WorldWideLogistics

Technical Solution Description

Gerasimchuk Maksim

# Content

Introduction	3
Technologies and frameworks	4
Database	5
Model summary	7
Modules	8
Main workflow	19
Additional features	22

# Introduction

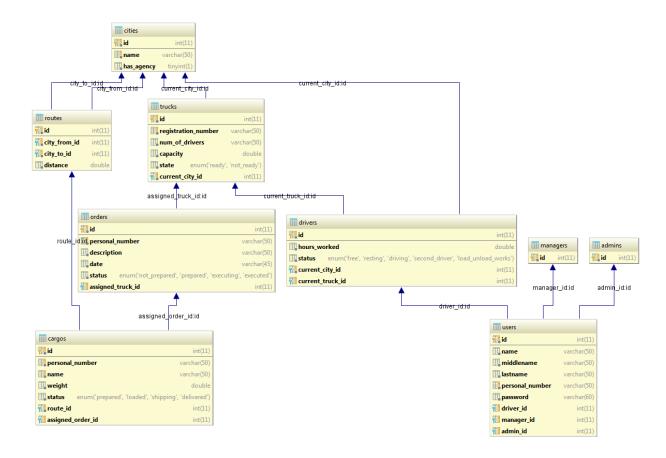
WorldWideLogistics is a web application for logistic business. This application allows to manage cargos, trucks, drivers and orders. Depending on the role (driver, manager, admin) user is allowed to manage current order status (driver), create and edit trucks, drivers, create orders (manager), create, edit and delete orders and other entities.

# **Technologies and frameworks**

- Spring
  - > Spring MVC 5.0.8.RELEASE
  - > Spring security 5.0.7.RELEASE
- JPA 2.0 Hibernate 5.3.1.Final
- JSP (JSTL 1.2)
- jQuery, HTML, CSS
- EJB 1.0.1.Final
- JSF 2.3.5.SP1
- Maven 3.5.2
- Mockito 2.23.0Selenium
- Google Maps API
- Jersey WebServices 1.19.2
- Log4j 1.2.17
- Sonarqube 7.3
- Tomcat server 8.5.31
- WildFly server 14.0.1.Final

# **Database**

#### Scheme



## Description

Database table	Description
Users	Contains basic user information (name, personal
	number, role etc)
Drivers	Contains specific driver fields (current city, current
	truck etc)
Managers	Contains manager fields
Admins	Contains admin fields
Trucks	Contains truck information (registration number,
	maximal number of drivers, capacity etc)
Cargos	Contains basic cargo information (personal number,
	name, weight, status etc)
Orders	Contains basic order information (personal number,
	description, status, etc)
Cities	Contains basic city information (name, has agency)
Routes	Contains basic information about route (origin city,
	destination city)

## **Model summary**

User – basic entity used for authentication, represented by three possible roles: driver, manager, admin.

Manager – entity which has rights to create (add to database) new orders. Also he can create and edit trucks, drivers, cargos.

Admin – entity like manager but with extended rights: in addition to manager abilities he can change or delete every entity (if it doesn't violate the validity of the database)

Driver – entity which is responsible for executing order. Driver has rights to refresh state of the executing order and cargos included to it.

Truck – entity describing properties of used trucks such as registration number, state (ready to use or not), maximal number of drivers, capacity etc... Truck can be added and modified by manager and admin, deleted by admin only.

Cargo – entity describing properties of cargo such as weight, status (prepared, loaded, shipping or delivered). Cargo can be created and edited both manager and admin, also admin can delete cargos. Driver has an ability to update status of cargos which are included in his current order.

