```
library(readr)
library(data.table)
library(corrplot)
```

```
## corrplot 0.90 loaded
```

## library(caret)

```
## Loading required package: lattice
```

```
## Loading required package: ggplot2
```

## library(ROCR)

```
abaloneURl = "https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/machine-learning-databases/abalone/abalone.data"
abaloneData = fread(abaloneURl, header = FALSE)
abaloneHeader = c("Sex","Length","Diameter","Height","Whole weight","Shucked weight","Viscera we
ight","Shell weight","Rings")
colnames(abaloneData) = abaloneHeader
#Display Summary:
summary(abaloneData)
```

```
##
                            Length
                                           Diameter
                                                              Height
        Sex
    Length:4177
                       Min.
                               :0.075
                                                          Min.
                                                                 :0.0000
##
                                        Min.
                                               :0.0550
##
    Class :character
                       1st Qu.:0.450
                                        1st Qu.:0.3500
                                                          1st Qu.:0.1150
##
    Mode :character
                       Median :0.545
                                        Median :0.4250
                                                          Median :0.1400
##
                       Mean
                               :0.524
                                        Mean
                                               :0.4079
                                                          Mean
                                                                 :0.1395
##
                       3rd Qu.:0.615
                                        3rd Qu.:0.4800
                                                          3rd Qu.:0.1650
                               :0.815
                                                                 :1.1300
##
                       Max.
                                        Max.
                                               :0.6500
                                                          Max.
##
    Whole weight
                     Shucked weight
                                       Viscera weight
                                                          Shell weight
##
   Min.
           :0.0020
                     Min.
                             :0.0010
                                       Min.
                                              :0.0005
                                                         Min.
                                                                :0.0015
##
    1st Qu.:0.4415
                     1st Qu.:0.1860
                                       1st Qu.:0.0935
                                                         1st Qu.:0.1300
    Median :0.7995
                     Median :0.3360
                                       Median :0.1710
                                                         Median :0.2340
##
##
    Mean
           :0.8287
                     Mean
                             :0.3594
                                       Mean
                                              :0.1806
                                                         Mean
                                                                :0.2388
##
    3rd Qu.:1.1530
                     3rd Qu.:0.5020
                                       3rd Qu.:0.2530
                                                         3rd Qu.:0.3290
##
    Max.
           :2.8255
                     Max.
                             :1.4880
                                       Max.
                                              :0.7600
                                                         Max.
                                                                :1.0050
##
        Rings
   Min.
##
           : 1.000
   1st Qu.: 8.000
##
   Median : 9.000
##
##
   Mean
          : 9.934
    3rd Qu.:11.000
##
   Max.
           :29.000
##
```

```
#Returns the indices when the following condition is true in which()
condition = which(abaloneData$Sex!="I")
#All the Rows with Sex = I are removed
abaloneData2 = abaloneData[condition]
#check for all sex categories in new dataset:
unique(abaloneData2$Sex)
```

```
## [1] "M" "F"
```

#As the response variable need to be numeric, converting categorical Sex to a factor
abaloneData2\$Sex = factor(abaloneData2\$Sex)
#check for the change:
str(abaloneData2)

```
2835 obs. of 9 variables:
## Classes 'data.table' and 'data.frame':
                   : Factor w/ 2 levels "F", "M": 2 2 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 ...
## $ Sex
## $ Length
                   : num 0.455 0.35 0.53 0.44 0.53 0.545 0.475 0.55 0.525 0.43 ...
## $ Diameter
                 : num 0.365 0.265 0.42 0.365 0.415 0.425 0.37 0.44 0.38 0.35 ...
                  : num 0.095 0.09 0.135 0.125 0.15 0.125 0.125 0.15 0.14 0.11 ...
## $ Height
## $ Whole weight : num 0.514 0.226 0.677 0.516 0.777 ...
## $ Shucked weight: num 0.2245 0.0995 0.2565 0.2155 0.237 ...
## $ Viscera weight: num 0.101 0.0485 0.1415 0.114 0.1415 ...
## $ Shell weight : num 0.15 0.07 0.21 0.155 0.33 0.26 0.165 0.32 0.21 0.135 ...
## $ Rings
                   : int 15 7 9 10 20 16 9 19 14 10 ...
## - attr(*, ".internal.selfref")=<externalptr>
```

```
#Creating 80-20 Training Testing Split, createDataPartition() returns the indices
trainIndex = createDataPartition(y = abaloneData2$Sex, p = 0.8, list = FALSE)
#Training data
trainData = abaloneData2[trainIndex,]
#Testing data (note the minus sign)
testData = abaloneData2[-trainIndex,]
```

```
#Predicting Sex using glm
model <- glm(Sex~.,family=binomial,data=trainData)
#Summary of our model
summary(model)</pre>
```

