### **Practical File**

### **Class XII - Computer Science with Python(083)**

Program 1: Program to enter two numbers and print the arithmetic operations like +,-,\*, /, // and %.

```
Solution:
#Program for Arithmetic Calculator
result = 0
val1 = float(input("Enter the first value :"))
val2 = float(input("Enter the second value :"))
op = input("Enter any one of the operator (+,-,*,/,//,%)")
if op == "+":
  result = val1 + val2
elif op == "-":
  result = val1 - val2
elif op == "*":
  result = val1 * val2
elif op == "/":
  if val2 == 0:
    print("Please enter a value other than 0")
  else:
    result = val1 / val2
elif op == "//":
  result = val1 // val2
else:
  result = val1 % val2
```

print("The result is :",result)

```
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                            Python 3.7.0 Shell
File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help
>>>
 RESTART: C:\Users\preeti\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python
37-32\prog cd1.py
Enter the first value :50
Enter the second value :24
Enter any one of the operator (+,-,*,/,/,*)+
The result is: 74.0
>>>
 RESTART: C:\Users\preeti\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python
37-32\prog cd1.py
Enter the first value :50
Enter the second value :24
Enter any one of the operator (+,-,*,/,//,%)-
The result is: 26.0
>>>
 RESTART: C:\Users\preeti\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python
37-32\prog cd1.py
Enter the first value :50
Enter the second value :24
Enter any one of the operator (+,-,*,/,//,%)/
The result is: 2.0833333333333333
>>>
 RESTART: C:\Users\preeti\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python
37-32\prog cd1.py
Enter the first value :50
Enter the second value :24
Enter any one of the operator (+,-,*,/,//,%)//
The result is: 2.0
>>>
 RESTART: C:\Users\preeti\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python
37-32\prog cd1.py
Enter the first value :50
Enter the second value :24
Enter any one of the operator (+,-,*,/,//,%)%
The result is: 2.0
>>>
 RESTART: C:\Users\preeti\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python
37-32\prog cd1.py
Enter the first value :50
Enter the second value :24
Enter any one of the operator (+,-,*,/,//,%)*
The result is: 1200.0
>>>
                                                            Ln: 39 Col: 4
```

Program 2: Write a program to find whether an inputted number is perfect or not.

```
Solution:
# To find whether a number is perfect or not
def pernum(num):
    divsum=0
    for i in range(1,num):
        if num%i == 0:
            divsum+=i
        if divsum==num:
            print('Perfect Number')
        else:
            print('Not a perfect number')
```

pernum(15)

```
Python 3.7.0 Shell

File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help

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" for more information.

>>>

RESTART: C:/Users/preeti/AppData/Local/P
rograms/Python/Python37-32/prog_perfect_n

o.py
Perfect Number
Not a perfect number

>>> | Ln:7 Col:4
```

#### Program 3: Write a Program to check if the entered number is Armstrong or not.

Solution:

# Program to check if the entered number is Armstrong or not.

#An Armstrong number has sum of the cubes of its digits is equal to the number itself no=int(input("Enter any number to check : "))

```
no1 = no
sum = 0
while(no>0):
    ans = no % 10;
    sum = sum + (ans * ans * ans)
    no = int (no / 10)
if sum == no1:
    print("Armstrong Number")
else:
```

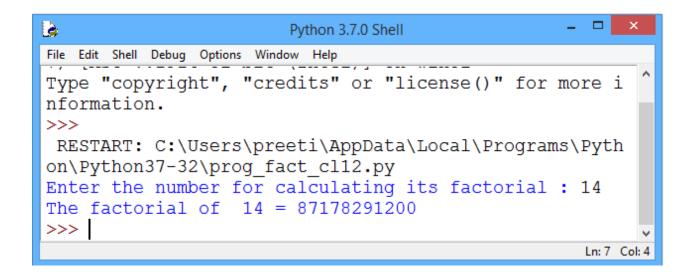
print("Not an Armstrong Number")

```
File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help

>>>
RESTART: C:/Users/preeti/AppData/Local/Programs/P
ython/Python37-32/prog_armstrng1.py
Enter any number to check: 523
Not an Armstrong Number
>>>
RESTART: C:/Users/preeti/AppData/Local/Programs/P
ython/Python37-32/prog_armstrng1.py
Enter any number to check: 371
Armstrong Number
>>> |
Ln:11 Col:4
```

