Midterm Review: 3D Query

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Project Topic

We aim to compare different databases for 3D buildings, benchmarking common operations performed on this data.

- CityGML
- CSV files

Datasets

- opencitymodel
 - Contains data for all buildings in the United States. (some cities missing)
 - AWS S3 Bucket
- PLUTO
 - Extensive land use and geographic data at the tax lot level
 - CSV
- awesome-citygml
 - Contains a list of open datasets

Database

- 3dcitydb
 - O 3D geo database to store, represent and manage 3d city models on top of a rdbms
 - Schema based on CityGML format
 - Collection of SQL scripts
 - PostGreSQL/PostGIS dbms

Pluto CSV queries

- 1. Examine dataset: see what information you need
 - a. Might need to trim dataset in beginning as file might be too large
- 2. Load CSV file as a table to MySQL Workbench
- 3. Query the data

Example

```
Table: pluto_22v3_1
Columns:
  borough
                        text
  block
                        int
  lot
                        int
  cd
                        int
                        int
  bct2020
  bctcb2020
                        bigint
  ct2010
                        int
  cb2010
                        int
  schooldist
                        int
  council
                        int
  zipcode
                        int
  firecomp
                        text
  policeprct
                        int
  healthcenterdistrict
                        int
  healtharea
                        int
  sanitboro
                        int
  sanitdistrict
                        text
  sanitsub
                        text
  address
                        text
  zonodict1
                        tout
```

Sample query 1

```
select distinct zipcode from pluto_22v3_1
where numfloors=2 and schooldist=13 and borough='BK';
```

R	esult Grid	43	Filte
	zipcode		
١	11216		
	11221		
	11238		
	11201		
	11213		
	11217		
	11215		
	11205		
	11233		
	11206		

Sample query 2

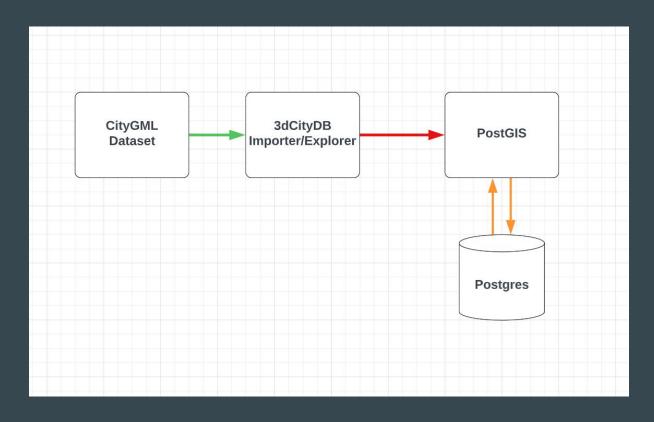
```
select distinct block, address from pluto_22v3_1
where histdist='Bedford Historic District';
```

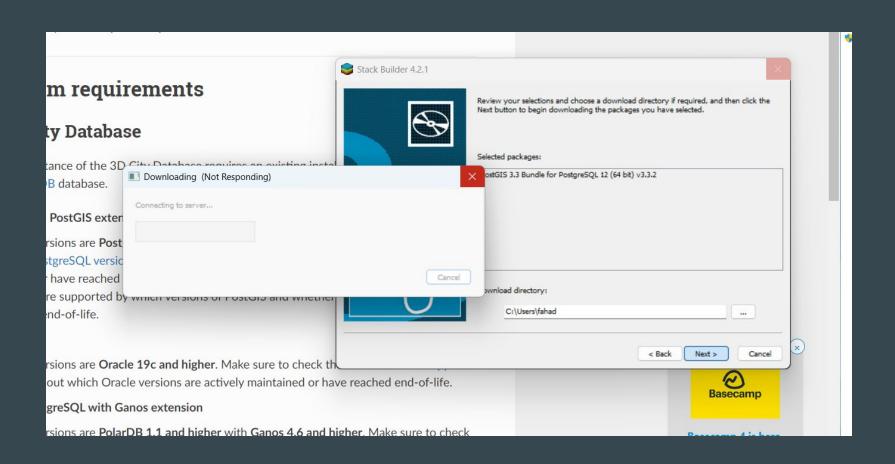
	block	address	
•	1819	827 MARCY AVENUE	
	1819	825 MARCY AVENUE	
	1819	821 MARCY AVENUE	
	1819	815 MARCY AVENUE	
	1837	79 HALSEY STREET	
	1842	4 ARLINGTON PLACE	
	1842	12 ARLINGTON PLACE	
	1843	1 ARLINGTON PLACE	
	1843	5 MACON STREET	
	1832	73 HANCOCK STREET	
	1832	105 HANCOCK STREET	
	1829	849 MARCY AVENUE	
	1834	326 JEFFERSON AVE	

