STAC67 Final Project Report

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[TO DO: make this in title page as required by rubric]

Research Context

The objective of this model is to investigate the intrinsic factors that affect Price of Cars in Serbia based off detailed car listings provided by an online marketplace where [TO DO - yap about car price significance, what question we want to answer, how this can be beneficial knowledge for consumers/dealerships/car companies/manufacturers/etc.]

Exploratory Data Analysis

```
# read data file, published in 2024 on https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/mmakarovlab/serbia-car-sales-pricar_price_data <- read.csv("serbia_car_sales_price_2024.csv")
```

Before we begin investigating, we notice that there are some issues with the data. Some rows are missing values under certain variables (i.e. #2, #233, #1705, etc.), and some variables are hard to work with. Knowing a car's **year** might be less informative than knowing its age, so we made a new column containing values for 2024 – Year called **age**. A car's **horsepower** is significant, but it's hard to use that data when it's given as two values in the format HP (kW), so we keep only the HP metric. Additionally, some variable names are hard to work with because of length or how it might interfere with R code, such as **car_mileage**, **km**, so we made those easier to process as well. As for the missing values, when we analyze the significance of a variable, we'll make sure to exclude rows where values for that variable are empty.

```
clean_data <- car_price_data
clean_data[clean_data == ""] <- NA
clean_data <- na.omit(clean_data)

clean_data$age <- 2024 - clean_data$year
clean_data$horsepower<-gsub(pattern = "^(\\d+) HP.*", replacement = "\\1", clean_data$horsepower)

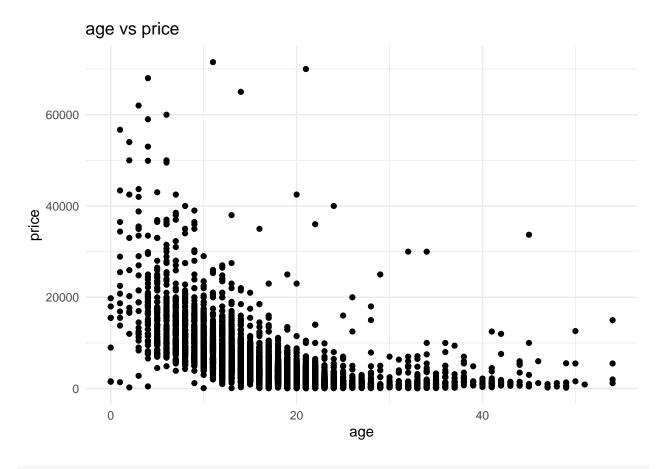
# making the variable names easier to process
names(clean_data) <- gsub(pattern = "\\.\\..*", replacement = "", names(clean_data))

#will keep this here
summary(clean_data)</pre>
```

```
##
                          favorite
                                          post_info
        views
                                                                 price
                                                                    : 100
   Min.
                              : 0.000
                                         Length:7076
##
                0.0
                                                             Min.
                      \mathtt{Min}.
                                         Class : character
                                                             1st Qu.: 1750
##
    1st Qu.:
               59.0
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                                                             Median: 3500
    Median :
              109.0
                      Median : 1.000
                                         Mode :character
##
##
    Mean
              301.7
                      Mean
                                 2.572
                                                             Mean
                                                                    : 5030
    3rd Qu.:
                      3rd Qu.: 3.000
                                                             3rd Qu.: 6100
##
             239.0
                                                             Max.
                                                                     :71500
##
    Max.
           :27770.0
                              :151.000
      car_name
                                                           emission_class
##
                             year
                                            A.C
##
    Length:7076
                       Min.
                               :1970
                                       Length:7076
                                                           Length:7076
                                                           Class :character
##
    Class : character
                        1st Qu.:2003
                                       Class : character
    Mode :character
                       Median:2007
                                       Mode :character
                                                           Mode :character
##
                        Mean
                               :2007
##
                        3rd Qu.:2010
##
                               :2024
                        Max.
##
                                            color
     seats_amount
                     horsepower
                                                             car_mileage
##
    Min.
           :2.000
                    Length:7076
                                        Length:7076
                                                                    :1.000e+00
    1st Qu.:5.000
                    Class :character
                                                            1st Qu.:1.780e+05
##
                                        Class : character
    Median :5.000
                    Mode :character
                                        Mode :character
                                                            Median :2.200e+05
   Mean
          :4.949
                                                                    :2.118e+06
##
                                                            Mean
##
    3rd Qu.:5.000
                                                            3rd Qu.:2.700e+05
##
   Max.
           :9.000
                                                            Max.
                                                                    :4.295e+09
    engine_capacity type_of_drive
                                            doors
                                                                fuel
##
          : 100
                    Length:7076
                                                            Length:7076
##
    Min.
                                        Length:7076
    1st Qu.: 1400
                    Class : character
                                        Class : character
                                                            Class : character
##
                    Mode : character
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##
   Median: 1700
                                                            Mode : character
   Mean
          : 1727
##
    3rd Qu.: 1995
           :10000
##
    Max.
##
                          gearbox
      car_type
                                                 age
                        Length:7076
##
   Length:7076
                                           Min.
                                                 : 0.0
   Class :character
##
                        Class : character
                                            1st Qu.:14.0
##
    Mode :character
                        Mode :character
                                           Median:17.0
##
                                            Mean
                                                  :17.5
##
                                            3rd Qu.:21.0
##
                                            Max.
                                                   :54.0
```

