

Contest

template.cpp

```
1 // Kactl Template
2 #include <bits/stdc++.h>
3 using namespace std;
4
5 #define rep(i, a, b) for (int i = a; i <
6     (b); ++i)
7 #define all(x) begin(x), end(x)
8 #define sz(x) (int)(x).size()
9 #define ln "\n"
10
11 typedef long long ll;
12 typedef pair<int, int> pii;
13 typedef vector<int> vint;
14
15 int main() {
16     cin.tie(0)->sync_with_stdio(0);
17     cin.exceptions(cin.failbit);
18
19     int t;
20     cin >> t;
21     while (t-->0) {
22         return 0;
23     }
```

Graph

DSU.cpp

```
1 struct DSU {
2     vint e;
3     DSU(int n) : e(n, -1) {}
4     bool sameSet(int a, int b) { return
5         find(a) == find(b); }
6     int size(int x) { return -e[find(x)]; }
7     int find(int x) { return e[x] < 0 ? x :
8         e[x] = find(e[x]); }
9     bool join(int a, int b) {
10         a = find(a), b = find(b);
11         if (a == b)
12             return false;
13         if (e[a] > e[b])
14             swap(a, b);
15         e[a] += e[b];
16         e[b] = a;
17         return true;
18     }
19 };
```

Kruskal.cpp

```
1 typedef pair<int, pair<int, int>> Edge;
2 // {weight, {vertex1, vertex2}}
3
4 int kruskal(int n, vector<Edge> &edges) {
5     DSU dsu(n);
6     sort(edges.begin(), edges.end()); //
7     // sort by weight
8     int totalWeight = 0;
9     for (const auto &edge : edges) {
10         int weight = edge.first;
11         int u = edge.second.first;
12         int v = edge.second.second;
13         if (!dsu.sameSet(u, v)) {
14             dsu.join(u, v);
15             totalWeight += weight;
16         }
17     }
18     return totalWeight;
19 }
```

MaxFlow.cpp

```
1 #include <climits>
2 #include <cstdint>
3
4 struct flow_graph {
5     int MAX_V, E, s, t, head, tail;
6     int *cap, *to, *next, *last, *dist, *q,
7         *now;
8
9     flow_graph() {}
10
11     flow_graph(int V, int MAX_E) {
12         MAX_V = V;
13         E = 0;
14         cap = new int[2 * MAX_E], to = new
15             int[2 * MAX_E],
16         next = new int[2 * MAX_E], last = new int[MAX_V], q = new
17             int[MAX_V], dist = new int[MAX_V],
18         now = new int[MAX_V];
19         fill(last, last + MAX_V, -1);
20     }
21
22     void clear() {
23         fill(last, last + MAX_V, -1);
24         E = 0;
25     }
26
27     void add_edge(int u, int v, int uv, int
28         vu = 0) {
29         to[E] = v, cap[E] = uv, next[E] =
30             last[u];
```

```
31 last[u] = E++;
32 to[E] = u, cap[E] = vu, next[E] =
33     last[v];
34 last[v] = E++;
35 }
36
37 bool bfs() {
38     fill(dist, dist + MAX_V, -1);
39     head = tail = 0;
40
41     q[tail] = t;
42     ++tail;
43     dist[t] = 0;
44
45     while (head < tail) {
46         int v = q[head];
47         ++head;
48
49         for (int e = last[v]; e != -1; e =
50             next[e]) {
51             if (cap[e] > 0 && dist[to[e]] ==
52                 -1) {
53                 q[tail] = to[e];
54                 ++tail;
55                 dist[to[e]] = dist[v] + 1;
56             }
57         }
58     }
59
60     return dist[s] != -1;
61 }
62
63 int dfs(int v, int f) {
64     if (v == t)
65         return f;
66
67     for (int &e = now[v]; e != -1; e =
68         next[e]) {
69         if (cap[e] > 0 && dist[to[e]] ==
70             dist[v] - 1) {
71             int ret = dfs(to[e], min(f,
72                 cap[e]));
73             if (ret > 0) {
74                 cap[e] -= ret;
75                 cap[e ^ 1] += ret;
76                 return ret;
77             }
78         }
79     }
80     return 0;
81 }
82
83 long long max_flow(int source, int
84     sink) {
85     s = source;
86     t = sink;
87     long long f = 0;
```

```

77     int x;
78
79     while (bfs()) {
80         for (int i = 0; i < MAX_V; ++i)
81             now[i] = last[i];
82
83         while (true) {
84             x = dfs(s, INT_MAX);
85             if (x == 0)
86                 break;
87             f += x;
88         }
89     }
90
91     return f;
92 }
93 } G;
94
95 int main() {
96     int V, E, u, v, c;
97     scanf("%d %d", &V, &E);
98
99     G = flow_graph(V, E);
100
101     for (int i = 0; i < E; ++i) {
102         scanf("%d %d %d", &u, &v, &c);
103         G.add_edge(u - 1, v - 1, c, c);
104     }
105
106     printf("%lld\n", G.max_flow(0, V - 1));
107     return 0;
108 }

