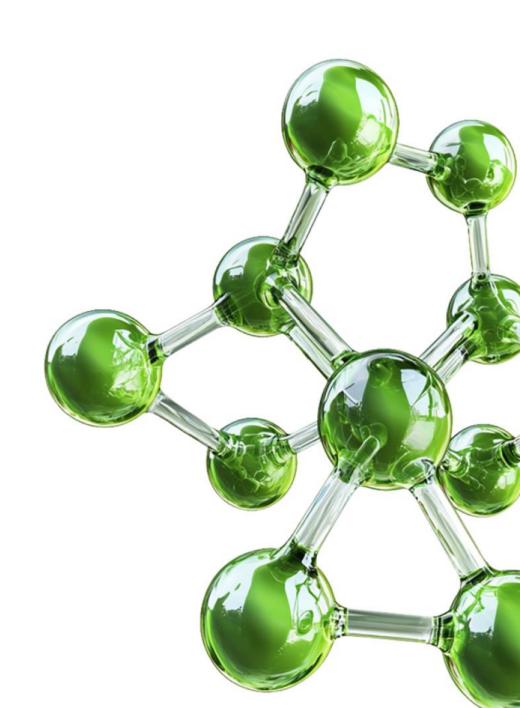




FREEDOM SPACE 4.0 CREATION OF ULTRA-LARGE CHEMICAL
SPACES USING ML-BASED REAGENT
FILTERING

Anna Kapeliukha, Chemspace a.kapeliukha@chem-space.com





eMolecules eXplore 10¹²

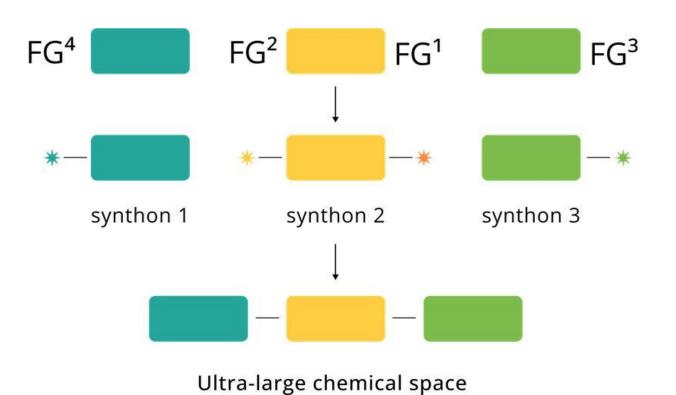
Chemspace Freedom
Space 4.0
10⁹

WiXi Galaxi
10⁹

Enamine REAL Space 10¹⁰

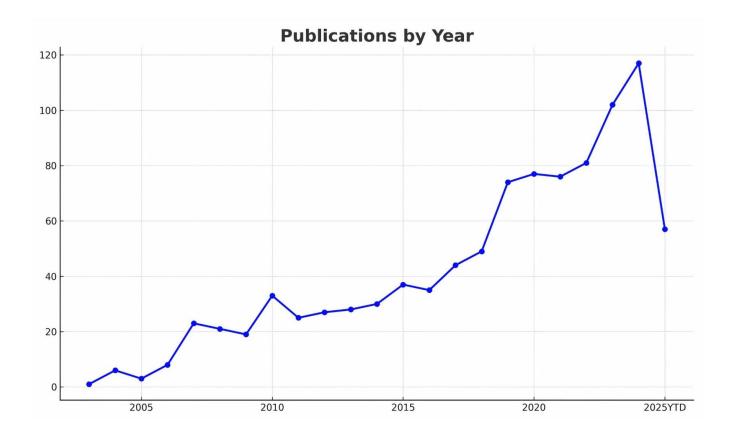
Otava CHEMriya
10⁹

Synthon-based nature of combinatorial chemical spaces



Enamine REAL: The Most Explored Commercially Available Chemical Space

Enamine REAL Compounds - 5 Trillion molecules



nature

Article | Published: 09 March 2020

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An open-source drug discovery platform enables ultra-large virtual screens

