CALORIE COUNTING WITH JACQUARD

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MOTIVATING SAMPLE PROBLEM

- How would a dev/customer of IPE write apps to manipulate standard Nutrition-Facts Labels (NFLs)?
- We'll show you things that are difficult to do with ordinary programming in JavaScript or C# and easy to do with symbolic expressions in Jacquard

Amount per Serving Calories 160	Calories from Fat 81.0
	% Daily Value
Total Fat 9g	139
Saturated Fat 4g	20%
Cholesterol 60mg	20%
Sodium 70mg	2%
Total Carbohydrate 0g	0%
Dietary Fiber	0%
Sugars	
Protein 21g	42%
Est. I	Percent of Calories from
Fat	49.1%
Carbs	9
Protein	50.9%

- There is a lot of confusing information
- Many units: ounces, calories, grams, milligrams
- Users want calories from fat separately from calories from carbs
- Check for accuracy: does it all add up? If not, why not?

WHERE TO START?

■ Encode Nutrition-Fact Label in JavaScript (C# similar); contrast Jacquard:

Jav	aSci	ript				J	acqua	rd		
var burgerNutrition	·a	cts =	:			burgerNutritionFact	s =	{		
{ ServingSize	:	4	,	//	Ounce	ServingSize	->	4	*	Ounce,
AmountPerServing	:	160	,	//	Calorie	AmountPerServing	->	160	*	Calorie,
CaloriesFromFat	:	81.	Ο,	//	Calorie	CaloriesFromFat	->	81.0	*	Calorie,
SaturatedFat	:	4	,	//	Gram	SaturatedFat	->	4	*	Gram,
Cholesterol	:	60	,	//	Milligram	Cholesterol	->	60	*	Milli Gram,
Sodium	:	70	,	//	Milligram	Sodium	->	70	*	Milli Gram,
DietaryFiber	:	0	,	//	Gram	DietaryFiber	->	0	*	Gram,
Sugars	:	0	,	//	Gram	Sugars	->	0	*	Gram,
TotalFat	:	9	,	//	Gram	TotalFat	->	9	*	Gram,
Protein	:	21	,	//	Gram	Protein	->	21	*	Gram,
TotalCarbohydrate	:	0	,	//	Gram	TotalCarbohydrate	->	0	*	Gram
};			•			}				

- OBSERVATION: In JavaScript, NO innate way to carry units
- Jacquard: 4 * Ounce means "4 times the symbolic constant Ounce"
- In Jacquard, *Everything is an Expression* -- No Exceptions
- Computing in Jacquard is Computing with Expressions

SYMBOLIC CONSTANTS

- Not like ordinary programming; unbound variables are NOT errors
- Symbolic constants are like variables that just evaluate to themselves
- They cancel out of ratios ...

$$\frac{16 \text{ Ounce}}{\text{Pound}} * 27 \text{ Pound}$$
432 Ounce

■ ... and distribute over sums

2 Ounce + 4 Ounce

6 Ounce

DO THE WEIGHTS ADD UP?

```
JavaScript
                                                                Jacquard
var addWeights = function(nutritionFacts) {
                                                      TotalFat +
return nutritionFacts.TotalFat +
                                                       DietaryFiber +
       nutritionFacts.DietaryFiber +
                                                       Protein +
       nutritionFacts.Protein +
       nutritionFacts.Cholesterol +
                                                       Cholesterol +
       nutritionFacts.Sodium +
                                                       Sodium +
                                                       TotalCarbohydrates
       nutritionFacts.TotalCarbohydrate;
};
                                                       /. burgerNutritionFacts
document.writeln(addWeights(burgerNutritionFacts));
                         160
                                                      30 Gram + 130 Gram Milli
```

- NOTE: Jacquard catches the mistake!
 In JavaScript, only the programmer can catch it, and only by head compiling
- NOTE: this 160 is highly suspect: we will see later
- OBSERVATION: In JavaScript, object access (dot) does not distribute across +
- In Jacquard, APPLY the object to an expression with the /. (ReplaceAll) operator

APPLYING OBJECTS TO EXPRESSIONS

■ This is a symbolic expression; it evaluates to itself:

```
TotalFat + DietaryFiber + Protein +
  Cholesterol + Sodium + TotalCarbohydrate
Cholesterol + DietaryFiber + Protein + Sodium + TotalCarbohydrate + TotalFat
```

■ It can be saved in a variable ...

```
nflSummary = TotalFat + DietaryFiber + Protein +
  Cholesterol + Sodium + TotalCarbohydrate
Cholesterol + DietaryFiber + Protein + Sodium + TotalCarbohydrate + TotalFat
```