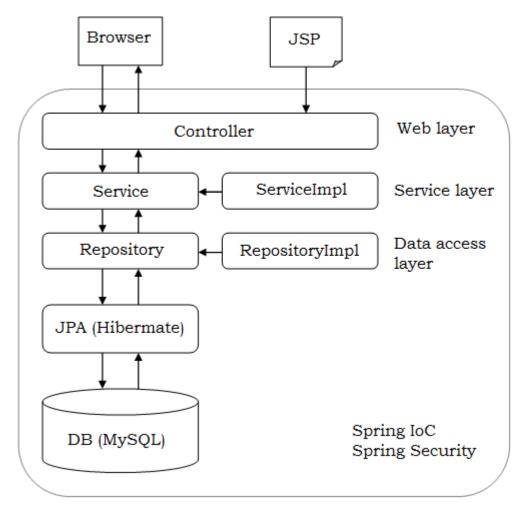
Order – entity describing properties of order such as personal number, description, date, status (not prepared, prepared, executing, executed). Order can be created both by manager and admin, but only admin has rights to update or delete orders (if it doesn't violate the validity of the database). Order can be assigned to truck (with assigned drivers), so drivers have right to update status of executing order.

City – entity describing properties of city such as name and existence of agency. City can be managed by admin only, manager has rights to use only cities which are already created.

Route – entity describing properties of route such as origin point, destination point and distance between them. Route can be managed by admin only, manager has rights to use only routes which are already created.

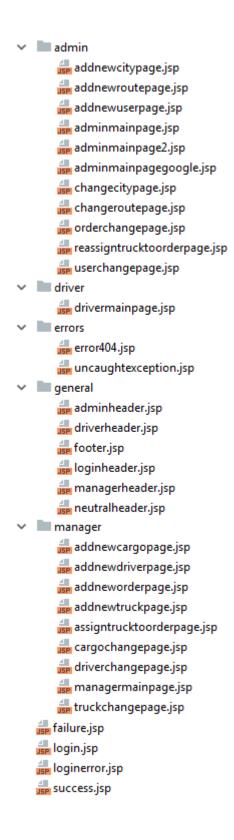
# **Modules**

Application is designed using the Model-View-Controller design pattern and has following architecture:



#### View

View layer is represented by JSP pages with CSS and JS. JSP tree is represented on picture below:



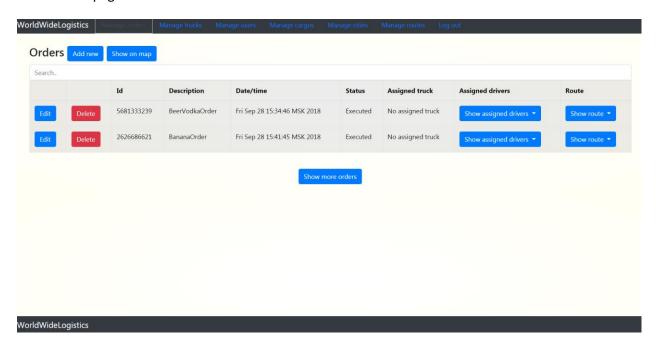
Login page:

# Welcome to logistic system!

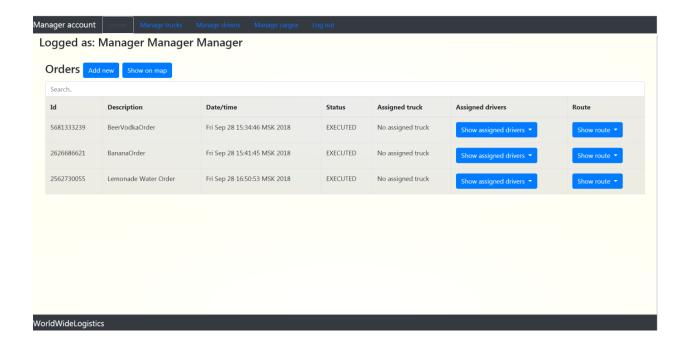


### World Wide Logistics

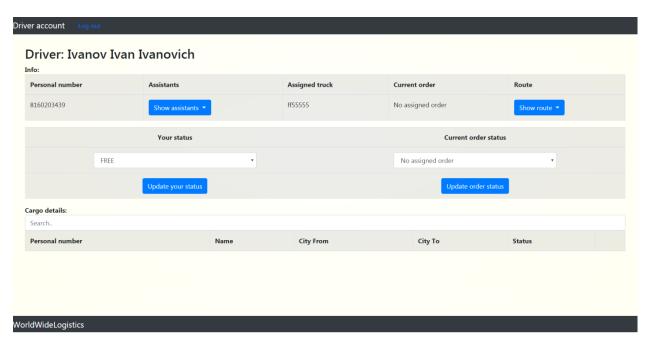
### Admin main page:



