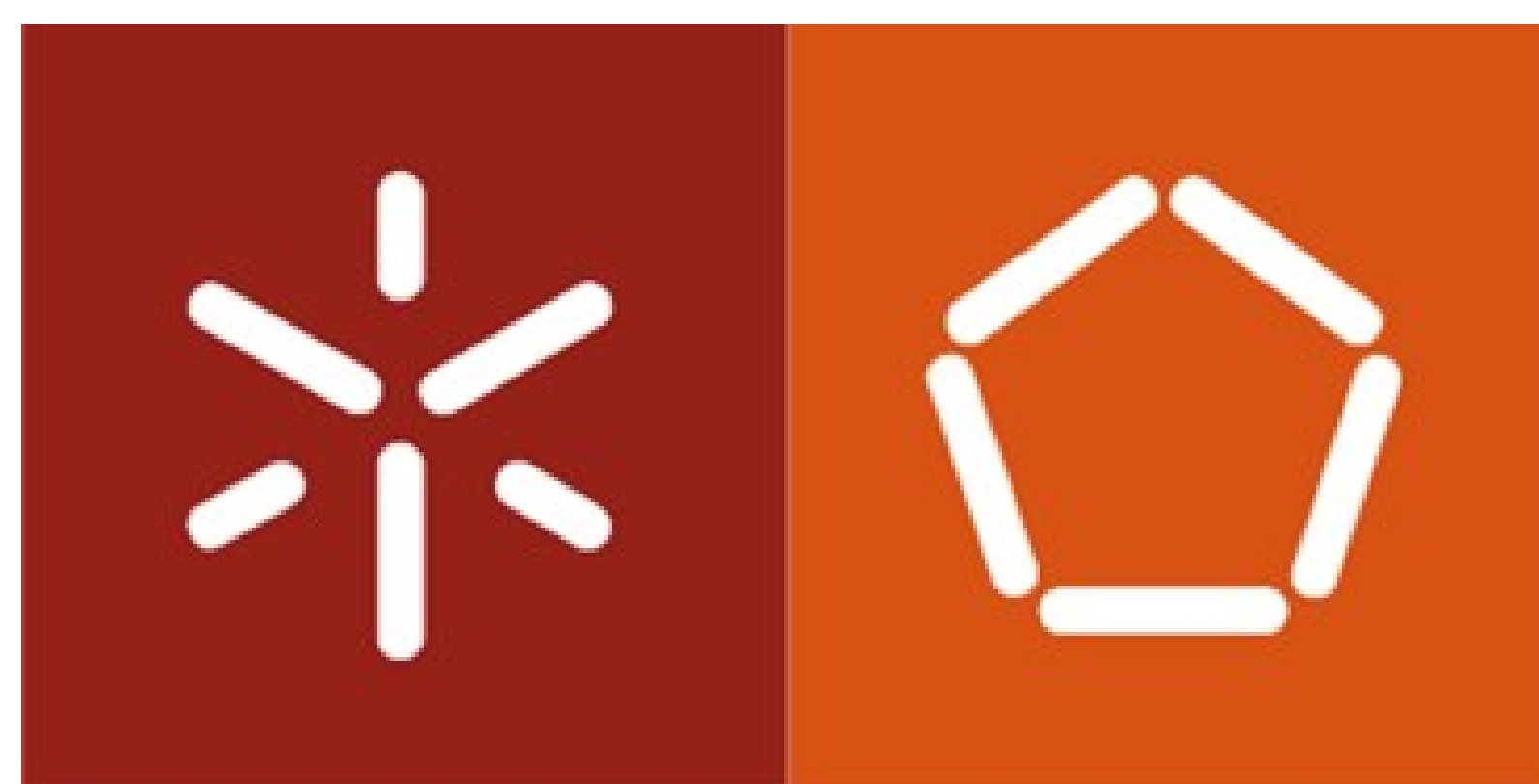




On the Energy Efficiency of Sorting Algorithms

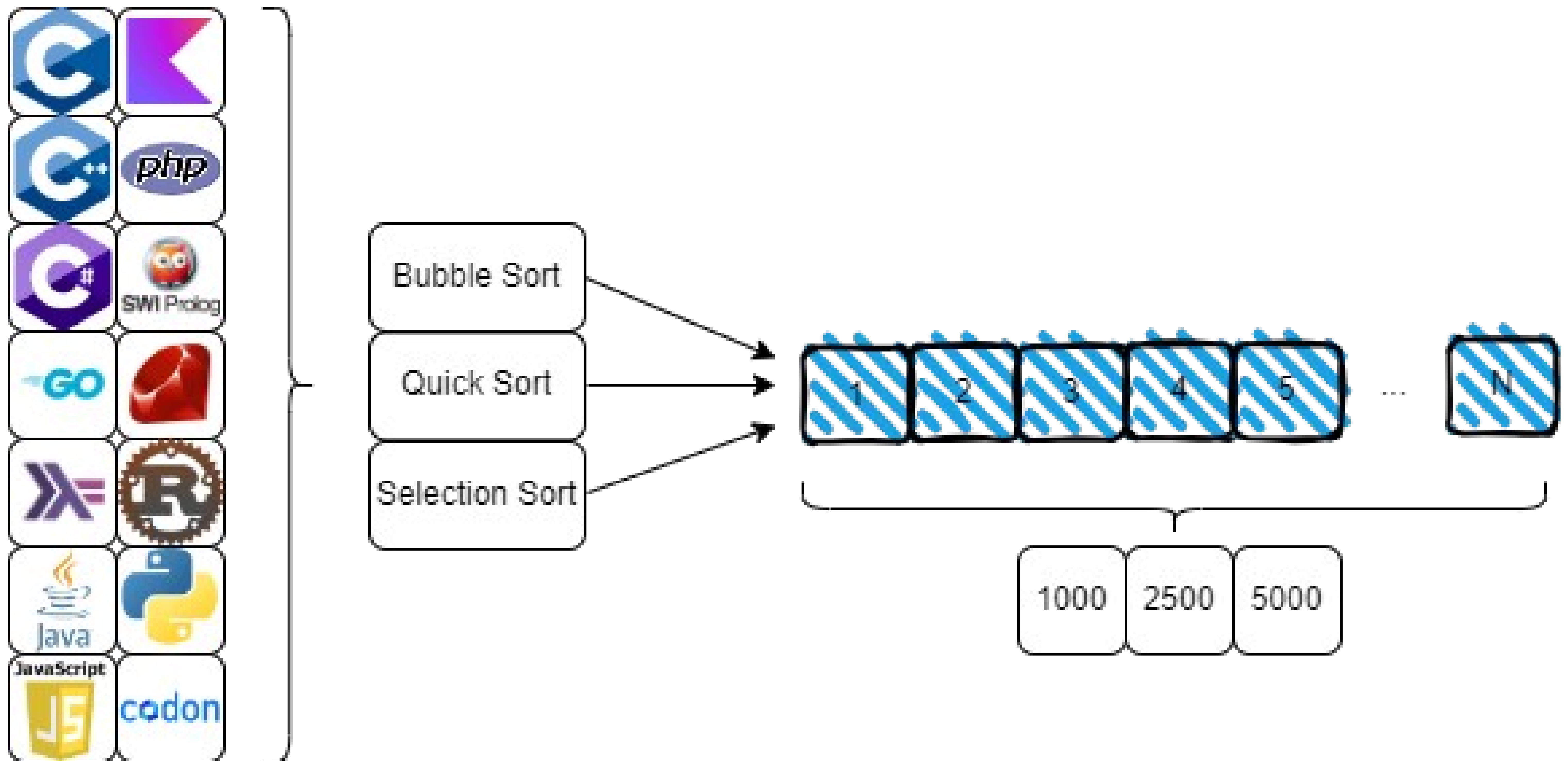
Simão Cunha
simaopscunha@outlook.pt
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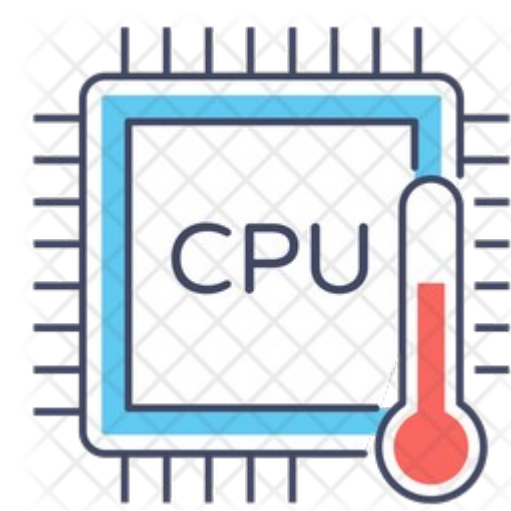


