

CALORIE COUNTING WITH JACQUARD

Brian Beckman

6 June 2012

- **Essential contributions from**
Avi Bar-Zeev, Elad Ben-Israel, Steve Coast, Elad Gerson,
Yair Gheva, Gur Kimchi, Limor Lahiani, Erik Meijer,
Kanchan Mitra, Savas Parastiditis
- **Sponsored by IPE Core Platform**
Bimal Mehta, James Whittaker, Gurdeep Singh Pall, Qi Lu

MOTIVATING SAMPLE PROBLEM

- How would a dev/customer of IPE write apps to manipulate standard Nutrition-Facts Labels (NFLs)?
- Will show things that are impossible via ordinary programming in JavaScript or C# and easy with symbolic expressions in Jacquard

Nutrition Facts	
Serving Size: 4 oz	
<hr/>	
Amount per Serving	
Calories 160	Calories from Fat 81.0
<hr/>	
	% Daily Value *
Total Fat 9g	13%
Saturated Fat 4g	20%
Cholesterol 60mg	20%
Sodium 70mg	2%
Total Carbohydrate 0g	0%
Dietary Fiber	0%
Sugars	
Protein 21g	42%
<hr/>	
Est. Percent of Calories from:	
Fat	49.1%
Carbs	%
Protein	50.9%
<hr/>	
* Percent Daily Values are based on a 2,000 calorie diet. Your daily values may be higher or lower depending on your calories needs.	

- Problems with NFLs:

- Confusing information; confusing layout
- Many units: ounces, percents, calories, grams, milligrams
- Separate calories from fat & carbs, not percents
- Check for accuracy: Does serving size and total calories match sum of components? If not, why not? Liability exposure?

WHY DEVS NEED COMPUTATIONS

- **Most searches already involve computations**
 - Route plans, Travel proposals
 - Event-sequence schedules
 - Price quotes, loan proposals
 - Trading, portfolio optimization, risk analysis
 - Even calorie counting (it's big business)
- **Jacquard makes computations more robust, powerful, distributed, reusable**
 - Keep Computations and other Knowledge in exactly the same format
 - Robustness, safety, reach from symbolic computation
 - e.g., 1999: \$2B Mars Climate Observer crashed due to units mistake
 - Power means bang-for-the-buck: more computation for less script
 - Distributed processing and reuse from treating computations as Merino Entities
- **Wolfram Alpha blazed the trail**
 - Mission statement similar to Merino's
 - They are 100% based on an expression language -- *Mathematica* -- which inspired Jacquard
 - They curate; we crowdsource

COMPUTATIONS ARE JUST EXPRESSIONS

- **Computing with Expressions beats computing with Code**
 - Shorter (much), safer (much), more capable (much), more distributed (much)
- **Have your cake and eat it, too -- Interop via APIs to JavaScript, C#, C++**
- **LINQ is a Given -- IQueryable, IObservable, .NET Expressions interop**
 - Reactive and Interactive (Timelike & Spacelike)
- **Expressions are just a kind of knowledge**
- **Expressions are universal**
 - Expressions manipulate knowledge; Expressions are knowledge; Expressions manipulate Expressions
 - Expression reuse is easier than code-reuse -- fewer ancillaries like DOMs or DLLs
- **Evaluators bring Expressions to life**
 - Evaluators everywhere: personal agent, in the cloud, desktop, edge, all devices
 - Reference Evaluator in JavaScript; more evaluators in C#/F#, Java/Scala/Kiama, C++/Maude
- **Authoring environments in *Mathematica* now and (planned) Cloud9**

THE SCENARIO: WHERE TO START?

- Encode Nutrition-Fact Label in JavaScript (C# similar); contrast Jacquard:

JavaScript	Jacquard
<pre>var burgerNutritionFacts = { ServingSize : 4 , // Ounce AmountPerServing : 160 , // Calorie CaloriesFromFat : 81.0, // Calorie SaturatedFat : 4 , // Gram Cholesterol : 60 , // Milligram Sodium : 70 , // Milligram DietaryFiber : 0 , // Gram Sugars : 0 , // Gram TotalFat : 9 , // Gram Protein : 21 , // Gram TotalCarbohydrate : 0 , // Gram };</pre>	<pre>burgerNutritionFacts = { ServingSize -> 4 * Ounce AmountPerServing -> 160 * Calorie CaloriesFromFat -> 81.0 * Calorie SaturatedFat -> 4 * Gram Cholesterol -> 60 * Milligram Sodium -> 70 * Milligram DietaryFiber -> 0 * Gram Sugars -> 0 * Gram TotalFat -> 9 * Gram Protein -> 21 * Gram TotalCarbohydrate -> 0 * Gram }</pre>

- OBSERVATION: In JavaScript, NO innate way to carry units
- Jacquard: $4 * \text{Ounce}$ means “4 times the **symbolic constant** *Ounce*”
- Jacquard: *Everything is an Expression* -- No Exceptions
- Computing in Jacquard is Evaluating Expressions, not “running code”

DO THE WEIGHTS ADD UP?

