```
--AVG Function
    AVG(length) as avg_length,
    AVG(rental_duration) as avg_rental_duration,
    AVG(replacement_cost) as avg_replacement_cost
FROM film;
SELECT
    AVG(length) as avg1,
    AVG(DISTINCT length) as avg2
FROM film:
--SUM Function
SELECT
    SUM(length) as sum length,
    SUM(rental_duration) as sum_rental_duration,
    SUM(replacement_cost) as sum_replacement_cost
FROM film;
SELECT
    SUM(salary) as sum_manager_sal,
    ROUND(AVG(salary),2) as avg_manager_sal
FROM employees
WHERE job_id in (2,7,10,14,15,19) -manager positios;
--COUNT Function
SELECT COUNT(*) FROM actor;
SELECT COUNT(*) FROM film
WHERE rating = 'G';
SELECT COUNT(*) FROM payment
WHERE customer_id = 341;
SELECT COUNT(phone_number) FROM employees;
SELECT COUNT(discount) FROM cars;
SELECT COUNT(distinct rating) FROM film;
SELECT COUNT(distinct job_id) FROM employees;
```

```
--MIN-MAX Functions
    MIN(salary) min_salary,
    MAX(salary) max_salary,
    MIN(hire_date) min_hire_date,
    MAX(hire_date) max_hire_date
FROM employees;
SELECT
    MIN(length) min_length,
    MAX(length) max length,
    MAX(replacement_cost) max_replacement_cost,
    MAX(rental_duration) - MIN(rental_duration) dif_rental_duration
FROM film;
--GROUP BY Clause
SELECT DISTINCT rating
FROM film
ORDER BY rating;
SELECT rating
FROM film
GROUP BY rating
ORDER BY rating;
SELECT
    customer_id,
    SUM (amount)
FROM payment
GROUP BY customer_id;
SELECT
    SUM(length) sum_length,
    SUM(rental_duration) sum_rental_duration,
    SUM(replacement_cost) sum_replacement_cost
FROM film
GROUP BY rating
ORDER BY rating;
SELECT
    job id,
    COUNT(*) number of emp,
    MIN(salary) min_salary,
    MAX(salary) max_salary
FROM employees
GROUP BY job id
ORDER BY 1:
```

```
SELECT
    rating, special_features,
    COUNT(*) number of films
FROM film
GROUP BY rating, special_features
ORDER BY rating, special_features;
SELECT
    department_id, manager_id,
    COUNT(*) number of emp
FROM employees
GROUP BY department_id, manager_id
ORDER BY 1, 2;
--Having Clause
SELECT
    customer_id,
    SUM(amount) sum_amount
FROM payment
GROUP BY customer_id
HAVING SUM(amount\overline{)} > 150
SELECT
    department_id,
    COUNT(*) number of _emps
FROM employees
GROUP BY department_id
HAVING COUNT(*) > 5
```

```
--EXERCISE ANSWERS
--AVG Function
SELECT
      ROUND(AVG(length), 2) as avg_length,
      ROUND(AVG(rental_duration), 2) as avg_rental_duration,
      ROUND(AVG(replacement cost), 2) as avg replacement cost
FROM film;
--SUM Function
SELECT SUM(return date - rental date)
FROM rental:
SELECT
    return_date, rental_date,
    return_date::date - rental_date::date
FROM rental:
--COUNT Function
select
    count(*) as number_of_rows,
    count(postal_code) as non_null_postal_code,
    count(distinct district) different_districts
from address:
--MIN-MAX Functions
SELECT
    MIN(length(CONCAT(first_name, last_name))) min_numberof_letters,
    MAX(length(CONCAT(first_name, last_name))) max_numberof_letters,
    ROUND(AVG(length(CONCAT(first_name, last_name))),2) avg_numberof_letters
FROM employees;
```

```
--GROUP BY Clause
--Exercise-1
select customer_id,
    count(*) as rental_count,
    min(rental_date)::date as first_rental_date,
    max(rental date)::date as first rental date
from rental
group by customer id
--Exercise-2
SELECT
    SUM(CASE rating WHEN 'NC-17' THEN 1 ELSE 0 end) numberof_NC17,
    SUM(CASE rating WHEN 'PG' THEN 1 ELSE 0 end) number of PG,
    SUM(CASE rating WHEN 'G' THEN 1 ELSE 0 end) number of G.
    SUM(CASE rating WHEN 'PG-13' THEN 1 ELSE 0 end) number of PG13,
    SUM(CASE rating WHEN 'R' THEN 1 ELSE 0 end) number of R
FROM film:
--Having Clause
--Exercise-1
SELECT customer id, COUNT (*)
FROM rental
GROUP BY customer_id
HAVING COUNT (*) > 35;
--Exercise-2
SELECT department_id,
    COUNT(*) number of emps,
    CASE
        WHEN COUNT(*) <= 3 THEN 'Small Room'
        WHEN COUNT(*) BETWEEN 4 AND 6 THEN 'Middle Room'
        WHEN COUNT(*) > 6 THEN 'Big Room'
    END AS room_type
FROM employees
GROUP BY department_id
ORDER BY 2
```