Universidade do Minho
Escola de Engenharia

Analysis of programming languages' performance when running various sorting algorithms.



Temperature sensors & PowerCap

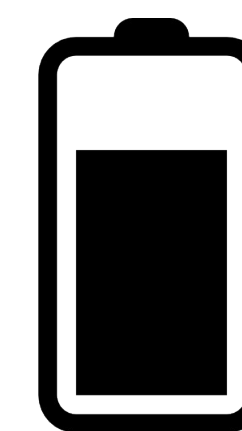


**Reads CPU
temperature**

**Guarantee that all programs
execute at the same (CPU)
temperature**



**Limits CPU
power**

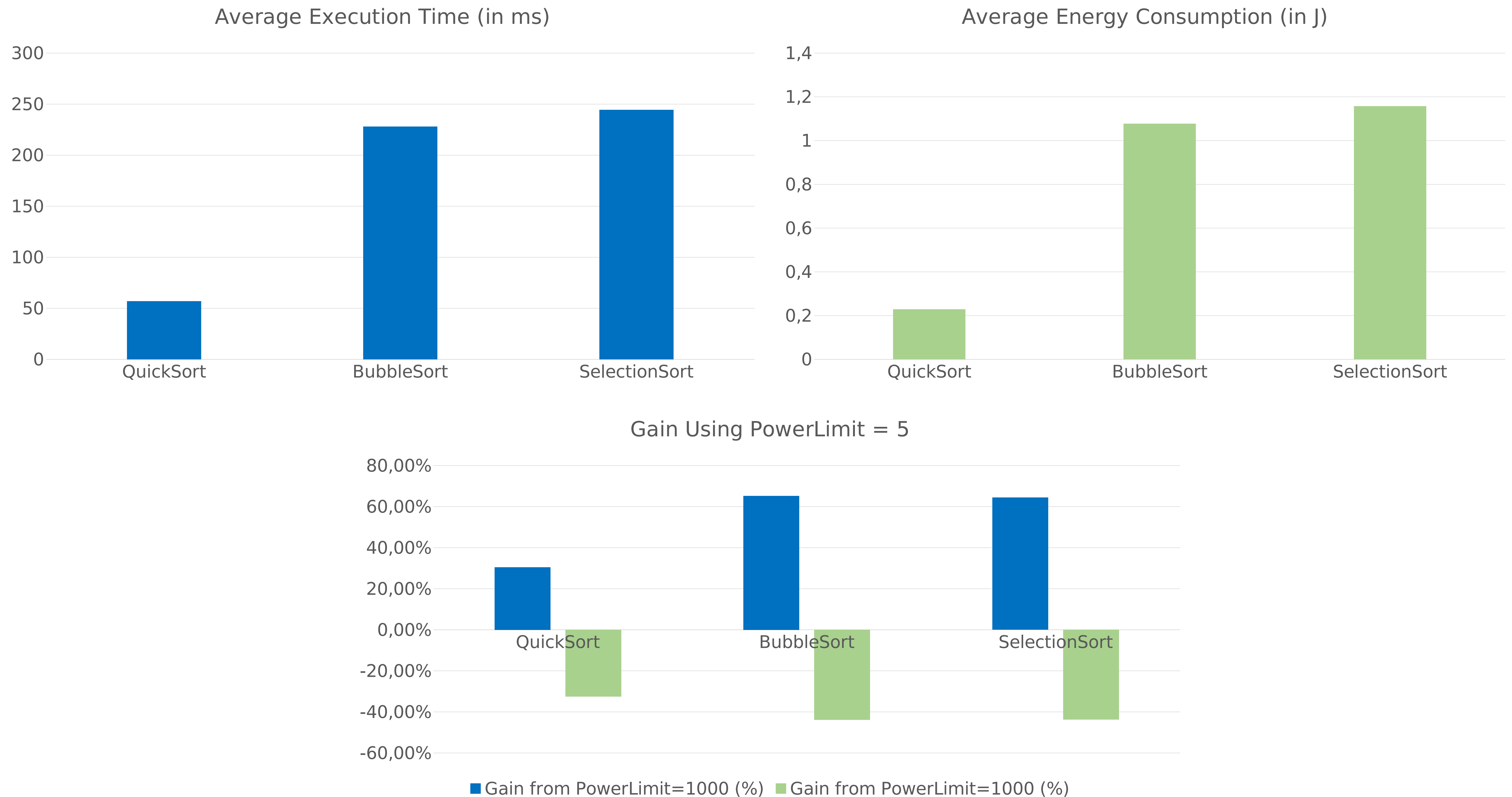


**Consumes less
energy**



