

DevOps Workshop Report

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Course: B.Sc. IT (3rd Year, Batch–2)

Topic: GitHub & AWS EC2 – CI/CD Pipeline Implementation

1. Objective of the Workshop

The purpose of this DevOps workshop was to learn how to:

- Push local code to a GitHub repository
- Create and manage AWS EC2 instances
- Configure GitHub Action Secrets for automation
- Understand and resolve CI/CD pipeline issues

2. Pushing Local Code to GitHub (Remote Repository)

Steps:

- Open your GitHub Account.
- Create a new Repository.
- Copy the repository HTTPS/SSH URL.
- Ensure Git Bash is installed in your system.

Git Commands for Uploading Code

| Command | Description |
|---------------------------|---|
| git clone <repo_url> | Clone the repository to your local system |
| git status | Check current file status |
| git add . | Add all modified files to staging |
| git commit -m '<message>' | Commit your changes with a message |
| git push | Push committed changes to GitHub |

3. Creating an AWS EC2 Instance

- Log in to your AWS Console.
- Search for EC2 Service in the search bar.
- Click on EC2 Virtual Server.
- Click Launch Instance.
- Enter the name of your server.
- Select the Operating System → Ubuntu (for this workshop).
- Choose Amazon Machine Image (AMI) → Default option.
- Select Instance Type → Default option.

- Configure Key Pair (Login): create or use existing.
- Allow SSH, HTTP, and HTTPS traffic in network settings.
- Download the .pem file and launch the instance.

4. Adding GitHub Action Secret Codes

Steps to Add Secrets:

| Secret Name | Value | Description |
|-------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|
| EC2_HOST | Public IPv4 Address | Available in AWS Instance Details |
| EC2_USER | ubuntu | Default user for Ubuntu instances |
| EC2_SSH_KEY | PEM file content | Copy and paste entire .pem file text |

5. Common CI/CD Pipeline Issues and Fixes

| Issue | Cause | Solution |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Unnecessary branches in workflow | Multiple branches specified | Keep only the main branch in main.yaml |
| Missing Python version in server | Python not pre-installed | Install manually using apt commands |

YAML Configuration Example:

```
on:
  push:
    branches:
      - main
workflow_dispatch: {}
```

Commands to Install Python:

```
sudo apt update
sudo apt install python3.12-venv
```

6. Final CI/CD Setup Verification

Steps to Test Deployment:

- Make small code changes in your local project.
- Push changes to GitHub using the commands learned.
- Open GitHub → Actions Tab.
- Monitor the deployment workflow and confirm success.

7. Key Learnings from the Workshop

- Understood version control using Git and GitHub.
- Learned to deploy code using AWS EC2 instances.
- Configured GitHub Actions for automation.

- Learned to troubleshoot CI/CD errors effectively.

8. Conclusion

This DevOps Workshop provided valuable practical exposure to real-world DevOps tools like Git, GitHub, and AWS. It helped in understanding end-to-end automation — from local code management to continuous deployment using CI/CD pipelines.

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