■ ... and used in later computations

```
(burgerNutritionFacts = {ServingSize → 4 * Ounce,
   AmountPerServing → 160 * Calorie,
   CaloriesFromFat → 81.0 * Calorie,
   SaturatedFat → 4 * Gram, Cholesterol → 60 * Milli * Gram,
   Sodium → 70 Milli * Gram, DietaryFiber → 0 * Gram,
   Sugars → 0 * Gram, TotalFat → 9 * Gram, Protein → 21 * Gram,
   TotalCarbohydrate → 0 * Gram}) // gridRules
```

ServingSize	4 Ounce
AmountPerServing	160 Calorie
CaloriesFromFat	81. Calorie
SaturatedFat	4 Gram
Cholesterol	60 Gram Milli
Sodium	70 Gram Milli
DietaryFiber	0
Sugars	0
TotalFat	9 Gram
Protein	21 Gram
TotalCarbohydrate	0

RULE APPLICATION IS FUNCTION CALL ...

- JavaScript / C#: Property access is literally a method call
- Jacquard models function calls as rule applications

```
(function(x) \{return x + 2;\})(3);
5
```

- Same thing in Jacquard:
- Body of the function to the left, replacement rule to the right
- Oh, by the way, can always include units

```
x + 2 * Gram /. x \rightarrow 3 * Gram
5 Gram
```

■ Same as the following, if you find it easier to read:

```
ReplaceAll[x + 2 * Gram, x \rightarrow 3 * Gram]
5 Gram
```

... RULE APPLICATION IS MORE

■ Any arbitrary expression

■ can be subject to numeric, symbolic, or mixed rules

fatRatio *
$$\frac{9 \text{ Calorie}}{\text{Gram fat}}$$
 * 4 Ounce /. fatRatio $\rightarrow \frac{9 \text{ Gram fat}}{4 \text{ Ounce}}$

ADD UP CALORIES

■ First, beef-up the object with some more constants

```
(beefedUpBurgerNutritionFacts = {ServingSize → 4 * Ounce,
    AmountPerServing → 160 * Calorie, CaloriesFromFat → 81.0 * Calorie,
    SaturatedFat → 4 * Gram * saturated fat,
    Cholesterol → 60 * Milli * Gram * cholesterol,
    Sodium → 70 Milli * Gram * sodium, DietaryFiber → 0 * Gram * fiber,
    Sugars → 0 * Gram * sugar, TotalFat → 9 * Gram * fat,
    Protein → 21 * Gram * protein,
    TotalCarbohydrate → 0 * Gram * carbohydrate}) // gridRules
```

ServingSize	4 Ounce
AmountPerServing	160 Calorie
CaloriesFromFat	81. Calorie
SaturatedFat	4 fat Gram saturated
Cholesterol	60 cholesterol Gram Milli
Sodium	70 Gram Milli sodium
DietaryFiber	0
Sugars	0
TotalFat	9 fat Gram
Protein	21 Gram protein
TotalCarbohydrate	0

MINE FOR CALORIE FACTS



RELATED SEARCHES. Calories per Gram in Fat Gram to Calorie How Many Grams per Calorie

SEARCH HISTORY

how many grams in an ounce

Similar searches

how many grams in an ounce

how many calories from fat in a

calories from fat in a burger

how many calories from fat in a...

See all

Clear all . Turn off

ALL RESULTS

1-10 of 119,000,000 results ·Advanced

Calories in Protein, Fat and Carbohydrates | CaloriesPerHour.com

Yes, each gram of fat you consume provides more than twice as many calories as a **gram** of protein or carbohydrate! As an example of how these numbers are used, ... www.caloriesperhour.com/tutorial gram.php

How Many Calories are in 1 Gram of Fat? | eHow.com

By Penelope McClusky

There are several types of dietary **fat**, but all kinds are not created equal. While we need fats to insulate our bodies to keep us warm and provide energy stores, some ... www.ehow.com/facts 5183714 many-calories-

How many calories in a gram of fat? How many in protein? How many ...

Askville Question: How many calories in a gram of fat? How many in protein? How many in a carb? : Fitness & Diet

askville.amazon.com/calories-gram-fat-protein-carb/AnswerViewer.do?...