#### Program 4: Write a Program to find factorial of the entered number.

```
Solution:
#Program to calculate the factorial of an inputted number (using while loop)
num = int(input("Enter the number for calculating its factorial : "))
fact = 1
i = 1
while i<=num:
fact = fact*i
i = i + 1
print("The factorial of ",num,"=",fact)</pre>
```



## Program 5: Write a Program to enter the number of terms and to print the Fibonacci Series.

```
Solution:
#fibonacci
i =int(input("enter the limit:"))
x = 0
```

```
y = 1
z = 1
print("Fibonacci series \n")
print(x, y,end= " ")
while(z \le i):
 print(z, end=" ")
 x = y
 y = z
 z = x + y
  >>>
   RESTART: C:\Users\preeti\AppData\Loca
  l\Programs\Python\Python37-32\prog fib
  o.py
  enter the limit:50
  Fibonacci series
  0 1 1 2 3 5 8 13 21 34
                                                       Ln: 9 Col: 4
Program 6: Write a Program to enter the string and to check if it's palindrome or not using loop.
Solution:
# Program to enter the string and check if it's palindrome or not using 'for' loop.
msg=input("Enter any string:")
newlist=[]
```

newlist[:0]=msg

for i in range(0,l):

I=len(newlist)

ed=I-1

```
if newlist[i]!=newlist[ed]:
    print ("Given String is not a palindrome")
    break
   if i>=ed:
    print ("Given String is a palindrome")
    break
   I=I-1
   ed = ed - 1
>>>
 RESTART: C:/Users/preeti/AppData/Local/Program
s/Python/Python37-32/prog_palind.py
Enter any string : NITIN
Given String is a palindrome
>>>
RESTART: C:/Users/preeti/AppData/Local/Program
s/Python/Python37-32/prog palind.py
Enter any string : PYTHON
Given String is not a palindrome
>>>
                                                    Ln: 17 Col: 4
```

Program 7: Write a Program to show the outputs based on entered list.

```
Solution:
my_list = ['p','r','o','b','e']

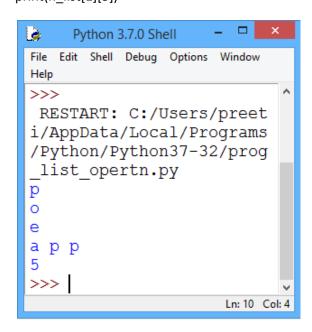
# Output: p
print(my_list[0])

# Output: o
print(my_list[2])

# Output: e
print(my_list[4])

# Error! Only integer can be used for indexing
```

```
# my_list[4.0]
# Nested List
n_list = ["Happy", [2,0,1,5]]
# Nested indexing
# Output: a
print(n_list[0][1],n_list[0][2],n_list[0][3])
# Output: 5
print(n_list[1][3])
```



Program 8: Write a Program to enter the numbers in a list using split () and to use all the functions related to list.

Solution:

#Program to enter the numbers in a list using split () and to use all the functions related to list.

```
# numbers = [int(n, 10) for n in input().split(",")]
# print (len(numbers))
memo=[]
```

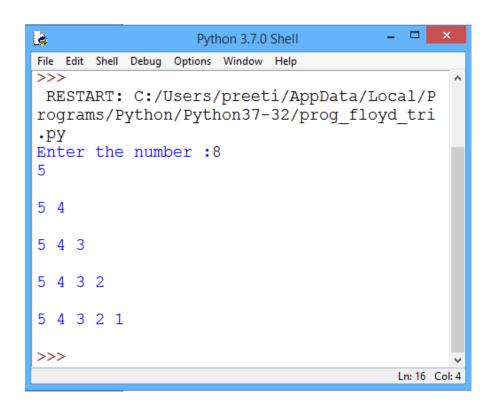
for i in range (5):

```
x=int(input("enter no. \n"))
memo.insert(i,x)
i+=1
print(memo)
memo.append(25)
print("Second List")
print(memo)
msg=input("Enter any string : ")
newlist=[]
newlist[:0]=msg
l=len(newlist)
print(l)
```

```
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                       Python 3.7.0 Shell
File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help
 RESTART: C:/Users/preeti/AppData/Local/Programs/P
ython/Python37-32/prog split list.py
enter no.
34578
enter no.
89998
enter no.
5656
enter no.
67676
enter no.
44554
[34578, 89998, 5656, 67676, 44554]
Second List
[34578, 89998, 5656, 67676, 44554, 25]
Enter any string: Python Programming
18
>>>
                                                   Ln: 20 Col: 4
```