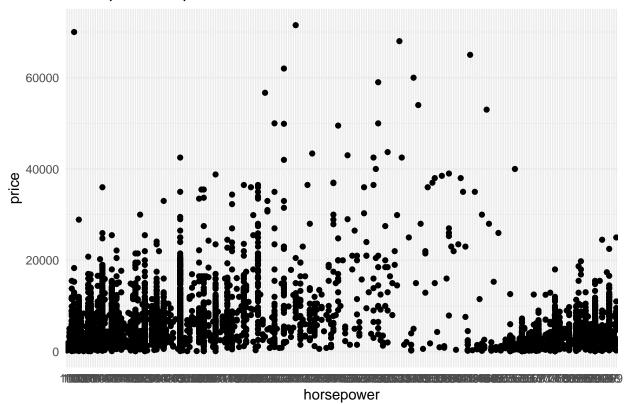
Now, we want to check on which variables are good predictors. For the continuous variables, we first plot scatter graphs for each variable against car price:

```
p1 <- ggplot(clean_data, aes(x = age, y = price)) + geom_point() + theme_minimal() + ggtitle("age vs pr p2 <- ggplot(clean_data, aes(x = horsepower, y = price)) + geom_point() + theme_minimal() + ggtitle("horsepower, y = price)) + geom_point() + theme_minimal() + ggtitle("cp p4 <- ggplot(clean_data, aes(x = car_mileage, y = price)) + geom_point() + theme_minimal() + ggtitle("cp p4 <- ggplot(clean_data, aes(x = engine_capacity, y = price)) + geom_point() + theme_minimal() + ggtitle("p1 + ggtitle("capacity, y = price)) + geom_point() + theme_minimal() + ggtitle("capacity, y = price)) + geom_point() + theme_minimal() + ggtitle("capacity, y = price)) + geom_point() + theme_minimal() + ggtitle("capacity, y = price)) + geom_point() + theme_minimal() + ggtitle("capacity, y = price)) + geom_point() + theme_minimal() + ggtitle("capacity, y = price)) + geom_point() + theme_minimal() + ggtitle("capacity, y = price)) + geom_point() + theme_minimal() + ggtitle("capacity, y = price)) + geom_point() + theme_minimal() + ggtitle("capacity, y = price)) + geom_point() + theme_minimal() + ggtitle("capacity, y = price)) + geom_point() + theme_minimal() + ggtitle("capacity, y = price)) + geom_point() + theme_minimal() + ggtitle("capacity, y = price)) + geom_point() + theme_minimal() + ggtitle("capacity, y = price)) + geom_point() + theme_minimal() + ggtitle("capacity, y = price)) + geom_point() + theme_minimal() + ggtitle("capacity, y = price)) + geom_point() + theme_minimal() + ggtitle("capacity, y = price)) + geom_point() + theme_minimal() + ggtitle("capacity, y = price)) + geom_point() + theme_minimal() + ggtitle("capacity, y = price)) + geom_point() + theme_minimal() + ggtitle("capacity, y = price)) + geom_point() + theme_minimal() + ggtitle("capacity, y = price)) + geom_point() + theme_minimal() + ggtitle("capacity, y = price)) + geom_point() + theme_minimal() + ggtitle("capacity, y = price)) + geom_point() + theme_minimal() + ggtitle("capacity, y = price)) + geom_point() + theme_minimal() + ggtitle("capacity, y = price)) + geo
```