How many calories are in a gram of fat - The Q&A wiki

1 gram of fat = 9 calories. Each gram of fat contains 9 calories. wiki.answers.com/Q/How_nany calorles are in_a_gram of_fat

How Many Calories Does One Gram of Fat Provide? | eHow.com

Nutritionists divide food into three types of macronutrients; carbohydrates, proteins and fats. Each of these macronutrients contains calories, which give your body ... www.ehow.com/about 5443879 many-one-gram-fat-provide.html

How Many Fat Grams In 100 Calories? | LIVESTRONG.COM

How Many Fat Grams in 100 Calories 7 There are 9 calories in 1 g of fat so 100 calories comprises roughly 11 grams of rat. However, the number or rat grams in ... www.livestrong.com/article/295384-how-many-fat-grams-in-100-calorles

ENCODE CALORIE FACTS

```
calorieFacts = {
   Gram * saturated * fat → 9 * Calorie,
   Gram * fat → 9 * Calorie,
   Gram * sugar → 4 * Calorie,
   Gram * carbohydrate → 4 * Calorie,
   Gram * protein → 4 * Calorie,
   Gram * cholesterol → 0 * Calorie,
   Gram * fiber → 0 * Calorie,
   Gram * sodium → 0 * Calorie,
   Milli * Gram → Gram * 0.001};
```

APPLY CALORIE FACTS & SUMMARIZE

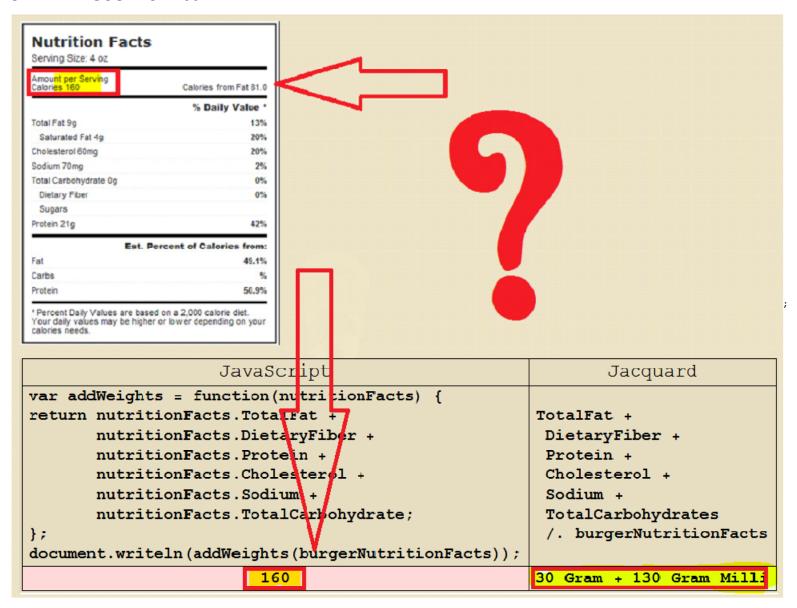
(beefedUpBurgerNutritionFacts /. calorieFacts) // gridRules

ServingSize	4 Ounce
AmountPerServing	160 Calorie
CaloriesFromFat	81. Calorie
SaturatedFat	36 Calorie
Cholesterol	0
Sodium	0
DietaryFiber	0
Sugars	0
TotalFat	81 Calorie
Protein	84 Calorie
TotalCarbohydrate	0

■ This is just a new object: APPLY IT to our first expression! nflSummary/.beefedUpBurgerNutritionFacts/.calorieFacts 165 Calorie

■ but but -- they said 160 Calorie? What's up with that?

UH-OH! VERY SUSPECT 160 HERE



ORIGINAL AUTHORS MADE A MISTAKE?

- Data adds up to 165 calories, but reports 160
- We find the number 160 in a mistaken weight calculation
- Hypothesis: Programmers made the obvious mistake and copied output into the calorie slot
- If we carry units in the computation, this kind of mistake requires willful malfeasance
- Without units, it's likely an honest mistake
- NASA crashed the Mars Climate Observer with a similar honest mistake in 1999!
- Symbolic expressions make the mistake nearly impossible to miss
- NASA commissioned research in this area (FORTRESS language)

IT'S WORSE, THOUGH

- We found 30 Gram + 130 Gram Milli
- Check against the serving size -- use our original weight-finding expressions:

```
Convert[ nflSummary /. burgerNutritionFacts, Ounce ]
1.0628 Ounce
```

- There are almost 3 ounces of MISSING MASS?
- Willful underreporting? Unreported inert ingredients like water? We can't say from the data!

MORE THINGS TO DO WITH NFLS

- What would the Nutrition-Facts Label be for your mom's Pasta Primavera recipe?
- Only you know the recipe; no point searching
- Compute it on-the-fly by adding up the NFLs of the ingredients
- NFLs for real-world recipes could be a whole business built on Merino
- This is a vector-space sum: unit vectors are the NFLs for the ingredients, coefficients are the amounts from your recipe
- Worked out in the Appendix

WHAT'S THE POINT?