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Sex ~ ., family = binomial, data = trainData)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
                1Q Median
##
      Min
                                 3Q
                                         Max
## -1.8422 -1.2014 0.8803 1.1195
                                      1.4946
##
## Coefficients:
##
                    Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
                                         5.306 1.12e-07 ***
## (Intercept)
                    2.746856
                              0.517707
## Length
                   -1.404160 2.281488 -0.615 0.53825
## Diameter
                   -5.595478
                              2.738485 -2.043 0.04103 *
## Height
                   -1.457616
                             2.549472 -0.572 0.56750
## `Whole weight`
                    0.239246
                              0.845490
                                        0.283 0.77720
## `Shucked weight` 2.877994 1.007477
                                        2.857 0.00428 **
                             1.420058 -1.526 0.12696
## `Viscera weight` -2.167277
## `Shell weight`
                   -0.230110
                              1.320678 -0.174 0.86168
                   -0.001951
## Rings
                              0.017841 -0.109 0.91290
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 3131.7 on 2268 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 3072.8 on 2260 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 3090.8
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
```

```
#Coefficients of our model coef(model)
```

```
##
        (Intercept)
                               Length
                                              Diameter
                                                                 Height
##
        2.746855671
                        -1.404159621
                                          -5.595477554
                                                           -1.457616395
##
     `Whole weight` `Shucked weight` `Viscera weight`
                                                         `Shell weight`
##
        0.239245893
                         2.877993519
                                          -2.167277467
                                                           -0.230110287
##
              Rings
##
       -0.001951414
```

```
#Confidence Interval
confint(model)
```

```
## Waiting for profiling to be done...
```

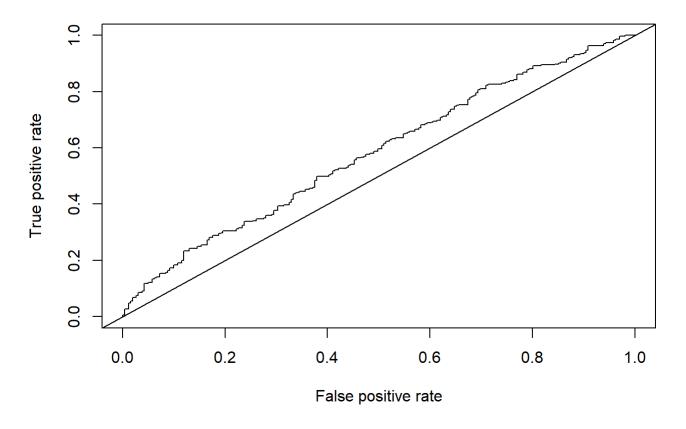
```
2.5 %
                                     97.5 %
##
                     1.74607346 3.77677275
## (Intercept)
## Length
                    -5.87792848 3.07173332
## Diameter
                   -10.98329493 -0.23982555
## Height
                    -6.46211360 3.60035582
## `Whole weight`
                    -1.41975707 1.90635573
## `Shucked weight`
                     0.90691967 4.86416179
## `Viscera weight` -4.96292146 0.61144730
## `Shell weight`
                    -2.83273830 2.35616736
## Rings
                    -0.03694459 0.03303912
```

From the above observations for confidence interval, we can see that, all the predictors, except the "Shucked Weight" contain 0 within their confidence interval range which is in line with the basic assumption of Null Hypothesis which says, No relationship between X and Y. The only attribute with a substantially low p-value is "Shucked Weight" with a p-value of 0.00105 and all the other attributes have a high p-value. Thus, we can conclude that, there is no relationship between the predictors and the response variable (except the "Shucked Weight") and Null Hypothesis holds true for all the predictors except the "Shucked Weight". Hence Shucked Weight is the only predictor which is relevant.

