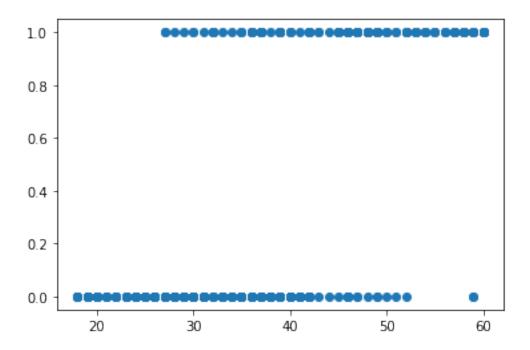
Lab 3 - Logistic regression

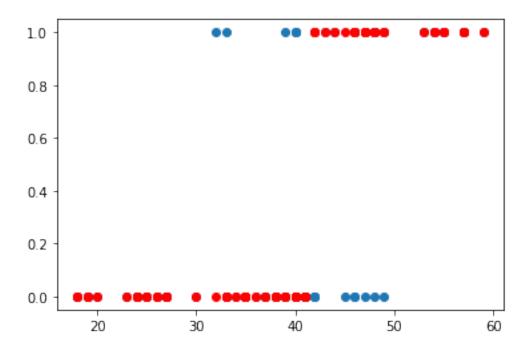
July 21, 2022

```
[25]: pip install sklearn
     Requirement already satisfied: sklearn in
     c:\users\admin\.conda\envs\fdp\lib\site-packages (0.0)
     Requirement already satisfied: scikit-learn in
     c:\users\admin\.conda\envs\fdp\lib\site-packages (from sklearn) (1.0.2)
     Requirement already satisfied: scipy>=1.1.0 in
     c:\users\admin\.conda\envs\fdp\lib\site-packages (from scikit-learn->sklearn)
     (1.5.2)
     Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.14.6 in
     c:\users\admin\.conda\envs\fdp\lib\site-packages (from scikit-learn->sklearn)
     (1.19.2)
     Requirement already satisfied: joblib>=0.11 in
     c:\users\admin\.conda\envs\fdp\lib\site-packages (from scikit-learn->sklearn)
     (1.1.0)
     Requirement already satisfied: threadpoolctl>=2.0.0 in
     c:\users\admin\.conda\envs\fdp\lib\site-packages (from scikit-learn->sklearn)
     (3.1.0)
     Note: you may need to restart the kernel to use updated packages.
[26]: from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
      from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
      from math import exp
      import pandas as pd
      import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
[27]: data = pd.read_csv("Social_Network_Ads.csv")
[28]: data.head()
      # Visualizing the dataset
      plt.scatter(data['Age'], data['Purchased'])
      plt.show()
```



```
[29]: # Divide the data to training set and test set
      X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(data['Age'],_

data['Purchased'], test_size=0.20)
[30]: # Create an instance and fit the model
      lr_model = LogisticRegression()
      lr_model.fit(X_train.values.reshape(-1, 1), y_train.values.reshape(-1, 1))
     C:\Users\ADMIN\.conda\envs\FDP\lib\site-
     packages\sklearn\utils\validation.py:993: DataConversionWarning: A column-vector
     y was passed when a 1d array was expected. Please change the shape of y to
     (n_samples, ), for example using ravel().
       y = column_or_1d(y, warn=True)
[30]: LogisticRegression()
[31]: # Making predictions
      y_pred_sk = lr_model.predict(X_test.values.reshape(-1, 1))
[32]: plt.clf()
      plt.scatter(X_test, y_test)
      plt.scatter(X_test, y_pred_sk, c="red")
      plt.show()
```



```
[33]: # Accuracy
print(f"Accuracy = {lr_model.score(X_test.values.reshape(-1, 1), y_test.values.
→reshape(-1, 1))}")

Accuracy = 0.8125

[]:
```