JavaScript	Jacquard
<pre>var addWeights = function(nutritionFacts) { return nutritionFacts.TotalFat + nutritionFacts.DietaryFiber + nutritionFacts.Protein + nutritionFacts.Cholesterol + nutritionFacts.Sodium + nutritionFacts.TotalCarbohydrate; }; document.writeln(addWeights(burgerNutritionFacts));</pre>	<pre>TotalFat + DietaryFiber + Protein + Cholesterol + Sodium + TotalCarbohydrates /. burgerNutritionFact</pre>
160	30 Gram + 130 Gram Mill

- **NOTE: Jacquard catches the mistake!**
In JavaScript, only the programmer can catch it, and only by head compiling
- **NOTE: this 160 is highly suspect: will see later**
- **NOTE: Units mistakes can cost billions**
 - Mars Climate Observer crashed over Newtons versus pounds-force
 - Who would be liable for a faulty NFL implicated in a diabetic or cardiac incident?
- **OBSERVATION: object access (slash-dot) *after* the arithmetic, not before**

HOW DOES IT WORK?

- Not like ordinary programming; unbound variables are NOT errors
- Symbolic constants are like variables that just evaluate to themselves
- They cancel out of ratios ...

$$\frac{16 \text{ Ounce}}{\text{Pound}} * 27 \text{ Pound}$$

432 Ounce

- ... and distribute over sums

$$2 \text{ Ounce} + 4 \text{ Ounce}$$

6 Ounce

APPLYING OBJECTS TO EXPRESSIONS

- This is a **symbolic expression**; it evaluates to itself:

```
TotalFat + DietaryFiber + Protein +  
Cholesterol + Sodium + TotalCarbohydrate
```

```
Cholesterol + DietaryFiber + Protein + Sodium + TotalCarbohydrate + TotalFat
```

- Save it in a variable ...

```
nflSummary = TotalFat + DietaryFiber + Protein +  
Cholesterol + Sodium + TotalCarbohydrate
```

```
Cholesterol + DietaryFiber + Protein + Sodium + TotalCarbohydrate + TotalFat
```

- ... Use it in later computations ...

JACQUARD OBJECT = LIST OF REPLACEMENT RULES

```
(burgerNutritionFacts = {ServingSize → 4 * Ounce,  
  AmountPerServing → 160 * Calorie,  
  CaloriesFromFat → 81.0 * Calorie,  
  SaturatedFat → 4 * Gram, Cholesterol → 60 * Milli * Gram,  
  Sodium → 70 Milli * Gram, DietaryFiber → 0 * Gram,  
  Sugars → 0 * Gram, TotalFat → 9 * Gram, Protein → 21 * Gram,  
  TotalCarbohydrate → 0 * Gram}) // gridRules
```

ServingSize	4 Ounce
AmountPerServing	160 Calorie
CaloriesFromFat	81. Calorie
SaturatedFat	4 Gram
Cholesterol	60 Gram Milli
Sodium	70 Gram Milli
DietaryFiber	0
Sugars	0
TotalFat	9 Gram
Protein	21 Gram
TotalCarbohydrate	0

APPLY THE OBJECT TO THE EXPRESSION

```
nflSummary /. burgerNutritionFacts
```

```
30 Gram + 130 Gram Milli
```

■ Long form of the same expression

```
ReplaceAll[ nflSummary, burgerNutritionFacts ]
```

```
30 Gram + 130 Gram Milli
```

■ Objects are collections of replacement rules

■ Replacement rules act like functions

■ objects act like (collections of) functions

- This is also true in ordinary object-oriented programming
- Methods are always functions
- Properties are optionally backed by functions (get, set) in C#

■ *Applying rules is like calling functions*

... RULE APPLICATION IS FLEXIBLE

- To any arbitrary expression ...

$$\text{fatRatio} * \frac{9 \text{ Calorie}}{\text{Gram fat}} * 4 \text{ Ounce}$$

$$\frac{36 \text{ Calorie fatRatio Ounce}}{\text{fat Gram}}$$

- ... apply numeric, symbolic, or mixed rules

$$\text{fatRatio} * \frac{9 \text{ Calorie}}{\text{Gram fat}} * 4 \text{ Ounce} \quad /. \quad \text{fatRatio} \rightarrow \frac{9 \text{ Gram fat}}{4 \text{ Ounce}}$$

$$81 \text{ Calorie}$$

MORE NFL: ADD UP THE CALORIES

■ Beef-up the object

```
(beefedUpBurgerNutritionFacts = {ServingSize → 4 * Ounce,
  AmountPerServing → 160 * Calorie, CaloriesFromFat → 81.0 * Calorie,
  SaturatedFat → 4 * Gram * saturated fat,
  Cholesterol → 60 * Milli * Gram * cholesterol,
  Sodium → 70 Milli * Gram * sodium, DietaryFiber → 0 * Gram * fiber,
  Sugars → 0 * Gram * sugar, TotalFat → 9 * Gram * fat,
  Protein → 21 * Gram * protein,
  TotalCarbohydrate → 0 * Gram * carbohydrate}) // gridRules
```

ServingSize	4 Ounce
AmountPerServing	160 Calorie
CaloriesFromFat	81. Calorie
SaturatedFat	4 fat Gram saturated
Cholesterol	60 cholesterol Gram Milli
Sodium	70 Gram Milli sodium
DietaryFiber	0
Sugars	0
TotalFat	9 fat Gram
Protein	21 Gram protein
TotalCarbohydrate	0

MINE FOR CALORIE FACTS

Web Images Videos Shopping News Maps More | MSN Hotmail

bing

Web Social More▼

how many calories in a gram of fat

1-10 of 119,000,000 results · Advanced

RELATED SEARCHES

- Calories **per** Gram in Fat
- Gram **to** Calorie
- How Many **Grams per** Calorie