Next Steps

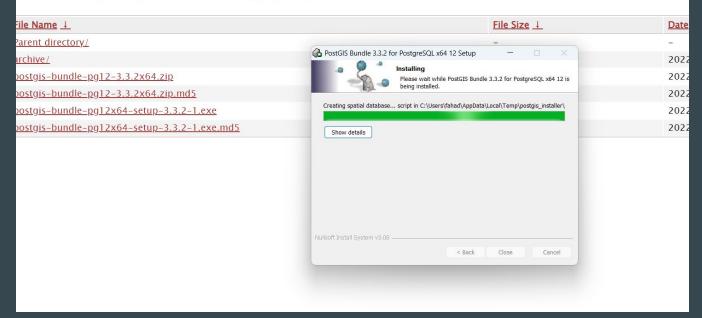
- Extension to cityGML: trying Docker to allow conversion from GML to SQL
- Test out on different robust datasets
- Method where anyone can query data
- Analyze results

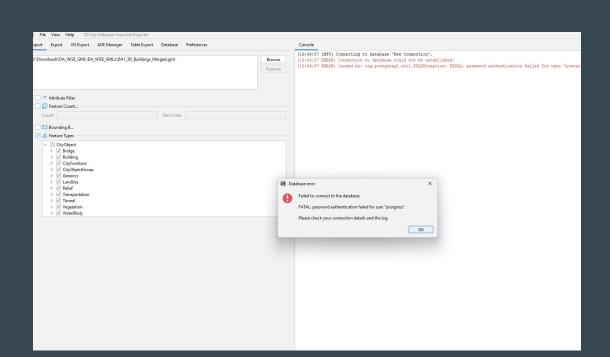
Current State

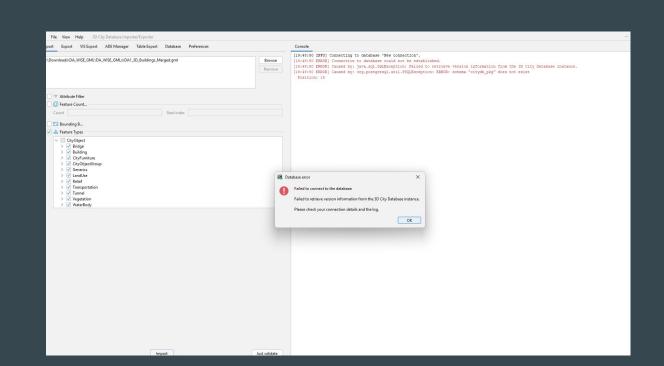




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SQL Shell (psql) X List of relations Schema Name Type Owner public spatial_ref_sys table postgres tiger table addr postgres tiger addrfeat table postgres tiger table postgres bq tiger county table postgres tiger county_lookup table postgres tiger countysub_lookup table postgres tiger cousub table postgres tiger direction_lookup table postgres tiger edges table postgres tiger faces table postgres tiger featnames table postgres tiger geocode_settings table postgres geocode_settings_default tiger table postgres loader_lookuptables tiger table postgres loader_platform tiger table postgres tiger loader_variables table postgres tiger table pagc_gaz postgres tiger table pagc_lex postgres table tiger pagc_rules postgres tiger place table postgres tiger place_lookup table postgres tiger secondary_unit_lookup table postgres tiger state table postgres tiger state_lookup table postgres tiger street_type_lookup table postgres -- More --