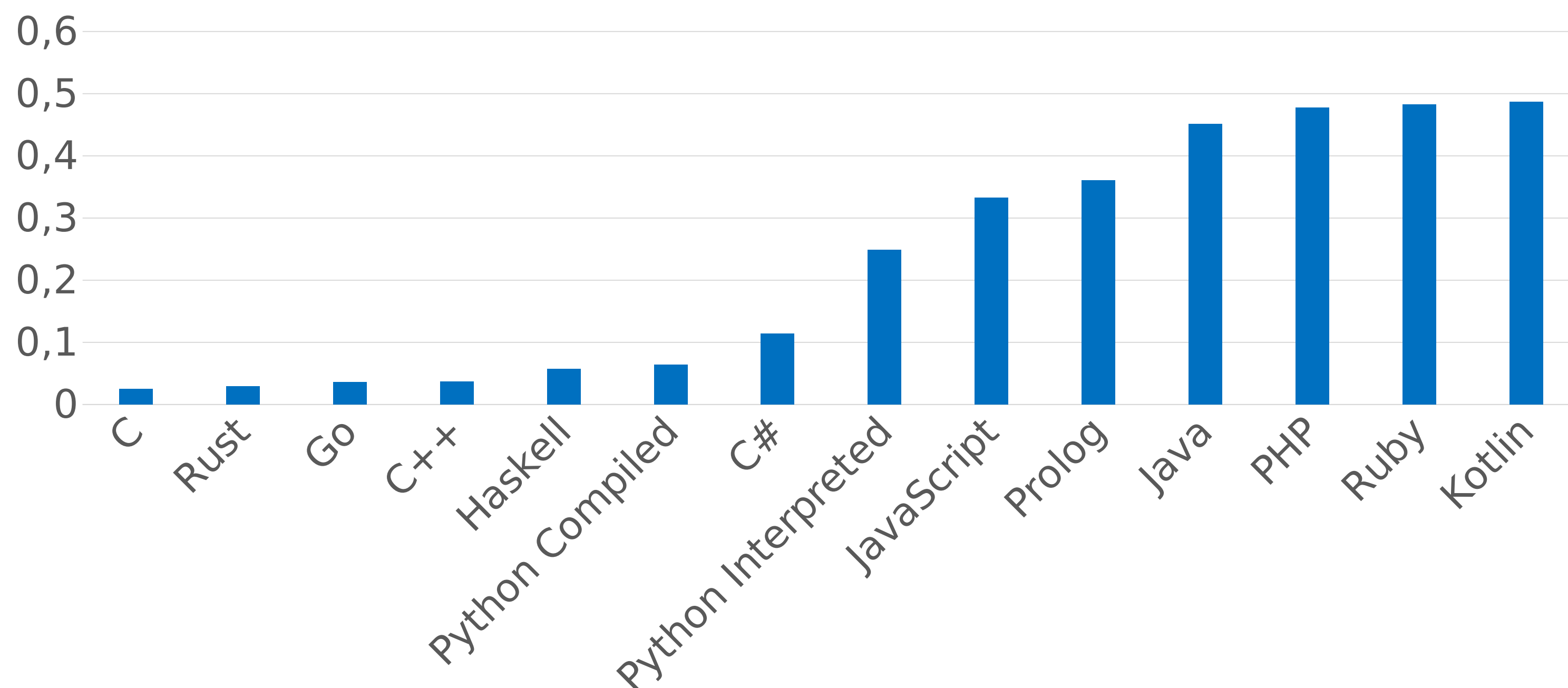
**Longer execution
time**

Results - Quick Sort performance and energy consumption

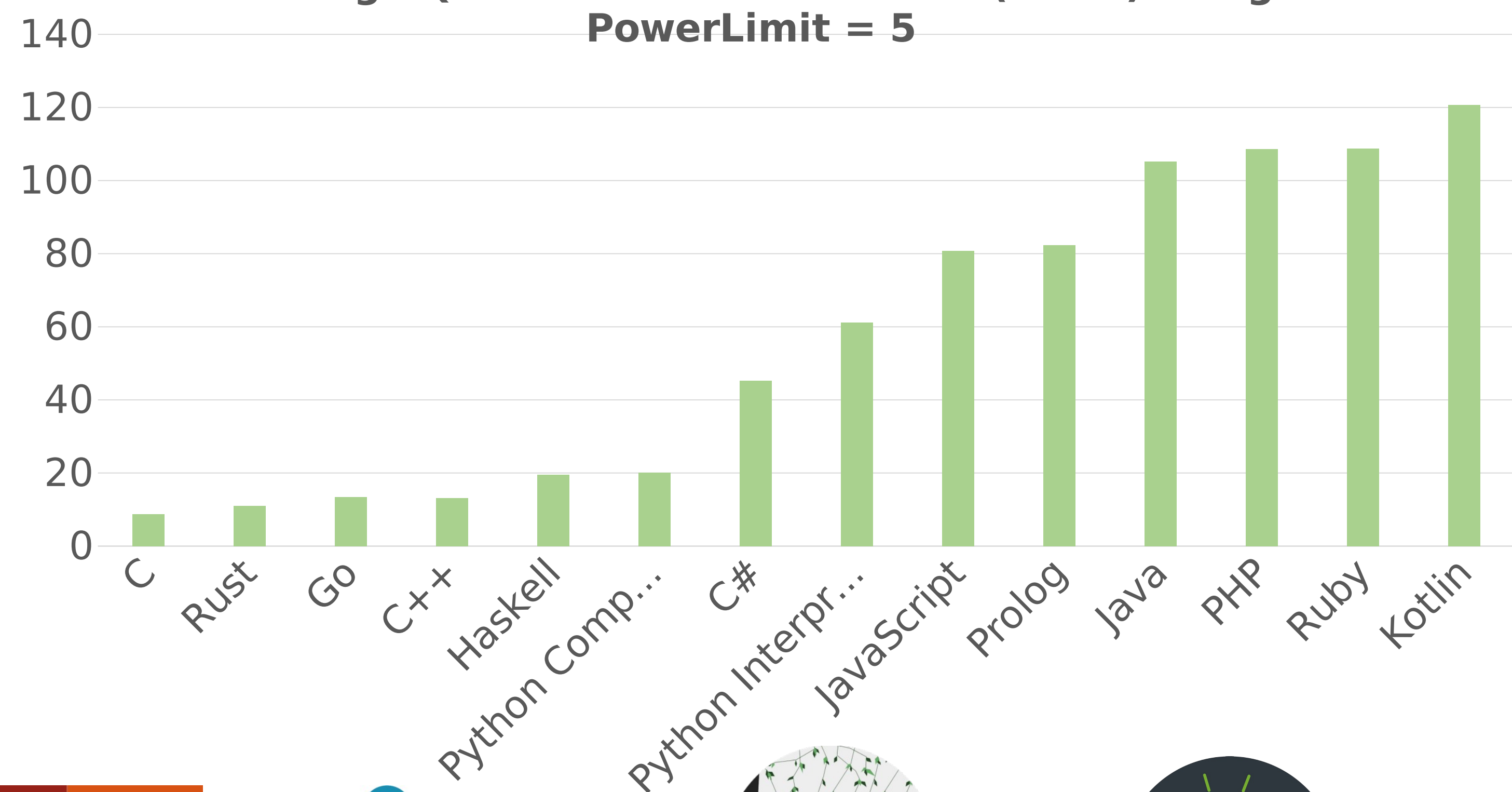


Results - Programming languages performance and energy consumption

