Package 'rdpower'

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Description The regression discontinuity (RD) design is a popular quasi-experimental design for causal inference and policy evaluation. The 'rdpower' package provides tools to perform power, sample size and MDE calculations in RD designs: rdpower() calculates the power of an RD design, rdsampsi() calculates the required sample size to achieve a desired power and rdmde() calculates minimum detectable effects. See Cattaneo, Titiunik and Vazquez-Bare (2019) https://rdpackages.github.io/references/Cattaneo-Titiunik-VazquezBare_2019_Stata.pdf for further methodological details.			
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rdpower-package rdpower: Power and Sample Size Calculations for RD Designs			
Description The regression discontinuity (RD) design is a popular quasi-experimental design for causal infer-			

ence and policy evaluation. The 'rdpower' package provides tools to perform power, sample size and MDE calculations in RD designs: rdpower() calculates the power of an RD design, rdsampsi() calculates the required sample size to achieve a desired power and rdmde() calculates minimum detectable effects. This package relies on the rdrobust package. See Calonico,

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Cattaneo and Titiunik (2014, 2015) and Calonico, Cattaneo, Farrell and Titiunik (2017). For more details, and related Stata and R packages useful for analysis of RD designs, visit https://rdpackages.github.io/.

Author(s)

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```

References

Calonico, S., M. D. Cattaneo, M. Farrell and R. Titiunik. (2017).rdrobust: Software for Regression Discontinuity Designs. *Stata Journal* 17(2): 372-404.

Calonico, S., M. D. Cattaneo, and R. Titiunik. (2014). Robust Data-Driven Inference in the Regression-Discontinuity Design. *Stata Journal* 14(4): 909-946.

Calonico, S., M. D. Cattaneo, and R. Titiunik. (2015).rdrobust: An R Package for Robust Non-parametric Inference in Regression-Discontinuity Designs. *R Journal* 7(1): 38-51.

Cattaneo, M. D., R. Titiunik and G. Vazquez-Bare. (2019). Power Calculations for Regression Discontinuity Designs. *Stata Journal*, 19(1): 210-245.

rdmde

MDE Calculations for RD Designs

Description

rdmde() performs MDE calculations for RD designs.

Usage

```
rdmde(
 data = NULL,
 cutoff = 0,
 alpha = 0.05,
 beta = 0.8,
 nsamples = NULL,
 sampsi = NULL,
 samph = NULL,
 all = FALSE,
 bias = NULL,
 variance = NULL,
 init.cond = NULL,
 covs = NULL,
 covs_drop = TRUE,
 deriv = 0,
 p = 1,
 q = NULL
 h = NULL,
 b = NULL,
 rho = NULL,
```