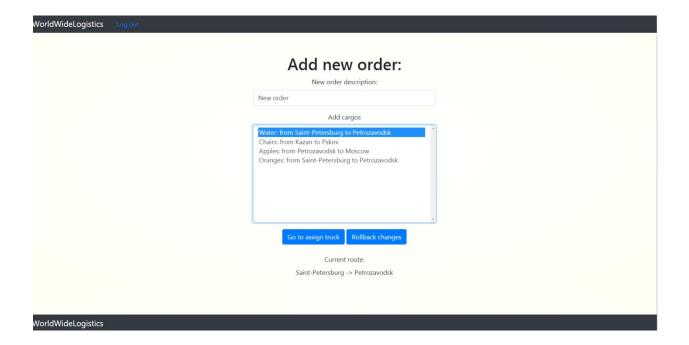
Manager main page:



### Driver main page:



Add new order page:



#### **Entities**

Entities package contains 9 classes:

- User
- Driver
- Manager
- Admin
- Truck
- Cargo
- Order
- City
- Route

## User entity

Field	Description
Id	User's ID
Name	User's first name
middleName	User's middle name
lastName	User's last name
personalNumber	User's unique personal name (used as a login)
password	User's password (Encrypted by BCrypt)
driver	Reference to driver entity (if user is driver,
	otherwise null)
manager	Reference to manager entity (if user is manager,
	otherwise null)
admin	Reference to admin entity (if user is admin,
	otherwise null)

# Driver entity

Field	Description
id	Driver's id
hoursWorked	Driver's hours worked in current month
status	Driver's current status (Free, resting, driving, second driver, load/unload works)
currentCity	Driver's current city (not null)
currentTruck	Driver's current truck
user	Reference to user entity

# Manager entity

Field	Description
id	Manager's id
user	Reference to user entity

# Admin entity

Field	Description
id	Manager's id
user	Reference to user entity

# Truck entity

Field	Description
id	Truck's id
registrationNumber	Truck's registration number
numOfDrivers	Truck's number of drivers
capacity	Truck's maximal capacity
state	Truck's current state (ready or not)
currentCity	Truck's current city
driversInTruck	Set of drivers assigned to truck
assignedOrder	Reference to assigned order

# Cargo entity

Field	Description
id	Cargo's id
personalNumber	Cargo's personal number
name	Cargo's name
weight	Cargo's weight
status	Cargo's status (Prepared, loaded, shipping,
	delivered)
route	Cargo's route
order	Reference to assigned order

### Order entity

Field	Description
id	Order's id
personalNumber	Order's personal number
description	Order's description
date	Order's date
status	Order's status
assignedTruck	Order's assigned truck
cargosInOrder	Set of cargos assigned to order

## City entity

Field	Description
id	City's id
name	City's name
hasAgency	City's hasAgency Boolean field (true if city has
	agency)
driversInCity	Set of drivers in city
citiesFrom	Set of origin cities
citiesTo	Set of destination cities
trucksInCity	Set of trucks in city

### Route entity

Field	Description
id	Route's id
cityFrom	Route's origin city
cityTo	Route's destination city
distance	Route's distance
cargosOnRoute	Set of cargos on route

# Repository

Repositories package contains 9 classes:

- UserRepository
- DriverRepository
- ManagerRepository
- AdminRepository
- TruckRepository
- Cargo Repository
- OrderRepository
- CityRepository
- Route Repository

## All repository classes has next methods:

Method	Description
create	Persists new entity

update	Updates existing entity
getById	Returns entity by id
getAll	Return collection of all entities
remove	Removes entity by id

## Service layer

Service layer is represented by 11 services:

- CargoService
- CityService
- DriverService
- OrderService
- RouteService
- StatisticService
- TruckService
- UserService
- SecurityService
- CustomUserDetailService
- AuthenticationSuccessHandler