- Computing with Expressions beats computing with Code
 - Shorter (much), safer (much), more capable (much), more distributed (much)
- Interop via APIs in JavaScript, C#, Java -- have your cake and eat it, too
- LINQ over Expressions is a Given
 - Reactive and Interactive (Timelike & Spacelike)
- Expressions are just more knowledge
- Expressions are universal
 - Expressions manipulate knowledge, Expressions are knowledge, therefore Expressions manipulate Expressions
 - Expression reuse is easier than code-reuse -- less environmental *junk*
- Evaluators bring Expressions to life
 - First Reference Evaluator in JavaScript; more in C#/F#, Java/Scala/Kiama, C++/Maude
- Authoring environments in *Mathematica* now and Cloud9 (planned)

EXPRESSIONS THEMSELVES ARE MERINO ENTITIES

■ The entire computation consists of a few expressions

nflSummary

Cholesterol + DietaryFiber + Protein + Sodium + TotalCarbohydrate + TotalFat

beefedUpBurgerNutritionFacts

 $\{\text{ServingSize} \rightarrow 4 \text{ Ounce, AmountPerServing} \rightarrow 160 \text{ Calorie, CaloriesFromFat} \rightarrow 81. \text{ Calorie, SaturatedFat} \rightarrow 4 \text{ fat Gram saturated, Cholesterol} \rightarrow 60 \text{ cholesterol Gram Milli, Sodium} \rightarrow 70 \text{ Gram Milli sodium, DietaryFiber} \rightarrow 0, \text{ Sugars} \rightarrow 0, \text{ TotalFat} \rightarrow 9 \text{ fat Gram, Protein} \rightarrow 21 \text{ Gram protein, TotalCarbohydrate} \rightarrow 0 \}$

calorieFacts

 $\{ \text{fat Gram saturated} \rightarrow 9 \text{ Calorie, fat Gram} \rightarrow 9 \text{ Calorie, Gram sugar} \rightarrow 4 \text{ Calorie, carbohydrate Gram} \rightarrow 4 \text{ Calorie, Gram protein} \rightarrow 4 \text{ Calorie, cholesterol Gram} \rightarrow 0 \text{, fiber Gram} \rightarrow 0 \text{, Gram sodium} \rightarrow 0 \text{, Gram Milli} \rightarrow 0.001 \text{ Gram} \}$

nflSummary/.beefedUpBurgerNutritionFacts/.calorieFacts

165 Calorie

STORE EXPRESSIONS AS ENTITIES IN MERINO

■ First encode them in JSON

```
nflSummary//jsonStringFromExpression
   {"head":{"symbol":"Plus"}, "args":[{"symbol":"Cholesterol"}, {"symbol":"DietaryFiber"}, {"symbol":"Protein"}, {"symbol":"Sodium"}, {"symbol":"DietaryFiber"}, {"symbol":"Protein"}, {"symbol":"DietaryFiber"}, {"symbol":"Protein"}, {"symbol":"DietaryFiber"}, {"symbol":"DietaryFiber*}, {"symbol":"DietaryFiber*}, {"symbol":"DietaryFiber*}, {"symbol":"DietaryFiber*}, {"symbol":"DietaryFiber*}, {"symbol":"DietaryFiber*}, {"symbol":"DietaryFiber*}, {"symbol":"DietaryFiber*}, {"symbol
                       TotalCarbohydrate"}, { "symbol": "TotalFat" } ] }
```

- Replace symbols with URIs to Merino Jacquard Expressions Taxonomy / Ontology:
- This replacement itself is just another Jacquard object / list of rules

```
nflSummary/.{Plus→
{\text{"$meta"} \rightarrow {\text{"knol"} \rightarrow \text{"knol}: knowledge.merino.com/",}}
  "expressions"→"knol:expressions.merino.com/"},
  "knol_identity" -> "knol:expressions.merino.com/WellKnown/Plus",
  "knol_types/is-a" \rightarrow "knol:expressions.merino.com/types/builtIn",
  "expressions_builtIn/name"→"Plus", "expressions_builtIn/Attributes"→
    {"Flat", "Listable", "NumericFunction", "OneIdentity", "Orderless", "Protected",
    {"Default"→"knol:expressions.merino.com/values/builtIn/Integers/Constants/Zero"}},
  "expressions_builtIn/Doclet"→"knol:music.merino.com/expressions/Doclet/Plus"}};
```