```
#Predict [By setting the parameter type='response', R will output probabilities in the form of P (y=1|X)] probs = predict(model, testData, type = "response") #Using a 50% cut-off factor i.e probabilities > 0.5 are Males and rest are Females resultSet = ifelse(probs > 0.5, "M", "F") resultSet2 = factor(resultSet) #Creating a confusion matrix confusionMatrix(resultSet2, testData$Sex)
```

```
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
             Reference
              F
## Prediction
##
            F 101 93
##
            M 160 212
##
##
                  Accuracy: 0.553
                    95% CI: (0.511, 0.5945)
##
      No Information Rate : 0.5389
##
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 0.2638
##
##
##
                     Kappa : 0.0836
##
##
   Mcnemar's Test P-Value : 3.334e-05
##
               Sensitivity: 0.3870
##
##
               Specificity: 0.6951
            Pos Pred Value : 0.5206
##
            Neg Pred Value : 0.5699
##
                Prevalence : 0.4611
##
            Detection Rate: 0.1784
##
##
      Detection Prevalence : 0.3428
##
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.5410
##
          'Positive' Class : F
##
##
```

```
#Plotting the ROC Curve
roc.pred = prediction(probs,testData$Sex)
roc.perf = performance(roc.pred, measure = "tpr", x.measure = "fpr")
plot(roc.perf)
abline(0,1)
```



```
auc.perf = performance(roc.pred, measure = "auc")
cat("Area Under the Curve: ")
```

## Area Under the Curve:

auc.perf@y.values

```
## [[1]]
## [1] 0.5799259
```

```
#Plotting the correlations between the predictors
cm = cor(abaloneData2[,-1])
corrplot(cm, method = "number")
```

	Length	Diameter	Height	Whole weight	Shucked weight	Viscera weight	Shell weight	Rings	<b>—</b> 1
Length	1.00	0.98	0.70	0.92	0.89	0.89	0.87	0.31	- 0.8
Diameter	0.98	1.00	0.71	0.92	0.87	0.88	0.88	0.34	- 0.6
Height	0.70	0.71	1.00	0.72	0.66	0.69	0.71	0.33	- 0.4
Whole weight	0.92	0.92	0.72	1.00	0.96	0.95	0.93	0.33	0.2
Shucked weight	0.89	0.87	0.66	0.96	1.00	0.90	0.82	0.17	-0.2
Viscera weight	0.89	0.88	0.69	0.95	0.90	1.00	0.85	0.28	0.4
Shell weight	0.87	0.88	0.71	0.93	0.82	0.85	1.00	0.47	0.6
Rings	0.31	0.34	0.33	0.33	0.17	0.28	0.47	1.00	0.8

The above figure clearly shows that there is a positive linear connection for all factors. Only the Rings predictor has a weak uphill (positive) association, whereas the others have a high uphill (positive) relationship.

## #Problem 2

```
library(data.table) #Data Import
library(e1071) #Naive Bayes
```

```
#Setting up the URL for data import
mushroomURL = "https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/machine-learning-databases/mushroom/agaricus-lepio
ta.data"
mushroomData = fread(mushroomURL,header=FALSE)
#Adding the headers
mushroomHeader = c("Class","cap-shape","cap-surface","cap-color","bruises","odor","gill-attachme
nt","gill-spacing","gill-size","gill-color","stalk-shape","stalk-root","stalk-surface-above-rin
g","stalk-surface-below-ring","stalk-color-above-ring","stalk-color-below-ring","veil-type","vei
l-color","ring-number","ring-type","spore-print-color","population","habitat")
colnames(mushroomData) = mushroomHeader
#Display Summary:
summary(mushroomData)
```