## Program 9: Write a Program to enter the number and print the Floyd's Triangle in decreasing order.

```
#Floyd's triangle
n=int(input("Enter the number :"))
for i in range(5,0,-1):
    for j in range(5,i-1,-1):
        print (j,end=' ')
    print('\n')
```



Program 10: Write a Program to find factorial of entered number using user-defined module fact().

```
#Using function
import factfunc
x=int(input("Enter value for factorial : "))
ans=factfunc.fact(x)
```

print (ans)

```
File Edit Format Run Options Window Help

#Module factfunc

def fact(no):
    f=1;
    while no>0:
        f=f*no
        no=no-1
    return f
```

```
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Type "copyright", "credits" or "license()" ^
for more information.

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RESTART: C:\Users\preeti\AppData\Local\Pr
ograms\Python\Python37-32\prog_fact2.py
Enter value for factorial : 6

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>>> |

Ln:7 Col:4
```

Program 11: Write a Program to enter the numbers and find Linear Search, Binary Search, Lowest Number and Selection Sort using list/array code.

```
arr=[]

def array_operation():

ch=1

while ch!=10:

print('Various Array operation\n')

print('1 Create and Enter value\n')

print('2 Print Array\n')

print('3 Reverse Array\n')
```

Solution:

```
print('4 Linear Search\n')
    print('5 Binary Search\n')
    print('6 Lowest Number \n')
    print('7 Selection Sort\n')
    print('10 Exit\n')
    ch=int(input('Enter Choice '))
    if ch==1:
      appendarray()
    elif ch==2:
      print_array()
    elif ch==3:
      reverse_array()
    elif ch==4:
      linear_search()
    elif ch==5:
      binary_search()
    elif ch==6:
      min_number()
    elif ch==7:
      selection_sort()
def appendarray():
  for i in range(0,10):
    x=int(input('Enter Number : '))
    arr.insert(i,x)
```

```
def print_array():
 for i in range(0,10):
   print(arr[i]),
#------
def reverse array():
 for i in range(1,11):
   print(arr[-i]),
def Isearch():
 try:
   x=int(input('Enter the Number You want to search : '))
   n=arr.index(x)
   print ('Number Found at %d location'% (i+1))
 except:
   print('Number Not Exist in list')
_____
def linear_search():
 x=int(input('Enter the Number you want to search : '))
 fl=0
 for i in range(0,10):
   if arr[i]==x:
     fl=1
```

```
print ('Number Found at %d location'% (i+1))
      break
  if fl==0:
    print ('Number Not Found')
-----
def binary_search():
  x=int(input('Enter the Number you want to search : '))
  fl=0
  low=0
  heigh=len(arr)
  while low<=heigh:
    mid=int((low+heigh)/2)
    if arr[mid]==x:
      fl=1
      print ('Number Found at %d location'% (mid+1))
      break
    elif arr[mid]>x:
      low=mid+1
    else:
      heigh=mid-1
  if fl==0:
    print ('Number Not Found')
def min_number():
```

```
n=arr[0]
  k=0
  for i in range(0,10):
    if arr[i]<n:
      n=arr[i]
      k=i
  print('The Lowest number is %d '%(n))
-----
def selection_sort():
  for i in range(0,10):
    n=arr[i]
    k=i
    for j in range(i+1,10):
      if arr[j]<n:
         n=arr[j]
         k=j
    arr[k]=arr[i]
    arr[i]=n
array_operation()
```

```
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Python 3.7.0 Shell
File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help
RESTART: C:/Users/preeti/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Pyth
on37-32/prog array oprtn.py
Various Array operation
1 Create and Enter value
2 Print Array
3 Reverse Array
4 Linear Search
5 Binary Search
6 Lowest Number
7 Selection Sort
10 Exit
                                                          Ln: 192 Col: 4
Enter Choice 1
Enter Number: 50
Enter Number: 20
Enter Number: 10
Enter Number: 22
Enter Number: 55
Enter Number: 33
Enter Number: 67
Enter Number: 56
Enter Number: 78
Enter Number: 90
Various Array operation
1 Create and Enter value
2 Print Array
3 Reverse Array
4 Linear Search
5 Binary Search
6 Lowest Number
7 Selection Sort
10 Exit
```

