

Quick Check

World Traveler Ibn Battuta

Name _____ Date _____

Instructions: Read each question carefully and choose the best answer.

1. What was Ibn Battuta's major accomplishment?
 - Ⓐ Ibn Battuta journeyed nearly 75,000 miles in his lifetime.
 - Ⓑ Ibn Battuta became the sultan of Iran during his travels.
 - Ⓒ Ibn Battuta discovered parts of India that had never before been explored.
 - Ⓓ Ibn Battuta became a well-known poet and author.
2. How was Ibn Battuta different from Marco Polo?
 - Ⓐ Ibn Battuta is more famous than Marco Polo.
 - Ⓑ Ibn Battuta was born hundreds of years before Marco Polo.
 - Ⓒ Ibn Battuta traveled by ship, but Marco Polo did not.
 - Ⓓ Ibn Battuta was not a merchant like Marco Polo.
3. What was the author's purpose for writing *World Traveler Ibn Battuta*?
 - Ⓐ to convince the reader that Ibn Battuta is more impressive than Marco Polo
 - Ⓑ to entertain the reader with stories about the life of Ibn Battuta
 - Ⓒ to inform the reader about why Ibn Battuta is one of the world's greatest travelers
 - Ⓓ to inform the reader about the history of the Middle Ages
4. A **pilgrimage** is _____.
 - Ⓐ a journey to a sacred or special place
 - Ⓑ a place of worship
 - Ⓒ an intelligent and well-educated person
 - Ⓓ a person who travels from one place to another

Quick Check continued on following page

Name _____ Date _____

5. Why did Ibn Battuta stay in the Maldiv Islands for nearly two years?
 - Ⓐ His ship was destroyed in a storm, and it took two years to repair it.
 - Ⓑ Ibn Battuta was afraid of the sultan because he had failed to deliver gifts to the Chinese emperor.
 - Ⓒ He met and married his wife in the Maldiv Islands.
 - Ⓓ He stayed to write a book about his travels.
6. Which of the following words describes Ibn Battuta?
 - Ⓐ weak
 - Ⓑ boring
 - Ⓒ courageous
 - Ⓓ confused
7. What does the author most want you to know about Ibn Battuta?
 - Ⓐ He lived in India for nearly eight years before going to China.
 - Ⓑ He was a well-educated person during the Middle Ages.
 - Ⓒ He was suspected by a sultan of being a traitor.
 - Ⓓ He is one of the world's greatest travelers.
8. *A group of people, often with vehicles or animals, traveling together is called _____.*
 - Ⓐ an explorer
 - Ⓑ a synagogue
 - Ⓒ a caravan
 - Ⓓ an empire

Quick Check continued on following page

Name _____ Date _____

9. Why did Ibn Battuta receive many gifts and honors as he traveled?
 - Ⓐ People were afraid of him and gave him whatever he wanted.
 - Ⓑ Many Muslims wanted to help him as part of their faith.
 - Ⓒ He came from a well-respected family.
 - Ⓓ People felt sorry for him and wanted to help him along the way.

10. Where did Ibn Battuta travel on his way to India?
 - Ⓐ China
 - Ⓑ Italy
 - Ⓒ Baghdad
 - Ⓓ Constantinople

11. **Extended Response:** Why is one section of the book titled "Beyond Mecca"?

12. **Extended Response:** In what way is Ibn Battuta similar to famous explorers? In what way is he different?

Quick Check Answer Sheet

World Traveler Ibn Battuta

Main Comprehension Skill: Elements of a Biography

1. Ⓐ *Elements of Biography*
2. Ⓓ *Compare and Contrast*
3. Ⓒ *Author's Purpose*
4. Ⓐ *Vocabulary*
5. Ⓑ *Cause and Effect*
6. Ⓒ *Elements of Biography*
7. Ⓓ *Author's Purpose*
8. Ⓒ *Vocabulary*
9. Ⓑ *Cause and Effect*
10. Ⓓ *Sequence Events*
11. Answers will vary but should explain that Ibn Battuta initially set out to travel to Mecca in order to fulfill his obligation as a Muslim. The section is titled "Beyond Mecca" because after his trip to Mecca Ibn Battuta continued to travel the world for more than twenty years.
12. Answers will vary but students should note that Ibn Battuta is similar to famous explorers in that he traveled for many years throughout the world and exhibited a great deal of courage. He is different from explorers because he did not travel to unexplored lands.