Quick Check

All About Chocolate

| Name | Date | |
|---|------|--|
| Instructions: Read each question carefully and choose the best answer. | | |

- **1.** The process for making chocolate _____.
 - (A) can be done in your kitchen
 - (B) can be mastered quickly
 - (C) is done only one way
 - ① has many steps
- **2.** During conching, cocoa butter and cocoa powder are mixed with _____ until smooth.
 - (A) cacao beans
 - **B** sugar
 - (C) cacao
 - (D) all of the above
- **3.** In the process of making chocolate, what is the step after the pods are picked?
 - A The beans are put into piles or boxes.
 - B The beans are allowed to ferment.
 - The pod is cut open with a machete.
 - ① The pods are put out to dry in the sun.

- **4.** Which of the following is the best summary statement for this book?
 - A There are many beans in every cacao pod that don't look at all like chocolate candy.
 - B Chocolate has been around for a long time and still takes many steps to make it ready to eat.
 - © Chocolate was first used by people in Central and South America and came to Europe in 1500.
 - ① Chocolate can be used in many foods and is a favorite treat of many people all over the world.
- 5. What are plantations?
 - (A) large green leaves on the cacao plant
 - B people who pick and process cacao
 - (C) large farms that grow various crops
 - what the Aztecs called their cocoa drink

Quick Check (continued)

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Name ______ Date _____

- 6. What key ingredient changed attitudes about chocolate in Europe?
 - (A) milk
 - **B** sugar
 - © vanilla
 - (D) cocoa butter
- **7.** What conditions does a cacao tree need to grow well?
 - (A) full sunlight when mature
 - B protection from wind and sun when young
 - (C) hot and wet
 - ① all of the above
- 8. What are ingredients?
 - (A) packages of cocoa
 - B different food items that go into a recipe
 - © blooms on a cacao plant
 - (D) shells from roasted beans

- **9.** What is the first step in the process of making chocolate from fermented dried beans?
 - A The beans are cleaned to remove pulp and pieces.
 - B The shells are removed and the nib remains.
 - The beans are blended to create the flavor.
 - ① The beans are roasted to bring out the flavor.
- **10.** How was Hernando Cortez able to grow money on trees?
 - (A) He magically turned beans into money.
 - (B) Cacao beans gave Cortez wisdom to plant money trees.
 - © He planted gold coins in the ground.
 - ① He planted cacao trees so he could use the beans as money and not for chocolate.





Quick Check (continued)

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Name ______ Date _____

11. Extended Response: Do you think chocolate will still be popular five hundred years from now? Explain why or why not.

12. Extended Response: What conclusion(s) can be drawn from the information in the map on page 5 and the table on page 21?



LEVEL R

Quick Check Answer Sheet

All About Chocolate

Main Comprehension Skill: Sequence Events

- **1.** (D) Main Idea and Details
- **2.** B Sequence Events
- **3.** © Sequence Events
- **4.** (B) Main Idea and Details
- **5.** ① Vocabulary
- **6.** (B) Main Idea and Details
- **7.** (C) Cause and Effect
- **8.** B Vocabulary
- **9.** A Sequence Events
- **10.** (D) Cause and Effect
- 11. Answers will vary but should include valid supporting information. Example: I think chocolate will still be popular in the future because people from many different times and places have enjoyed chocolate.
- 12. Answers will vary but should include the idea that the places where cacao trees grow from which chocolate is made are not the same places where chocolate is most consumed.