Christoph Gorgulla ⊡, Andras Boeszoermenyi, Zi-Fu Wang, Patrick D. Fischer, Paul Coote, Krishna M. Padmanabha Das, Yehor S. Malets, Dmytro S. Radchenko, Yurii S. Moroz, David A. Scott, Konstantin Fackeldey, Moritz Hoffmann, Iryna lavniuk, Gerhard Wagner & Haribabu Arthanarl ⊡

Nature (2020) | Cite this article

nature

Article Published: 10 February 2020

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Virtual discovery of melatonin receptor ligands to modulate circadian rhythms

Reed M. Stein, Hye Jin Kang, John D. McCorvy, Grant C. Glarfelter, Anthony J. Jones, Tao Che, Samuel Slocum, Xi-Ping Huang, Olena Savych, Yurii S. Moroz, Benjamin Stauch, Linda C. Johansson, Vadim Cherezro, Terry Kenakin, John J. Invin, Brian K. Shoichel ™J. Byan L. Roth ™ & Margarita L. Dubocovich ™

Nature (2020) Cite this article



Article | Published: 06 February 2019

Ultra-large library docking for discovering new chemotypes

Jiankun Lyu, Sheng Wang, Trent E. Balius, Isha Singh, Anat Levit, Yurii S. Moroz, O'Meara, Tao Che, Enkhjargal Algaa, Kateryna Tolmachova, Andrey A. Tolmache Shoichet ➡, Bryan L. Roth ➡ & John J. Irwin ➡

Nature 566, 224-229 (2019) | Download Citation ±

Synthesizability Aspects of Combinatorial Spaces

POTENTIAL PROBLEMS

- Low yields
- Side products
- Failed purification
- No product at all

POTENTIAL SOLUTIONS

- Experimental validation of reagents
- x long and expensive, requires investments to buy reagents
- x not applicable to external chemical collections
- **✓** Computer-assisted synthesis prediction (CASP):

ML-assisted feasibility, yield, and optimal conditions for a chemical reaction prediction.

- x limited training data not optimal performance
- x require full enumeration
- x large inference time and compute

Synthesizability Aspects of Combinatorial Spaces

POTENTIAL PROBLEMS

- Low yields
- Side products
- Failed purification
- No product at all

OUR SOLUTION – ML-BASED FILTERING OF BBS FOR SPACE GENERATION

- does not require full enumeration
- cheap predictions
- synthon-based space creation
- applicable to commercial compound collections of choice

ML-Assisted BBs Filtering For Space Generation

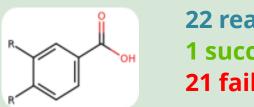
Training data sets:

We use the data obtained from years of operation of Enamine REAL, where they recorded experimental statistics about the building block success rate.

Datasets contain **1,000 – 20,0000** datapoints for each reagent.

EXAMPLE*:





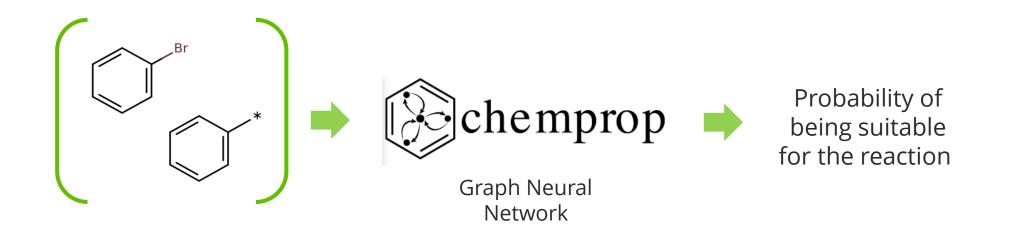
22 reactions total
1 successful
21 failed

BAD

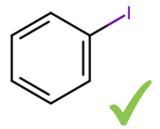
^{*} The presented data is made up for understanding and is not part of the actual training set

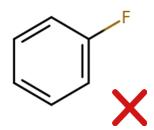
ML-Assisted BBs Filtering For Space Generation

Synthon-building block molecular representation - Accounts for BBs that share the synthon.





