Quick Check The Bill of Rights

Name	Date

Instructions: Read each question carefully and choose the best answer.

- 1. How did Thomas Jefferson feel about adding a bill of rights to the Constitution?
 - (A) He was against a bill of rights.
 - B He thought the Constitution needed a bill of rights.
 - C He believed ten amendments were too many.
 - ① He thought the Constitution needed more than one bill of rights.
- 2. Read this sentence: The U.S.
 Supreme Court based its decision
 on an amendment. What does
 the word amendment mean
 in this sentence?
 - (A) a removal of a document
 - B political rights
 - (C) an addition to a document
 - ① to promise

- **3.** What is the author's purpose for writing this book?
 - (A) to describe what an amendment is
 - B to persuade the reader to obey the amendments in the Bill of Rights
 - © to explain the history of the Constitution and the Bill of Rights
 - ① to entertain with stories about the Founders' lives
- **4.** In what year was the Bill of Rights passed by three-fourths of the states?
 - (A) 1775
 - (B) 1791
 - © 1787
 - (D) 1689

Quick Check (continued)

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- **5.** How do you think the author feels about the Bill of Rights?
 - A It is an important document that protects individuals' freedoms.
 - B It can never change.
 - (C) It is an old document that should be changed.
 - ① It needs to be removed from the Constitution.
- **6.** Why were the Founders careful about how much power a constitution would give the central government?
 - A They wanted their leaders to have the same powers as a king.
 - (B) They didn't want to risk another revolution.
 - ① They wanted a government that would protect ruler's rights.
 - ① They didn't want to risk people's freedoms being taken away.

- 7. What conclusion can you draw from the section titled "Adding the Bill of Rights"?
 - A bill of rights was not needed at the time of our Founders.
 - B Many people wished for a powerful king.
 - © The Founders feared a strong, central power.
 - ① The Bill of Rights divided our country.
- **8.** Which word means political rights?
 - (A) Constitution
 - (B) guarantee
 - © rights
 - ① freedoms



Quick Check (continued)

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- **9.** In the section titled "Other Important Amendments," the author is trying to _____
 - (A) inform readers about additional amendments
 - B explain to readers how many amendments exist
 - © persuade readers to protect their rights
 - ① entertain readers with stories of new amendments
- **10.** Why did Alondra Jones file a lawsuit against her state?
 - (A) She fought for a scholarship.
 - B She wanted to supply her school laptops.
 - © She saw how different her school was from others in her state.
 - (D) She disliked the curriculum.
- **11. Extended Response:** What is the main idea of this book? What key details support the main idea?
- 12. Extended Response: What do you think the author meant when he stated that the Constitution was meant to be a "living, changing document"?

LEVEL U

Quick Check Answer Sheet

The Bill of Rights

Main Comprehension Skill: Author's Purpose

- **1.** (B) Main Idea and Details
- 2. © Vocabulary
- 3. (C) Author's Purpose
- **4.** B Sequence Events
- **5.** (A) Author's Point of View
- **6.** (D) Main Idea and Details
- **7.** (C) Make Inferences / Draw Conclusions
- **8.** ① Vocabulary
- **9.** A Author's Purpose
- **10.** (C) Cause and Effect
- 11. Answers will vary but should include the main idea and supporting details drawn from the text. Example: The Bill of Rights is an important document that protects individual rights, our Founders added ten original amendments to the Constitution, and so on.
- 12. Answers will vary but should include conclusions drawn from the text. Example: The number of amendments that Americans can make is unlimited, the Constitution should reflect changing times and can be updated, and so on.