

# Cryptography 3/6

*Reagan Shirk*

*March 6, 2020*

## Encryption

- Caesar Cipher
- Substitution Cipher
  - Hill Cipher
    - \* Permutation Cipher
    - \* Vigenere Cipher
- Block Cipher

## Vigenere Cipher

- plaintext + key = ciphertext
- You have your plaintext and your key. You list out the alphabet as  $\{A, \dots, Z\} \rightarrow \frac{\mathbb{Z}}{26\mathbb{Z}}$  with  $A \rightarrow 0$  and  $Z \rightarrow 25$ 
  - You add the number for the plaintext letter with the number for the key letter and that is your ciphertext
- Not very safe... what can you do instead? Affine Linear Block Cipher

## Affine Linear Block Cipher

- Combination of block cipher and vigenere cipher

## Attacks

- There are lots of different types of cipher attacks but I was distracted and missed their descriptions, not sure I would've understood even if I had been paying attention though
- Ciphertext only attack
- Known plaintext attack
  - Linear analysis
- Chosen plaintext attack
- If you have the plaintext and a key, it's *easy* to compute the ciphertext (encryption)
- If you have the ciphertext and a key, it's *easy* to compute the plaintext (decryption)
- If you have the plaintext and ciphertext, it's *hard* to compute the key