



## Quick Check

## Elephants: Giant Mammals

Name \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

**Instructions:** Read each question carefully and choose the best answer.

1. What causes lions and tigers to stay away from adult elephants?
  - Ⓐ Lions and tigers don't like the way adult elephants smell.
  - Ⓑ Lions and tigers know adult elephants are too big to fight.
  - Ⓒ Lions and tigers live in completely different regions from elephants.
2. How are African elephants similar to Asian elephants?
  - Ⓐ They have trunks and four legs.
  - Ⓑ They have the same size bodies.
  - Ⓒ They have the same size ears.
3. Which section heading in the table of contents suggests that the reader will find details about how an elephant looks?
  - Ⓐ "Don't Eat Me!"
  - Ⓑ "Take a Look"
  - Ⓒ "Splitting Up"
4. The author shares details about elephants living in families and watching out for calves to show that \_\_\_\_\_.
  - Ⓐ elephants are mean animals
  - Ⓑ elephants are usually alone
  - Ⓒ elephants are gentle and caring animals
5. Which of the following words is the opposite of the word *male*?
  - Ⓐ female
  - Ⓑ calf
  - Ⓒ breathe
6. **Extended Response:** What details do you learn from the charts and maps? How does this information add to the details in the text to create a better understanding of elephants?



1. **(B)** *Cause and Effect*
2. **(A)** *Compare and Contrast*
3. **(B)** *Main Idea and Details*
4. **(C)** *Author's Purpose*
5. **(A)** *Vocabulary*
6. Answers will vary, but should start by describing some of the following details included in the charts and maps: the size and weight of elephants, as compared to humans and each other; the locations where Asian and African elephants live; and the traits that classify elephants as a mammal, and the traits that are unique to elephants. Then answers will explain that these details help readers better understand the body and characteristics of elephants, and the places they live, information which is mentioned in the text but expanded in the supplementary material.