```
##
                        cap-shape
                                          cap-surface
                                                              cap-color
       Class
    Length:8124
                       Length:8124
                                          Length:8124
##
                                                             Length:8124
##
   Class :character
                       Class :character
                                          Class :character
                                                             Class :character
##
   Mode :character
                      Mode :character
                                          Mode :character
                                                             Mode :character
##
      bruises
                           odor
                                          gill-attachment
                                                             gill-spacing
   Length:8124
                      Length:8124
                                          Length:8124
                                                             Length:8124
##
                      Class :character
##
   Class :character
                                          Class :character
                                                             Class :character
##
   Mode :character
                      Mode :character
                                          Mode :character
                                                             Mode :character
##
    gill-size
                       gill-color
                                          stalk-shape
                                                              stalk-root
   Length:8124
                       Length:8124
                                          Length:8124
                                                             Length:8124
##
   Class :character
                      Class :character
##
                                          Class :character
                                                             Class :character
   Mode :character
                      Mode :character
                                          Mode :character
                                                             Mode :character
##
##
    stalk-surface-above-ring stalk-surface-below-ring stalk-color-above-ring
##
   Length:8124
                            Length:8124
                                                      Length:8124
   Class :character
                            Class :character
                                                      Class :character
##
##
   Mode :character
                            Mode :character
                                                     Mode :character
   stalk-color-below-ring veil-type
                                              veil-color
##
                                              Length:8124
##
    Length:8124
                           Length:8124
   Class :character
                           Class :character
                                              Class :character
##
   Mode :character
                           Mode :character
                                              Mode :character
##
   ring-number
                                          spore-print-color
##
                        ring-type
                                                             population
   Length:8124
##
                       Length:8124
                                          Length:8124
                                                             Length:8124
##
   Class :character
                      Class :character
                                          Class :character
                                                             Class :character
   Mode :character
                      Mode :character
                                         Mode :character
                                                             Mode :character
##
##
     habitat
   Length:8124
##
   Class :character
##
## Mode :character
#Class Distribution
table(mushroomData$Class)
##
##
      e
           р
## 4208 3916
#Converting Class Attribute to a factor
mushroomData$Class = factor(mushroomData$Class)
#Dimensions
dim(mushroomData)
## [1] 8124
              23
```

#Structure

str(mushroomData)

```
## Classes 'data.table' and 'data.frame':
                                                    8124 obs. of 23 variables:
                                    : Factor w/ 2 levels "e", "p": 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 ...
## $ Class
                                    : chr "x" "x" "b" "x" ...
## $ cap-shape
## $ cap-surface : chr "s" "s" "s" "y" ... ## $ cap-color : chr "n" "y" "w" "w" ... ## $ bruises : chr "t" "t" "t" "t" "t" ...
                                            "p" "a" "l" "p" ...
## $ odor
                                 : chr
## $ stalk-surface-above-ring: chr "s" "s" "s" "s" ...
## $ stalk-surface-below-ring: chr "s" "s" "s" "s" ...
## $ stalk-color-above-ring : chr "w" "w" "w" "w" ...
## $ stalk-color-below-ring : chr "w" "w" "w" "w" ...
                                            "p" "p" "p" "p" ...
## $ veil-type
                        : chr
## $ veil-color : chr "w" "w" "w" "w" ...
## $ ring-number : chr "o" "o" "o" "o" ...
## $ spore-print-color : chr "k" "n" "n" "k" ...
## $ population : chr "s" "n" "n" "s" ...
## $ habitat : chr "u" "g" "m" "u"
                                    : chr "u" "g" "m" "u" ...
## - attr(*, ".internal.selfref")=<externalptr>
```

```
#Finding the number of missing values
cat("Number of missing values = ",sum(mushroomData=="?"))
```

```
## Number of missing values = 2480
```

```
#New dataset with removed missing values
mushroomData2 = mushroomData[mushroomData$`stalk-root`!="?"]
```

There is no damage in removing the observations with missing values because we have plenty after omitting the ones with missing values.

```
#Creating a split
trainSize = floor(0.80*nrow(mushroomData2))
trainIndex = sample(nrow(mushroomData2), size = trainSize)
trainData = mushroomData2[trainIndex,]
testData = mushroomData2[-trainIndex,]
```