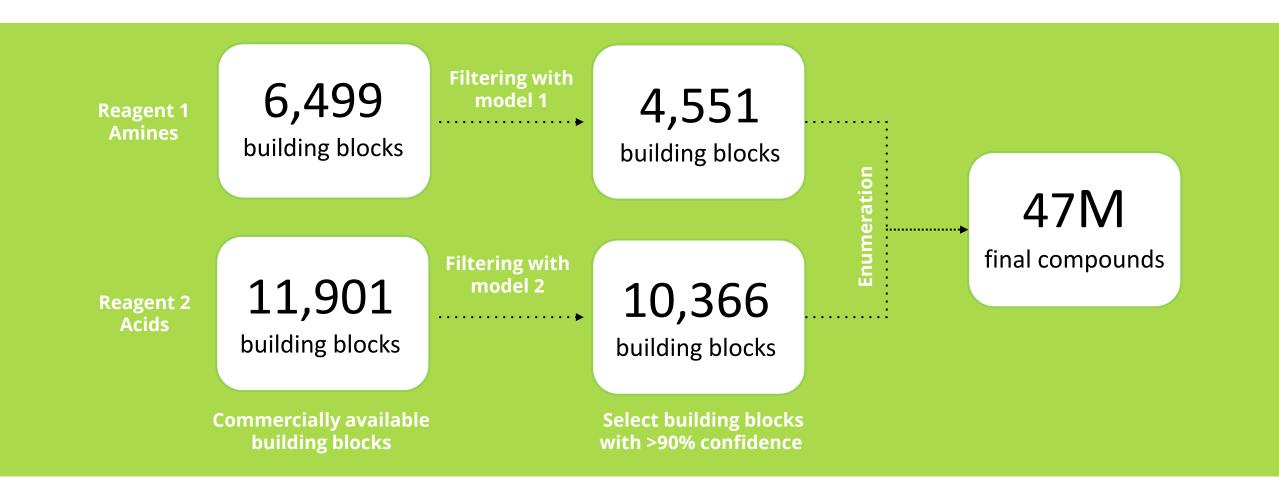






Example of Reaction Processing

Example: Amide Coupling (reaction id: 22)



ML-Assisted Space Generation: General Workflow

Forming the BBs collection

BBs from trusted suppliers with price and lead time cutoffs

Create BB pools for reaction types

Building blocks are passed through a set of SMARTS filters for specific reaction types to ensure presence of functional groups Filtering BBs with ML models

Each building block set is filtered using in-house machine learning models trained on Enamine REAL reaction success statistics Enumeration

₹

40

reaction protocols

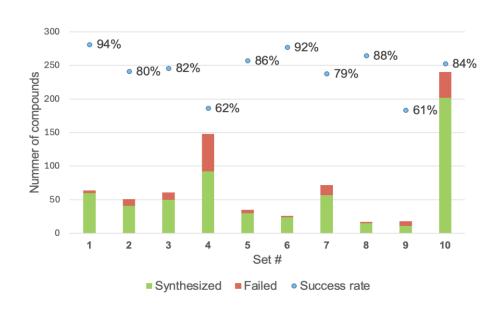
2 and 3 component reactions

Examples:

- Amide formation
- Condensation
- Arylation
- Reductive amination
- Urea formation
- Suzuki coupling

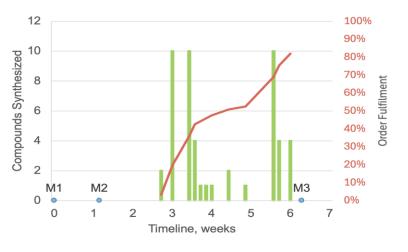
Full list with reaction schemes available here

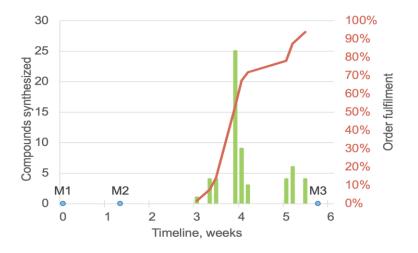
ML-Assisted Space Generation Success Rate – Freedom Space 3.0



