

MyBatis现在主流的写法就是两个xml文件（mybatis-conf.xml和mapper.xml） 和一个接口（供数据调用的口） 构成，这样写的好处是把持久层和代码分隔开来了，一下是这三个代码部分详细（可以作为模板使用）

1、 myBatisConfig.xml(全局配置文件)

```
1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
2 <!DOCTYPE configuration
3 PUBLIC "-//mybatis.org//DTD Config 3.0//EN"
4 "http://mybatis.org/dtd/mybatis-3-config.dtd">
5 <configuration>
6     <properties resource="jdbc.properties"></properties>
7     <environments default="development">
8         <!-- environment这里可以配置多个环境，如开发的环境、测试的环境 -->
9         <environment id="development">
10             <transactionManager type="JDBC" />
11             <dataSource type="POOLED">
12                 <property name="driver" value="${driver}" />
13                 <property name="url" value="${url}" />
14                 <property name="username" value="${username}" />
15                 <property name="password" value="${password}" />
16             </dataSource>
17         </environment>
18     </environments>
19     <mappers>
20         <mapper resource="userMapper.xml" />
21         <!-- <mapper class="daiwei.test.myInterface.UserMapper"/> -->
22     </mappers>
23 </configuration>
```

environment: 数据源环境 mapper resource: mapper.xml文件位置 mapper class: mapper接口和mapper.xml文件在同一目录下且两个文件同名， mapper class为接口位置

2、 mapper.xml

```
1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
2 <!DOCTYPE mapper
3 PUBLIC "-//mybatis.org//DTD Mapper 3.0//EN"
4 "http://mybatis.org/dtd/mybatis-3-mapper.dtd">
5 <mapper namespace="daiwei.test.myInterface.UserMapper">
6     <select id="getUserById" resultType="daiwei.test.pojo.User">
7         select * from user where id = #{id}
8     </select>
```

```
9 </mapper>
```

namespace: 接口的全路径名 id: 该方法对应的函数名 resultType: 返回的类型

3、userMapper.java

```
1 package daiwei.test.myInterface;
2
3 import daiwei.test.pojo.User;
4
5 public interface UserMapper {
6
7     public User getUserById(Integer id);
8
9 }
```

4、Test类 (调用mybatis的类)

```
1 package daiwei.test.mybatisTest;
2
3 import java.io.IOException;
4 import java.io.InputStream;
5 import java.net.URL;
6
7 import org.apache.ibatis.io.Resources;
8 import org.apache.ibatis.session.SqlSession;
9 import org.apache.ibatis.session.SqlSessionFactory;
10 import org.apache.ibatis.session.SqlSessionFactoryBuilder;
11 import org.apache.log4j.chainsaw.Main;
12 import org.junit.Test;
13
14 import daiwei.test.myInterface.UserMapper;
15 import daiwei.test.pojo.User;
16
17 public class MyTest {
18
19     public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {
20         String path =
21 Thread.currentThread().getContextClassLoader().getResource("").getPath();
22         System.out.println(path);
23         String resource = "MybatisConfig.xml";
24         InputStream inputStream = Resources.getResourceAsStream(resource);
```

```
24      SqlSessionFactory sqlSessionFactory = new
SqlSessionFactoryBuilder().build(inputStream);
25      SqlSession openSession = sqlSessionFactory.openSession();
26      try {
27          //      查询
28          //      UserMapper mapper = openSession.getMapper(UserMapper.class);
29          //      User user = mapper.getUserById(1);
30          //      System.out.println(user.toString());
31          //
32          //      添加
33          UserMapper mapper = openSession.getMapper(UserMapper.class);
34          User user = new User("daiwei", 21, 1);
35          mapper.insertUserById(user);
36          System.out.println(user.getId());
37          openSession.commit();
38
39          //      更新
40          //      UserMapper mapper = openSession.getMapper(UserMapper.class);
41          //      User user = new User(1,"daiwei", 21, 1);
42          //      mapper.updateUserById(user);
43          //      openSession.commit();
44
45          //      删除
46          //      UserMapper mapper = openSession.getMapper(UserMapper.class);
47          //      boolean deleteUserById = mapper.deleteUserById(1);
48          //      System.out.println(deleteUserById);
49          //      openSession.commit();
50
51      } finally {
52          openSession.close();
53      }
54  }
55 }
```