```
#Naive Bayes
 model = naiveBayes(trainData[,-1],trainData$Class)
 #Prediction on Testing Data
 testPred = predict(model,testData[,-1])
 #Prediction on Training Data
 trainPred = predict(model,trainData[,-1])
 #Accuracy of Testing Model
 cat("Accuracy of Testing Model: ",mean(testPred == testData$Class)*100,"%")
 ## Accuracy of Testing Model: 95.39415 %
 #Accuracy of Training Model
 cat("Accuracy of Training Model: ",mean(trainPred == trainData$Class)*100,"%")
 ## Accuracy of Training Model: 95.43743 %
 #Confusion Matrix
 table(testPred, testData$Class)
 ##
 ## testPred e p
 ##
           e 691 47
 ##
              5 386
From the above the confusion matrix we have the following: TP = 691, FP = 47, FN = 5 and TN = 386
#Problem 3
 library(readr)
 library(data.table)
 library(caret)
 hd URL = "http://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/machine-learning-databases/00243/yacht hydrodynamics.dat
 hd data = fread(hd URL, header = FALSE)
 hd_Header = c("longitudinalPos","prismaticCoef","LDR","BDR","LBR","froudeNo","Residuary")
 colnames(hd_data) = hd_Header
 #Direct use of attribute names in code
```

attach(hd\_data)

```
#Creating 80-20 Training Testing Split, createDataPartition() returns the indices
trainIndex = createDataPartition(y = hd_data$Residuary , p = 0.8, list = FALSE)
#Training data
trainData = hd_data[trainIndex,]
#Testing data (note the minus sign)
testData = hd_data[-trainIndex,]
#Training fit for linear model
linearModel1 = lm(hd_data$Residuary~hd_data$longitudinalPos + hd_data$prismaticCoef + hd_data$LD
R + hd_data$BDR + hd_data$BDR + hd_data$LBR +hd_data$froudeNo, data = trainData)
# Function to compute MSE
MSE = function(yActual, yPred)
  return (mean((yActual - yPred)^2))
}
mse1 = MSE(hd_data$Residuary, linearModel1$fitted.values )
# Summarize the results
cat("Training MSE: ", mse1)
## Training MSE: 78.45015
cat("Training RMSE: ", sqrt(mse1))
## Training RMSE: 8.857209
cat("Training R-squared: ",summary(linearModel1)$r.sq)
## Training R-squared: 0.6575638
# Define training control
train.control = trainControl(method = "boot", number = 1000)
# Train the model
linearModel2 = train(Residuary~., data = trainData, method = "lm", trControl = train.control)
# 5 Point Summary for resulting RMSE for each resample
summary(linearModel2$resample$RMSE)
```

Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.

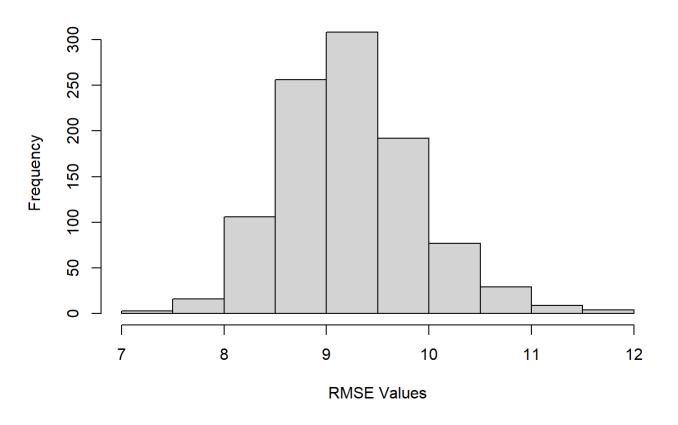
7.400 8.802 9.196 9.245 9.619 11.801

## ## # 5 Point Summary for resulting R-Squared for each resample
summary(linearModel2\$resample\$Rsquared)

```
## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
## 0.5322 0.6239 0.6431 0.6425 0.6617 0.7235
```

```
# Histogram of RMSE values
hist(linearModel2$resample$RMSE, xlab = "RMSE Values", main = "Histogram of the RMSE values")
```

## Histogram of the RMSE values



```
# Calculating the MSE from RMSE
mse2 = mean(linearModel2$resample$RMSE)^2
# Summarize the results
cat("Training Mean MSE (Bootstrap): ", mse2)
```

```
## Training Mean MSE (Bootstrap): 85.46133
```

```
cat("Training Mean RMSE (Bootstrap): ", mean(linearModel2$resample$RMSE))
```

