

Title

rdsensitivity - Sensitivity analysis for RD designs under local randomization.

Syntax

rdsensitivity outvar runvar [if] [in] [, cutoff(#) wlist(numlist)
 wlist_left(numlist) tlist(numlist) statistic(stat_name) p(#) evalat(point)
 kernel(kerneltype) fuzzy(fuzzy_var [fuzzy_stat]) ci(# #) ci_alpha(#) reps(#)
 seed(#) saving(filename) nodots nodraw verbose]

Description

- A detailed introduction to this command is given in <u>Cattaneo</u>, <u>Titiunik and Vazquez-Bare (2016)</u>.

 Companion R functions are also available <u>here</u>.
- Companion functions are <u>rdrandinf</u>, <u>rdwinselect</u> and <u>rdrbounds</u>.
- Related Stata and R packages useful for inference in RD designs are described in the following website:

https://rdpackages.github.io/

Options

cutoff(#) specifies the RD cutoff for the running variable runvar. Default is cutoff(0).

```
\longrightarrow Window and TE lists ^{f L}
```

- wlist(#) specifies the list of window limits to the right of the cutoff. By
 default the program constructs 10 symmetric windows around the cutoff, the
 first one including 10 treated and control observations and then adding 5
 observations to each group in subsequent windows.
- wlist_left(#) specifies the list of window limits to the left of the cutoff. When
 not specified, the command uses symmetric windows around the cutoff based on
 wlist().
- tlist(#) specifies the list of null values for the treatment effect. By default
 the program employs ten evenly spaced points within the asymptotic confidence
 interval for a constant treatment effect in the smallest window to be
 employed.

```
Statistic
```

- statistic(stat_name) specifies the statistic to be used. Options are:
 diffmeans for difference in means statistic. This is the default option.
 ksmirnov for Kolmogorov-Smirnov statistic.
 ranksum for Wilcoxon-Mann-Whitney studentized statistic.
 The option ttest is equivalent to diffmeans and included for backward compatibility.
- p(#) specifies the order of the polynomial for outcome adjustment model. Default is p(0).
- evalat(point) specifies the point at which the adjusted variable is evaluated.
 Allowed options are cutoff and means. Default is evalat(cutoff).

fuzzy(fuzzy_var [fuzzy_stat]) name of the endogenous treatment variable in fuzzy
design. This option uses an Anderson-Rubin-type statistic.

Inference

ci(# #) returns the confidence interval corresponding to the window indicated in window. First value is the left limit, second value if the right limit of the window. The values in window need to coincide with one of the values in wlist and wlist_left.

ci_alpha(#) the value of alpha for the confidence interval. Default alpha is
0.05, corresponding to a 95 percent confidence interval.

reps(#) specifies the number of replications. Default is reps(1000).

seed(#) sets the seed for the randomization test. With this option, the user can
manually set the desired seed, or can enter the value -1 to use the system
seed. Default is seed(666).

Save and display output

saving(filename) saves the dataset containing the data for the contour plot in filename. This allows the user to replicate and modify the appearance of the plot, and also conduct further sensitivity analysis.

nodots suppresses replication dots.

nodraw suppresses contour plot.

verbose displays matrix of results.

Example: Cattaneo, Frandsen and Titiunik (2015) Incumbency Data

Setup

. use rdlocrand_senate.dta, clear

Sensitivity analysis using 1000 replications

. rdsensitivity demvoteshfor2 demmv, wlist(.75(.25)2) tlist(0(1)20) reps(1000)

Obtain confidence interval for window [-.75;.75]

. rdsensitivity demvoteshfor2 demmv, wlist(.75(.25)2) tlist(0(1)20) reps(1000) ci(.75)

Replicate contour graph using saved dataset

- . rdsensitivity demvoteshfor2 demmv, wlist(.75(.25)2) tlist(0(1)20) reps(1000) saving(graphdata)
- . use graphdata, clear
- . twoway contour pvalue t w, ccuts(0(0.05)1)

Saved results

rdsensitivity saves the following in r():

Scalars

Matrices

r(results) matrix of p-values.

References

- Cattaneo, M. D., Frandsen, B., and R. Titiunik. 2015. Randomization Inference in the Regression Discontinuity Design: An Application to Party Advantages in the U.S. Senate. Journal of Causal Inference 3(1): 1-24.
- Cattaneo, M.D., Titiunik, R. and G. Vazquez-Bare. 2016. Inference in Regression <u>Discontinuity Designs under Local Randomization</u>. Stata Journal 16(2): 331-367.
- Cattaneo, M. D., Titiunik, R. and G. Vazquez-Bare. 2017. Comparing Inference Approaches for RD Designs: A Reexamination of the Effect of Head Start on Child Mortality. Journal of Policy Analysis and Management 36(3): 643-681.

<u>Authors</u>

- Matias D. Cattaneo, Princeton University, Princeton, NJ. cattaneo@princeton.edu.
- Rocio Titiunik, Princeton University, Princeton, NJ. titiunik@princeton.edu.
- Gonzalo Vazquez-Bare, UC Santa Barbara, Santa Barbara, CA. gvazquez@econ.ucsb.edu.