usbkb2bt - Bluetooth Keyboard Emulation with a Raspberry Pi

This README describes usage of the standard Raspbian Jessie version 8.

Jessie installs bluez5, which is sometimes problematic for pairing and connection. See the other README_Wheezy_Bluez4 for the easier bluez4 version

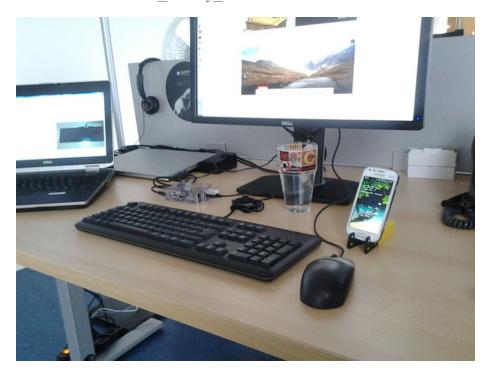


Figure 1: USB keyboard as a Bluetooth keyboard

Download the image from here

https://www.raspberrypi.org/downloads/raspbian/

Select Raspbian Jessie Light

Unzip image

-rw-r--r-- 1 rene rene 306010843 Nov 22 11:53 /home/DoNotBackup/2016-09-23-raspbian-jessie-rw-r--r-- 1 rene rene 1389363200 Sep 27 06:45 /home/DoNotBackup/2016-09-23-raspbian-jessie-

Login as root, and copy the image to and SDCard (or use sudo)

```
dd if=2016-09-23-raspbian-jessie-lite.img of=/dev/mmcblk0 bs=1M 1325+0 records in 1325+0 records out 1389363200 bytes (1.4 GB) copied, 134.876 s, 10.3 MB/s
```

Insert the card into a Raspberry Pi, provide power, a USB keyboard, a bluetooth dongle, network, and boot the Raspberry Pi ssh to the Raspberry Pi.

Find the address of the Raspberry Pi and ssh to it. In my case, I configured my eth0 as "Shared to other computers" and the raspberry Pi get address 10.42.0.172 Initial password is "raspberry"

```
$ ssh pi@10.42.0.172
```

From now on, you must be connected to the internet. Install git.

```
$ sudo apt-get install git
```

Clone the program into a new repository.

```
$ git clone https://github.com/rdubois440/usbkb2bt
Cloning into 'usbkb2bt'...
remote: Counting objects: 10, done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (9/9), done.
remote: Total 10 (delta 0), reused 7 (delta 0), pack-reused 0
Unpacking objects: 100% (10/10), done.
Checking connectivity... done.
```

Change directory to the newly created directory, and check the directory content

```
$ cd usbkb2bt

$ ls -lrt

total 40

-rw-r--r- 1 pi pi 56 Nov 22 11:18 README.md

-rw-r--r- 1 pi pi 259 Nov 22 11:18 Makefile

-rw-r--r- 1 pi pi 4256 Nov 22 11:18 hid.h

-rw-r--r- 1 pi pi 6798 Nov 22 11:18 btkbdemu.c

-rwxr-xr-x 1 pi pi 3620 Nov 22 11:18 bluez-simple-agent

-rw-r--r- 1 pi pi 9327 Nov 22 11:18 usbkb2bt.c
```

Install the required package libbluetooth-dev

```
$ sudo apt-get install libbluetooth-dev
```

Build with make to create the program

```
$ make
$ ls -lrt uskb2bt
-rwxr-xr-x 1 pi pi 20744 Nov 22 11:22 usbkb2bt
```

Bluetooth Address Configuration

Notice the section of code below near the beginning of the program (line 48 at the time of this writing)

A device at bluetooth address target 1 is accessible with key combination Alt + Contral + Shift + 1.

Up to 9 devices can be defined and switched with key combination Alt + Contral + Shift + .

Pairing

Pairing under bluez5 is always a challenge. the procedure below has worked for me

https://www.raspberrypi.org/forums/viewtopic.php?f=66&t=122872

```
$ sudo hciconfig hci0 down
$ sudo hciconfig hci0 up
$ sudo hciconfig hci0 piscan
$ bluetoothctl
[NEW] Controller 00:15:83:15:A3:10 raspberrypi [default]
[NEW] Device 7C:1E:52:0B:0D:97 Microsoft Wedge Mobile Keyboard
[bluetooth] # agent on
Agent registered
```

[bluetooth]# default-agent
Default agent request successful
[bluetooth]# pairable on
Changing pairable on succeeded

If you do not know the bluetooth address of your device, you can find it here. Set your device to discoverable mode (preferrably for a short time)

```
[bluetooth]# scan on
Discovery started
[CHG] Controller 00:15:83:15:A3:10 Discovering: yes
[CHG] Device F0:5A:09:33:9D:ED This is my device
```

With the address, you can pair from the Raspberry Pi

```
[bluetooth]# pair F0:5A:09:33:9D:ED
Attempting to pair with F0:5A:09:33:9D:ED
[CHG] Device F0:5A:09:33:9D:ED Connected: yes
[bluetooth]# quit
Agent unregistered
```

If this does not work, try to initiate the pairing from the device, while bluetoothctl is active

Run the program

sudo ./usbkb2bt /dev/input/event0

Autostart the program at boot time

Copy the file etc init.d usbkb2bt as below, and make it executable

```
$ sudo cp etc_init.d_usbkb2bt /etc/init.d/usbkb2bt
$ sudo chmod +x /etc/init.d/usbkb2bt
```

At this point, the program can be started and stopped as a service.

```
$ sudo /etc/init.d/usbkb2bt start
$ sudo /etc/init.d/usbkb2bt stop
```

The program must be registered to autostart

```
sudo update-rc.d usbkb2bt defaults
```

After reboot, the program should start automatically, and does not require any ssh session anymore !

Happy work!