



CSE 591

Intro to Image Processing and Analysis

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Snakes: Active Contours

Snakes - Active Contours

- Active contours are lines evolving over time to fit on specific image features.
- Snakes algorithm is one of the most popular active contour model first proposed in [1].
- Snakes are initialized at first with several points, known as snake nodes, on an image.
- These nodes are updated over time based different energy functions.

Snakes - Active Contours

- In general, snake nodes are influenced by two types of energies, know as:
 - internal energy
 - Image forces
 - External constraint forces.

- The initial snake is represented using a parametric equation:

$$v(s) = (x(s), y(s))$$

- The final contour is found by minimizing the following energy function.

$$E_{snake}^* = \int_0^1 E_{int}(v(s)) + E_{image}(v(s)) + E_{con}(v(s)) ds$$

Snakes - Active Contours

$$E_{snake}^* = \int_0^1 E_{int}(v(s)) + E_{image}(v(s)) + E_{con}(v(s)) ds$$

- Here, E_{int} , E_{image} , and E_{con} denotes internal, external energy, and energy function related to interaction, respectively.
- The internal energy function, E_{int} , is define as:

$$E_{int} = (\alpha |v(s)'|^2 + \beta |v(s)''|^2) / 2$$

Snakes - **Active** Contours

$$E_{int} = (\alpha |v(s)'|^2 + \beta |v(s)''|^2) / 2$$

- $v(s)'$ and $v(s)''$ are first and second order derivative of the contour.
- Minimizing the first order derivative makes the contour smaller.
- Minimizing the second order derivative makes the contour circular.

Snakes - Active Contours

- To move the snake contour based on image intensity values, image functional is used.
- The image force E_{image} is a combination of the Edge functional E_{edge} , Line functional E_{line} and the term functional E_{term} .
- E_{edge} is utilized to find edges in the image.
- E_{line} controls whether the snake will be attracted either to light lines or dark lines.
- E_{term} finds terminations of line segments and is calculated on slightly smoothed version of the original image.

Snakes - Active Contours

- Aside from these forces based on image properties, there are two types of user provided constraints:
 - soft constraints and
 - hard constraints.
- Soft constraints, also known as spring forces, is applied to help the snake to converge into a different local minima.
- Hard constraint forces a snake to pass through the point where it is applied on

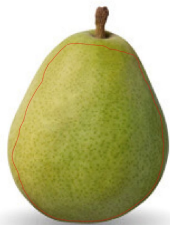
Snakes - Active Contours



(a) $\alpha = \beta = 1$



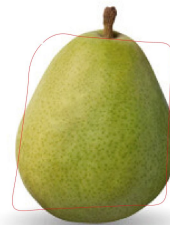
(b) $\alpha = \beta = 1$
 $W_{edge} = 1$



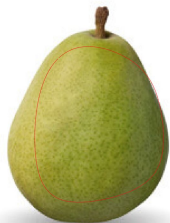
(c) $\alpha = \beta = 1$
 $W_{line} = 1$



(d) $\alpha = \beta = 1$
 $W_{term} = 1$



(e) $\alpha = 0, \beta = 1$



(f) $\alpha = 1, \beta = 0$



(g) $\alpha = \beta = 0, W_{edge} = W_{line} = W_{term} = 1$

Influence of internal and external energy functions on the closed active contour

Snakes - Active Contours



(a) Contour Initialization



(b) Before convergence



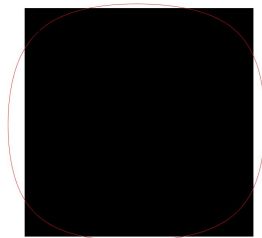
(c) Spring force applied



(d) Contour taking back the shape of the pear

Influence of spring force on the closed active contour

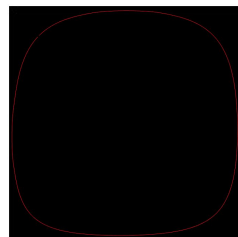
Snakes - Active Contours



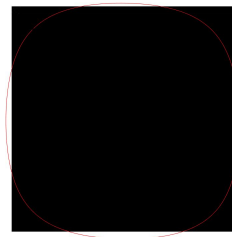
(a) $\alpha = \beta = 1$



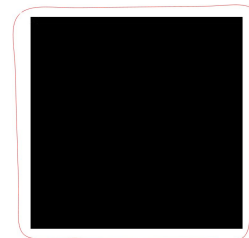
(b) $\alpha = \beta = 1$
 $W_{edge} = 1$



