Guy Fawkes Day

A Reading A–Z Level S Leveled Book
Word Count: 999

Connections

Writing and Art

Create a piece of art that represents the Guy Fawkes Day celebration. Write a summary of your artwork.

Social Studies

Research to learn more about
Parliament in the United Kingdom.
Create a poster showing the different
parts and identify the role of each part.



Visit www.readinga-z.com for thousands of books and materials.



Glossary

bonfires (*n*.) large fires built outside

for celebrations (p. 4)

dummy (*n*.) a figure that is a likeness

or model of someone (p. 4)

executed (*v.*) killed, especially as

punishment for committing

a crime (p. 11)

loyal (*adj.*) faithful to a person,

government, institution,

or cause (p. 6)

Parliament (*n*.) the lawmaking body of the

government of the United Kingdom, consisting of the House of Commons and the

House of Lords (p. 7)

plot (n.) a plan or scheme (p. 4)

rebellion (*n*.) a fight against authority

or power; an uprising (p. 7)

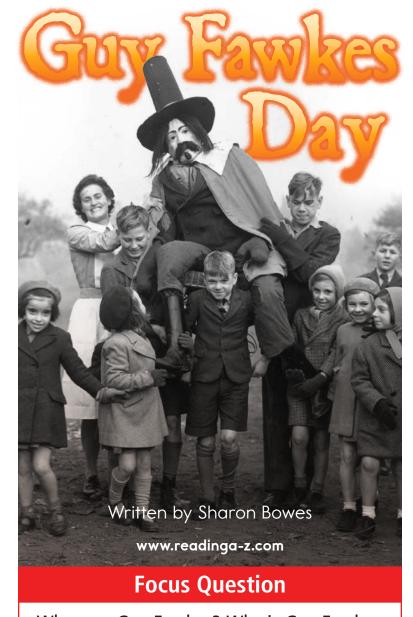
revolt (*n*.) a fight against a government

or authority (p. 10)

treason (*n*.) a crime of betrayal or disloyalty

against one's government or

ruler (p. 4)



Who was Guy Fawkes? Why is Guy Fawkes Day celebrated in the United Kingdom?

Words to Know

bonfires plot

dummy rebellion executed revolt

loyal treason

Parliament

Front cover: Bonfire Night in Lewes, England

Title page: Children carry the Guy Fawkes dummy to the bonfire.

Page 3: Guy Fawkes masks

Photo Credits:

Front cover, back cover: Homer Sykes/Alamy Stock Photo; title page:

© Ron Burton/Keystone/Hulton Archive/Getty Images; page 3: © Jaromir Urbanek/123RF; page 4: Peter Cripps/Alamy Stock Photo; page 5: Paul Fearn/Alamy Stock Photo; page 6: © Culture Club/Hulton Archive/Getty Images; page 7: © VCG Wilson/Corbis/Getty Images; page 8: © Popperfoto/Getty Images; page 9: © Historia/REX/Shutterstock; page 10: © iStock/400tmax; page 11: Guy Fawkes brought before King James and his Council, Uptton, Clive (1911–2006)/Private Collection/© Look and Learn/Bridgeman Images; page 12: © Universal History Archive/UIG/Getty Images; page 14: Slawek Staszczuk/Alamy Stock Photo; page 15: © Murray Sanders/WPA Pool/Getty Images

Guy Fawkes Day Level S Leveled Book © Learning A–Z Written by Sharon Bowes

All rights reserved.

www.readinga-z.com

Correlation

LEVEL S	
Fountas & Pinnell	0
Reading Recovery	34
DRA	34

Conclusion

Guy Fawkes Day celebrates the failure of the Gunpowder Plot to kill the king of England. These events happened over four hundred years ago. Today, people around the United Kingdom look forward to bonfires and fireworks on November 5. Guy Fawkes Day has become a day to celebrate and have fun with friends and family.

Some Fiery Facts

- Once a year, Parliament's guards search the houses of Parliament before the official opening. They make sure there are no plotters hiding in the basements. This is a traditional ceremony.
- The 2,500 kilograms (5,512 lb.) of gunpowder hidden by Guy Fawkes would have exploded



The guards prepare for their annual search of Parliament.

out about 490 meters (536 yd.).

Guy Fawkes has an island in the Galapagos Islands, Ecuador, named after him, called Isla Guy Fawkes.

Guy Fawkes Day • Level S

Bonfire Parties

Some parts of Britain have special traditions for Bonfire Night. In the town of Lewes (in the south of England), people wear costumes and carry torches through the streets. Some towns burn dummies of famous people who are unpopular with the public today, instead of Guy Fawkes.



In the nineteenth century, big firework displays and parades began. People marched to where the bonfire and firework displays were held. Now, the bonfires are put on by local organizations.



Table of Contents

What Is Bonfire Night? 4
Who Was Guy Fawkes? 5
The Gunpowder Plot 6
Caught!
Another Conspiracy?
The Legacy of the Plot
Conclusion
Glossary

3

14

What Is Bonfire Night?

"Remember, remember the fifth of November.

Gunpowder, **Treason**, and **Plot**,

We know no reason why Gunpowder Treason

Should ever be forgot."