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```
kernel = "triangular",
bwselect = "mserd",
vce = "nn",
cluster = NULL,
scalepar = 1,
scaleregul = 1,
fuzzy = NULL,
level = 95,
weights = NULL,
masspoints = "adjust",
bwcheck = NULL,
bwrestrict = TRUE,
stdvars = FALSE
```

Arguments

data a matrix (Y,R) containing the outcome variable and the running variable (as

column vectors).

cutoff the RD cutoff (default is 0).

alpha specifies the significance level for the power function. Default is 0.05.

beta specifies the desired power. Default is 0.8.

nsamples sets the total sample size to the left, sample size to the left inside the bandwidth,

total sample size to the right and sample size to the right of the cutoff inside the bandwidth to calculate the variance when the running variable is not specified.

When not specified, the values are calculated using the running variable.

sampsi sets the sample size at each side of the cutoff for power calculation. The first

number is the sample size to the left of the cutoff and the second number is the sample size to the right. Default values are the sample sizes inside the chosen

bandwidth.

samph sets the bandwidths at each side of the cutoff for power calculation. The first

number is the bandwidth to the left of the cutoff and the second number is the bandwidth to the right. Default values are the bandwidths used by rdrobust.

all displays the power using the conventional variance estimator, in addition to the

robust bias corrected one.

bias set bias to the left and right of the cutoff. If not specified, the biases are estimated

using rdrobust.

variance set variance to the left and right of the cutoff. If not specified, the variances are

estimated using rdrobust.

init.cond sets the initial condition for the Newton-Raphson algorithm that finds the MDE.

Default is 0.2 times the standard deviation of the outcome below the cutoff.

covs option for rdrobust(): specifies additional covariates to be used for estimation

and inference.

covs_drop option for rdrobust(): if TRUE, it checks for collinear additional covariates

and drops them. Default is TRUE.

deriv option for rdrobust(): specifies the order of the derivative of the regression

functions to be estimated.

p option for rdrobust(): specifies the order of the local-polynomial used to con-

struct the point-estimator.

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option for rdrobust(): specifies the order of the local-polynomial used to conq struct the bias-correction. h option for rdrobust(): specifies the values of the main bandwidth to be used on the left and on the right of the cutoff, respectively. option for rdrobust(): specifies the values of the bias bandwidth \$b\$ to be h used on the left and on the right of the cutoff, respectively. rho option for rdrobust(): specifies the value of rho so that the bias bandwidth b equals b=h/rho. kernel option for rdrobust(): kernel function used to construct the local-polynomial estimators. bwselect option for rdrobust(): specifies the bandwidth selection procedure to be used. option for rdrobust(): specifies the procedure used to compute the variancevce covariance matrix estimator. cluster option for rdrobust(): indicates the cluster ID variable used for the clusterrobust variance estimation with degrees-of-freedom weights. scalepar option for rdrobust(): specifies scaling factor for RD parameter of interest. option for rdrobust(): specifies scaling factor for the regularization terms of scaleregul bandwidth selectors. option for rdrobust(): specifies the treatment status variable used to implefuzzy ment fuzzy RD estimation. level option for rdrobust(): sets the confidence level for confidence intervals. option for rdrobust(): is the variable used for optional weighting of the estiweights mation procedure. The unit-specific weights multiply the kernel function. option for rdrobust(): checks and controls for repeated observations in tue masspoints running variable. bwcheck option for rdrobust(): if a positive integer is provided, the preliminary bandwidth used in the calculations is enlarged so that at least bwcheck unique observations are used. option for rdrobust(): if TRUE, computed bandwidths are restricted to lie **bwrestrict** withing the range of x. Default is bwrestrict=TRUE. option for rdrobust(): if TRUE, x and y are standardized before computing the stdvars bandwidths. Default is stdvars=TRUE.

Value

mde	MDE using robust bias corrected standard error
se.rbc	robust bias corrected standard error
sampsi.r	number of observations inside the window to the right of the cutoff
sampsi.l	number of observations inside the window to the left of the cutoff
samph.r	bandwidth to the right of the cutoff
samph.l	bandwidth to the left of the cutoff
alpha	significance level used in power function
bias.r	bias to the right of the cutoff
bias.l	bias to the left of the cutoff
Vr.rb	Robust bias corrected variance to the right of the cutoff

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Vl.rb	Robust bias corrected variance to the left of the cutoff
N.r	Total sample size to the right of the cutoff
N.1	Total sample size to the left of the cutoff
mde.conv	MDE using conventional inference
se.conv	conventional standard error

Author(s)

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```

References

Cattaneo, M. D., R. Titiunik and G. Vazquez-Bare. (2019). Power Calculations for Regression Discontinuity Designs. *Stata Journal*, 19(1): 210-245.

Examples

```
# Toy dataset
X <- array(rnorm(2000),dim=c(1000,2))
R <- X[,1] + X[,2] + rnorm(1000)
Y <- 1 + R -.5*R^2 + .3*R^3 + (R>=0) + rnorm(1000)
# MDE calculation
tmp <- rdmde(data=cbind(Y,R),init.cond=0.5)</pre>
```

rdpower

Power Calculations for RD Designs

Description

rdpower() performs power calculations for RD designs.

Usage