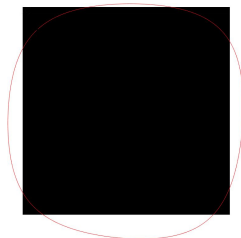
(c) $\alpha = \beta = 1$
 $W_{line} = 1$



(d) $\alpha = \beta = 1$
 $W_{term} = 1$



(e) $\alpha = 0, \beta = 1$



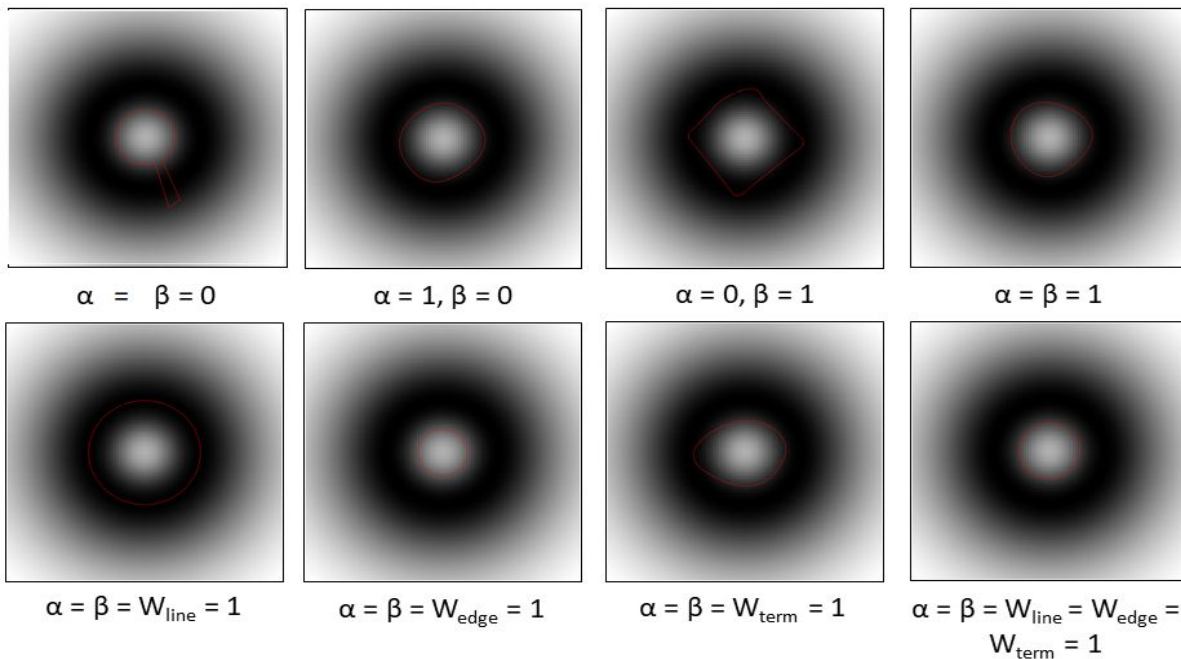
(f) $\alpha = 1, \beta = 0$



(g) $\alpha = \beta = 1, W_{edge} = W_{line} = W_{term} = 1$

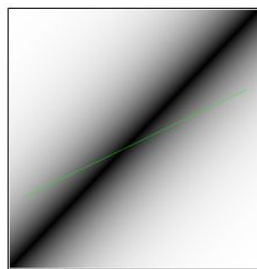
Influence of internal and external energy functions on scenarios with sharp corner for closed snakes

Snakes - Active Contours

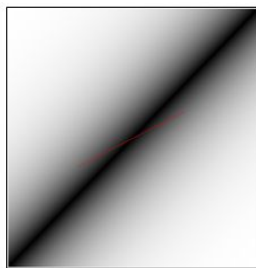


Influence of internal and external energy functions on scenarios with blurry edges for closed snakes