SEARCH HISTORY

- how many grams in an ounce
- Similar searches
- how many grams in an ounce
- how many calories from fat in a
- calories from fat in a burger
- how many calones from fat in a...
- See all
- Clear all · Turn off

ALL RESULTS

Calories in Protein, Fat and Carbohydrates | CaloriesPerHour.com
 Yes, each **gram of fat** you consume provides more than twice as **many calories** as a **gram** of protein or carbohydrate! As an example of how these numbers are used, ...
www.caloriesperhour.com/tutorial_gram.php

How Many Calories are in 1 Gram of Fat? | eHow.com
 By Penelope McClusky
 There are several types of dietary **fat**, but all kinds are not created equal. While we need **fats** to insulate our bodies to keep us warm and provide energy stores, some ...
www.ehow.com/facts_5183714_many-calories-

How many calories in a gram of fat? How many in protein? How many ...
 Askville Question: **How many calories In a gram of fat? How many** in protein? **How many** in a carb? : Fitness & Diet
askville.amazon.com/calories-gram-fat-protein-carb/AnswerViewer.do?...

How many calories are in a gram of fat - The Q&A wiki
1 gram of fat = 9 calories. Each **gram of fat** contains 9 **calories**.
wiki.answers.com/Q/How_many_calories_are_in_a_gram_of_fat

How Many Calories Does One Gram of Fat Provide? | eHow.com

[How Many Calories Does One Gram of Fat Provide? | eHow.com](http://www.ehow.com/about_5443879_many-one-gram-fat-provide.html)

Nutritionists divide food into three types of macronutrients: carbohydrates, proteins and **fats**. Each of these macronutrients contains **calories**, which give your body ...

www.ehow.com/about_5443879_many-one-gram-fat-provide.html

[How Many Fat Grams In 100 Calories? | LIVESTRONG.COM](http://www.livestrong.com/article/295384-how-many-fat-grams-in-100-calories/)

How Many Fat Grams In 100 Calories? There are 9 **calories in 1 g of fat**, so 100 **calories** comprises roughly 11 **grams of fat**. However, the number of fat grams in ...

www.livestrong.com/article/295384-how-many-fat-grams-in-100-calories

ENCODE CALORIE FACTS AS RULES

```
calorieFacts = {  
  Gram * saturated * fat → 9 * Calorie,  
  Gram * fat → 9 * Calorie,  
  Gram * sugar → 4 * Calorie,  
  Gram * carbohydrate → 4 * Calorie,  
  Gram * protein → 4 * Calorie,  
  Gram * cholesterol → 0 * Calorie,  
  Gram * fiber → 0 * Calorie,  
  Gram * sodium → 0 * Calorie,  
  Milli * Gram → Gram * 0.001};
```


APPLY CALORIE FACTS & SUMMARIZE

```
(beefedUpBurgerNutritionFacts /. calorieFacts) // gridRules
```

ServingSize	4 Ounce
AmountPerServing	160 Calorie
CaloriesFromFat	81. Calorie
SaturatedFat	36 Calorie
Cholesterol	0
Sodium	0
DietaryFiber	0
Sugars	0
TotalFat	81 Calorie
Protein	84 Calorie
TotalCarbohydrate	0

- This is just a new object: **APPLY IT** to our first expression!

```
nflSummary /. beefedUpBurgerNutritionFacts /. calorieFacts
165 Calorie
```

- but but but -- they said 160 Calorie? What's up with *that*?

<pre>nutritionFacts.Cholesterol + nutritionFacts.Sodium + nutritionFacts.TotalCarbohydrate; }; document.writeln(addWeights(burgerNutritionFacts));</pre>	<pre>Cholesterol + Sodium + TotalCarbohydrates /. burgerNutritionFacts</pre>
160	30 Gram + 130 Gram Milk

ORIGINAL AUTHORS MADE A MISTAKE?

- Data adds up to 165 calories; NFL reports 160
- We found 160 without units in a wrong weight calculation
- Hypothesis: Programmers made the obvious mistake and then also copied the bad weight output into the wrong calorie slot
- If we carry units, this kind of mistake requires willful malfeasance
 - Symbolic expressions make the mistake nearly impossible to miss
- Without units, it's probably an honest mistake, but too easy to make and compound
- NASA recommended research in units processing after the Mars crash
 - Results include Sun's FORTRESS language and .NET's F#

IT'S WORSE!

- We found 30 Gram + 130 Gram Milli
- Check against the serving size -- use our original weight-finding expressions:

```
Convert[ nflSummary /. burgerNutritionFacts, Ounce ]
```

```
1.0628 Ounce
```

- Almost 3 ounces of MISSING MASS?
- Willful underreporting?
- Unreported inert ingredients like water?
- We can't say from the data!
- Can we trust the Calories per Serving results?
- **BOTTOM LINE:** Jacquard gives the IPE Developer clear opportunity to write safer, smaller, more disciplined (i.e., better), apps

THE POINTS AGAIN

- Computing with Expressions beats computing with Code
- Planned interop with JavaScript, C#, C++
- LINQ is a Given
- Expressions are just more knowledge
- Expressions are universal
- Evaluators bring Expressions to life
- Authoring environments in *Mathematica* now and planned for Cloud9