ONCE IN MERINO

- Build new Expressions by composing existing Expressions
- Indexing, Finding, Composing are all just more Jacquard Expressions
- The entire system is self-describing at all levels
- Grow the Expression store by crowdsourcing computations
 - exactly as we grow any other knowledge store
- Evaluators everywhere
 - Distribute computations for privacy (intelligent agent) and for perf
- Semantic queries enabled by Abstract Query DSLs
 - Example: you want to build a computation that computes the average age of singers in the US
 - This is similar to a computation of maximum salaries of CEOs in Kentucky
 - Abstract Query DSLs find the most abstract form of the query
- Create Abstract Query DSLs automatically from BNFs of specialized computations

OTHER JACQUARD EXAMPLES

- Get Me to the Airport on Time
 - Reactive LINQ, distributed example monitoring traffic, current location, and flight status
- Help Me Buy a Car
 - Distributed workflow with privacy
- What is the Average Age of Pop Singers in the US?
 - Example of large class of map-reduce style queries
- "If you Drive Out of Your Way, I'll Give You a Discount"
 - Partial-trust, geospatial, secret auction process

EXAMPLES IN THE WORKS

- Action & Task Brokers
- Conversations: Schedule Me a Meeting with Bob, Help Me Negotiate a Raise

APPENDIX: CREATING NFLS ON-THE-FLY

■ Personal Recipe for Pasta Primavera

```
myRecipe={
1. Tablespoon "olive oil",
16 Ounce "zucchini",
3.5 Teaspoon "salt",
1.5 Pound "eggplant",
1. "onion",
2 "bell pepper",
14.5 Ounce "stewed tomato",
0.5 Teaspoon "black pepper",
0.5 Teaspoon "dried basil",
0.5 Teaspoon "sugar",
12 Ounce "pasta",
0.25 Cup "parmesan cheese"};
```

■ Data Mining for Ingredient's Densities

```
getDensityQuote["olive oil"]=Mean[{6.68,7.67}]* Pound/Gallon;
getDensityQuote["salt"]=5.69Gram/Teaspoon;
getDensityQuote["black pepper"]=2.1Gram/Teaspoon;
getDensityQuote["dried basil"]=1.0Gram/Teaspoon;
getDensityQuote["sugar"] = 4.2Gram/Teaspoon;
getDensityQuote["parmesan cheese"]=88Gram/Cup;
getDensityQuote[___]=1.0;
```

■ Grams per Target Volume from Density Quote [e.g. Tablespoon, DataMinedDensity]

■ Volume Rules

(volumeRules = SelectMany[myRecipe, weightRuleFromQuantifiedIngredientVolume]) // gridRules

olive oil Tablespoon	12.713 olive oil Gram			
salt Teaspoon	5.69 salt Gram			
black pepper Teaspoon	2.1 black pepper Gram			
dried basil Teaspoon	1. dried basil Gram			
sugar Teaspoon	4.2 sugar Gram			
parmesan cheese Cup	88 parmesan cheese Gram			

■ Rules for Whole-Item Ingredients

■ More Data Mining

```
getWholeItemQuote["onion"] = (1.0 / 3) Pound;
getWholeItemQuote["bell pepper"] = 0.5 Pound / 4;
weightRuleFromQuantifiedWholeItemIngredient[
    Except[_ * _String * _Symbol, (* don't match a triple rule *)
    _ ?NumberQ * ingredient_ (* do match a pair *)]] :=
    (* generate the following rule *)
    ingredient → ingredient * getWholeItemQuote[ingredient];
weightRuleFromQuantifiedWholeItemIngredient[___] = {};
```

■ Whole-ItemRules

(wholeItemRules = SelectMany[myRecipe, weightRuleFromQuantifiedWholeItemIngredient]) // gridRules

onion	0.33333 onion Pound			
bell pepper	0.125 bell pepper Pound			

■ Recipe In Grams

(recipeInGrams =

Map[Function[ingredient, Convert[ingredient, Gram]], myRecipe /. volumeRules /. wholeItemRules]) // gridRules

12.713 olive oil Gram
453.59 zucchini Gram
19.915 salt Gram
680.39 eggplant Gram
151.2 onion Gram
113.4 bell pepper Gram
411.07 stewed tomato Gram
1.05 black pepper Gram
0.5 dried basil Gram
2.1 sugar Gram
340.19 pasta Gram
22. parmesan cheese Gram

