

HW5 (due May 23 Tuesday before recitation)

0- Suppose M' is a TM that *semidecides* a language L . Construct a $TM M$ making use of M' that *semidecides* the language L^* .

1- Prove the **transitivity** of the polynomial reduction operator α :

i.e. , $L_1 \alpha L_2$ and $L_2 \alpha L_3$ implies that $L_1 \alpha L_3$

2 - Given a SAT problem define a set of literals in SAT a **consistent set** if a literal x_j and its complement literal x_j^c are **NOT** both members of this set.

Prove that SAT has a solution **if and only if** there exists a **consistent set** of literals, whose members are selected, one from each clause C_j .

3 - Prove the following : $IS \alpha CLIQUE$, $IS \alpha NC$, $SAT \alpha MAXSAT$, $HC \alpha UHC$

where $IS = Independent Set$, $NC = Node Cover$ and $UHC = HC$ for undirected graphs.

4- (a) Formulate the $2SAT$ problem where each vertex corresponds to a Boolean literal and there is a directed edge from vertex x to vertex y corresponding to x implies y ($x \Rightarrow y$ or $\neg x \vee y$ or $(\neg x, y)$ is a clause)

(b) Show that $2SAT \in P$

5 - Given an EC problem with $U = \{u_0, u_1, u_2, u_3, u_4\}$;

$F = \{ \{u_0, u_3, u_4\}, \{u_2, u_4\}, \{u_0, u_1, u_2\}, \{u_0, u_2, u_4\}, \{u_1, u_2\} \}$

State the KS and the HC problems obtained from the above EC problem by the **polynomial reduction** methods discussed in class. State solution(s) of the three problems EC , KS and HC if one exists for each case.