

Cam Dockstader (username: cdoc83)

Attempt 2

Written: Jan 8, 2018 3:37 PM – Jan 8, 2018 3:57 PM

Submission View


Your quiz has been submitted successfully.

Quiz Pool – Chapter 1 Oracle

Question 1

1 / 1 point








An Oracle schema is a discrete work area owned by a single user.

-  ☐ A) True
- ☐ B) False

Question 2

0.8 / 1 point


UID stands for (multiple answers possible)?

-  ☐ A) Unique index
-  ☐ B) All of the above
-   ☐ C) Unique identifier
-  ☐ D) Unique individual database
-   ☐ E) Unique ID

Question 3

1 / 1 point

SYS is the super user in Oracle.

-  ☐ A) True
- ☐ B) False

Question 4

1 / 1 point

What do DML commands allow you to do (multiple answers possible)?

- ✓ ☐ A) Change data in database structures
- ✓ ☐ B) Create structures in the database
- ✓ ☐ C) Query data from database structures
- ✓ ☐ D) Add data to database structures
- ✓ ☐ E) Modify structures in the database

Question 5

0 / 1 point

The data catalog is a set of two-dimension tables that define all data types, structures, and processes.

- ➡ ☐ A) True
- ✗ ☐ B) False

Question 6

1 / 1 point

A MySQL database is directly and exclusively tied to a user as the owner of the work area.

- ☐ A) True
- ✓ ☐ B) False

Question 7

1 / 1 point

What are valid categories of SQL statements in an Oracle database (multiple answers possible)?

- ✓ ☐ A) Data Manipulation Language (DML)
- ✓ ☐ B) Data Definition Language (DDL)
- ✓ ☐ C) SQL*Plus Language (SPL)

- ✓ ☐ D) Data Control Language (DCL)
- ✓ ☐ E) Transaction Control Language (TCL)

Question 8

1 / 1 point

Error messages are less meaningful in Oracle because Oracle has both error and warning messages.

- ☐ A) True
- ✓ ☐ B) False

Question 9

1 / 1 point

What is the command-line syntax used to stop the Oracle listener in Windows (multiple answers possible)?

- ✓ ☐ A) lsnrctl stop
- ✓ ☐ B) net stop lsnrctl
- ✓ ☐ C) listenerctl stop
- ✓ ☐ D) net stop Oracle
- ✓ ☐ E) net stop listenerctl

Question 10

1 / 1 point


Client-server computing is a model whereby two computers share resources across a network.

- ✓ ☐ A) True
- ☐ B) False

Quiz Pool – Chapter 2 Oracle**Question 11**

1 / 1 point


Users automatically receive privileges when you create them.
You do not need to go back and assign them privileges.

- ☐ A) True
 ☒ B) False

Question 12

1 / 1 point


Once a substitution variable has been defined, it can be used without being preceded by an ampersand.

- ☐ A) True
 ☒ B) False

Question 13

1 / 1 point



The SHELL command allows you to leave an interactive session of SQL*Plus and run operating system commands.

- ☐ A) True
 ☒ B) False

Question 14

0 / 1 point





You know that a script file is a batch program when it runs from the command line with the silent option flag.

-  ☐ A) True
 ☒ B) False

Question 15

1 / 1 point

What example command-line syntax allows you to access SQL*Plus? (Multiple answers possible.)

-  ☐ A) sqlplus some_username/some_password
 ☐ B) sqlplus -usome_username -psome_password
 ☐ C) sql*plus some_username/some_password
 ☐ D) sql*plus -usome_username -psome_password

Question 16

1 / 1 point

SQL*Plus is the client software for Oracle that runs SQL statements and anonymous block PL/SQL statements in an interactive and batch development environment.

- ✓ ☐ A) True
- ☐ B) False

Question 17

1 / 1 point

The QUIT or EXIT command allows you to exit a session in SQL*Plus.

- ✓ ☐ A) True
- ☐ B) False

Question 18

1 / 1 point

The duration of SQL*Plus environment variables extends through all SQL*Plus sessions.

- ☐ A) True
- ✓ ☐ B) False

Question 19

1 / 1 point


Which command allows you to save a SQL statement in a new file? (Multiple answers possible.)

- ✓ ☐ A) ECHO file_name
- ✓ ☐ B) REPLACE file_name
- ✓ ☐ C) SAVE file_name
- ✓ ☐ D) All of the above
- ✓ ☐ E) STORE file_name

Question 20

1 / 1 point

You can abort statements with errors in SQL*Plus with a period only when the period is on its own line as the first and only character.









-  ☐ A) True
- ☐ B) False

Exam #1 (Question #1) What is a SQL script file

Question 21

0.6 / 1 point

How do you run a SQL script file in Oracle SQL*Plus? (Multiple answers possible.)


-   ☐ A) You can run it from a tool, like SQL Developer or Eclipse.
-   ☐ B) You can run it from the sqlplus> prompt.
-   ☐ C) You can run it from the command-line using the -s option.
-  ☐ D) You can run it from the command-line using the -x option.
-  ☐ E) You can run it from the command-line using the -r option.

Exam #1 (Question #2) Oracle CLI: How to describe a table

Question 22

1 / 1 point

_____ is the four-letter working abbreviation of the command that describes a table in Oracle. (Enter the complete lowercase word.)


Answer: desc 

Exam #1 (Question #3) State aware and non-aware transactions

Question 23

1 / 1 point

Web-based transactions use which of the following types of connections?

-  ☐ A) Optimistic
- ☐ B) Pessimistic

Exam #1 (Question #4) SQL Component Acronyms

Question 24

0 / 1 point

What does the acronym SQL generally represent other than SEQUEL? (Enter the three words in lowercase text separated by one or more white spaces.)

Answer: server query language  (/^\s*structured\s*query\s*language\s*\$ /)

Exam #1 (Question #5) Type of Databases – Hierarchical, Networked, Relational

Question 25

0 / 1 point

A database management system that performs non-linear hierarchical searches by using pointers to network nodes. (Enter a single lowercase word that applies to this type of database.)





Answer: flat  (/^\s*network(ed|\s*)\$ /)

Exam #1 (Question #6) Oracle CLI saving a script file

Question 26

0.8 / 1 point

Which of the following command(s) opens a log file for writing in an Oracle database? (Multiple answers possible.)

-  ☐ A) `SAVE file_name`
-  ☐ B) `SAVE file_name REPLACE`
-   ☐ C) `SPOOL file_name`

✓ ☐ D) STORE file_name

➡ ✗ ☐ E) SPOOL file_name REPLACE

Exam #1 (Question #7) Oracle CLI edit file management

Question 27 0 / 1 point

The command word that lets you enable ed as an editor key sequence. (Enter the command word in lowercase text.)

Answer: define ✗ (^s*define\s*\$)

Exam #1 (Question #8) Oracle CLI to describe parameters

Question 28 1 / 1 point

The command word lets you see environment variables in SQL*Plus. (Enter the command word in lowercase text.)

Answer: show ✓

Exam #1 (Question #9) Oracle CLI run a script file

Question 29 1 / 1 point

The command word lets you run a SQL script file in Oracle. (Enter the command word in lowercase text.)

Answer: @ ✓

Exam #1 (Question #10) Client/Server components


Question 30 1 / 1 point

Client–software is installed on the same machine as the database server to enable a local users to work with the database through SQL.

- ✓ ☒ A) True
☐ B) False

Question 31 0 / 1 point

t

Answer: t 

Attempt Score: 24.2 / 31 – C+

Overall Grade (highest attempt): 24.2 / 31 – C+