

Ouick Check



Animal Discoveries

Instructions: Read each question carefully and choose the best answer.

- 1. What is the author's purpose for writing the book?
 - (A) to inform readers about animal habitats
 - (B) to persuade readers to become scientists
 - (C) to inform readers about animal discoveries
 - (II) to entertain readers with stories of extinction
- 2. What opinion does the author express in the introduction?
 - (A) Finding a new species is an important discovery.
 - (B) Scientists find more than 15,000 animal species each year.
 - © Species are dying out at record rates around the globe.
 - (I) Scientists already know more than 1.5 million species.

- 3. What does the word remote mean?
 - (A) a group of living things
 - (B) calm or peaceful
 - (C) in danger of dying out
 - (D) distant or isolated
- 4. What does the Sazima's tarantula have in common with the planthopper?
 - (A) Both are invertebrates.
 - (B) Both live in the lowlands.
 - (C) Both are arachnids.
 - (D) Both have dark blue bodies.
- **5.** Read the following sentence: Few Caquetá titi monkeys are still alive, so the species is endangered. What is the meaning of word endangered?
 - (A) the natural environment
 - (B) in danger of dying out
 - (C) people who study science
 - (I) a group of living things



Ouick Check (continued)

Animal Discoveries

Name Date

- **6.** In which section would you expect to find details on new frog discoveries?
 - (A) "Interesting Invertebrates"
 - (B) "Furry Finds"
 - © "Freaky, Fabulous Frogs"
 - ① "Monkey Mania"
- 7. What is the connection between newly discovered species and extinct species?
 - (A) Newly discovered species used to be extinct.
 - (B) Finding new species allows people to help them and prevent more species from becoming extinct.
 - © Scientists help new species to become extinct.
 - (D) Extinct species can be brought back by discovering these new species and learning about them.

- 8. Which of the following details from the book demonstrates a purpose of persuading readers that discovering new animal species is important?
 - (A) Scientists think that vertebrates—animals with backbones—make up only 3 percent of all species.
 - (B) Doing this can save the animals that live there, both those we know about and those we don't know about . . . yet.
 - (C) Scientists find more than 15,000 animal species each year.
 - (D) Experts agree that many more species have yet to be found.



Quick Check (continued)

Animal Discoveries

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- **9.** How does the author support the point that some undiscovered species have been hiding in plain view?
 - A by describing the olinguito, which was mistaken for years for the olingo
 - B by revealing Sazima's tarantula, which only lives in the high mountains of Brazil
 - © by describing the Caquetá titi, which doesn't have a white bar on its forehead
 - by introducing the blossom bat, which was found in the Foja Mountains

- **10.** Why does the book include a glossary?
 - A to give readers clues about what they will read in each section
 - B to help readers find specific vocabulary words within the text
 - © to explain to readers the photographs accompanying the text
 - to help readers understand new vocabulary related to the topic
- 11. Extended Response: What is the main idea of the book? Write at least two new details you could add to further develop the main idea.



LEVEL 0

Quick Check Answer Sheet

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Main Comprehension Skill: Author's Purpose

- **1.** ① Author's Purpose
- 2. (A) Fact or Opinion
- **3.** ① Vocabulary
- **4.** A Compare and Contrast
- **5. (B)** Vocabulary
- **6.** (C) Main Idea and Details
- 7.

 B) Make Inferences / Draw Conclusions
- **8.** B Author's Purpose
- 9. (A) Main Idea and Details
- **10.** (D) Make Inferences / Draw Conclusions
- 11. Answers will describe the main idea of the book and present two details of the student's own choosing that are in accordance with this main idea.