THE COMPUTATION IS VERY SHORT

- The entire computation consists of a few expressions

nflSummary

Cholesterol + DietaryFiber + Protein + Sodium + TotalCarbohydrate + TotalFat

beefedUpBurgerNutritionFacts

{ServingSize → 4 Ounce, AmountPerServing → 160 Calorie, CaloriesFromFat → 81. Calorie,
SaturatedFat → 4 fat Gram saturated, Cholesterol → 60 cholesterol Gram Milli, Sodium → 70 Gram Milli sodium,
DietaryFiber → 0, Sugars → 0, TotalFat → 9 fat Gram, Protein → 21 Gram protein, TotalCarbohydrate → 0}

calorieFacts

{fat Gram saturated → 9 Calorie, fat Gram → 9 Calorie, Gram sugar → 4 Calorie, carbohydrate Gram → 4 Calorie,
Gram protein → 4 Calorie, cholesterol Gram → 0, fiber Gram → 0, Gram sodium → 0, Gram Milli → 0.001 Gram}

nflSummary/.beefedUpBurgerNutritionFacts/.calorieFacts

165 Calorie

STORE EXPRESSIONS AS ENTITIES

- First encode in JSON

```
nflSummary// jsonStringFromExpression
```

```
{ "head": { "symbol": "Plus" }, "parts": [ { "symbol": "Cholesterol" }, { "symbol": "DietaryFiber" }, { "symbol": "Protein" }, { "symbol": "Sodium" }, { "symbol": "TotalCarbohydrate" }, { "symbol": "TotalFat" } ] }
```

- Replace symbols with URIs to Expressions Taxonomy / Ontology:

- This replacement itself is just another Jacquard object / list of rules!

```
nflSummary/. { Plus →
{ "$meta" → { "knol" → "knol:knowledge.merino.com/",
  "expressions" → "knol:expressions.merino.com/" },
  "knol_identity" → "knol:expressions.merino.com/WellKnown/Plus",
  "knol_types/is-a" → "knol:expressions.merino.com/types/builtIn",
  "expressions_builtIn/name" → "Plus", "expressions_builtIn/Attributes" →
    { "Flat", "Listable", "NumericFunction", "OneIdentity", "Orderless", "Protected",
      { "Default" → "knol:expressions.merino.com/values/builtIn/Integers/Constants/Zero" } },
  "expressions_builtIn/Doclet" → "knol:music.merino.com/expressions/Doclet/Plus" } };
```

ONCE IN MERINO

- **Build new Expressions by composing existing Expressions**
- **Indexing, Finding, Composing are all just more Jacquard Expressions**
- **The entire system is self-describing at all levels**
- **Grow the Expression store by crowdsourcing computations**
 - exactly as we grow any other knowledge store
- **Evaluators everywhere**
 - Distribute computations for privacy (intelligent agent), perf (reactive framework), affinity to data sources (RESTLINQ & bandwidth saving)
- **Semantic queries enabled by *Abstract Query DSLs***
 - Example: you want to build a computation that computes *the average age of singers in the US*
 - This is similar to a computation of *maximum salaries of CEOs in Kentucky*
 - Abstract Query DSLs find the most abstract form of the query
- **Create Abstract Query DSLs automatically from BNFs of specialized computations**

165 Calorie

OTHER JACQUARD EXAMPLES

- **Get Me to the Airport on Time**
 - Reactive LINQ, distributed example monitoring traffic, current location, and flight status
- **Help Me Buy a Car**
 - Distributed workflow with privacy
- **What is the Average Age of Pop Singers in the US?**
 - Example of large class of map-reduce style queries
- **“If you Drive Out of Your Way, I’ll Give You a Discount”**
 - Partial-trust, geospatial, secret auction process

EXAMPLES IN THE WORKS

- **Action & Task Brokers**
- **Conversations: *Schedule Me a Meeting with Bob; Negotiation Coach & Angel***

APPENDIX: COMPUTING NFLS ON-THE-FLY

- What would the NFL be for your mom's Pasta Primavera recipe?
- *Only you* know the recipe; no point searching
- **Compute it on-the-fly** by adding up the NFLs of the ingredients
- NFLs for real-world recipes could be a whole business built on Merino
- GEEKNOTE: This is a vector-space sum: unit vectors are the NFLs for the ingredients, coefficients are the amounts from your recipe

■ YOUR SECRET RECIPE FROM MOM

```
myRecipe={  
  1. Tablespoon "olive oil",  
  16 Ounce "zucchini",  
  3.5 Teaspoon "salt",  
  1.5 Pound "eggplant",  
  1. "onion",  
  2 "bell pepper",  
  14.5 Ounce "stewed tomato",  
  0.5 Teaspoon "black pepper",  
  0.5 Teaspoon "dried basil",  
  0.5 Teaspoon "sugar",  
  12 Ounce "pasta",  
  0.25 Cup "parmesan cheese"};
```

■ DATA MINING FOR INGREDIENT DENSITIES

```
getDensityQuote["olive oil"] = Mean[{6.68,7.67}] * Pound / Gallon;  
getDensityQuote["salt"] = 5.69 Gram / Teaspoon;  
getDensityQuote["black pepper"] = 2.1 Gram / Teaspoon;  
getDensityQuote["dried basil"] = 1.0 Gram / Teaspoon;  
getDensityQuote["sugar"] = 4.2 Gram / Teaspoon;  
getDensityQuote["parmesan cheese"] = 88 Gram / Cup;  
getDensityQuote[____] = 1.0;
```

