

AmphiBIO, a global database for amphibian ecological traits

Brunno Freire Oliveira^{1,2*}, Vinícius Avelar São-Pedro¹, Georgina Santos-Barrera³, Caterina Penone¹, Gabriel C. Costa⁴

¹ Departamento de Ecologia, Universidade Federal do Rio Grande do Norte, Lagoa Nova, 59072-970 Natal, RN, Brazil.

² Department of Wildlife Ecology and Conservation, University of Florida, Gainesville, FL, 32611-0430, USA.

³ Departamento de Biología Evolutiva, Facultad de Ciencias, Universidad Nacional Autónoma de México, Circuito Exterior S/N, 04510, Ciudad Universitaria, México.

⁴ Department of Biology, Auburn University at Montgomery, Montgomery, AL, USA.

*Corresponding author: brunno.oliveira@me.com

Metadata

Identity:

- (1) AmphiBIO_v1.csv
- (2) AmphiBIO_v1_references.csv
- (3) AmphiBIO_v1_literature_cited.pdf
- (4) Metadata.pdf

Format:

- (1) ASC file, Windows-1252 encoding.
- (2) ASC file, Windows-1252 encoding.
- (3) PDF file.
- (4) PDF file.

Header information (Headers describe the information of each column):

- (1) id, Order, Family, Genus, Species, Fos, Ter, Aqu, Arb, Leaves, Flowers, Seeds, Fruits, Arthro, Vert, Diu, Noc, Crepu, Wet_warm, Wet_cold, Dry_warm, Dry_cold, Body_mass_g, Age_at_maturity_min_y, Age_at_maturity_max_y, Body_size_mm, Size_at_maturity_min_mm, Size_at_maturity_max_mm, Longevity_max_y, Litter_size_min_n, Litter_size_max_n,

Reproductive_output_y, Offspring_size_min_mm, Offspring_size_max_mm, Dir, Lar, Viv, OBS.

(2) id, Order, Family, Genus, Species, Reference.

(3) Does not apply.

(4) Does not apply.

Table 1. Overview of variables included in the AmphiBIO database.

| Variable name | Variable definition | Unit |
|--------------------|---|--------|
| id | AmphiBIO species' identification number. | N/A |
| Order | Amphibian Species of the World Order (Frost 2011). | N/A |
| Family | Amphibian Species of the World Family (Frost 2011). | N/A |
| Species | Amphibian Species of the World species scientific name (Frost 2011). | N/A |
| Habitat | Overall vertical foraging stratum classification. Ignores details about seasonal or ontogenetic changes. | |
| Fos | Fossorial. | Binary |
| Ter | Terrestrial. | Binary |
| Aqua | Aquatic. | Binary |
| Arb | Arboreal. | Binary |
| Diet | Food items from the eating habits of adults using qualitative dietary categories. Information is based of specialist guess, direct observation or stomach content examination, as reported in the literature. | |
| Leaves | Species eat leaves. | Binary |
| Flowers | Species eat flowers. | Binary |
| Seeds | Species eat seeds. | Binary |
| Fruits | Species eat fruits. | Binary |
| Arthro | Species eat arthropods. | Binary |
| Vert | Species eat vertebrates (includes cannibalism). | Binary |
| Diel | Overall diel period as active. | |
| Diu | Diurnal (i.e., active during the day). | Binary |
| Noc | Nocturnal (i.e., active during the night). | Binary |
| Crepu | Crepuscular (i.e., active during the period immediately after dawn and that immediately before dusk). | Binary |
| Seasonality | Seasonal period as active. Based on the comparison of the precipitation (wet or dry) and temperature (warm or cold) conditions when active in relation to the average climatic conditions over the year. Climatic conditions were obtained from weather stations closer to localities where specimens were collected or to field sites reported in publications (available at www.weatherbase.com). | |
| Wet_warm | Active is during wet and warm months. | Binary |

| | | |
|------------------------------|---|------------|
| Wet_cold | Active is during wet and cold months. | Binary |
| Dry_warm | Active is during dry and warm months. | Binary |
| Dry_cold | Active is during dry and cold months. | Binary |
| Body_mass_g | Maximum adult body mass. | Grams |
| Age_at_mature_min_y | Minimum age at maturation/sexual maturity. | Years |
| Age_at_mature_max_y | Maximum age at maturation/sexual maturity. | Years |
| Body_size_mm | Maximum adult body size. In Anura, body size is reported as snout to vent length (SVL). In Gymnophiona and Caudata, body size is reported as total length (TL). | Millimeter |
| Size_at_mature_min_mm | Minimum size at maturation/sexual maturity. | Millimeter |
| Size_at_mature_max_mm | Maximum size at maturation/sexual maturity. | Millimeter |
| Longevity_max_y | Maximum life span. | Years |
| Litter_size_min_n | Minimum no. of offspring or eggs per clutch. | Number |
| Litter_size_max_n | Maximum no. of offspring or eggs per clutch. | Number |
| Reproductive_output_y | Maximum no. reproduction events per year. | Number |
| Offspring_size_min_mm | Minimum offspring or egg size. | Millimeter |
| Offspring_size_max_mm | Maximum offspring or egg size. | Millimeter |
| Breeding strategy | Whether the species reproduce via direct, larval development or is viviparous. | |
| Dir | Species reproduce via direct development. | Binary |
| Lar | Species present larval stages. | Binary |
| Viv | Species is viviparous. | Binary |
| OBS | Misc. comments. | N/A |

For further information refer to AmphiBIO's introductory paper published in **Scientific Data** (DOI: XXX).

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