velocity_rB','var',{z p});
73 matlabFunction(gravity, 'file', 'grav pend', 'var', {z p});
74 matlabFunction(coriolis, 'file', 'coriolis pend', 'var', {z p});
75 matlabFunction(J B dot, 'file', 'Jdot rB', 'var', {z p});
```

```
1 function u = controller(z, param, x_des, dx_des, ddx_des)
      % ****** Implement your controller ******
 3
     keypoints = keypoints pend(z, param);
 4
     rB = keypoints(:,2);
 5
     err_position = x_des - rB;
 6
7
     vB = velocity rB(z, param);
8
     err velocity = dx des - vB;
9
10
     J B = Jacobian rB(z, param);
11
12
     Kp = 50;
13
     Kd = 5;
     command = (ddx des + Kp*err position + Kd*err velocity); % command for Lambda
14 %
      command = (Kp*err position + Kd*err velocity); % for last ctrl law
15
16
17
     % Oscillation
18
     dim = length(z);
     M = A pend(z, param);
19
20
     z vel zero = z;
21
     z vel zero (\dim/2+1:end) = zeros (\dim/2, 1);
22
     u zero = zeros(size(command));
23
     grav = -b pend(z vel zero, u zero, param);
      coriolis = -b pend(z, u zero, param) - grav;
24
25
      Jdot = Jdot_rB(z, param);
26
27
     Lambda_inv = J_B*inv(M)*J B.';
28
     Lambda = inv(Lambda inv);
29
     mu = Lambda*J_B*inv(M)*coriolis - Lambda*Jdot*z(dim/2+1:end);
30
     rho = Lambda*J B*inv(M)*grav;
31
32
     %% Force commands
33
     F = Lambda*command + mu + rho;
34 % F = Lambda*command + mu;
      F = Lambda*command + rho;
35 %
36
37
     u = J B.'*F;
38 end
```

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