Name	Reading a-z
<b>nstructions:</b> Use the book <i>Satellites</i> to find the missing events. Write these events on the timeline	2.
1687	
1957	ATELLITES • LEVEL Z •
1957 Sputnik II sent to space with dog, Laika.	
1962	
1981 Columbia space shuttle launched	
1983	
USA and Europe's Hubble Space Telescope launched.	
2000	SKILL: SEOUENCE EVENTS
	S:71138

<sup>\*(</sup>To find out when the ISS will fly over your location, visit: http://spaceflight.nasa.gov/realdata/sightings/index.html)

Name \_\_\_\_\_



**Instructions:** Fill in each blank with the correct article (a, an, or the).

## **Satellite Spotting**

Satellites have proven to be useful inventions, making all of our lives a bit easier in today's fast-paced world. Here's how you can see them from Earth.

What do you need? There are over 10,000 satellites orbiting Earth. Many of them are large
enough to be seen with naked eye. With pair of binoculars, person
can expect to see hundreds of satellites ideal conditions for satellite spotting are:
dark sky away from city lights and pollution, and little or no moonlight.
How often do satellites pass overhead? shape or size of orbit determines
the time satellite takes to complete one orbit. This is known as orbital
period and can be as brief as 88 minutes. Most satellites will have orbital period of
more than hour—about 100 minutes.
Where should you look? majority of satellites are in polar orbits, so they appear to
be traveling from north to south or from south to north.
What should you expect to see? satellite must be illuminated by sun and
be seen in dark night sky. When you are outside, scan sky with your naked
eye. Keep your eyes out for one or more stars that look as if they're moving. Satellites
appear whitish in color with perhaps shade of yellow or orange, especially at
low elevations.

<sup>\* (</sup>To find out when satellites will fly over your location, visit: http://spaceflight.nasa.gov/realdata/sightings/index.html)



**Instructions:** Look up each word in the dictionary. Fill in the information as indicated.

Entry word	Guide words	Syllables and accent mark	Part of speech	Definition as used in the text
astronomical				
infrared				
stationary				
high-tech				
monitor				
galaxies				
robots				
black holes				
mobile				
eavesdrop				
observational				
evolution				
light rays				
innovative				