—Traditional nursery rhyme

On November 5 every year, people in the United Kingdom watch fireworks and attend **bonfires**. People cheer when a **dummy**, called a "Guy," on top of the fire goes up in flames.

This is Guy Fawkes Day, or Bonfire Night. It celebrates a day in 1605 when the king of England and his government survived a plot to kill them.



The Legacy of the Plot

The holiday was first known as Gunpowder Treason Day. In the seventeenth century, people rang church bells and lit bonfires to mark the day.

In England then, people already burned dummies on bonfires. They believed that doing this would drive away evil spirits. On November 5, people began to burn a dummy of Guy Fawkes on the bonfire.



Another Conspiracy?

Some people believe that the king's own ministers might have helped the plotters. One of the king's ministers may have even written the warning letter. Perhaps the government knew the plotters had rented the basement and smuggled the gunpowder inside.

Stopping the plot could have been a way to make Catholics look bad and create support for the unpopular king.

There is no proof of this version of the story. However, stopping the Gunpowder Plot did give the English people relief. Their king was safe.



Parliament officially made November 5 a day of celebration. The celebration was meant to strengthen the people's loyalty to the king.

Who Was Guy Fawkes?

Guy Fawkes was born in 1570 in England. Queen Elizabeth I was the ruler then. At that time in Europe, many Catholic and Protestant countries were at war. The Catholic religion was illegal in England in those days. Catholics who were caught practicing their religion were punished.



Guy Fawkes went by the nickname Guido.

Guy's grandparents were Catholic, but his parents were Protestant. Guy's father died, and his mother remarried a Catholic. At school, he made friends with people who were Catholic. When he was a teenager, Guy became a Catholic. He became angry about how badly Catholics were treated in England.

When Guy was old enough, he left England to join the Catholic Spanish army. He was a soldier for twelve years. He learned how to use gunpowder to make explosives.

The Gunpowder Plot

In 1603, Queen Elizabeth I died and King James I took her place. He was a Protestant king who passed tough laws against the Catholic religion.

Many English Catholics were still **loyal** to the king of England. However, Fawkes met other Englishmen in the Spanish army who were also angry about the king's treatment of Catholics.

In April 1604, Robert Catesby led a group of men in a plot to kill King James I. The plotters asked Fawkes to join them. They needed him to make the explosives. Fawkes agreed.



The Gunpowder Plotters, led by Robert Catesby, second from right

The English courts sentenced each of the eight surviving plotters to death for being a traitor. In January 1606, Guy Fawkes and three others were **executed**. Their punishment was a warning to anyone who might try the same.



King James I later praised Guy Fawkes for his loyalty to his cause.

Guy Fawkes was caught. He told the king's guards that he had wanted to blow up the king and his government. He was only sorry that the plot had failed. He insisted that no one else had helped him.

Fawkes was put in prison in the Tower of London. On November 9, he was forced to confess the names of the others in the group.

On the morning of November 5, the plotters had heard that Fawkes was in prison. They left London and tried to start a **revolt**



against the government. On November 8, a group of the king's men caught up with them. Robert Catesby and three others were killed in a gunfight. The rebellion had failed.

In May 1604, Fawkes met with Catesby and other plotters in London. They swore never to reveal their plan.

Their plot was to blow up the **Parliament** buildings. The king and all of his government would be there. The plotters would start a **rebellion** with Catholic

supporters. They would kidnap King James's daughter, Princess Elizabeth, and make her queen. Elizabeth was only nine years old. They believed that Catholic rulers could control her decisions.

Robert Catesby
lived in a house just
across the river from Parliament.
The plotters bought thirty-six barrels of gunpowder and stored them in his house.

7

10

One of the group, Thomas Percy, got a job as a royal bodyguard. He moved into a house near Parliament. He was also able to rent a cellar beneath the buildings of Parliament. The group used a rowboat to take the gunpowder across the river from Robert Catesby's house at night. They hid it in the cellar beneath Parliament.

Guy Fawkes pretended to be Thomas Percy's servant so he could easily enter the Parliament buildings. His job was to guard

the gunpowder hidden in the basement.

The opening of Parliament had been set for November 5, 1605. The plotters were ready.

Some think that Guy Fawkes's gunpowder was too old to cause an explosion.



Caught!

A secret letter was sent to a Catholic nobleman named Lord Monteagle. He was loyal to the king. The letter warned Monteagle not to attend Parliament on November 5 because something bad would happen. Monteagle showed the letter to the king's assistant. When the king heard this news, he ordered his men to search the Parliament buildings.

no lord out of the some ibeare wie To some of youer freids adayse yowe as volbe Tender voller by To derive forme epscase to shift of voller a Hendance at I his parleament for good and man halfe cancinted to prinishe be wickednes of this Iv me and thinke not safether of this advertishent but rethere your efficient on vorre contri wheave your maye expect the entent in safti for thowas there wo we apparance of anaistir yet is ave they shall receive a termbe blone this parleament and yet they shall not see who him's them I his convact is not to be a contributed became the parte do not see your do harme for the

Part of the letter sent to Lord Monteagle

The search party found firewood in the dark cellar. They did another search. This time they found Fawkes and the fuses and matches he was carrying. They looked under the firewood and discovered the barrels of gunpowder.