Just for Fun

77.889 Ounce

```
{\tt Apply[Plus, Cases[recipeInGrams, q\_*\_String*u\_Symbol \rightarrow qu]]}
2208.1 Gram
\texttt{Convert[Apply[Plus, Cases[recipeInGrams, q_*\_String*u\_Symbol} \rightarrow qu]], Ounce]
```

■ NFLs for All Ingredients

Olive Oil

createNutritionFactsLabel["olive oil", 216 Gram, 1910 Calorie, 1910 Calorie, 216 Gram, 332 Percent, 30 Gram, 149 Percent, 0 Gram, O Gram, O Percent, 4 Milli Gram, O Percent, O Gram, O Percent, O Gram, O Percent, O Gram, O Gram, O Percent, 0 Percent, 0 Percent, 0 Percent, 7 Percent] // gridRules

name	olive oil
serving size	216 Gram
total calories	1910 Calorie
fat calories	1910 Calorie
total fat	216 Gram
% daily total fat	332 Percent
saturated fat	30 Gram
% daily saturated fat	149 Percent
trans fat	0
cholesterol	0
% daily cholesterol	0
sodium	4 Gram Milli
% daily sodium	0
total carbohydrates	0
% daily carbohydrates	0
dietary fiber	0
%daily dietary fiber	0
sugars	0
protein	0
% daily protein	0
vitamin A	0
vitamin C	0
calcium	0
iron	7 Percent

■ Zucchini, summer, with skin, raw

name	zucchini
serving size	124 Gram
total calories	20 Calorie
fat calories	2 Calorie
total fat	0
% daily total fat	0
saturated fat	0
% daily saturated fat	0
trans fat	0
cholesterol	0
% daily cholesterol	0
sodium	12 Gram Milli
% daily sodium	1. Percent
total carbohydrates	4 Gram
% daily carbohydrates	1. Percent
dietary fiber	1.Gram
%daily dietary fiber	5 Percent
sugars	2 Gram
protein	2 Gram
% daily protein	0
vitamin A	5 Percent
vitamin C	35 Percent
calcium	2 Percent
iron	2 Percent

■ Table Salt

createNutritionFactsLabel["salt", 1. Cup, 0 Calorie, 0 Calorie, 0 Gram, 0 Percent, 0 Gram, 0 Percent, 0 Gram, O Gram, O Percent, 113174 Milli Gram, 4716 Percent, O Gram, O Percent, O Gram, O Percent, O Gram, O Gram, O Percent, 0 Percent, 0 Percent, 7 Percent, 5 Percent] // gridRules

name	salt
serving size	1. Cup
total calories	0
fat calories	0
total fat	0
% daily total fat	0
saturated fat	0
% daily saturated fat	0
trans fat	0
cholesterol	0
% daily cholesterol	0
sodium	113174 Gram Milli
% daily sodium	4716 Percent
total carbohydrates	0
% daily carbohydrates	0
dietary fiber	0
%daily dietary fiber	0
sugars	0
protein	0
% daily protein	0
vitamin A	0
vitamin C	0
calcium	7 Percent
iron	5 Percent

■ Eggplant, raw

name	eggplant
serving size	82 Gram
total calories	20 Calorie
fat calories	1. Calorie
total fat	0
% daily total fat	0
saturated fat	0
% daily saturated fat	0
trans fat	0
cholesterol	0
% daily cholesterol	0
sodium	2 Gram Milli
% daily sodium	0
total carbohydrates	5 Gram
% daily carbohydrates	2 Percent
dietary fiber	3 Gram
%daily dietary fiber	11 Percent
sugars	2 Gram
protein	1. Gram
% daily protein	2 Percent
vitamin A	0
vitamin C	3 Percent
calcium	1. Percent
iron	1. Percent

■ Onion, medium, raw

createNutritionFactsLabel["onion", 160 Gram, 64 Calorie, 1.0 Calorie, 0 Gram, 0 Percent, 0 Gram, 0 Percent, 0 Gram, 0 Gram, 0 Percent, 6 Milli Gram, 0 Percent, 15 Gram, 5 Percent, 3 Gram, 11 Percent, 7 Gram, 2.0 Gram, 0 Percent, 0 Percent, 20 Percent, 4 Percent, 2 Percent] // gridRules

name	onion	
serving size	160 Gram	
total calories	64 Calorie	
fat calories	1. Calorie	
total fat	0	
% daily total fat	0	
saturated fat 0		
% daily saturated fat	0	
trans fat	0	
cholesterol	0	
% daily cholesterol	0	
sodium	6 Gram Milli	
% daily sodium	0	
total carbohydrates	15 Gram	
% daily carbohydrates	5 Percent	
dietary fiber	3 Gram	
%daily dietary fiber	11 Percent	
sugars 7 Gram		
protein 2. Gram		
% daily protein	0	
vitamin A	0	
vitamin C	20 Percent	
calcium	4 Percent	
iron	2 Percent	