■ **GRAMS PER TARGET VOLUME FROM DENSITY QUOTE**
 args: [TargetVolume (e.g. *Tablespoon*), DataMinedDensity]

```
gramPerTargetVolumeFromDensityQuote[
  targetVolume_,
  d_?NumberQ * quotedWeight_ / quotedVolume_] :=

(d * Convert[quotedWeight, Gram]) / Convert[quotedVolume, targetVolume]
```

■ **WEIGHT RULE FROM QUANTIFIED INGREDIENT VOLUME**
 args: [Volume e.g. *4 Teaspoon*]

```
weightRuleFromQuantifiedIngredientVolume[
  quantity_?NumberQ * ingredient_ * volume : (Teaspoon | Tablespoon | Cup | FluidOunce | Pint | Gallon)] :=

ingredient * volume →
  ingredient * gramPerTargetVolumeFromDensityQuote[volume,
    getDensityQuote[ingredient]] * volume;

weightRuleFromQuantifiedIngredientVolume[____] := {}
```

■ VOLUME RULES

```
(volumeRules = SelectMany[myRecipe, weightRuleFromQuantifiedIngredientVolume]) // gridRules
```

olive oil Tablespoon	12.713 olive oil Gram
salt Teaspoon	5.69 salt Gram
black pepper Teaspoon	2.1 black pepper Gram
dried basil Teaspoon	1. dried basil Gram
sugar Teaspoon	4.2 sugar Gram
parmesan cheese Cup	88 parmesan cheese Gram

■ RULES FOR WHOLE-ITEM INGREDIENTS

■ More Data Mining

```
getWholeItemQuote["onion"] = (1.0 / 3) Pound;
getWholeItemQuote["bell pepper"] = 0.5 Pound / 4;

weightRuleFromQuantifiedWholeItemIngredient[
  Except[_ * _String * _Symbol, (* don't match a triple rule *)
    _?NumberQ * ingredient_ (* do match a pair *)]] :=
  (* generate the following rule *)
  ingredient → ingredient * getWholeItemQuote[ingredient];
weightRuleFromQuantifiedWholeItemIngredient[____] = {};
```

■ WHOLE-ITEM RULES

```
(wholeItemRules = SelectMany[myRecipe, weightRuleFromQuantifiedWholeItemIngredient]) // gridRules
```

onion	0.33333 onion Pound
bell pepper	0.125 bell pepper Pound

■ RECIPE IN GRAMS

```
(recipeInGrams =  
  Map[Function[ingredient, Convert[ingredient, Gram]], myRecipe /. volumeRules /. wholeItemRules]) // gridRules
```

12.713 olive oil Gram
453.59 zucchini Gram
19.915 salt Gram
680.39 eggplant Gram
151.2 onion Gram
113.4 bell pepper Gram
411.07 stewed tomato Gram
1.05 black pepper Gram
0.5 dried basil Gram
2.1 sugar Gram
340.19 pasta Gram
22. parmesan cheese Gram

■ Just for Fun

```
Convert[Apply[Plus, Cases[recipeInGrams, q_ * _String * u_Symbol → q u]], Pound]
```

4.8681 Pound

atsa lotta pasta -- serves at least six

■ UNIT-NFLS FOR ALL INGREDIENTS

```

ClearAll[nfls,nflNames]; nflNames={};

createNutritionFactsLabel[name_,
servingSize_,totalCalories_,fatCalories_,
totalFat_,totalFatPercent_,
saturatedFat_,saturatedFatPercent_,transFat_,
cholesterol_,cholesterolPercent_,sodium_,sodiumPercent_,totalCarbohydrates_,totalCarbohydratesPercent_,
dietaryFiber_,dietaryFiberPercent_,
sugars_,protein_,proteinPercent_,
vitaminAPercent_,vitaminCPercent_,calciumPercent_,ironPercent_] :=
(AppendTo[nflNames,name];
nfls[name]={"name"→name,"serving size"→servingSize,"total calories"→totalCalories,"fat calories"→fatCalories,
"total fat"→totalFat,"% daily total fat"→totalFatPercent,"saturated fat"→saturatedFat,"% daily saturated fat"→saturatedFatPe

```

■ Olive Oil

```
createNutritionFactsLabel["olive oil", 216 Gram, 1910 Calorie, 1910 Calorie, 216 Gram, 332 Percent, 30 Gram, 149 Percent, 0 Gram,
  0 Gram, 0 Percent, 4 Milli Gram, 0 Percent, 0 Gram, 0 Percent, 0 Gram, 0 Gram, 0 Percent,
  0 Percent, 0 Percent, 0 Percent, 7 Percent] // gridRules
```

name	olive oil
serving size	216 Gram
total calories	1910 Calorie
fat calories	1910 Calorie
total fat	216 Gram
% daily total fat	332 Percent
saturated fat	30 Gram
% daily saturated fat	149 Percent
trans fat	0
cholesterol	0
% daily cholesterol	0
sodium	4 Gram Milli
% daily sodium	0
total carbohydrates	0
% daily carbohydrates	0
dietary fiber	0
%daily dietary fiber	0
sugars	0
protein	0
% daily protein	0
vitamin A	0
vitamin C	0
calcium	0
iron	7 Percent