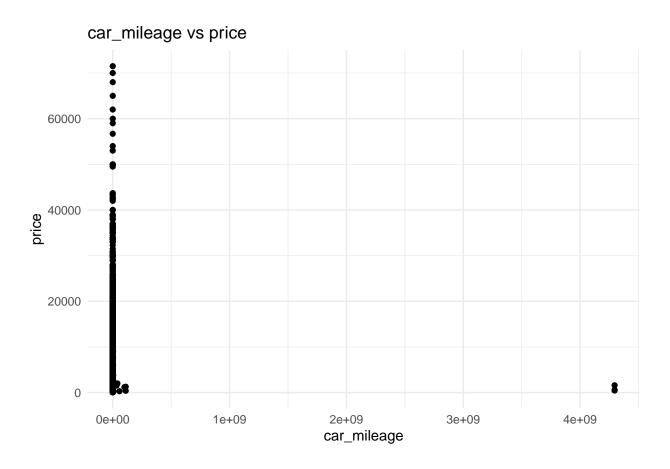


p2

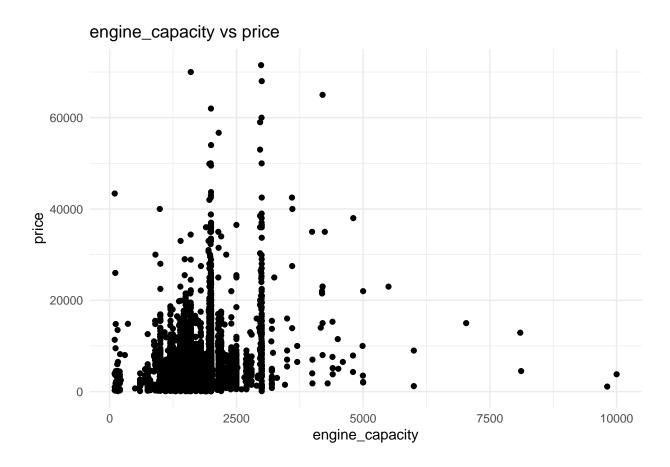
horsepower vs price



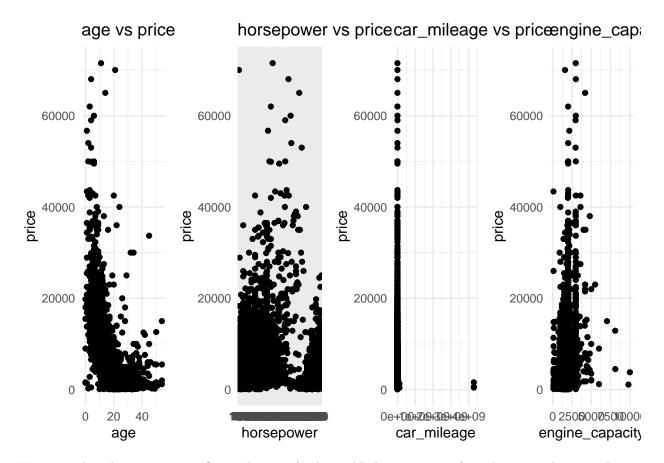
рЗ



p4



grid.arrange(p1,p2,p3,p4,ncol=4)



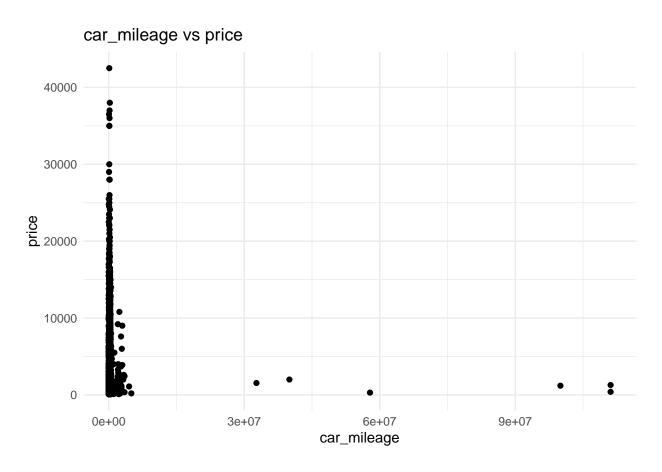
We notice that there are some influential points (and possibly leverage points) on the car_mileage predictor. Let's get rid of those using hat values and semistudentized residuals to detect which ones are too high:

```
model <- lm(price ~ car_mileage, data = clean_data)

#leverage points removal
leverage <- hatvalues(model)
threshold <- 2 * length(coef(model)) / nrow(clean_data)
leverage_points <- which(leverage > threshold)
clean_data <- clean_data[-leverage_points, ]

# influential points removal
studentized_residuals <- rstudent(model)
outlier_indices <- which(abs(studentized_residuals) > 2)
clean_data <- clean_data[-outlier_indices, ]

ggplot(clean_data, aes(x = car_mileage, y = price)) + geom_point() + theme_minimal() + ggtitle("car_mileage)</pre>
```



TO DO: there is a bit of change here, it's better than before... but still pretty bad. If possible (a

Before we delve further into data analysis, we notice that there's some information in our dataset that is unlikely to be relevant, such as how many views or favourites the car posting gets, or the date of which it was posted. However, we need to run a t-test to make sure that those variables indeed do not have any influence on the final price of the car.