```
rdpower(
  data = NULL,
  cutoff = 0,
  tau = NULL,
  alpha = 0.05,
  nsamples = NULL,
  sampsi = NULL,
  samph = NULL,
  all = FALSE,
  bias = NULL,
  variance = NULL,
  plot = FALSE,
  graph.range = NULL,
```

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```
covs = NULL,
  covs_drop = TRUE.
  deriv = 0,
  p = 1,
  q = NULL,
  h = NULL,
  b = NULL,
  rho = NULL,
  kernel = "triangular",
  bwselect = "mserd",
  vce = "nn",
  cluster = NULL,
  scalepar = 1,
  scaleregul = 1,
  fuzzy = NULL,
  level = 95,
  weights = NULL,
 masspoints = "adjust",
 bwcheck = NULL,
 bwrestrict = TRUE,
  stdvars = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

data a matrix (Y,R) containing the outcome variable and the running variable (as

column vectors).

cutoff the RD cutoff (default is 0).

tau specifies the treatment effect under the alternative at which the power function

is evaluated. The default is half the standard deviation of the outcome for the

untreated group.

alpha specifies the significance level for the power function. Default is 0.05.

nsamples sets the total sample size to the left, sample size to the left inside the bandwidth,

total sample size to the right and sample size to the right of the cutoff inside the bandwidth to calculate the variance when the running variable is not specified.

When not specified, the values are calculated using the running variable.

sampsi sets the sample size at each side of the cutoff for power calculation. The first

number is the sample size to the left of the cutoff and the second number is the sample size to the right. Default values are the sample sizes inside the chosen

bandwidth.

samph sets the bandwidths at each side of the cutoff for power calculation. The first

number is the bandwidth to the left of the cutoff and the second number is the bandwidth to the right. Default values are the bandwidths used by rdrobust.

all displays the power using the conventional variance estimator, in addition to the

robust bias corrected one.

bias set bias to the left and right of the cutoff. If not specified, the biases are estimated

using rdrobust.

variance set variance to the left and right of the cutoff. If not specified, the variances are

estimated using rdrobust.

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plot	plots the power function using the conventional and robust bias corrected standard errors from rdrobust.
graph.range	range of the plot.
covs	option for rdrobust(): specifies additional covariates to be used for estimation and inference.
covs_drop	option for rdrobust(): if TRUE, it checks for collinear additional covariates and drops them. Default is TRUE.
deriv	option for rdrobust(): specifies the order of the derivative of the regression functions to be estimated.
р	option for rdrobust(): specifies the order of the local-polynomial used to construct the point-estimator.
q	option for rdrobust(): specifies the order of the local-polynomial used to construct the bias-correction.
h	option for rdrobust(): specifies the values of the main bandwidth to be used on the left and on the right of the cutoff, respectively.
b	option for rdrobust(): specifies the values of the bias bandwidth \$b\$ to be used on the left and on the right of the cutoff, respectively.
rho	option for rdrobust(): specifies the value of rho so that the bias bandwidth b equals b=h/rho.
kernel	option for rdrobust(): kernel function used to construct the local-polynomial estimators.
bwselect	option for rdrobust(): specifies the bandwidth selection procedure to be used.
vce	option for rdrobust(): specifies the procedure used to compute the variance-covariance matrix estimator.
cluster	option for rdrobust(): indicates the cluster ID variable used for the cluster-robust variance estimation with degrees-of-freedom weights.
scalepar	option for rdrobust(): specifies scaling factor for RD parameter of interest.
scaleregul	option for rdrobust(): specifies scaling factor for the regularization terms of bandwidth selectors.
fuzzy	option for rdrobust(): specifies the treatment status variable used to implement fuzzy RD estimation.
level	option for rdrobust(): sets the confidence level for confidence intervals.
weights	option for rdrobust(): is the variable used for optional weighting of the estimation procedure. The unit-specific weights multiply the kernel function.
masspoints	option for rdrobust(): checks and controls for repeated observations in tue running variable.
bwcheck	option for rdrobust(): if a positive integer is provided, the preliminary bandwidth used in the calculations is enlarged so that at least bwcheck unique observations are used.
bwrestrict	option for rdrobust(): if TRUE, computed bandwidths are restricted to lie withing the range of x. Default is bwrestrict=TRUE.
stdvars	option for rdrobust(): if TRUE, x and y are standardized before computing the bandwidths. Default is stdvars=TRUE.

rdpower rdpower

Value

power.rbc	power against tau using robust bias corrected standard error
se.rbc	robust bias corrected standard error
sampsi.r	number of observations inside the window to the right of the cutoff
sampsi.l	number of observations inside the window to the left of the cutoff
samph.r	bandwidth to the right of the cutoff
samph.l	bandwidth to the left of the cutoff
alpha	significance level used in power function
tau	treatment effect under alternative hypothesis
bias.r	bias to the right of the cutoff
bias.l	bias to the left of the cutoff
Vr.rb	Robust bias corrected variance to the right of the cutoff
Vl.rb	Robust bias corrected variance to the left of the cutoff
N.r	Total sample size to the right of the cutoff
N.1	Total sample size to the left of the cutoff
power.conv	power against tau using conventional inference
se.conv	conventional standard error

Author(s)

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Gonzalo Vazquez-Bare, UC Santa Barbara. <gvazquez@econ.ucsb.edu>
```