■ Zucchini, summer, with skin, raw

```
createNutritionFactsLabel["zucchini", 124 Gram, 20 Calorie, 2 Calorie,
  0 Gram, 0 Percent, 0 Gram, 0 Percent, 0 Gram,
  0 Gram, 0 Percent, 12 Milli Gram, 1.0 Percent, 4 Gram, 1.0 Percent, 1.0 Gram, 5 Percent, 2 Gram, 2 Gram, 0 Percent,
  5 Percent, 35 Percent, 2 Percent, 2 Percent] // gridRules
```

name	zucchini
serving size	124 Gram
total calories	20 Calorie
fat calories	2 Calorie
total fat	0
% daily total fat	0
saturated fat	0
% daily saturated fat	0
trans fat	0
cholesterol	0
% daily cholesterol	0
sodium	12 Gram Milli
% daily sodium	1. Percent
total carbohydrates	4 Gram
% daily carbohydrates	1. Percent
dietary fiber	1. Gram
%daily dietary fiber	5 Percent
sugars	2 Gram
protein	2 Gram
% daily protein	0
vitamin A	5 Percent
vitamin C	35 Percent
calcium	2 Percent
iron	2 Percent

■ Table Salt

```
createNutritionFactsLabel["salt", 1. Cup, 0 Calorie, 0 Calorie,
  0 Gram, 0 Percent, 0 Gram, 0 Percent, 0 Gram,
  0 Gram, 0 Percent, 113 174 Milli Gram, 4716 Percent, 0 Gram, 0 Percent, 0 Gram, 0 Percent, 0 Gram, 0 Gram, 0 Percent,
  0 Percent, 0 Percent, 7 Percent, 5 Percent] // gridRules
```

name	salt
serving size	1. Cup
total calories	0
fat calories	0
total fat	0
% daily total fat	0
saturated fat	0
% daily saturated fat	0
trans fat	0
cholesterol	0
% daily cholesterol	0
sodium	113 174 Gram Milli
% daily sodium	4716 Percent
total carbohydrates	0
% daily carbohydrates	0
dietary fiber	0
%daily dietary fiber	0
sugars	0
protein	0
% daily protein	0
vitamin A	0
vitamin C	0
calcium	7 Percent
iron	5 Percent

■ Eggplant, raw

```
createNutritionFactsLabel["eggplant", 82 Gram, 20 Calorie, 1.0 Calorie,
  0 Gram, 0 Percent, 0 Gram, 0 Percent, 0 Gram,
  0 Gram, 0 Percent, 2 Milli Gram, 0 Percent, 5 Gram, 2 Percent, 3 Gram, 11 Percent, 2 Gram, 1.0 Gram, 2 Percent,
  0 Percent, 3 Percent, 1.0 Percent, 1.0 Percent] // gridRules
```

name	eggplant
serving size	82 Gram
total calories	20 Calorie
fat calories	1. Calorie
total fat	0
% daily total fat	0
saturated fat	0
% daily saturated fat	0
trans fat	0
cholesterol	0
% daily cholesterol	0
sodium	2 Gram Milli
% daily sodium	0
total carbohydrates	5 Gram
% daily carbohydrates	2 Percent
dietary fiber	3 Gram
%daily dietary fiber	11 Percent
sugars	2 Gram
protein	1. Gram
% daily protein	2 Percent
vitamin A	0
vitamin C	3 Percent
calcium	1. Percent
iron	1. Percent

■ Onion, medium, raw

```
createNutritionFactsLabel["onion", 160 Gram, 64 Calorie, 1.0 Calorie,
  0 Gram, 0 Percent, 0 Gram, 0 Percent, 0 Gram,
  0 Gram, 0 Percent, 6 Milli Gram, 0 Percent, 15 Gram, 5 Percent, 3 Gram, 11 Percent, 7 Gram, 2.0 Gram, 0 Percent,
  0 Percent, 20 Percent, 4 Percent, 2 Percent] // gridRules
```

name	onion
serving size	160 Gram
total calories	64 Calorie
fat calories	1. Calorie
total fat	0
% daily total fat	0
saturated fat	0
% daily saturated fat	0
trans fat	0
cholesterol	0
% daily cholesterol	0
sodium	6 Gram Milli
% daily sodium	0
total carbohydrates	15 Gram
% daily carbohydrates	5 Percent
dietary fiber	3 Gram
%daily dietary fiber	11 Percent
sugars	7 Gram
protein	2. Gram
% daily protein	0
vitamin A	0
vitamin C	20 Percent
calcium	4 Percent
iron	2 Percent

■ Bell Pepper, sweet, yellow, raw

```
createNutritionFactsLabel["bell pepper", 186 Gram, 50 Calorie, 3.0 Calorie,
  0 Gram, 1.0 Percent, 0 Gram, 0 Percent, 0 Gram,
  0 Gram, 0 Percent, 4 Milli Gram, 0 Percent, 12 Gram, 4 Percent, 2 Gram, 7 Percent, 2 Gram, 2 Gram, 0 Percent,
  7 Percent, 569 Percent, 2 Percent, 5 Percent] // gridRules
```

name	bell pepper
serving size	186 Gram
total calories	50 Calorie
fat calories	3. Calorie
total fat	0
% daily total fat	1. Percent
saturated fat	0
% daily saturated fat	0
trans fat	0
cholesterol	0
% daily cholesterol	0
sodium	4 Gram Milli
% daily sodium	0
total carbohydrates	12 Gram
% daily carbohydrates	4 Percent
dietary fiber	2 Gram
%daily dietary fiber	7 Percent
sugars	2 Gram
protein	2 Gram
% daily protein	0
vitamin A	7 Percent
vitamin C	569 Percent
calcium	2 Percent
iron	5 Percent