[TO DO: - get rid of certain variables like Views etc., justify using math/stats (can't just say "pretty sure it won't affect anything") - pretty sure it's just a basic beta_i = 0 t-test? correct me if I'm wrong]

[from here on is a load of garbage :(if you think you can help fix it, you're more than welcome. Though, it might be easier to just use this as code reference

-Rebecca]

Outlier Detection

[TO DO, pretty sure outliers are causing some of these other tests to look weird or become incomprehensible?]

Removing Leverage Points (outliers along X-axis):

Removing outliers along Y-axis:

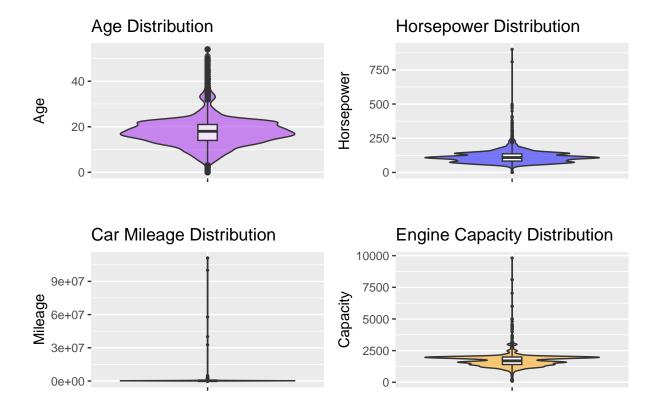
Removing Influential Points:

Data Analysis

[TO DO, need to analyse the variables by themselves - The violin plots are NOT what we want to see. Either they'll fix themselves after we remove outliers or we have to do something else]

Now, we want to take a look at the distributions of our data, to see if there are any peculiarities that we should be aware of. For continuous data: **age**, **horsepower**, **car mileage**, and **engine capacity**, we examine their violin plots:

```
non_empty_age <- clean_data[!is.na(clean_data$age) & !is.na(clean_data$age), ]
age_graph <- ggplot(non_empty_age, aes(x = "", y = age)) +</pre>
  geom_violin(fill = "purple", alpha = 0.5, trim=TRUE) +
  geom_boxplot(width = 0.1, alpha = 0.8) +
 labs(title = "Age Distribution", y = "Age", x = "")
non_empty_hp <- data.frame(horsepower = as.integer(clean_data$horsepower[clean_data$horsepower != ""]))
horsepower_graph <- ggplot(non_empty_hp, aes(x = "", y = horsepower)) +
  geom_violin(fill = "blue", alpha = 0.5) +
  geom_boxplot(width = 0.1, fill = "white", outlier.size = 0.5) +
  labs(title = "Horsepower Distribution", y = "Horsepower", x = "")
non_empty_cm <- data.frame(car_mileage = as.integer(clean_data$car_mileage[clean_data$car_mileage != ""
# Plot for "car_mileage"
car_mileage_graph <- ggplot(clean_data, aes(x = "", y = car_mileage)) +</pre>
  geom_violin(fill = "green", alpha = 0.5) +
  geom_boxplot(width = 0.1, fill = "white", outlier.size = 0.5) +
 labs(title = "Car Mileage Distribution", y = "Mileage", x = "")
non_empty_ec <- data.frame(engine_capacity = as.integer(clean_data$engine_capacity[clean_data$engine_ca
# Plot for "engine_capacity"
engine capacity graph \leftarrow ggplot(clean data, aes(x = "", y = engine capacity)) +
  geom_violin(fill = "orange", alpha = 0.5) +
  geom_boxplot(width = 0.1, fill = "white", outlier.size = 0.5) +
  labs(title = "Engine Capacity Distribution", y = "Capacity", x = "")
all_plots <- age_graph + horsepower_graph + car_mileage_graph + engine_capacity_graph + plot_layout(nco
print(all_plots)
```



Correlation Analysis

[Note from Rebecca (last person to work on this): this is a little broken right now.

- need to modify the correlation chart to get rid of some useless variables like views
- heatmap is not working I think bc there's a bunch of outliers in dataset. Going to clean out outliers first, then I'll get back to heatmap]

```
numeric_data <- clean_data[sapply(clean_data, is.numeric)]
cor_matrix <- cor(numeric_data, use = "complete.obs")

ggcorrplot(
   cor_matrix,
   method = "square",
   type = "lower",
   lab = TRUE,
   title = "Correlation Heatmap",
   colors = c("blue", "white", "red")
)</pre>
```