■ Bell Pepper, sweet, yellow, raw

name	bell pepper
serving size	186 Gram
total calories	50 Calorie
fat calories	3. Calorie
total fat	0
% daily total fat	1. Percent
saturated fat	0
% daily saturated fat	0
trans fat	0
cholesterol	0
% daily cholesterol	0
sodium	4 Gram Milli
% daily sodium	0
total carbohydrates	12 Gram
% daily carbohydrates	4 Percent
dietary fiber	2 Gram
%daily dietary fiber	7 Percent
sugars	2 Gram
protein	2 Gram
% daily protein	0
vitamin A	7 Percent
vitamin C	569 Percent
calcium	2 Percent
iron	5 Percent

■ Stewed Tomato

createNutritionFactsLabel["stewed tomato", 101 Gram, 80 Calorie, 24.0 Calorie, 3 Gram, 4 Percent, 1.0 Gram, 3 Percent, 0 Gram, 0 Gram, 0 Percent, 460 Milli Gram, 19 Percent, 13 Gram, 4 Percent, 2 Gram, 7 Percent, 0 Gram, 2 Gram, 0 Percent, 13 Percent, 31 Percent, 3 Percent, 6 Percent] // gridRules

name	stewed tomato
serving size	101 Gram
total calories	80 Calorie
fat calories	24. Calorie
total fat	3 Gram
% daily total fat	4 Percent
saturated fat	1. Gram
% daily saturated fat	3 Percent
trans fat	0
cholesterol	0
% daily cholesterol	0
sodium	460 Gram Milli
% daily sodium	19 Percent
total carbohydrates	13 Gram
% daily carbohydrates	4 Percent
dietary fiber	2 Gram
%daily dietary fiber	7 Percent
sugars	0
protein	2 Gram
% daily protein	0
vitamin A	13 Percent
vitamin C	31 Percent
calcium	3 Percent
iron	6 Percent

■ Black Pepper (spices, pepper, black)

name	black pepper
serving size	1. Tablespoon
total calories	16 Calorie
fat calories	2 Calorie
total fat	0
% daily total fat	0
saturated fat	0
% daily saturated fat	0
trans fat	0
cholesterol	0
% daily cholesterol	0
sodium 3 Gram Milli	
% daily sodium	0
total carbohydrates	4 Gram
% daily carbohydrates	1. Percent
dietary fiber	2 Gram
%daily dietary fiber	7 Percent
sugars	0
protein	1. Gram
% daily protein	0
vitamin A	0
vitamin C	2 Percent
calcium	3 Percent
iron	10 Percent

■ Dried Basil (spices, basil, dried)

createNutritionFactsLabel["dried basil", 1. Teaspoon, 1.0 Calorie, 0 Calorie, 0 Gram, 0 Percent, 0 Gram, 0 Percent, 0 Gram, O Gram, O Percent, O Gram, O Percent, O Gram, O Percent, 0 Gram, 1.0 Percent, 0 Gram, 0 Gram, 0 Percent, 1.0 Percent, 1.0 Percent, 1.0 Percent, 1.0 Percent] // gridRules

name	dried basil
serving size	1. Teaspoon
total calories	1. Calorie
fat calories	0
total fat	0
% daily total fat	0
saturated fat	0
% daily saturated fat	0
trans fat	0
cholesterol	0
% daily cholesterol	0
sodium	0
% daily sodium	0
total carbohydrates	0
% daily carbohydrates	0
dietary fiber	0
%daily dietary fiber	1. Percent
sugars	0
protein	0
% daily protein	0
vitamin A	1. Percent
vitamin C	1. Percent
calcium	1. Percent
iron	1. Percent

■ Sugar (sugars, granulated [sucrose])

name	sugar
serving size	2 Gram
total calories	11 Calorie
fat calories	0
total fat	0
% daily total fat	0
saturated fat	0
% daily saturated fat	0
trans fat	0
cholesterol	0
% daily cholesterol	0
sodium	0
% daily sodium	0
total carbohydrates	3 Gram
% daily carbohydrates	1. Percent
dietary fiber	0
%daily dietary fiber	0
sugars	3 Gram
protein	0
% daily protein	0
vitamin A	0
vitamin C	0
calcium	7 Percent
iron	5 Percent