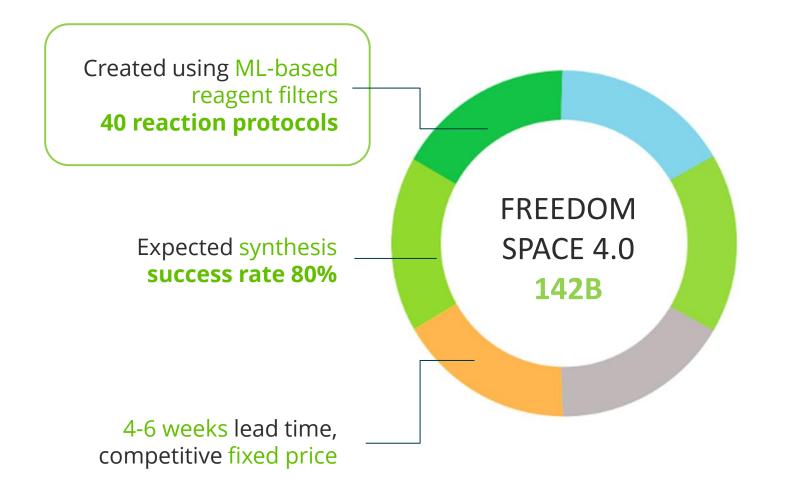
- 5B molecules, little overlap with Enamine REAL
- 10 chemical transformations (7 ML-, 3 human-filtered)
- Constructed from BBs of trusted suppliers
- Competitive pricing, 5-6 weeks lead time
- Experimentally confirmed synthesis success rate 80%+

Examples of orders timelines





Freedom Space 4.0 - Overview



Ro5 Enumerated Subset

20 billion molecules

- Molecular Weight: 0-500
- Hydrogen Bond Donors: 0-5
- Hydrogen Bond Acceptors: 0-10
- LogP: ≤ 5

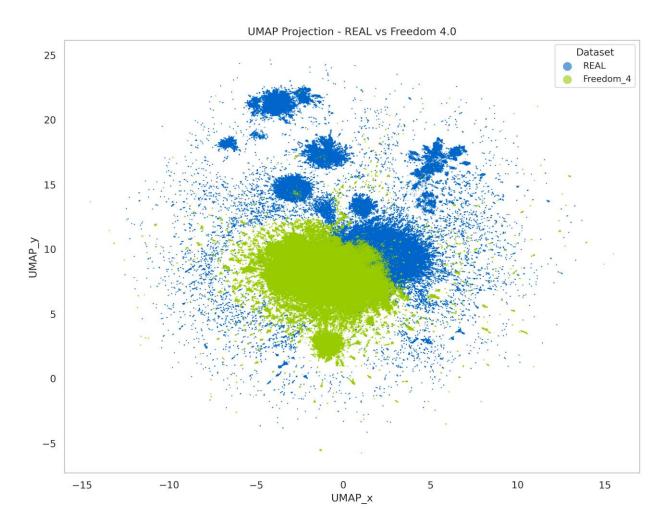
Beyond Ro5 Enumerated Subset

68 billion molecules

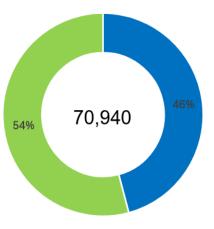
- Molecular Weight: 0-800 (excluding Ro5 subset)
- Hydrogen Bond Donors: 0-8
- Hydrogen Bond Acceptors: 0-15
- LogP: ≤ 6
- Rotatable Bonds: 0-15

Freedom Space 4.0 vs Enamine REAL

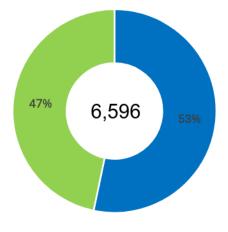
The space is designed to be complementary to Enamine REAL







Freedom 4.0 BB scaffolds



- Present in REAL
- Not present in REAL

Access Options

The **enumerated subsets** can be downloaded using FTP.

The full **142B synthon-based space** is available through our partners BiosolvelT (InfiniSee), Alipheron (Hyperspace, Pharos3D), and RDKit (RDKit Library).

We provide **raw synthons and reactions file** upon request to support synthon-based developments.

