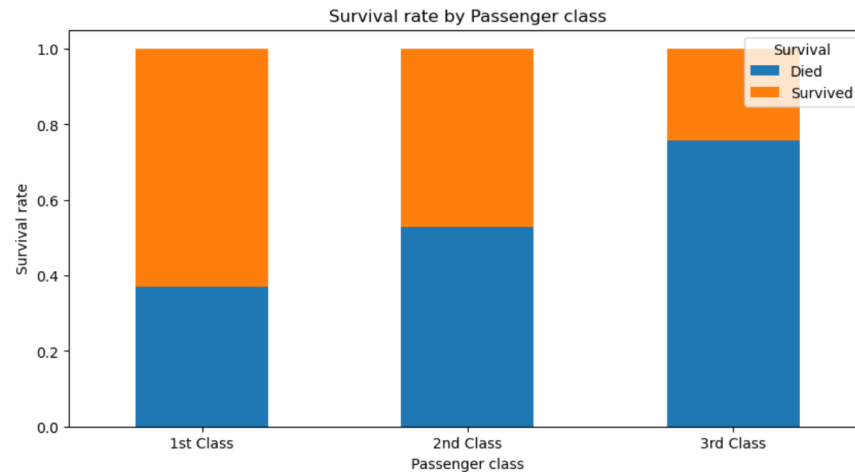


Assignment 3 - part 2

Name of dataset: Titanic Data Set

Source of dataset: Kaggle

1. Determine if the survival rate is associated to the class of passenger.



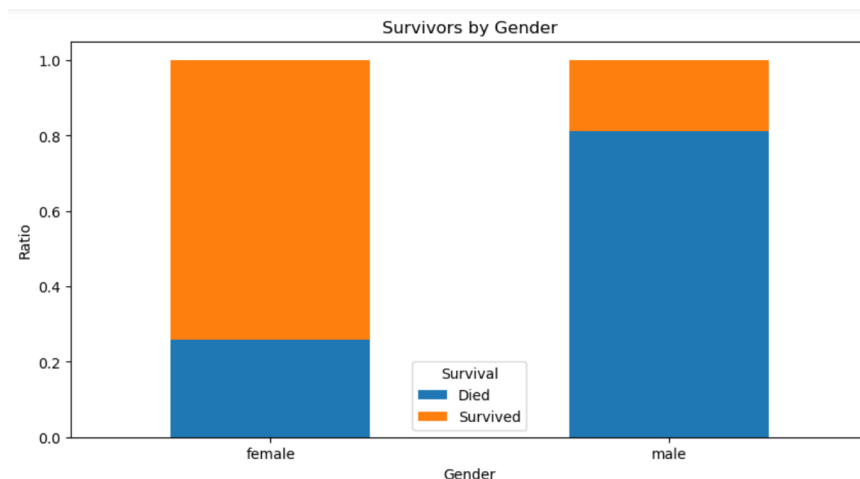
⇒ Passengers in 1st class had higher survival rates than of lower class.

Chi-square test:

- **Null hypothesis:** Passenger class is independent with Survival Rate. In other words, there is no association between Passenger class and Survival rate.
- **Alternative hypothesis:** Passenger class is not independent with Survival Rate. In other words, there is an association between Passenger class and Survival rate.

⇒ P-value = $4.549e-23 < \alpha (=0.05)$ → Reject H0 → There is an association between passenger class and their survival rate

2. Determine if the survival rate is associated to the gender.



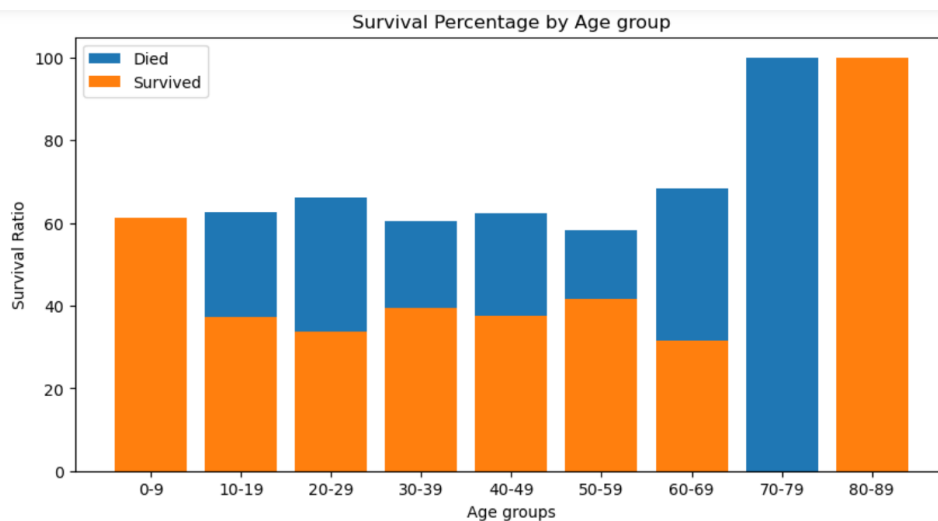
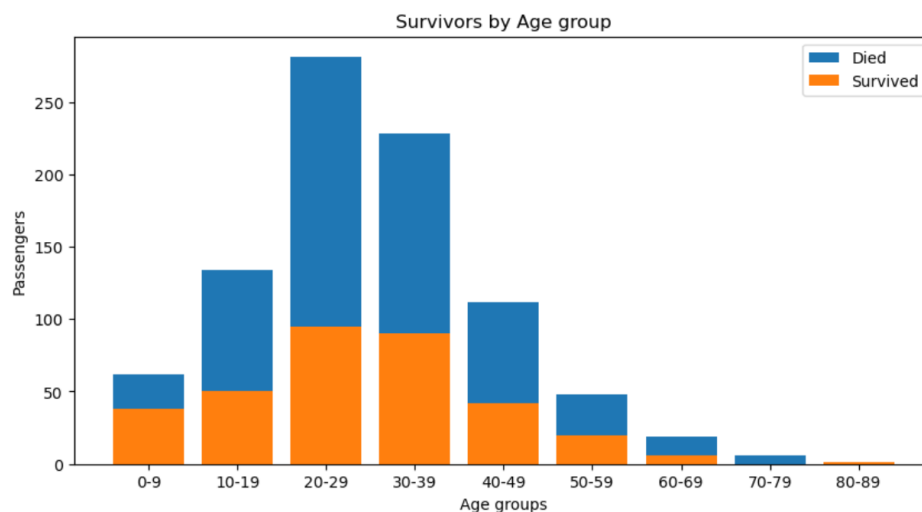
⇒ Female passengers had much higher survival rate than their male counterparts.

Chi-square test:

- **Null hypothesis:** Gender is independent with Survival Rate. In other words, there is no association between Gender and Survival rate.
- **Alternative hypothesis:** Gender is not independent with Survival Rate. In other words, there is an association between Gender and Survival rate.

⇒ P-value = $1.19e-58 < \alpha (=0.05)$ → Reject H_0 → There is an association between genders and their survival rate.

3. Determine the survival rate is associated to the age.



⇒ There is an association between age groups and survival rate because old people and children had higher survival ratio. Male passengers in general had higher age & lower survival rate than female passengers.