

**Problem Set 7**

Due date: November 18

1. Show that

$$\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2} + z\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2} - z\right) = \frac{\pi}{\cos \pi z}. \quad (1)$$

2. Prove that the Beta function  $\beta$  satisfies the identity

$$\beta(p, q) = \frac{\Gamma(p)\Gamma(q)}{\Gamma(p+q)}. \quad (2)$$

3. If  $\alpha$  is an arbitrary complex number and  $|z| < 1$ , show that

$$(1+z)^\alpha = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\Gamma(\alpha+1)}{n! \Gamma(\alpha-n+1)} z^n. \quad (3)$$

4. Develop series solutions for Hermite's differential equation

$$y''(x) - 2xy'(x) + 2\alpha y(x) = 0. \quad (4)$$

Show that by appropriate choice of  $\alpha$  the series solution may be cut off and converted to finite polynomials.

5. Solve Chebyshev's equation

$$(1-x^2)T_n''(x) - xT_n'(x) + n^2T_n(x) = 0 \quad (5)$$

( $n$  is a non-negative integer) by series substitution. What restrictions are imposed on  $n$  in order for the series to converge at  $x = \pm 1$ ?