

1.

(A) `msg = "hello";` [2]

(B) `msg += "hello";` [2]

(C) `length = msg.length();` [2]

2.

(A) `const int argc, const char* argv[];` [2]

(B) `int i = 0; i < argc; i++` [2]

(C) `String str = argv[i];` [2]

(D) `str.reverse();` [2]
`reverse(str.begin(), str.end());`

3.

(略)

class Point {
 int x, y, z;
 public:
 friend ostream& operator<<(ostream& out, const Point& p);
};

ostream& operator<<(ostream& out, const Point& p) {
 out << p.x << " " << p.y << " " << p.z << endl;
 return out;
}

istream& operator>>(istream& in, Point& p) {
 in >> p.x >> p.y >> p.z;
 return in;
}

int main() { (略) }

4.

#include <iostream>
#include <fstream>

using namespace std;

int main()
{
 int n; // 各行の「個数」
 float w; // 各行の「重さ」
 float total = 0; // 総重量

if stream in
in.open("data.txt");

while (!in.eof()) {
 in >> n >> w;
 total += static_cast<float>(n * w);
}

ofstream out;
out.open("output.txt");
out << total;

1 1 .

```

#include <iostream>
[2] #include <stdexcept>

using namespace std;

[3] class difference_size_error : public logic_error {
public:
    difference_size_error(const string& e): logic_error(e) {}
};

class Vector {
    // 略
    Vector operator+(const Vector& v) {
        [3] if (size != v.size) {
            throw difference_size_error("2つのベクトルのサイズが異なります");
        }

        Vector tmp(size);
        for (size_t i = 0; i < size; i++)
            tmp.vec[i] = vec[i] + v.vec[i];
        // 略
    };

    int main()
    {
        Vector v1(10);
        Vector v2(8);
        Vector v3;

        [3] try {
            v3 = v1 + v2;
        }
        catch (const exception& e) {
            cout << e.what() << endl;
        }
        // 以降何かの処理
    }

```

1 2 .

空欄(A)

[3] `gu::speak();`

空欄(B)

[3] `using namespace tyoki;`

空欄(C)

[3] `pa::speak();`