Enter Choice 2

```
Enter Choice 2
50
20
10
22
55
33
67
56
78
90
Enter Choice 3
90
78
56
67
33
55
22
10
20
50
Various Array operation
1 Create and Enter value
2 Print Array
```

```
A Linear Search

5 Binary Search

6 Lowest Number

7 Selection Sort

10 Exit

Enter Choice 4
Enter the Number you want to search: 56
Number Found at 8 location
```

```
Various Array operation
1 Create and Enter value
2 Print Array
3 Reverse Array
4 Linear Search
5 Binary Search
6 Lowest Number
7 Selection Sort
10 Exit
Enter Choice 5
Enter the Number you want to search: 50
Number Found at 1 location
Various Array operation
1 Create and Enter value
2 Print Array
3 Reverse Array
4 Linear Search
5 Binary Search
6 Lowest Number
7 Selection Sort
10 Exit
Enter Choice 6
The Lowest number is 10
```

```
Various Array operation

1 Create and Enter value

2 Print Array

3 Reverse Array

4 Linear Search

5 Binary Search

6 Lowest Number

7 Selection Sort

10 Exit

Enter Choice 10

>>> |
```

# Program 12: Write a Program to read data from data file and show Data File Handling related functions utility in python.

```
Solution:

f=open("test.txt",'r')

print(f.name)

f_contents=f.read()

print(f_contents)

f_contents=f.readlines()

print(f_contents)

f_contents=f.readline()

print(f_contents)

for line in f:

    print(line, end=")

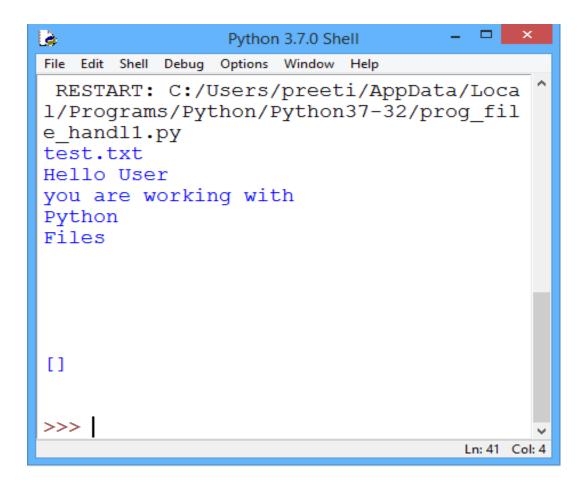
f_contents=f.read(50)

print(f_contents)
```

```
size_to_read=10

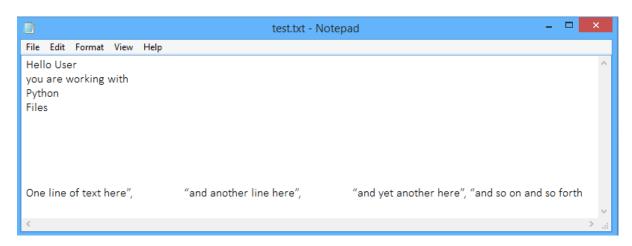
f_contents=f.read(size_to_read)

while len(f_contents)>0:
    print(f_contents)
    print(f.tell())
    f_contents=f.read(size_to_read)
```



Program 13: Write a Program to read data from data file in append mode and use writeLines function utility in python.

Solution:



Program 14: Write a Program to read data from data file in read mode and count the particular word occurrences in given string, number of times in python.

#### Solution:

#Program to read data from data file in read mode and #count the particular word occurrences in given string, #number of times in python.

f=open("test.txt",'r')

f.close()

read=f.readlines()

times=0 #the variable has been created to show the number of times the loop runs times2=0 #the variable has been created to show the number of times the loop runs chk=input("Enter String to search : ")

```
count=0
for sentence in read:
  line=sentence.split()
  times+=1
```

line2=each
times2+=1
if chk==line2:

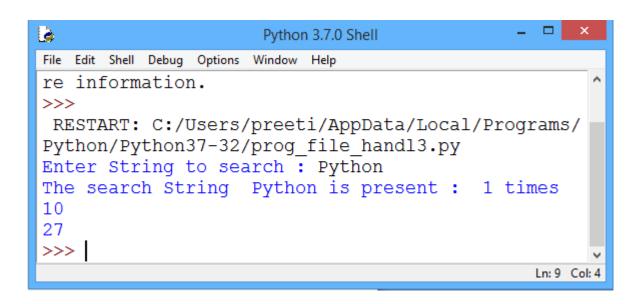
for each in line:

count+=1

print("The search String ", chk, "is present : ", count, "times")

print(times)