```
## Training Mean RMSE (Bootstrap): 9.24453
```

```
cat("Training Mean R-squared (Bootstrap): ",mean(linearModel2$resample$Rsquared))
 ## Training Mean R-squared (Bootstrap): 0.6424873
 predVals_boot = predict(linearModel2,testData)
 mse3 = MSE(testData$Residuary, predVals_boot)
 RSS = function (yActual, yPred)
   return (sum((yActual - yPred)^2))
 TSS = function (yActual)
   return (sum((yActual - mean(yActual))^2))
 }
 rss = RSS(testData$Residuary, predVals_boot)
 tss = TSS(testData$Residuary)
 # Summarize the results
 cat("Testing MSE (Bootstrap): ", mse3)
 ## Testing MSE (Bootstrap): 80.36479
 cat("Testing RMSE (Bootstrap): ", sqrt(mse3))
 ## Testing RMSE (Bootstrap): 8.964641
 cat("Testing Mean R-squared (Bootstrap): ",1 - (rss/tss))
 ## Testing Mean R-squared (Bootstrap): 0.6435649
On the test set, there is no difference in performance between the original and bootstrap models.
#Problem 4
 library(readr)
 library(data.table)
 library(caret)
 gcd_URL = "https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/machine-learning-databases/statlog/german/german.data-
 numeric"
 gc_data = fread(gcd_URL, header = FALSE)
```

#As the response variable need to be numeric, converting categorical V25 to a factor gc\_data\$V25 = factor(gc\_data\$V25)

```
#Creating 80-20 Training Testing Split, createDataPartition() returns the indices
trainIndex = createDataPartition(y = gc_data$V25 , p = 0.8, list = FALSE)

#Training data
trainData = gc_data[trainIndex,]

#Testing data (note the minus sign)
testData = gc_data[-trainIndex,]
```

```
# Creating model for y = V25 using glm
logisticModel1 = glm(V25~.,family=binomial,data=trainData)
```

```
actualVals = trainData$V25

# Using a 50% cut-off factor i.e probabilities > 0.5 are 2 and rest are 1
fittedVals = ifelse(logisticModel1$fitted.values > 0.5,2,1)
fittedVals = factor(fittedVals)
```

```
# Confusion matrix
cm = confusionMatrix(fittedVals, trainData$V25)
cm
```

```
##
##
             Reference
## Prediction 1
##
           1 505 112
            2 55 128
##
##
##
                  Accuracy : 0.7912
                    95% CI: (0.7614, 0.8189)
##
      No Information Rate: 0.7
##
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 3.653e-09
##
##
##
                     Kappa : 0.4668
##
   Mcnemar's Test P-Value: 1.468e-05
##
##
               Sensitivity: 0.9018
##
##
               Specificity: 0.5333
           Pos Pred Value : 0.8185
##
           Neg Pred Value : 0.6995
##
                Prevalence : 0.7000
##
            Detection Rate: 0.6312
##
##
      Detection Prevalence : 0.7712
         Balanced Accuracy : 0.7176
##
##
          'Positive' Class : 1
##
##
# Summarize the results
cat("Training Precision: ", cm$byClass[5] * 100, "%")
## Training Precision: 81.84765 %
cat("Training Recall: ", cm$byClass[6] * 100, "%")
## Training Recall: 90.17857 %
cat("Training F1-Score: ", cm$byClass[7] * 100, "%")
```

## Confusion Matrix and Statistics

## Training F1-Score: 85.81138 %

```
# Predict [By setting the parameter type='response', R will output probabilities in the form of
P(y=1|X)]
probs = predict(logisticModel1, testData, type = "response")

#Using a 50% cut-off factor i.e probabilities > 0.5 are Males and rest are Females
fittedVals_test = ifelse(probs > 0.5,2,1)
fittedVals_test = factor(fittedVals_test)

# Confusion matrix
cm_test = confusionMatrix(fittedVals_test, testData$V25)
cm_test
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
```

```
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
             Reference
## Prediction 1
##
            1 122 29
##
            2 18 31
##
##
                 Accuracy: 0.765
                    95% CI: (0.7, 0.8219)
##
       No Information Rate: 0.7
##
##
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 0.02493
##
##
                     Kappa : 0.4095
##
##
   Mcnemar's Test P-Value: 0.14466
##
##
               Sensitivity: 0.8714
               Specificity: 0.5167
##
            Pos Pred Value: 0.8079
##
##
           Neg Pred Value: 0.6327
##
                Prevalence: 0.7000
##
            Detection Rate: 0.6100
      Detection Prevalence: 0.7550
##
##
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.6940
##
          'Positive' Class : 1
##
##
```

