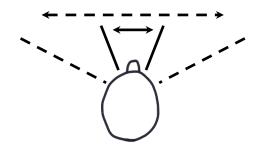
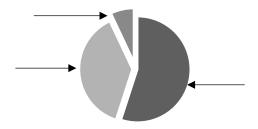
# The **Answer** is the **Question**

Getting into State:

Picking up on Communication Cues:





All questions are surface level. They give a coach or trainer clues to what might be missing for the student. They help you get behind the surface.

Questions usually use an Interrogative Pronoun:

Pronoun	Asks for:
What	Wants more Information
	Means there is a gap in information. Student may not know how to proceed.
Where	Wants more Context
	Lacking the 'big picture' or have not heard content for where this might be used
When	Wants more Temporal Context
	Means there is no 'big picture' or schedule / sequencing
How	Not sure How to Proceed
	Wants a procedure
Why	Not sure of Motivation
	Needs to know Values, may not have had experience yet
	May also need a "How" answer
	May want an explanation
Who	Not sure of Persons (with whom they can apply it)
	May need more Context
	May wonder about identity (their own role)

Questions help in structuring a response, or restructuring material so the student's thinking and experience opens such that they can discover the answer for themselves. Presenting it in a different way can help reframe relationships in the student's mind between **Content** or Structure.

One way to think of questions is that they're a metaphor. The student gives you a metaphor, and you deliver one back. Another way is to think about it in terms of Cartesian Questions: the student gives you a pattern; you respond with the non-mirror image reverse pattern.





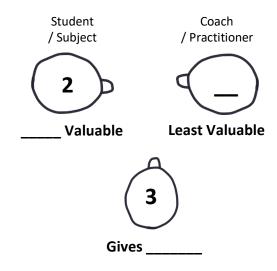


# The **Answer** is the **Question**

### Cartesian Questions:

Theorem	Converse
AB	~AB
Example: What would happen If you did (do X)?	Example: What wouldn't happen If you did (do X)?
Inverse	Non-Mirror Image Reverse
A~B	~A~B
Example: What would happen If you didn't (do X)?	Example: What wouldn't happen If you didn't (do X)?

### Perceptual Positions:



### The Steps:

- 1. Take the Question: As you listen to the question, make a representation in your own head and feelings for what's in the student's mind - get 'into their shoes.'
- 2. **Go Out, Inside the Student's Head**: Assume 2<sup>nd</sup> position, inside the student's head and 'try on their shoes' looking back at you the coach / trainer.
- 3. Identify What's Missing: In the question, and in 'in their shoes,' identify what's missing - What is it that's present or absent that makes this question possible. Identify this in terms of:
  - Content and
  - Content Process Structure
- 4. **Structure the Answer**: In your head, (or here, with your adviser,) develop an answer.
- 5. **Give the Answer**: Then, just deliver an answer without thinking about it.
- 6. Calibrate the Response: Notice what the response is.
  - Remain in a positive self state
  - Remain in Expanded Awareness AND
  - Notice the Physiological Shift/s in the student

If no response, or negative response, then go to #4

7. Ask if the Question was Answered: Find out if the student thinks the question was answered.

If no response, or negative response, then go to #4