Free **Freedom Search Platform** can be used to perform searches without registration.



cs_sales@chem-space.com

Completely free, need to sign a licensing agreement

Just email "I want Freedom synthons"



Freedom Search Platform – Powered by RDKit Synthon-Based Search

Single query



Search in Freedom Space 4.0

Multiple query





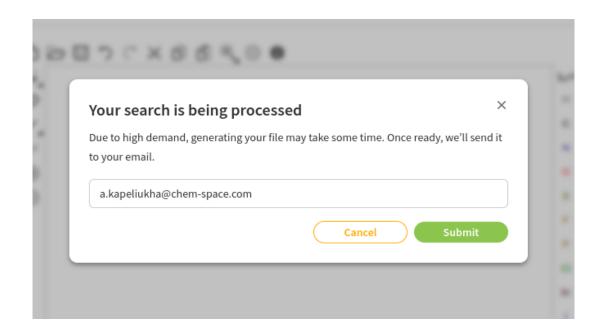


If you would like to order the Freedom compounds, please reach out at cs_sales@chem-space.com



Freedom Search Platform - Results

The results are sent to the provide email when the search is complete



Output up to 10k molecules per query

File columns:

- Query SMILES
- Freedom_SMILES
- Freedom_ID



Participants of the study

Freedom Space 4.0 – 142B molecules

Enamine REAL Space – 77B molecules

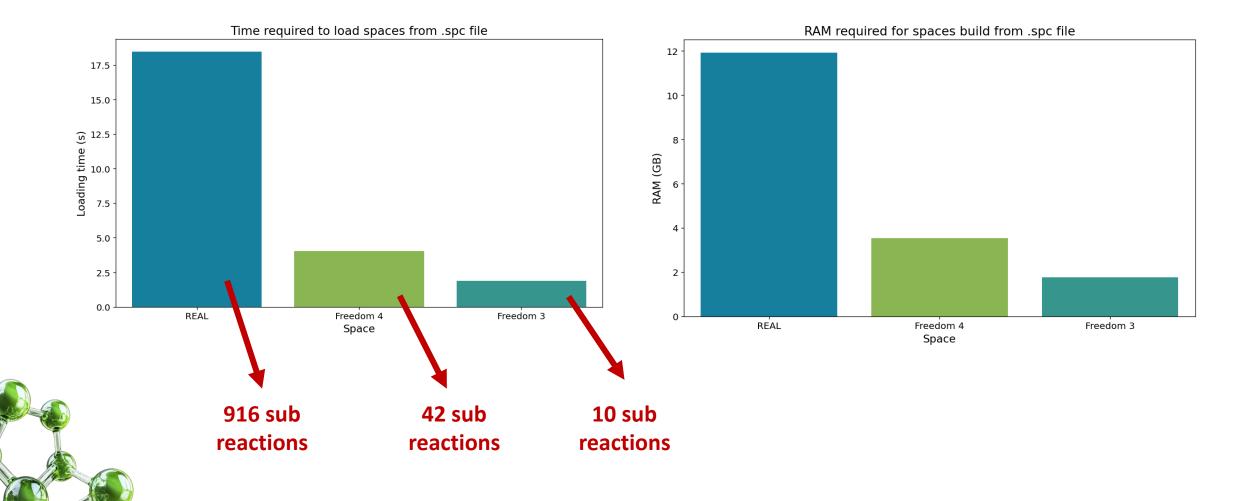
Freedom Space 3.0 – 9B molecules

RDKit Synthonbased search