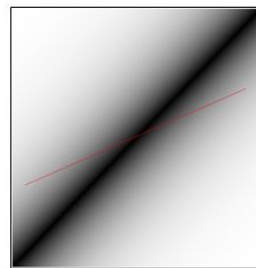
Snakes - Active Contours



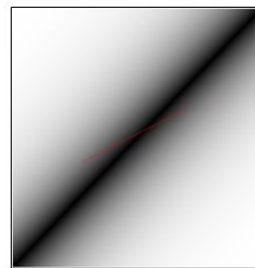
Initialization



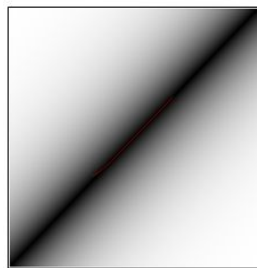
$\alpha = 1, \beta = 0$



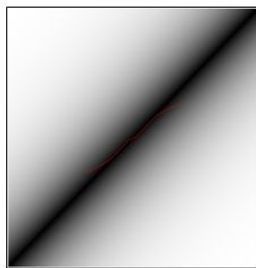
$\alpha = 0, \beta = 1$



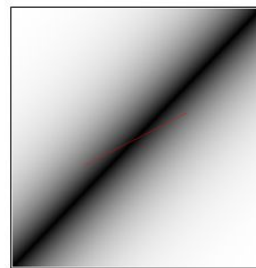
$\alpha = \beta = 1$



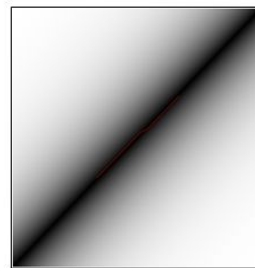
$\alpha = \beta = W_{\text{line}} = 1$



$\alpha = \beta = W_{\text{edge}} = 1$



$\alpha = \beta = W_{\text{term}} = 1$



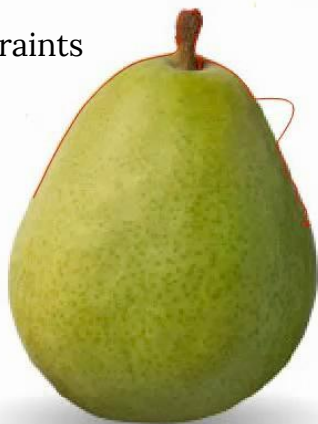
$\alpha = \beta = W_{\text{line}} = W_{\text{edge}} = W_{\text{term}} = 1$

Influence of internal and external energy functions on scenarios with blurry edges for open snakes

