

# Define NV axes

```
In[1]:= (*define rodrigues rotation matrix for
arbitrary rotation of angle θ around an axis vec*)
Rrod[vec_, θ_] := Module[{ux, uy, uz}, {ux, uy, uz} = {vec[[1]], vec[[2]], vec[[3]]};
R =

$$\begin{pmatrix} \cos[\theta] + ux^2(1 - \cos[\theta]) & ux\uy(1 - \cos[\theta]) - uz\sin[\theta] & ux\uz(1 - \cos[\theta]) + uy\sin[\theta] \\ uy\ux(1 - \cos[\theta]) + uz\sin[\theta] & \cos[\theta] + uy^2(1 - \cos[\theta]) & uy\uz(1 - \cos[\theta]) - ux\sin[\theta] \\ uz\ux(1 - \cos[\theta]) - uy\sin[\theta] & uz\uy(1 - \cos[\theta]) + ux\sin[\theta] & \cos[\theta] + uz^2(1 - \cos[\theta]) \end{pmatrix}$$

];
Rx[θ_] = Rrod[{1, 0, 0}, θ][[1]];(*rotation operator about x*)
Ry[θ_] = Rrod[{0, 1, 0}, θ][[1]];(*rotation operator about y*)
Rz[θ_] = Rrod[{0, 0, 1}, θ][[1]];(*rotation operator about z*)

(*100-NV unit vector*)
NVs100 =  $\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}$ 
{{1/2, 1/2, 1/2}, {-1/2, -1/2, 1/2}, {1/2, -1/2, -1/2}, {-1/2, 1/2, -1/2}};
(*Rotate NVs to get 111 orientation*)
θm = 1/2 ArcCos[-1/3]; (*define angle for y rotn*)
NVs111 = FullSimplify[Table[ $\frac{Ry[\theta_m].(Rz[-\pi/4].NVs100[i])}{\text{Norm}[Ry[1/2 \theta_m].(Rz[\pi/4].NVs100[i])]}$ , {i, 1, 4}], {i, 1, 4}]];
(*Rotate NVs to get 110 orientation*)
NVs110 = Normalize /@ FullSimplify[Table[Ry[-π/4].NVs100[i], {i, 1, 4}]];
```

---

## Define Projection operation for each NV axis and Spin matrices

```
In[8]:= (*make a coordinate system for the NV*)
MakeCS[nv_] := Module[{v1, v2, v3},
  v1 = nv;
  v2 = nv × {0, 0, 1};
  v3 =  $\frac{v1 \times v2}{\text{Norm}[v1] \times \text{Norm}[v2]}$ ;
  {v1, v2, v3}]

(*projects magnetic field along NV axjs ensuring Bz is along NV axis*)
Proj[B_, nv_] := Module[{v1, v2, v3, vx, vy, vz, Bx, By, Bz},
  {v1, v2, v3} = MakeCS[nv];
  {vx, vy, vz} = {v2, v3, v1};
  {B.vx, B.vy, B.vz}]

Sx =  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$ ; Sy =  $1/\sqrt{2} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -i & 0 \\ i & 0 & -i \\ 0 & i & 0 \end{pmatrix}$ ; Sz =  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$ ;
Stot = {Sx, Sy, Sz};
```

## Create Hyperfine Hamiltonian

```
In[1]:= (*now try including nuclear part of hamiltonian*)
Hzps = Dz * KroneckerProduct[Sz^2, IdentityMatrix[3]];
(*Electronic zero field splitting*)
Hqp = P * KroneckerProduct[IdentityMatrix[3], Sz^2]; (*Nuclear quadropole of N14*)
HzeemanE = γ * KroneckerProduct[Bx Sx + By Sy + Bz Sz, IdentityMatrix[3]];
(*electron zeeman splitting*)
HzeemanN = -γn * KroneckerProduct[IdentityMatrix[3], Bx Sx + By Sy + Bz Sz];
(*nuclear zeeman splitting*)
Hhf = A1 *
(KroneckerProduct[Sx, IdentityMatrix[3]].KroneckerProduct[IdentityMatrix[3], Sx] +
KroneckerProduct[Sy, IdentityMatrix[3]].
KroneckerProduct[IdentityMatrix[3], Sy]) + Az *
KroneckerProduct[Sz, IdentityMatrix[3]].KroneckerProduct[IdentityMatrix[3], Sz];
(*hyperfine interaction term between
electronic
and
nuclear
spins*)
MHz = 10^6;
(*define key parameters*)
numbers = {Dz → 2 π * 2870 MHz, P → -2 π * 4.9457 MHz, γ → 2 π * 2.803 MHz,
γn → 2 π * 3.077 * 10^-4 MHz, A1 → -2 π * 2.62 MHz, Az → 2 π * 2.2 MHz};
(*A1→2π*2.14MHz,Az→2π*2.7MHz i dont think these are correct current values
from:Fast coherent control of nitrogen-14 spins associated with nitrogen-
vacancy centers in diamonds using dynamical decoupling
P value from Robust optical
readout and characterization of nuclear spin transitions
in nitrogen-vacancy ensembles in diamond*)

(*define full hamiltonian*)
HwithB[B_, nv_] = Module[{Bx, By, Bz, Hfull, HzeemanE, HzeemanN},
{Bx, By, Bz} = Proj[B, nv];
HzeemanE = γ * KroneckerProduct[Bx Sx + By Sy + Bz Sz, IdentityMatrix[3]];
HzeemanN = -γn * KroneckerProduct[IdentityMatrix[3], Bx Sx + By Sy + Bz Sz];
Hfull = Hzps + Hqp + HzeemanE + HzeemanN + Hhf];

(*Diagonalise hamiltonian based on B field and NV axis (vectors) *)
Energies[B_, nv_] := Module[{Bx, By, Bz, Hfull, Ham, evals},
Ham = HwithB[B, nv] /. numbers;
evals = Sort[1/(2 π MHz) Eigenvalues[Ham]];
evals]
lorentzian[x_, dx_, Γ_, amp_] = 1 - amp Γ^2 / ((x - dx)^2 + Γ^2);
```

```
In[=]:= GenSpec[B0_, θ_, ϕ_, w_, amp_] :=  $\frac{1}{24}$  Total@
  Map[lorentzian[x, #, w, amp] &, Flatten@Map[{#[[2]] - #[[1]], #[[3]] - #[[1]]} &@Partition[
    Energies[{B0 Sin[θ] × Cos[ϕ], B0 Sin[θ] × Sin[ϕ], B0 Cos[θ]}], #], 3] &, NVs100]
```

Generate an ODMR spectrum for  $B = 100G$ ,  $\theta = 25^\circ$ ,  $\phi = 32^\circ$ , with lorentzian widths = 2.25MHz and amplitude 0.1

```
In[=]:= spec[x_] = GenSpec[100, 25 °, 32 °, 2.25, 0.1];
Plot[spec[x], {x, 2500, 3200}, PlotRange → All, Frame → True]
```

Out[=]=