```

Trie.cpp

```

1  struct node {
2      vector<node *> ch;
3      bool isWord = false;
4      int cnt = 0;
5
6      node() { ch = vector<node *>(26,
7          nullptr); }
8
9      void insert(string &s, int idx) {
10         cnt++;
11         if (idx == sz(s)) {
12             isWord = true;
13             return;
14         }
15         int edge = s[idx] - 'a';
16         if (!ch[edge])
17             ch[edge] = new node();
18         ch[edge]->insert(s, idx + 1);
19     }

```

```

20     bool find(string &s, int idx) {
21         if (idx == sz(s))
22             return isWord;
23         int edge = s[idx] - 'a';
24         if (!ch[edge])
25             return false;
26         return ch[edge]->find(s, idx + 1);
27     }
28
29     int count(string &s, int idx) {
30         if (idx == sz(s))
31             return cnt;
32         int edge = s[idx] - 'a';
33         if (!ch[edge])
34             return 0;
35         return ch[edge]->count(s, idx + 1);
36     }
37 };

```

Math

BinaryExpo.cpp

```

1  ll b_exp(ll a, ll b) {
2      if (b == 0 or a == 1)
3          return 1;
4      return ((ll)(b % 2 == 1 ? a : 1) *
5          (ll)expo((a * a) % MOD, b / 2)) %
6          MOD;
7  }

```

CombinationUnderMod.cpp

```

1  vlong fact(3e5);
2
3  ll MOD = 1e9 + 7;
4
5  fact[0] = 1;
6  rep(i, 1, sz(fact)) fact[i] = (i * fact[i
7      - 1]) % MOD;
8
9  ll C(int n, int k) {
10     if (k > n)
11         return 0;
12     return ((fact[n] * inverse_mod(fact[k])
13         % MOD * inverse_mod(fact[n - k]))
14         % MOD;
15 }
16
17 ll inv_mod(int n) { return b_exp(n, MOD -
18     2); }

```

MatrixExpo.cpp

```

1  const ll MOD = 1e9 + 7;
2
3  vulong multMat(vulong const &a, vulong
4      const &b) {
5      int n = sz(a);
6      vulong ans = vvint(n, vint(n));
7      rep(i, 0, n) {
8          rep(j, 0, n) {
9              rep(k, 0, n) { ans[i][j] +=
10                  (a[i][k] * b[k][j]) % MOD; }
11              ans[i][j] %= MOD;
12          }
13      }
14      return ans;
15 }
16
17 vulong matrixExpo(vulong const &base, ll
18     n) {
19     if (n == 1) {
20         return base;
21     }
22     vulong matrix = matrixExpo(base, n / 2);
23     if (n % 2 == 0) {
24         return multMat(matrix, matrix);
25     } else {
26         return multMat(multMat(matrix,
27             matrix), base);
28     }
29 }

```

PrimeFactorization.cpp

```

1  set<int> pf(int n) {
2      set<int> f;
3      for (int i = 2; i * i <= n; i++)
4          while (n % i == 0)
5              f.insert(i), n /= i;
6      if (n > 1)
7          f.insert(n);
8      return f;
9  }
10
11 vint factor(ll num) {
12     vint facs;
13     for (int div = 2; div * div < num;
14         div++) {
15         // OR loop through all primes
16         while (num % div == 0) {
17             num /= div;
18             facs.pb(div);
19         }
20     }
21 }

```

```

20     return facts;
21 }

```

String

InverseMod+RollingHash.cpp

```

1  ll compute_hash(const string &s) {
2      int p = 31;
3      ll hash_value = 0;
4      ll p_pow = 1;
5      for (char c : s) {
6          hash_value = (hash_value + (c - 'a' +
7                               1) * p_pow) % MOD;
8          p_pow = (p_pow * p) % MOD;
9      }
10     return hash_value;
11 }
12
13 int suffixCount(std::string S, int L) {
14     string suffix = S.substr(sz(S) - L,
15                             sz(S));
16     ll problem = compute_hash(suffix);
17
18     string substring = S.substr(0, L);
19     ll start = compute_hash(substring);
20
21     ll count = 0;
22     if (start == problem)
23         count++;
24
25     rep(i, L, sz(S)) {
26         start -= (S[i - L] - 'a' + 1);
27         start = start * inv_mod(31) % MOD;
28         start += (S[i] - 'a' + 1) *
29                 (ll)pow(31, L - 1) % MOD;
30
31         if (start == problem)
32             count++;
33     }
34     return count;
35 }

```