## Problem 3 (a)

$$\sigma = 0.072 \frac{N}{m}$$

$$\rho = 997.05 \frac{kg}{m^3}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} d = 8.0 \cdot 10^{-6} \\ r = 4.0 \cdot 10^{-6} \end{array}$$

$$g = 9.81 \frac{m}{s^2}$$

For a perfectly wetting fluid,  $\lambda$  is small and  $\cos(\lambda) \simeq 1$ So for this problem we will set  $\cos(\lambda) = 1$ 

$$\begin{array}{l} h_c = \frac{2\sigma\cos(\lambda)}{\rho gr} = \frac{2(0.072)(1)}{(997.05)(9.81)(4.0\cdot 10^{-6})} \\ h_c = 3.68 \ m \end{array}$$

$$\sigma = 0.072 \frac{N}{m}$$

$$\rho = 997.05 \frac{kg}{m^3}$$

$$d = 8.0 \cdot 10^{-6}$$

r = unknown

$$g = 9.81 \frac{m}{s^2} \\ h_c = 0.75 \ m$$

For a perfectly wetting fluid,  $\lambda$  is small and  $\cos(\lambda) \simeq 1$ So for this problem we will set  $\cos(\lambda) = 1$ 

$$h_c = \frac{2\sigma\cos(\lambda)}{\rho gr}$$

$$r = \frac{2\sigma\cos(\lambda)}{\rho gh_c} = \frac{2(0.072)(1)}{(997.05)(9.81)(0.75)}$$

$$r = 1.96 \cdot 10^{-5} m$$