References

Cattaneo, M. D., R. Titiunik and G. Vazquez-Bare. (2019). Power Calculations for Regression Discontinuity Designs. *Stata Journal*, 19(1): 210-245.

Examples

```
# Toy dataset
X <- array(rnorm(2000),dim=c(1000,2))
R <- X[,1] + X[,2] + rnorm(1000)
Y <- 1 + R -.5*R^2 + .3*R^3 + (R>=0) + rnorm(1000)
# Power against tau = 1
tmp <- rdpower(data=cbind(Y,R),tau=1)
# Power against tau = 1 including covariates
tmp <- rdpower(data=cbind(Y,R),tau=1,covs=X)</pre>
```

rdsampsi

Sample Size Calculations for RD Designs

Description

rdsampsi() performs sample size calculations for RD designs.

Usage

```
rdsampsi(
 data = NULL,
 cutoff = 0,
  tau = NULL,
 alpha = 0.05,
 beta = 0.8,
 samph = NULL,
 nsamples = NULL,
 all = FALSE,
 bias = NULL,
 variance = NULL,
 nratio = NULL,
  init.cond = NULL,
 plot = FALSE,
 graph.range = NULL,
 covs = NULL,
 covs_drop = TRUE,
 deriv = 0,
 p = 1,
 q = NULL
 h = NULL,
 b = NULL
 rho = NULL,
 kernel = "triangular",
 bwselect = "mserd",
 vce = "nn",
 cluster = NULL,
  scalepar = 1,
  scaleregul = 1,
 fuzzy = NULL,
 level = 95,
 weights = NULL,
 masspoints = "adjust",
 bwcheck = NULL,
 bwrestrict = TRUE,
  stdvars = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

data

a matrix (Y,R) containing the outcome variable and the running variable (as column vectors).

cutoff the RD cutoff (default is 0). specifies the treatment effect under the alternative at which the power function tau is evaluated. The default is half the standard deviation of the outcome for the untreated group. alpha specifies the significance level for the power function. Default is 0.05. beta specifies the desired power. Default is 0.8. sets the bandwidths at each side of the cutoff for power calculation. The first samph number is the bandwidth to the left of the cutoff and the second number is the bandwidth to the right. Default values are the bandwidths used by rdrobust. nsamples sets the total sample size to the left, sample size to the left inside the bandwidth, total sample size to the right and sample size to the right of the cutoff inside the bandwidth to calculate the variance when the running variable is not specified. When not specified, the values are calculated using the running variable. all displays the power using the conventional variance estimator, in addition to the robust bias corrected one. bias set bias to the left and right of the cutoff. If not specified, the biases are estimated using rdrobust. variance set variance to the left and right of the cutoff. If not specified, the variances are estimated using rdrobust. nratio specifies the proportion of treated units in the window. Default is the ratio of the standard deviation of the treated to the sum of the standard deviations for treated and controls init.cond sets the initial condition for the Newton-Raphson algorithm that finds the sample size. Default is the number of observations in the sample with non-missing values of the outcome and running variable. plot plots the power function using the conventional and robust bias corrected standard errors from rdrobust. range of the plot. graph.range option for rdrobust(): specifies additional covariates to be used for estimation COVS and inference. option for rdrobust(): if TRUE, it checks for collinear additional covariates covs_drop and drops them. Default is TRUE. deriv option for rdrobust(): specifies the order of the derivative of the regression functions to be estimated. option for rdrobust(): specifies the order of the local-polynomial used to conр struct the point-estimator. option for rdrobust(): specifies the order of the local-polynomial used to conq struct the bias-correction. option for rdrobust(): specifies the values of the main bandwidth to be used h on the left and on the right of the cutoff, respectively. b option for rdrobust(): specifies the values of the bias bandwidth \$b\$ to be used on the left and on the right of the cutoff, respectively. option for rdrobust(): specifies the value of rho so that the bias bandwidth b rho equals b=h/rho. kernel option for rdrobust(): kernel function used to construct the local-polynomial estimators.