■ Stewed Tomato

```
createNutritionFactsLabel["stewed tomato", 101 Gram, 80 Calorie, 24.0 Calorie,
  3 Gram, 4 Percent, 1.0 Gram, 3 Percent, 0 Gram,
  0 Gram, 0 Percent, 460 Milli Gram, 19 Percent, 13 Gram, 4 Percent, 2 Gram, 7 Percent, 0 Gram, 2 Gram, 0 Percent,
  13 Percent, 31 Percent, 3 Percent, 6 Percent] // gridRules
```

name	stewed tomato
serving size	101 Gram
total calories	80 Calorie
fat calories	24. Calorie
total fat	3 Gram
% daily total fat	4 Percent
saturated fat	1. Gram
% daily saturated fat	3 Percent
trans fat	0
cholesterol	0
% daily cholesterol	0
sodium	460 Gram Milli
% daily sodium	19 Percent
total carbohydrates	13 Gram
% daily carbohydrates	4 Percent
dietary fiber	2 Gram
%daily dietary fiber	7 Percent
sugars	0
protein	2 Gram
% daily protein	0
vitamin A	13 Percent
vitamin C	31 Percent
calcium	3 Percent
iron	6 Percent

■ Black Pepper (spices, pepper, black)

```
createNutritionFactsLabel["black pepper", 1. Tablespoon, 16 Calorie, 2 Calorie, 0 Gram, 0 Percent, 0 Gram, 0 Percent, 0 Gram,
  0 Gram, 0 Percent, 3 Milli Gram, 0 Percent, 4 Gram, 1. Percent, 2 Gram, 7 Percent, 0 Gram, 1. Gram, 0 Percent,
  0 Percent, 2 Percent, 3 Percent, 10 Percent] // gridRules
```

name	black pepper
serving size	1. Tablespoon
total calories	16 Calorie
fat calories	2 Calorie
total fat	0
% daily total fat	0
saturated fat	0
% daily saturated fat	0
trans fat	0
cholesterol	0
% daily cholesterol	0
sodium	3 Gram Milli
% daily sodium	0
total carbohydrates	4 Gram
% daily carbohydrates	1. Percent
dietary fiber	2 Gram
%daily dietary fiber	7 Percent
sugars	0
protein	1. Gram
% daily protein	0
vitamin A	0
vitamin C	2 Percent
calcium	3 Percent
iron	10 Percent

■ Dried Basil (spices, basil, dried)

```
createNutritionFactsLabel["dried basil", 1. Teaspoon, 1.0 Calorie, 0 Calorie, 0 Gram, 0 Percent, 0 Gram, 0 Percent, 0 Gram,
  0 Gram, 0 Percent, 0 Gram, 0 Percent, 0 Gram, 0 Percent,
  0 Gram, 1.0 Percent, 0 Gram, 0 Gram, 0 Percent,
  1.0 Percent, 1.0 Percent, 1.0 Percent, 1.0 Percent] // gridRules
```

name	dried basil
serving size	1. Teaspoon
total calories	1. Calorie
fat calories	0
total fat	0
% daily total fat	0
saturated fat	0
% daily saturated fat	0
trans fat	0
cholesterol	0
% daily cholesterol	0
sodium	0
% daily sodium	0
total carbohydrates	0
% daily carbohydrates	0
dietary fiber	0
%daily dietary fiber	1. Percent
sugars	0
protein	0
% daily protein	0
vitamin A	1. Percent
vitamin C	1. Percent
calcium	1. Percent
iron	1. Percent

■ Sugar (sugars, granulated [sucrose])

```
createNutritionFactsLabel["sugar", 2 Gram, 11 Calorie, 0 Calorie,
  0 Gram, 0 Percent, 0 Gram, 0 Percent, 0 Gram,
  0 Gram, 0 Percent, 0 Gram, 0 Percent,
  3 Gram, 1.00 Percent, 0 Gram, 0 Percent, 3 Gram,
  0 Gram, 0 Percent,
  0 Percent, 0 Percent, 7 Percent, 5 Percent] // gridRules
```

name	sugar
serving size	2 Gram
total calories	11 Calorie
fat calories	0
total fat	0
% daily total fat	0
saturated fat	0
% daily saturated fat	0
trans fat	0
cholesterol	0
% daily cholesterol	0
sodium	0
% daily sodium	0
total carbohydrates	3 Gram
% daily carbohydrates	1. Percent
dietary fiber	0
%daily dietary fiber	0
sugars	3 Gram
protein	0
% daily protein	0
vitamin A	0
vitamin C	0
calcium	7 Percent
iron	5 Percent