Average QuickSort Energy Consumption (in J) using PowerLimit = 5



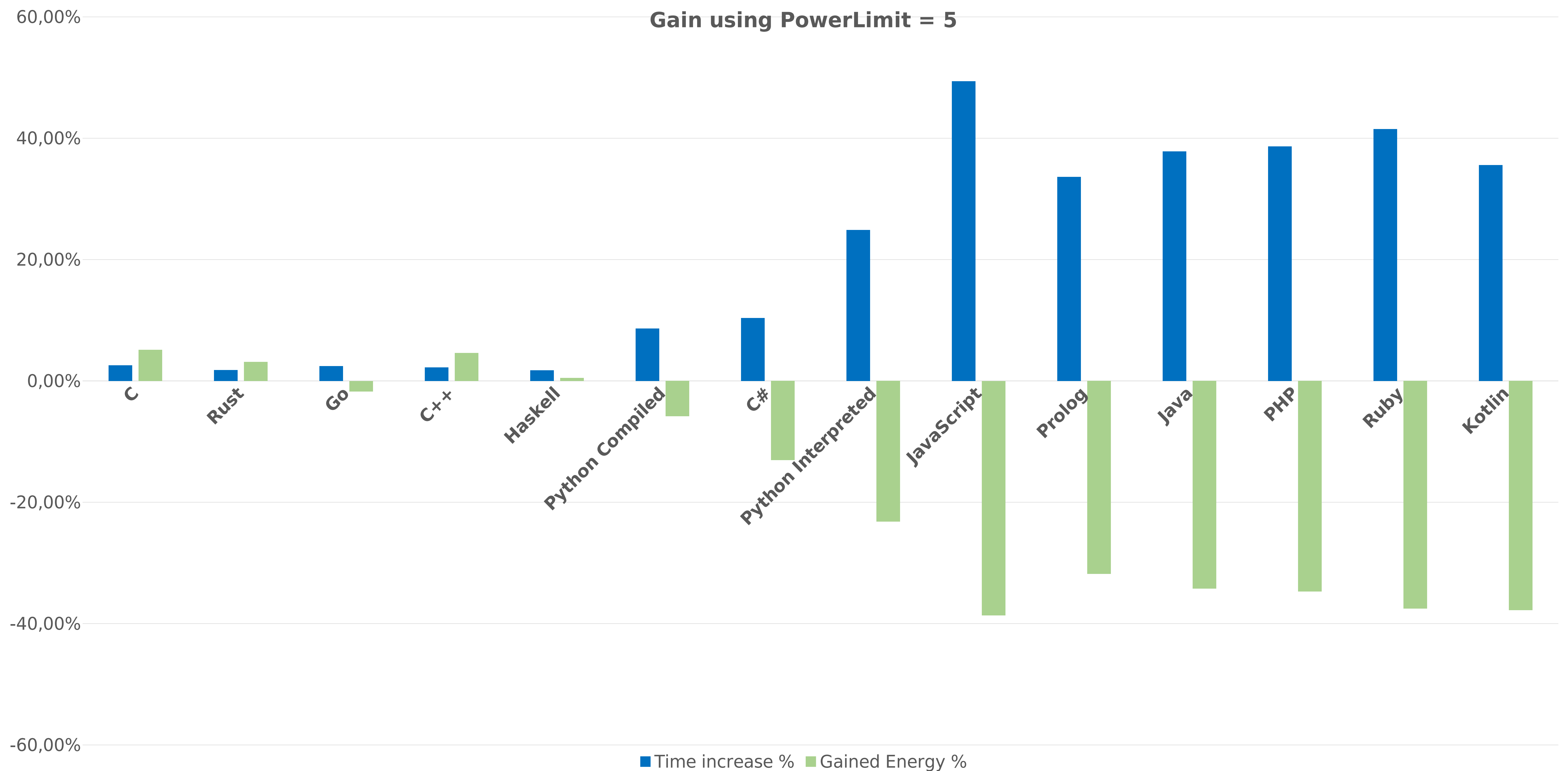
Average QuickSort Execution Time (in ms) using PowerLimit = 5



