

Assignment No. 5

Multithreading

Question 1

Write a Java program to create and run a thread by extending the **Thread** class. The thread should print **"Hello from Thread"** five times.

Question 2

Write a Java program to create and run a thread by implementing the **Runnable** interface. The thread should print numbers from 1 to 5.

Question 3

Write a Java program where the main thread prints **"Main Thread Running"** and a child thread prints **"Child Thread Running"**. Run them simultaneously.

Question 4

Write a Java program to demonstrate the use of **setName()** and **getName()** methods for threads.

Question 5

Write a Java program to demonstrate the use of `setPriority()` and `getPriority()` methods by creating two threads with different priorities.

Question 6

Write a Java program where one thread prints numbers from 1 to 10, and another thread prints numbers from 11 to 20.

Question 7

Write a Java program to demonstrate the use of the `sleep()` method by pausing a thread for 1 second after printing each number.

Question 8

Write a Java program where the main thread waits for a child thread to finish using the `join()` method.

Question 9

Write a Java program to check whether a thread is alive or not using the `isAlive()` method.

Question 10

Write a Java program to create two threads:

- Thread 1 prints **"Good Morning"** 5 times.
 - Thread 2 prints **"Welcome"** 5 times.
- Run both threads simultaneously.**

Question 11

Write a Java program where one thread prints even numbers from 2 to 20, and another thread prints odd numbers from 1 to 19.

Question 12

Write a Java program to create three threads. Each thread should print its own message 3 times.

Question 13

Write a Java program to demonstrate the difference between calling **run() directly and calling **start()** on a thread.**

Question 14

Write a Java program to create a thread that calculates the sum of numbers from 1 to 100.

Question 15

Write a Java program to demonstrate how to stop a thread gracefully using a boolean flag instead of the deprecated `stop()` method.

Question 16

Write a Java program where one thread prints the lowercase alphabet (`a` to `z`), and another thread prints the uppercase alphabet (`A` to `Z`).

Question 17

Write a Java program to demonstrate how multiple threads can access a shared counter variable. Show the problem of race condition (without synchronization).

Question 18

Write a Java program to demonstrate synchronization by using the `synchronized` keyword on a method that increments a counter.

Question 19

Write a Java program to create a thread that prints the current time every 2 seconds, five times.

Question 20

Write a Java program where two threads run in parallel:

- **The first thread prints "Learning Java" 5 times.**
- **The second thread prints "Multithreading in action" 5 times.**