■ **Pasta, fresh-refrigerated, plain, as purchased**

```
createNutritionFactsLabel["pasta",
  128 Gram, 369 Calorie, 25 Calorie,
  3 Gram, 5 Percent, 0 Gram, 2 Percent, 0 Gram,
  93 Gram, 31 Percent, 33 Milli Gram, 1.0 Percent,
  70 Gram, 23 Percent, 0 Gram, 0 Percent, 0 Gram,
  14 Gram, 0 Percent,
  1.0 Percent, 0 Percent, 2 Percent, 24 Percent] // gridRules
```

name	pasta
serving size	128 Gram
total calories	369 Calorie
fat calories	25 Calorie
total fat	3 Gram
% daily total fat	5 Percent
saturated fat	0
% daily saturated fat	2 Percent
trans fat	0
cholesterol	93 Gram
% daily cholesterol	31 Percent
sodium	33 Gram Milli
% daily sodium	1. Percent
total carbohydrates	70 Gram
% daily carbohydrates	23 Percent
dietary fiber	0
%daily dietary fiber	0
sugars	0
protein	14 Gram
% daily protein	0
vitamin A	1. Percent
vitamin C	0
calcium	2 Percent
iron	24 Percent

■ Parmesan Cheese (Cheese, parmesan, grated)

```
createNutritionFactsLabel["parmesan cheese", 100 Gram, 431 Calorie, 251 Calorie, 29 Gram, 44 Percent, 17 Gram, 86 Percent, 0 Gram,
  88 Gram, 29 Percent, 1529 Milli Gram, 64 Percent,
  4 Gram, 1.00 Percent, 0 Gram, 0 Percent, 1 Gram,
  38 Gram, 0 Percent,
  9 Percent, 0 Percent, 111 Percent, 5 Percent] // gridRules
```

name	parmesan cheese
serving size	100 Gram
total calories	431 Calorie
fat calories	251 Calorie
total fat	29 Gram
% daily total fat	44 Percent
saturated fat	17 Gram
% daily saturated fat	86 Percent
trans fat	0
cholesterol	88 Gram
% daily cholesterol	29 Percent
sodium	1529 GramMilli
% daily sodium	64 Percent
total carbohydrates	4 Gram
% daily carbohydrates	1. Percent
dietary fiber	0
%daily dietary fiber	0
sugars	Gram
protein	38 Gram
% daily protein	0
vitamin A	9 Percent
vitamin C	0
calcium	111 Percent
iron	5 Percent

■ HOW TO ADD UNIT-NFLS

■ Canonicalize Units

- Convert anything compatible with Gram to Gram
- Convert rules about volumes to rules about weights
 - A rule that rewrites rules (rules are, after all, themselves, expressions)
- meta-rule: a pattern that matches a victim rule, and a rewrite for the victim rule

```
canonicalizeUnits[nfl_] :=
  (* convert anything compatible to Gram *)
  Map[Function[rule, rule[[1]] → Quiet[N@Convert[rule[[2]], Gram]]],
    (* convert volumes to weights *)
    {nfl /. { (* a rule to rewrite rules in the nfl *)
      (* pattern to match against victim rule
       green arrow is part of the victim rule to match *)
      (keyWithVolume_ →
        amount_?NumberQ * volume : (Teaspoon | Tablespoon | Cup | FluidOunce | Pint | Gallon))
      (* rewrite for the victim rule -- pink arrow is the meta-rule
       green arrow is part of rewrite *)
      keyWithVolume → amount * volume *
        gramPerTargetVolumeFromDensityQuote[volume, getDensityQuote["name" /. nfl]]}
    }
```

■ NORMALIZE, SCALE, ADD

```
nflList = Map[Function[name, nfls[name]], nflNames];
canonicalizedNfls = canonicalizeUnits /@ nflList;
norms = ("serving size" / Gram /. # &) /@ canonicalizedNfls
{216., 124., 273.12, 82., 160., 186., 101., 6.3, 1., 2., 128., 100.}
```

■ This is vector scale!

```
scaleNfl[nfl_, scalar_] :=
  Map[Function[line, If[line[[1]] === "name",
    line, (* skip the name line *)
    line[[1]] → line[[2]] * scalar]], nfl]

normalizedNfls = MapThread[scaleNfl, {canonicalizedNfls, 1 / norms}];
scaledNfls = MapThread[scaleNfl, {normalizedNfls, recipeInGrams / Gram / nflNames}];
```

■ This is vector sum!

```
sumNfls[nfl1_, nfl2_] :=
  MapThread[Function[{line1, line2},
    If[line1[[1]] === line2[[1]], (* don't add up dimensions that don't match *)
    line1[[1]] → (line1[[2]] + line2[[2]]) // Chop,
    Throw["foo"]]], {nfl1, nfl2}]
```


■ FINAL RECIPE, FEEDING SIX

`scaleNfl[Fold[sumNfls, First[scaledNfls], Rest[scaledNfls]], 1 / 6] // gridRules`

name	bell pepper + black pepper + dried basil + eggplant + olive oil + onion + parmesan cheese + pasta + salt + stewed tomato + sugar + zucchini
serving size	368.02 Gram
total calories	309.72 Calorie
fat calories	58.413 Calorie
total fat	6.546 Gram
% daily total fat	9.8998 Percent
saturated fat	1.5959 Gram
% daily saturated fat	7.5358 Percent
trans fat	0
cholesterol	44.422 Gram
% daily cholesterol	14.795 Percent
sodium	1.7696 Gram
% daily sodium	73.6 Percent
total carbohydrates	53.543 Gram
% daily carbohydrates	17.71 Percent
dietary fiber	6.8463 Gram
%daily dietary fiber	25.73 Percent
sugars	5.8525 Gram
protein	12.1 Gram
% daily protein	2.7658 Percent
vitamin A	13.434 Percent
vitamin C	107.62 Percent
calcium	11.903 Percent
iron	19.675 Percent