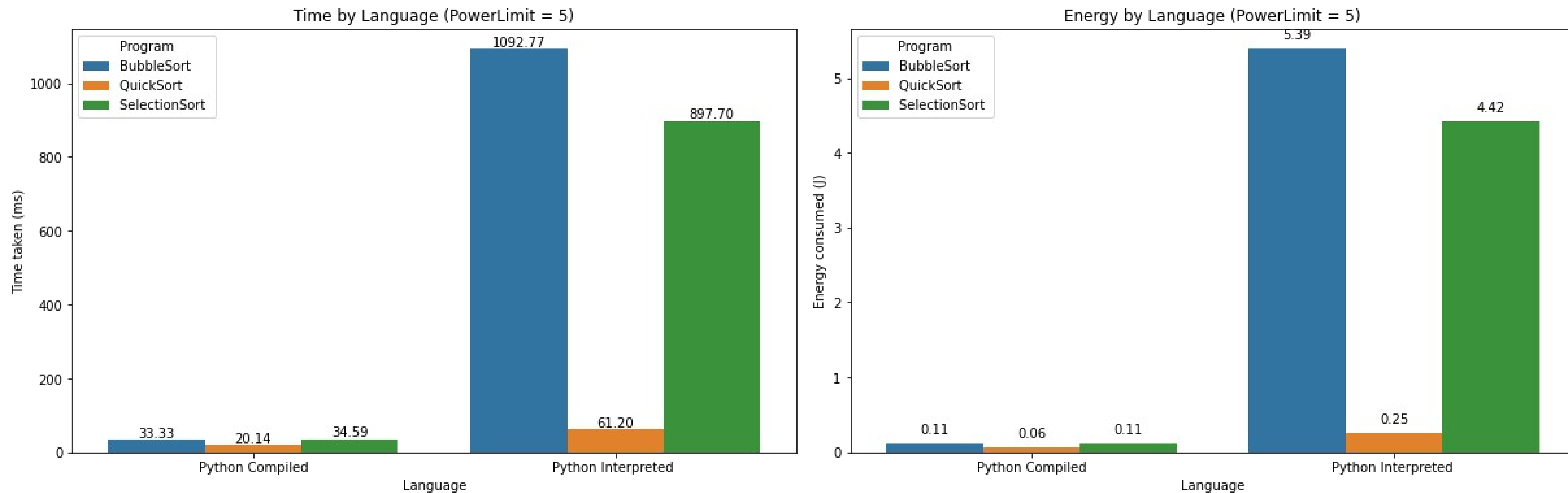
QuickSort		
	Energy (J)	Time (ms)
(c) Pascal	0.02	3
(c) C	0.02	4
(c) Rust	0.03	6
(c) Go	0.05	9
(c) OCaml	0.09	9
(i) PHP	0.23	20
(v) Lisp	0.25	18
(i) Lua	0.26	23
(c) Haskell	0.29	20
(i) Perl	0.32	28
(i) Ruby	0.61	45
(i) Python	0.73	61
(i) JavaScript	0.78	60
(v) Java	1.49	87
(v) Erlang	1.50	101
(i) Dart	1.70	114
(v) Racket	2.24	169

Pereira, R. et al. (2020). "Ranking Programming Languages by Energy Efficiency" in Science of Computer Programming, volume 205. Elsevier, 2021, page 48.

Results – Powercap influence (Languages)



Results - Python compiled vs Python Interpreted



Conclusions

- **C and QuickSort** → faster and greener
- **Powercap** → - energy consumption + runtime
- **JavaScript** → - **38.63%** energy consumption using Powercap
- Python compiled > Python interpreted