■ Pasta, fresh-refrigerated, plain, as purchased

```
createNutritionFactsLabel["pasta",
  128 Gram, 369 Calorie, 25 Calorie,
  3 Gram, 5 Percent, 0 Gram, 2 Percent, 0 Gram,
  93 Gram, 31 Percent, 33 Milli Gram, 1.0 Percent,
  70 Gram, 23 Percent, 0 Gram, 0 Percent, 0 Gram,
  14 Gram, 0 Percent,
  1.0 Percent, 0 Percent, 2 Percent, 24 Percent] // gridRules
```

name pasta serving size 128 Gram		
total calories 369 Calorie	369 Calorie	
fat calories 25 Calorie		
total fat 3 Gram		
% daily total fat 5 Percent		
saturated fat 0		
% daily saturated fat 2 Percent		
trans fat 0		
cholesterol 93 Gram		
% daily cholesterol 31 Percent		
sodium 33 Gram Mil	li	
% daily sodium 1. Percent		
total carbohydrates 70 Gram		
% daily carbohydrates 23 Percent		
dietary fiber 0		
%daily dietary fiber 0		
sugars 0		
protein 14 Gram		
% daily protein 0		
vitamin A 1. Percent		
vitamin C 0		
calcium 2 Percent		
iron 24 Percent		

■ Parmesan Cheese (Cheese, parmesan, grated)

createNutritionFactsLabel["parmesan cheese", 100 Gram, 431 Calorie, 251 Calorie, 29 Gram, 44 Percent, 17 Gram, 86 Percent, 0 Gram,
88 Gram, 29 Percent, 1529 Milli Gram, 64 Percent,
4 Gram, 1.00 Percent, 0 Gram, 0 Percent, 1 Gram,
38 Gram, 0 Percent,
9 Percent, 0 Percent, 111 Percent, 5 Percent] // gridRules

name	parmesan cheese
serving size	100 Gram
total calories	431 Calorie
fat calories	251 Calorie
total fat	29 Gram
% daily total fat	44 Percent
saturated fat	17 Gram
% daily saturated fat	86 Percent
trans fat	0
cholesterol	88 Gram
% daily cholesterol	29 Percent
sodium	1529 Gram Milli
% daily sodium	64 Percent
total carbohydrates	4 Gram
% daily carbohydrates	1. Percent
dietary fiber	0
%daily dietary fiber	0
sugars	Gram
protein	38 Gram
% daily protein	0
vitamin A	9 Percent
vitamin C	0
calcium	111 Percent
iron	5 Percent

Adding NFLs

■ Canonicalize Units

- Convert anything compatible with Gram to Gram
- Convert rules about volumes to rules about weights
- Programmed as a rule that rewrites rules (rules are, after all, themselves, expressions)
- This meta-rule has a pattern that matches a victim rule, and a rewrite for the victim rule

```
canonicalizeUnits[nfl_] :=
 (* convert anything compatible to Gram *)
 \texttt{Map[Function[rule, rule[1]]} \rightarrow \texttt{Quiet[N@Convert[rule[2]], Gram]]]},
  (* convert volumes to weights *)
  (nfl /. { (* a rule to rewrite rules in the nfl *)
      (* pattern to match *)
      (keyWithVolume_ →
         amount_?NumberQ * volume : (Teaspoon | Tablespoon | Cup | FluidOunce | Pint | Gallon)) :>
       (* expression to replace *)
       keyWithVolume → amount * volume *
         gramPerTargetVolumeFromDensityQuote[volume, getDensityQuote["name" /. nfl]]})]
```

scaleNf1[Fold[sumNfls, First[scaledNfls], Rest[scaledNfls]], 1 / 6] // gridRules

name	bell pepper + black pepper + dried basil + eggplant + olive oil + onion + parmesan cheese + pasta + salt + stewed tomato + sugar + zucchini
serving size	368.02 Gram
total calories	309.72 Calorie
fat calories	58.413 Calorie
total fat	6.546 Gram
% daily total fat	9.8998 Percent
saturated fat	1.5959 Gram
% daily saturated fat	7.5358 Percent
trans fat	0
cholesterol	44.422 Gram
% daily cholesterol	14.795 Percent
sodium	1.7696 Gram
% daily sodium	73.6 Percent
total carbohydrates	53.543 Gram
% daily carbohydrates	17.71 Percent
dietary fiber	6.8463 Gram
%daily dietary fiber	25.73 Percent
sugars	5.8525 Gram
protein	12.1 Gram
% daily protein	2.7658 Percent
vitamin A	13.434 Percent
vitamin C	107.62 Percent
calcium	11.903 Percent
iron	19.675 Percent