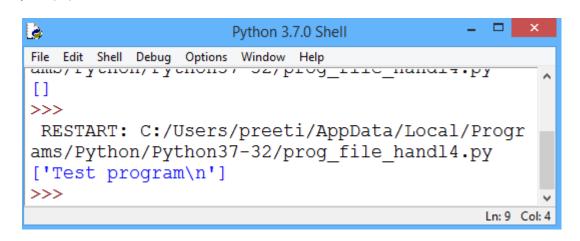
print(times2)

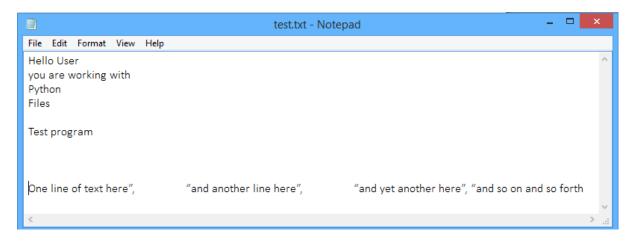


Program 15: Write a Program to read data from data file in read mode and append the words starting with letter 'T' in a given file in python.

Solution:

```
#Program to read data from data file in read mode and
#append the words starting with letter 'T'
#in a given file in python
f=open("test.txt",'r')
read=f.readlines()
f.close()
id=[]
for In in read:
    if In.startswith("T"):
        id.append(In)
print(id)
```

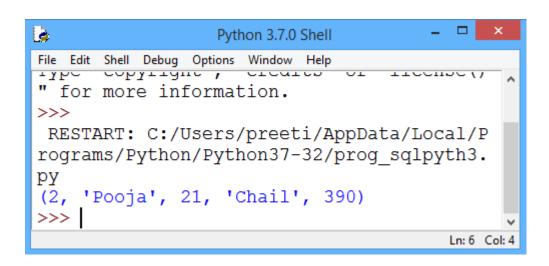




#### Program 16: Write a Program to show MySQL database connectivity in python.

```
Solution:
```

```
import mysql.connector
con=mysql.connector.connect(host='localhost',user='root',password='',db='school')
stmt=con.cursor()
query='select * from student;'
stmt.execute(query)
data=stmt.fetchone()
print(data)
```



Program 17: Write a Python program to implement all basic operations of a stack, such as adding element (PUSH operation), removing element (POP operation) and displaying the stack elements (Traversal operation) using lists.

```
Solution:

#Implementation of List as stack

s=[]

c="y"

while (c=="y"):

print ("1. PUSH")
```

```
print ("2. POP ")
print ("3. Display")
choice=int(input("Enter your choice: "))
if (choice==1):
  a=input("Enter any number :")
  s.append(a)
elif (choice==2):
  if (s==[]):
    print ("Stack Empty")
  else:
    print ("Deleted element is : ",s.pop())
elif (choice==3):
  I=len(s)
  for i in range(I-1,-1,-1): #To display elements from last element to first
    print (s[i])
else:
  print("Wrong Input")
c=input("Do you want to continue or not? ")
```

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                              Python 3.7.0 Shell
File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help
Python 3.7.0 (v3.7.0:1bf9cc5093, Jun 27 2018, 04:06:47) [MSC v.1 ^
914 32 bit (Intel)] on win32
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>>>
RESTART: C:\Users\preeti\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python37
-32\prog st1.py
1. PUSH
2. POP
3. Display
Enter your choice: 1
Enter any number :4
Do you want to continue or not? y
1. PUSH
2. POP
3. Display
Enter your choice: 1
Enter any number :'d'
Do you want to continue or not? y
1. PUSH
2. POP
3. Display
Enter your choice: 1
Enter any number :9
Do you want to continue or not? y
                                                               Ln: 37 Col: 4
```

```
1. PUSH
2. POP
3. Display
Enter your choice: 3
9
'd'
4
Do you want to continue or not? y
1. PUSH
2. POP
3. Display
Enter your choice: 2
Deleted element is: 9
Do you want to continue or not? n
>>> |
```

## Program 18: Write a program to display unique vowels present in the given word using Stack.

```
Solution:

#Program to display unique vowels present in the given word

#using Stack

vowels = ['a','e','i','o','u']

word = input("Enter the word to search for vowels :")

Stack = []

for letter in word:

    if letter in vowels:

    if letter not in Stack:

        Stack.append(letter)

print(Stack)

print("The number of different vowels present in",word,"is",len(Stack))
```

```
File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help

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Type "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more informat ion.