bwselect option for rdrobust(): specifies the bandwidth selection procedure to be used. option for rdrobust(): specifies the procedure used to compute the variancevce covariance matrix estimator. option for rdrobust(): indicates the cluster ID variable used for the clustercluster robust variance estimation with degrees-of-freedom weights. scalepar option for rdrobust(): specifies scaling factor for RD parameter of interest. scaleregul option for rdrobust(): specifies scaling factor for the regularization terms of bandwidth selectors. fuzzy option for rdrobust(): specifies the treatment status variable used to implement fuzzy RD estimation. level option for rdrobust(): sets the confidence level for confidence intervals. option for rdrobust(): is the variable used for optional weighting of the estiweights mation procedure. The unit-specific weights multiply the kernel function. option for rdrobust(): checks and controls for repeated observations in tue masspoints running variable. bwcheck option for rdrobust(): if a positive integer is provided, the preliminary bandwidth used in the calculations is enlarged so that at least bwcheck unique observations are used. option for rdrobust(): if TRUE, computed bandwidths are restricted to lie **bwrestrict** withing the range of x. Default is bwrestrict=TRUE. option for rdrobust(): if TRUE, x and y are standardized before computing the stdvars

bandwidths. Default is stdvars=TRUE.

Value

alpha	significance level
beta	desired power
tau	treatment effect under alternative hypothesis
sampsi.h.tot	total number of observations inside the window
sampsi.h.r	number of observations inside the window to the right of the cutoff
sampsi.h.l	number of observations inside the window to the left of the cutoff
N.r	Total sample size to the right of the cutoff
N.1	Total sample size to the left of the cutoff
samph.r	bandwidth to the right of the cutoff
samph.l	bandwidth to the left of the cutoff
var.r	Robust bias corrected variance to the right of the cutoff
Var.l	Robust bias corrected variance to the left of the cutoff
sampsi.h.tot.cl	
	implied total number of observations inside the window using conventional s.e.
sampsi.h.r.cl	number of observations inside the window to the right of the cutoff using conventional s.e.
sampsi.h.l.cl	number of observations inside the window to the left of the cutoff using conventional s.e.
no.iter	number of iterations until convergence of the Newton-Raphson algorithm
init.cond	initial condition of the Newton-Raphson algorithm

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References

Cattaneo, M. D., R. Titiunik and G. Vazquez-Bare. (2019). Power Calculations for Regression Discontinuity Designs. *Stata Journal*, 19(1): 210-245.

Examples

```
# Toy dataset
X <- array(rnorm(2000),dim=c(1000,2))
R <- X[,1] + X[,2] + rnorm(1000)
Y <- 1 + R -.5*R^2 + .3*R^3 + (R>=0) + rnorm(1000)
# Sample size to achieve power of 0.8 against tau = 1
tmp <- rdsampsi(data=cbind(Y,R),tau=1)
# Sample size against tau = 1 including covariates
tmp <- rdsampsi(data=cbind(Y,R),tau=1,covs=X)</pre>
```

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