Open Snakes and Springs

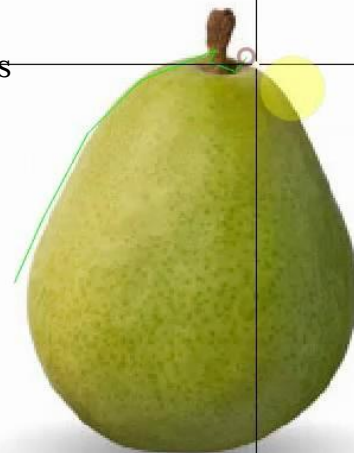
$\alpha = 0.1$
 $\beta = 0$

Soft Constraints



$\alpha = 1$
 $\beta = 0$

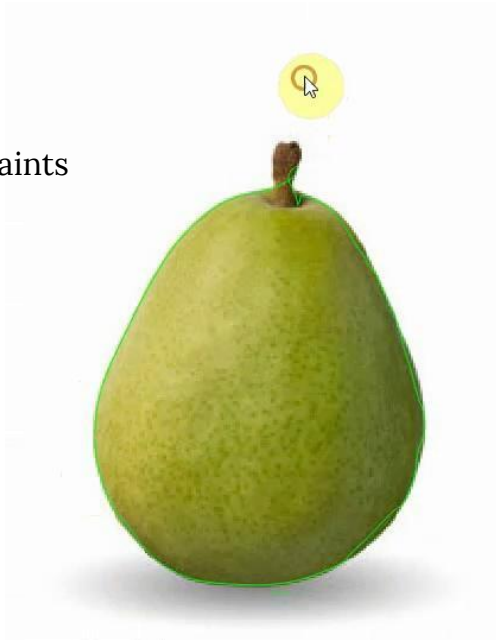
Soft Constraints



Closed Snakes and Springs

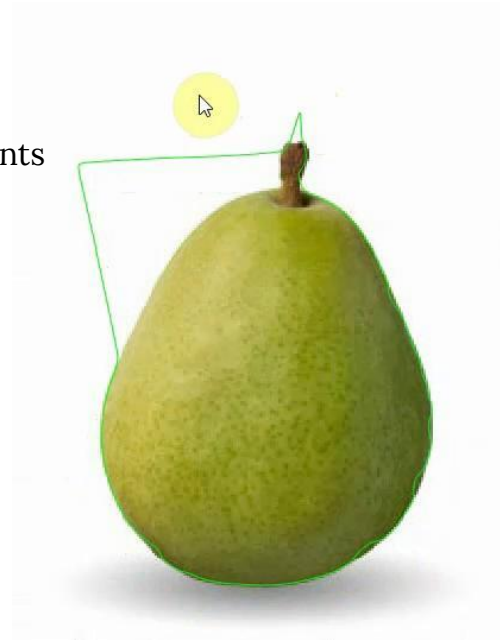
$\alpha = 1$
 $\beta = 1$

Soft constraints



$\alpha = 1$
 $\beta = 1$

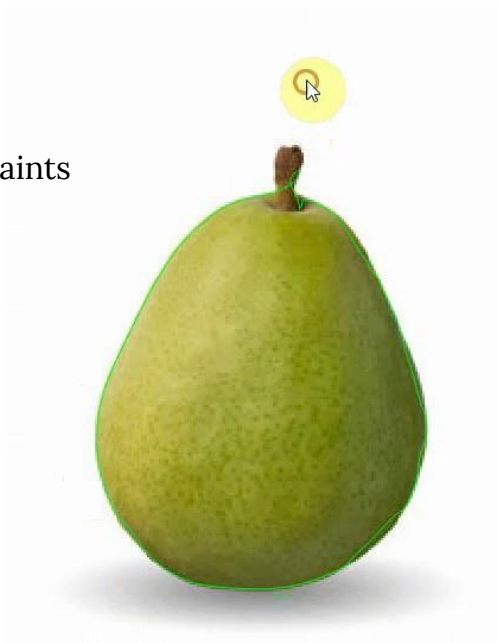
Hard constraints



Closed Snakes and Springs

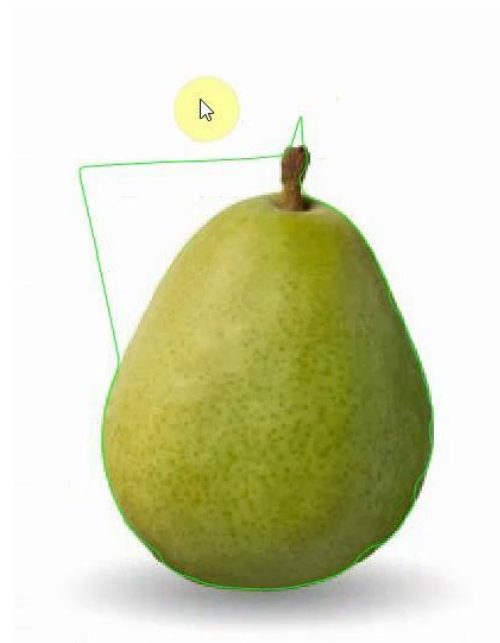
$\alpha = 1$
 $\beta = 1$

Soft constraints



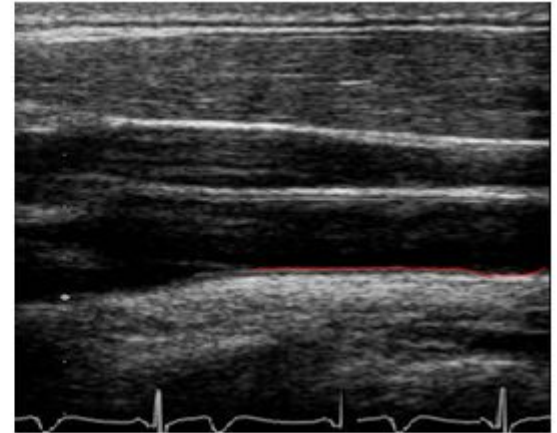
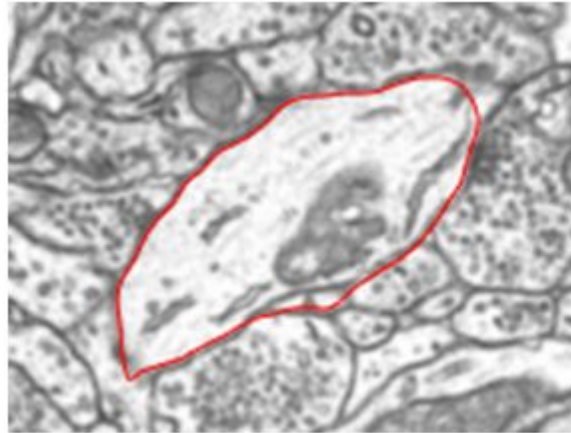
$\alpha = 1$
 $\beta = 1$

