## STAT 221/231 Tutorial Test 3

Wednesday November 30 in your scheduled tutorial time. You may ONLY write in your assigned tutorial time.

Seating is predetermined so please check your seat assignment at

https://odyssey.uwaterloo.ca/teaching/schedule

Bring your Watcard. Only Pink-tie or Blue-goggles calculators may be used.

You may bring one (1) **double-sided**, letter sized (8.5 x 11 inches), handwritten page of notes to the test (no photocopies).

Tutorial Test 3 will focus on the material in Section 5.3 and Sections 6.1-6.2, however you must still know the material from Chapters 1-5.

In particular you should know and understand the following:

## Section 5.3:

How to use the likelihood ratio test statistic to test  $H_0: \theta = \theta_0$  for each of the following:

Binomial $(n, \theta)$ , Geometric $(\theta)$ , Negative Binomial $(k, \theta)$ , Poisson $(\theta)$ , Exponential $(\theta)$ ,  $G(\theta, \sigma)$  where  $\sigma$  is known

How to use the likelihood ratio test statistic to test  $H_0: \theta = \theta_0$  given a model and a set of data, and how to obtain the approximate p - value using Normal tables.

## Sections 6.1-6.2:

Model assumptions for simple linear regression model:

$$Y_i \backsim G(\alpha + \beta x_i, \sigma)$$
  $i = 1, 2, ..., n$  independently

where  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$  and  $\sigma$  are unknown parameters and the  $x_i$ 's are known constants.

Maximum likelihood estimates and least squares estimates of  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  (page 194)

Unbiased estimate of  $\sigma^2$  (pages 194-195)

The derivation of the distribution of the maximum likelihood estimator of  $\beta$  (pages 195-196)

Confidence interval for  $\beta$  (page 197)

How to test the hypothesis of no relationship  $(H_0: \beta = 0)$  (page 197)

Confidence interval for mean response at x:  $\mu(x) = \alpha + \beta x$  (pages 198-199)

Prediction interval for response Y at x (pages 201-202)

See the Summary of Distributions for Simple Linear Regression (Table 6.2, page 205)

How to check the model assumptions for simple linear regression (pages 206-208) using:

- (1) scatterplot of data and fitted line
- (2) residual plots:
  - (i)  $(x_i, \hat{r}_i)$ , i = 1, ..., n where  $\hat{r}_i = y_i \hat{\mu}_i$  and  $\hat{\mu}_i = \hat{\alpha} + \hat{\beta}x_i$ .
  - (ii)  $(x_i, \hat{r}_i^*)$ , i = 1, ..., n where  $\hat{r}_i^* = \hat{r}_i/s_e$  (same as the graph in (i) except y axis is rescaled).
  - (iii)  $(\hat{\mu}_i, \hat{r}_i^*), i = 1, \dots, n.$
- (3) applot of the residuals

There will also be short answer and multiple choice questions on the R code used in Assignments 1, 2, 3 and 4.

You need to be able to read the output from the following R commands similar to the questions on Assignment 4:

t.test()

and

 $\operatorname{RegModel} < -\operatorname{lm}(y \sim x)$ 

Summary(RegModel)

You should do the following problems in the Course Notes:

Chapter 5, Problems 9-13

Chapter 6, Problems 1-9