Quick Check Great City Fires

Name ______ Date _____

Instructions: Read each question carefully and choose the best answer.

- 1. What is an arsonist?
 - (A) a person who prevents fires
 - B a person who sets fires on purpose
 - © an accidental fire in a large city
 - a condition that will likely cause a fire
- 2. Why did many people think Emperor Nero had started the fire himself in Rome in AD 64?
 - (A) so he could build a new home
 - B so he could blame the Christians
 - © so his people would be left homeless
 - so he could rebuild the city in his honor

- 3. What could have been done to prevent or lessen the effects of the London fire of 1666?
 - A The mayor could have been more concerned about the fire.
 - B Thomas Farynor could have put out his bakery fires.
 - ① A fire hook could have pulled thatch off roofs.
 - (D) All of the above
- **4.** What changes in life resulted from the London fire of 1666?
 - A New buildings were built from brick.
 - B Garbage was not allowed in the streets.
 - © The streets were wider, and there was more space between houses.
 - ① All of the above

Quick Check (continued)

Great City Fires

Name ______ Date _____

- **5.** How were fires in large cities actually beneficial to people?
 - A The fires got rid of old, unsafe buildings.
 - B They developed new fire prevention methods.
 - They were able to try out new ways to fight fires.
 - (D) All of the above
- 6. What is a firebreak?
 - A a place where firefighters can go to rest and relax
 - B a place where materials that can burn are removed
 - © a place where a fire dies down and stops on its own
 - D a place where firefighters find the hottest part of the fire

- 7. What unfortunate situation helped the Chicago fire of 1871 to get out of control?
 - (A) Winds helped spread the flames.
 - B Firefighters went to the wrong address.
 - © That summer had been one of the driest on record.
 - ① All of the above
- **8.** How long did the Chicago fire of 1871 last?
 - (A) twenty-four hours
 - **B** seven days
 - (C) three days
 - (D) two weeks
- 9. What is a firestorm?
 - (A) when a thunderstorm causes a fire
 - B a fire in a forest that creates great winds
 - © when fire and wind combine to spread flames
 - (D) all of the above



Quick Check (continued)

Great City Fires

Name ______ Date _____

- **10.** What should you do if your clothes catch on fire?
 - (A) tear them off
 - B stop, drop, and roll
 - © run to a bathtub or shower for water
 - (I) all of the above
- **11. Extended Response:** Write a summary of this book in thirty words or less.
- **12. Extended Response:** What can you do to help your family have a plan for preventing or escaping a fire?

Quick Check Answer Sheet

Great City Fires

Main Comprehension Skill: Compare and Contrast

- **1. B** Vocabulary
- **2.** (D) Cause and Effect
- **4.** (D) Compare and Contrast
- **5.** (D) Cause and Effect
- **6.** B Vocabulary
- **7.** (D) Cause and Effect
- **8.** (C) Make Inferences / Draw Conclusions
- **9.** ① Vocabulary
- **10.** (B) Main Idea and Details
- 11. Answers will vary but should be similar to the following: The large and deadly fires that took place in Rome, London, and Chicago forced people to create laws and practices that will hopefully prevent such large fires in the future.
- 12. Answers will vary.