### CargoService

Method	Description
<b>boolean</b> createCargo(CargoDTO cargoDTO)	Creates new cargo with data from DTO
<b>boolean</b> updateCargo(CargoDTO cargoDTO)	Updates existing cargo with data from DTO
boolean deleteCargo(int cargoId)	Deletes existing cargo
UpdateMessageType deleteCargo(int cargoId, int val)	Updates existing cargo with data from DTO
Collection <cargo> getAvailableCargos()</cargo>	Returns collection with available cargos
CargoStatus getCargoStatusFromString(String status)	Returns cargo status parsed from string
UpdateMessageType updateCargoStatus(int cargoId,	Updates cargo status
CargoStatus newStatus)	

# CityService

Method	Description
boolean createCity(CityDTO cityDTO)	Creates new city with data from DTO
boolean updateCity(CityDTO cityDTO)	Updates existing city with data from DTO
boolean deleteCity(int cityId) throws Exception	Deletes existing city
UpdateMessageType deleteCity(int cityId, int val)	Deletes existing city

#### DriverService

Method	Description
DriverStatus getDriverStatusValFromString(String status)	Returns driver status parsed from string
void updateDriverHoursWorked()	Updates drivers hours worked values every month

UpdateMessageType updateDriverStatus(int driverId,	Updates driver status
DriverStatus newStatus)	

## OrderService

Method	Description
Collection <cargo> getChosenCargos(OrderDTO</cargo>	Returns collection of chosen cargos according
orderDTO)	to data from DTO
Collection <truck> getAvailableTrucks(OrderDTO</truck>	Returns collection of available trucks to
orderDTO) throws RouteException	execute order with options according to data
	from DTO
List <city> getOrderRoute(OrderDTO orderDTO, Truck</city>	Creates order route according to data from
truck) throws RouteException	DTO
ReturnValuesContainer <list<driver>&gt;</list<driver>	Checks if drivers has too much hours worked
checkIfDriversHoursWorkedOverLimit(double	to execute order with options according to
orderExecutingTime, Date date, Collection <driver></driver>	data from DTO
driversInTruck)	
UpdateMessageType createOrder(OrderDTO	Creates new order
orderDTO) throws RouteException	
ReturnValuesContainer <order> createOrder(OrderDTO</order>	Creates new order
orderDTO, int val) throws RouteException	
UpdateMessageType updateOrder(OrderDTO	Updates existing order
orderDTO) throws RouteException,	
TooManyHoursWorkedForOrderException	
ReturnValuesContainer <order></order>	Updates existing order
updateOrder(OrderDTO orderDTO, int val) throws	
RouteException,	
TooManyHoursWorkedForOrderException	
OrderStatus getOrderStatusFromString(String status)	Returns order status parsed from string
<b>boolean</b> areAllCargosDelivered(Order order)	Checks if all cargos in order have status
	"Delivered"
UpdateMessageType deleteOrder(OrderDTO	Deletes existing order if it's possible
orderDTO)	
UpdateMessageType deleteOrder(int orderId)	Deletes existing order if it's possible
UpdateMessageType updateOrderStatus(int orderId,	Updates order status
OrderStatus newStatus)	
double getExecutingTime(OrderDTO orderDTO) throws	Counts time needed to execute order
RouteException	

## RouteService

Method	Description
<b>boolean</b> createRoute(RouteDTO routeDTO)	Creates new route between cities according
	to data from DTO
ReturnValuesContainer <route> createRoute(RouteDTO</route>	Creates new route between cities according
routeDTO, int val)	to data from DTO
boolean updateRoute(RouteDTO routeDTO)	Updates existing route between cities
	according to data from DTO
ReturnValuesContainer <route></route>	Updates existing route between cities
updateRoute(RouteDTO routeDTO, int val)	according to data from DTO
boolean deleteRoute(int routeld) throws Exception	Deletes existing route

UpdateMessageType deleteRoute(int routeId, int val)	Deletes existing route
---	------------------------