Hard constraints



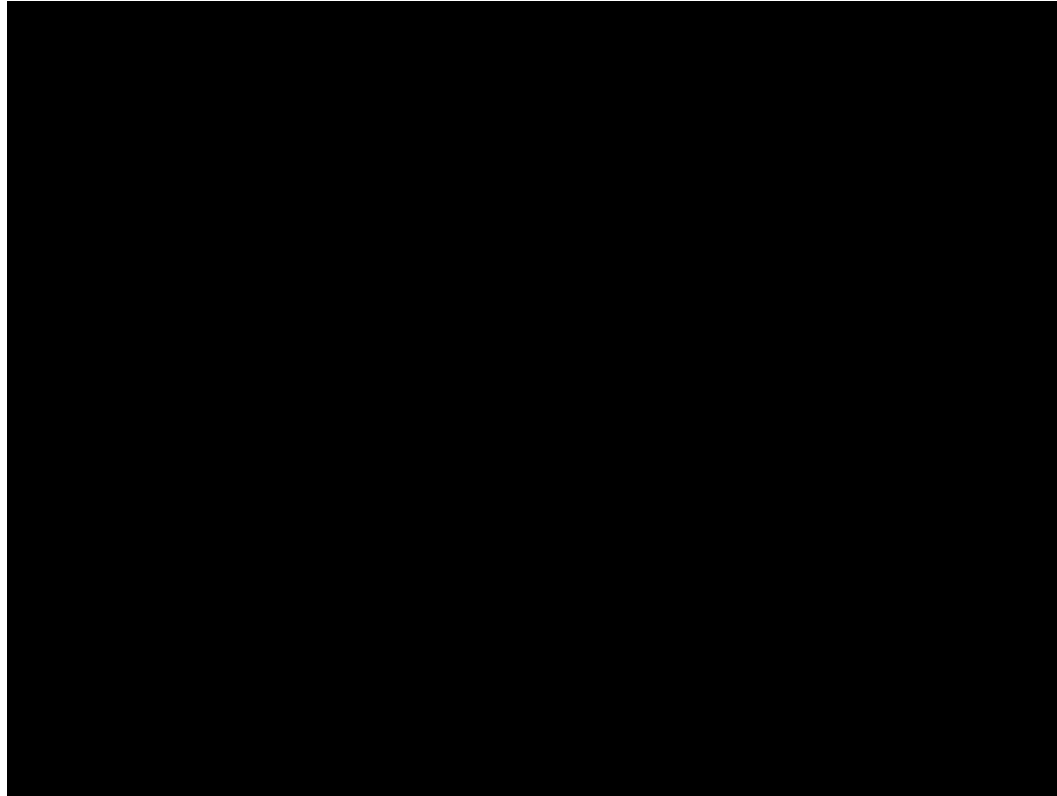
Closed Snakes and Springs

- Directional Sobel filtering on ROI image.
- Apply hough transform and then initialize the snakes on the transformed image.
- Run snake algorithm.



Snakes on real-world images (cell segmentation and Ultrasound images)

GUI Demo



References

1. Xu, Xiangyang, Yuan Zhou, Xinyao Cheng, Enmin Song, and Guokuan Li. "Ultrasound intima-media segmentation using Hough transform and dual snake model." *Computerized Medical Imaging and Graphics* 36, no. 3 (2012): 248-258.
2. Falk, Thorsten, Dominic Mai, Robert Bensch, Özgün Çiçek, Ahmed Abdulkadir, Yassine Marrakchi, Anton Böhm et al. "U-Net: deep learning for cell counting, detection, and morphometry." *Nature methods* 16, no. 1 (2019): 67.
3. Ling, Huan, Jun Gao, Amlan Kar, Wenzheng Chen, and Sanja Fidler. "Fast interactive object annotation with curve-gcn." In *Proceedings of the IEEE Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition*, pp. 5257-5266. 2019.
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