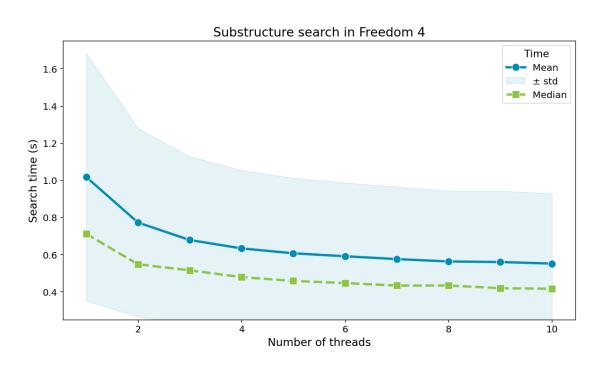


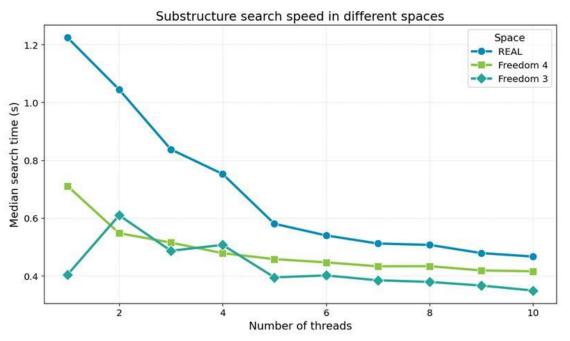


Step 1: Loading the space using the synthons



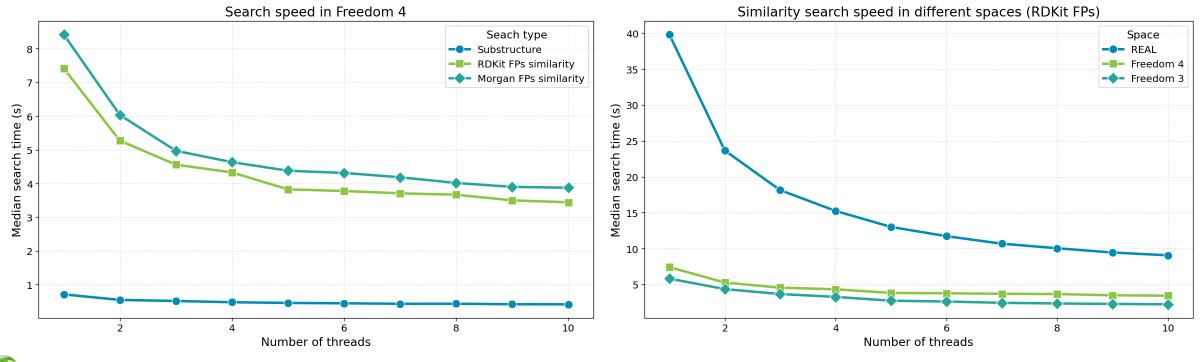
Step 2: Substructure search – searching 33 Murcko scaffolds of approved drugs from ChEMBL





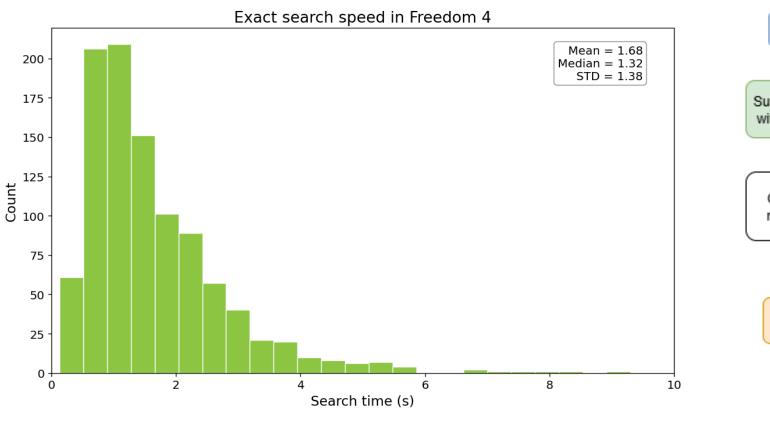


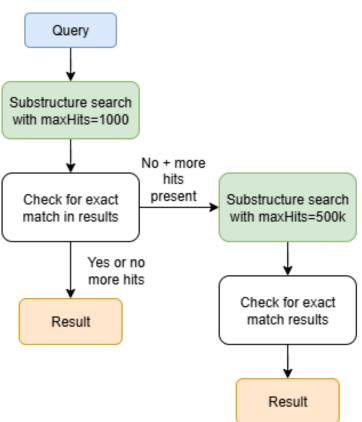
Step 3: Similarity search – 38 diverse compounds from different sources (ChEMBL, in-stock)





Step 4: Using substructure search for exact matching - 1000 compounds from Freedom 4





Acknowledgements



Olga Tarkhanova, PhD CEO



Serhii Hlotov Data Scientist



Maryna Vasylchyk Data Scientist



Oleksandr Mosia Data Scientist



Mykola Protopopov, PhD Head of Computational Chemistry





Yurii Moroz, PhD VP of Sales and Marketing, Enamine



David Cosgrove, PhD Freelance Cheminformatics Developer



Thank you!