```
# Summarize the results
cat("Testing Precision: ", cm_test$byClass[5] * 100, "%")
```

```
## Testing Precision: 80.7947 %
```

```
cat("Testing Recall: ", cm_test$byClass[6] * 100, "%")
```

```
## Testing Recall: 87.14286 %
```

```
cat("Testing F1-Score: ", cm_test$byClass[7] * 100, "%")
 ## Testing F1-Score: 83.8488 %
#-----Cross-Validation-
 # Define training control
 train.control = trainControl(method = "cv", number = 10)
 # Train the model
 logisticModel2 = train(V25~., data = trainData, method = "glm", family = "binomial", trControl =
 train.control)
 fittedVals_cv = ifelse(logisticModel2$finalModel$fitted.values > 0.5,2,1)
 fittedVals_cv = factor(fittedVals_cv)
 # Confusion matrix
 cm cv = confusionMatrix(fittedVals cv, trainData$V25)
 cm_cv
 ## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
 ##
              Reference
 ##
 ## Prediction 1
                     2
             1 505 112
 ##
 ##
             2 55 128
 ##
                   Accuracy : 0.7912
 ##
                     95% CI: (0.7614, 0.8189)
 ##
 ##
        No Information Rate: 0.7
 ##
        P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 3.653e-09
 ##
 ##
                      Kappa: 0.4668
 ##
 ##
     Mcnemar's Test P-Value : 1.468e-05
 ##
                Sensitivity: 0.9018
 ##
                Specificity: 0.5333
 ##
 ##
             Pos Pred Value: 0.8185
             Neg Pred Value: 0.6995
 ##
 ##
                 Prevalence: 0.7000
 ##
             Detection Rate: 0.6312
       Detection Prevalence : 0.7712
 ##
          Balanced Accuracy: 0.7176
 ##
 ##
 ##
           'Positive' Class : 1
 ##
 # Summarize the results
 cat("Training Precision with 10-fold CV: ", cm_cv$byClass[5] * 100, "%")
```

```
## Training Precision with 10-fold CV: 81.84765 %

cat("Training Recall with 10-fold CV: ", cm_cv$byClass[6] * 100, "%")

## Training Recall with 10-fold CV: 90.17857 %

cat("Training F1-Score with 10-fold CV: ", cm_cv$byClass[7] * 100, "%")

## Training F1-Score with 10-fold CV: 85.81138 %

# Predict [By setting the parameter type='response', R will output probabilities in the form of P(y=1/X)]
probs_cv = predict(logisticModel2, testData, type = "prob")

#Using a 50% cut-off factor i.e probabilities > 0.5 are Males and rest are Females fittedVals_cv_test = ifelse(probs > 0.5,2,1)
fittedVals_cv_test = factor(fittedVals_test)

# Confusion matrix
cm_cv_test = confusionMatrix(fittedVals_test, testData$V25)
cm_cv_test
```

```
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
             Reference
## Prediction
              1
##
           1 122 29
            2 18 31
##
##
##
                 Accuracy: 0.765
                    95% CI: (0.7, 0.8219)
##
      No Information Rate: 0.7
##
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 0.02493
##
##
##
                     Kappa : 0.4095
##
   Mcnemar's Test P-Value: 0.14466
##
##
               Sensitivity: 0.8714
##
##
               Specificity: 0.5167
           Pos Pred Value : 0.8079
##
           Neg Pred Value: 0.6327
##
                Prevalence : 0.7000
##
##
            Detection Rate: 0.6100
##
      Detection Prevalence : 0.7550
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.6940
##
##
          'Positive' Class : 1
##
##
# Summarize the results
cat("Testing Precision: ", cm_cv_test$byClass[5] * 100, "%")
## Testing Precision: 80.7947 %
cat("Testing Recall: ", cm_cv_test$byClass[6] * 100, "%")
## Testing Recall: 87.14286 %
cat("Testing F1-Score: ", cm_cv_test$byClass[7] * 100, "%")
## Testing F1-Score: 83.8488 %
```

On the test set, there is no difference in performance between the original and bootstrap models.