#### StatisticService

Method	Description
int getNumOfTrucksTotal()	Returns number of trucks total
int getNumOfTrucksFree()	Returns number of free total
int getNumOfTrucksNotReady()	Returns number of trucks which has status
	"Not ready"
<pre>int getNumOfTrucksExecutingOrders()</pre>	Returns number of trucks executing orders
int getNumOfDriversTotal()	Returns number of drivers total
int getNumOfDriversFree()	Returns number of free drivers
<pre>int getNumOfDriversExecutingOrders()</pre>	Returns number of drivers executing orders

## TruckService

Method	Description
UpdateMessageType createTruck(TruckDTO truckDTO)	Creates new truck according to data from DTO
UpdateMessageType updateTruck(TruckDTO truckDTO)	Updates existing truck according to data from DTO
UpdateMessageType deleteTruck(int id)	Deletes existing truck
Collection <truck> getFreeTrucks()</truck>	Returns collection of free trucks

### UserService

Method	Description
UpdateMessageType createDriver(DriverDTO	Creates new driver according to data from
driverDTO)	DTO
ReturnValuesContainer <user> createDriver(DriverDTO</user>	Creates new driver according to data from
driverDTO, int val)	DTO
UpdateMessageType createManager(ManagerDTO	Creates new manager according to data from
managerDTO)	DTO
ReturnValuesContainer <user></user>	Creates new manager according to data from
createManager(ManagerDTO managerDTO, int val)	DTO
UpdateMessageType createAdmin(AdminDTO	Creates new admin according to data from
adminDTO)	DTO
ReturnValuesContainer <user> createAdmin(AdminDTO</user>	Creates new admin according to data from
adminDTO, int val)	DTO
UpdateMessageType updateDriver(DriverDTO	Updates existing driver according to data
driverDTO)	from DTO
UpdateMessageType updateManager(ManagerDTO	Updates existing manager according to data
managerDTO)	from DTO
UpdateMessageType updateAdmin(AdminDTO	Updates existing admin according to data
adminDTO)	from DTO
UpdateMessageType deleteDriver(int userId)	Deletes existing driver
UpdateMessageType deleteManager(int userId)	Deletes existing manager
UpdateMessageType deleteAdmin(int userId)	Deletes existing admin
Collection <user> getAllDrivers()</user>	Returns collection of all drivers

Collection <user> getFreeDrivers()</user>	Returns collection of free drivers
Collection <userrole> getRoles()</userrole>	Returns collection of roles
UpdateMessageType createUser(UserDTO userDTO)	Creates new user according to data from DTO
ReturnValuesContainer <user> createUser(UserDTO userDTO, int val)</user>	Creates new user according to data from DTO
UpdateMessageType updateUser(UserDTO userDTO)	Updates existing user according to data from DTO
UpdateMessageType deleteUser(int id)	Deletes existing user

### SecurityService

Method	Description
String findLoggedInUsername()	Returns personal number of logged user

### CustomUserDetailService

Method			Description
public	UserDetails	loadUserByUsername(String	Returns UserDetails object builded with data
personalNumber) throws		throws	from user loaded by personal number
UsernameNotFoundException		otion	

### Authentication Success Handler

Method	Description
protected String	Returns target URL depends on logged user
determineTargetUrl(HttpServletRequest request,	
HttpServletResponse response)	

## **Controller layer:**

Controller layer is represented by 5 classes annotated with SpringMVC @Controller:

- AdminController
- DriverController
- ManagerController
- UserController
- RestController

## Main workflow

Main workflow for creating order is represented below:

1. Login as manager:

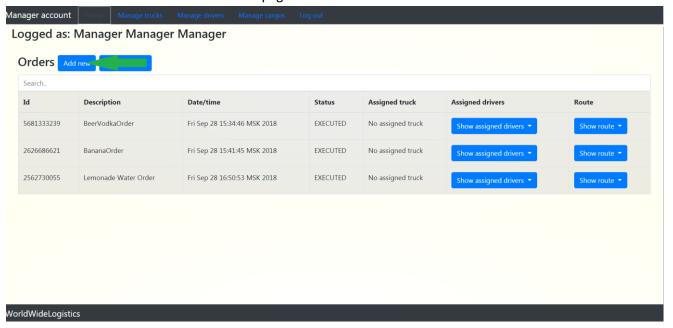
WorldWideLogistics

# Welcome to logistic system!

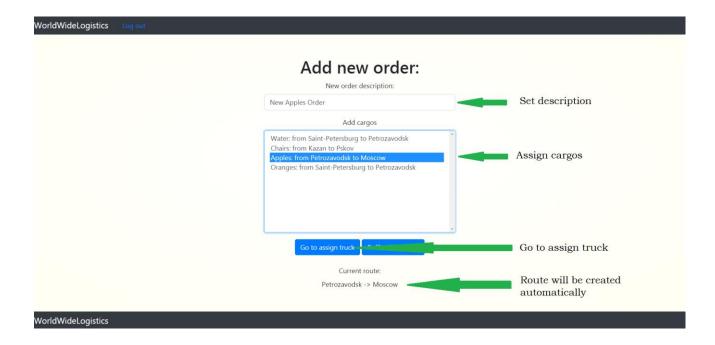


WorldWideLogistics

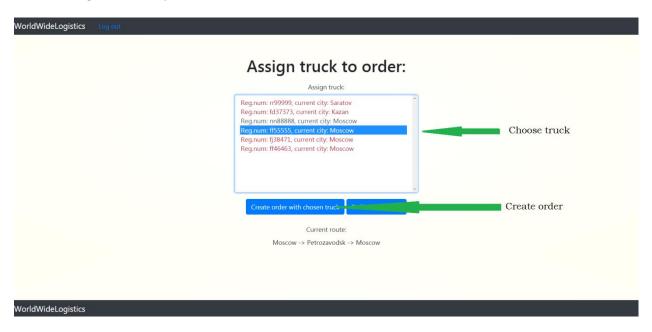
2. Press "Add new" button on home page:



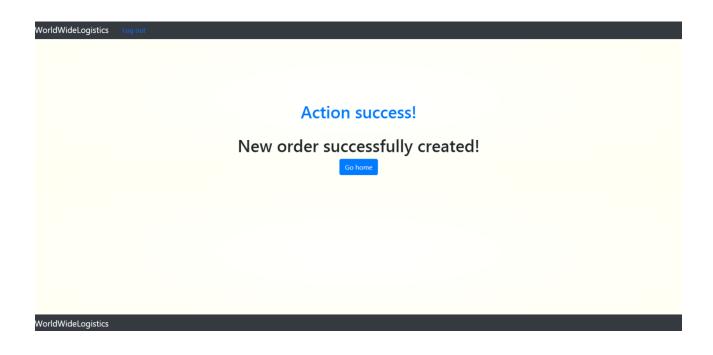
3. Set description and assign cargos (route will be created automatically):



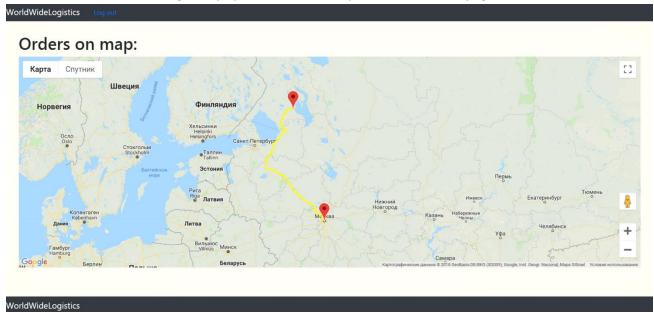
4. Assign truck and push "Create order with chosen truck" button:



5. If action was successful you'll see success message:



6. To see order on Google Maps press "Show on map" button on home page:



# **Additional features**

## Build

Application build and deployed to Tomcat Application Server via maven by command *mvn tomcat7:deploy.* 

## Logging

Application logging configured with log4j library.

#### Tests

Application uses JUnit4, Mockito and Selenium libraries for testing.

# Google Maps API

Application uses Google Maps API for showing orders on Google Maps.