>>>

RESTART: C:/Users/preeti/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Pyth on37-32/prog_st3.py

Enter the word to search for vowels :HelloPython

['e', 'o']

The number of different vowels present in HelloPython is 2

>>> |
```

## Program 19: Write a program in Python to add, delete and display elements from a queue using list.

```
Solution:
#Implementing List as a Queue - using function append() and pop()
a=[]
c='y'
while (c=='y'):
  print ("1. INSERT")
  print ("2. DELETE")
  print ("3. Display")
  choice=int(input("Enter your choice: "))
  if (choice==1):
    b=int(input("Enter new number: "))
    a.append(b)
  elif (choice==2):
    if (a==[]):
      print("Queue Empty")
    else:
      print ("Deleted element is:",a[0])
      a.pop(0)
  elif (choice==3):
    I=len(a)
    for i in range(0,I):
      print (a[i])
  else:
    print("wrong input")
```

2. DELETE3. Display

>>>

enter your choice 2
deleted element is: 5

do you want to continue or not n

```
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                          Python 3.7.0 Shell
File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help
 RESTART: C:\Users\preeti\AppData\Local\Programs\Python
\Python37-32\prog qu1.py
1. INSERT
2. DELETE
3. Display
enter your choice 1
enter new number 5
do you want to continue or not y
1. INSERT
2. DELETE
3. Display
enter your choice 1
enter new number 8
do you want to continue or not y

    INSERT

2. DELETE
3. Display
enter your choice 1
enter new number 44
do you want to continue or not y
                                                        Ln: 37 Col: 4
1. INSERT
2. DELETE
3. Display
enter your choice 3
5
8
44
do you want to continue or not y

    INSERT
```

Ln: 37 Col: 4

# Program 20: Perform all the operations with reference to table 'Employee' through MySQL-Python connectivity.

```
Solution:
import MySQLdb

# Using connect method to connect database

db1 = MySQLdb.connect("localhost","root","","TESTDB")

# using cursor() method for preparing cursor

cursor = db1.cursor()

# Preparing SQL statement to create EMP table

sql = "CREATE TABLE EMP(empno integer primary key,ename varchar(25) not null,salary float);"

cursor.execute(sql)

# disconnect from server

db1.close()
```

```
Enter password: ****
Welcome to the MySQL monitor. Commands end with; or \g.
Your MySQL connection id is 4
Server version: 5.1.73-community MySQL Community Server (GPL)

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Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.

mysql> use testdb
Database changed
mysql> show tables;
Empty set (0.00 sec)

mysql>
```

```
Inserting a record in 'emp'
import MySQLdb
db1 = MySQLdb.connect("localhost","root","","TESTDB")
cursor = db1.cursor()
# Prepareing SQL statement to insert one record with the given values
sql = "INSERT INTO EMP VALUES (1,'ANIL KUMAR',86000);"
try:
    cursor.execute(sql)
    db1.commit()
```

```
except:

db1.rollback()

db1.close()
```

#### Fetching all the records from EMP table having salary more than 70000.

```
import MySQLdb
db1 = MySQLdb.connect("localhost","root","","TESTDB" )
cursor = db1.cursor()
sql = "SELECT * FROM EMP WHERE SALARY > 70000;"
try:
    cursor.execute(sql)
    #using fetchall() function to fetch all records from the table EMP and store in resultset
    resultset = cursor.fetchall()
for row in resultset:
    print (row)
except:
    print ("Error: unable to fetch data")
db1.close()
```

### **Updating record(s) of the table using UPDATE**

```
import MySQLdb
db1 = MySQLdb.connect("localhost","root","","TESTDB" )
cursor = db1.cursor()
#Preparing SQL statement to increase salary of all employees whose salary is less than 80000
sql = "UPDATE EMP SET salary = salary +1000 WHERE salary<80000;"
try:
    cursor.execute(sql)
    db1.commit()
except:
    db1.rollback()</pre>
```

### **Deleting record(s) from table using DELETE**

```
import MySQLdb
db1 = MySQLdb.connect("localhost","root","","TESTDB" )
cursor = db1.cursor()
sal=int(input("Enter salary whose record to be deleted : "))
#Preparing SQL statement to delete records as per given condition
sql = "DELETE FROM EMP WHERE salary =sal"
try:
  cursor.execute(sql)
  print(cursor.rowcount, end=" record(s) deleted ")
  db1.commit()
except:
   db1.rollback()
db1.close()
Output:
>>> Enter salary whose record to be deleted: 80000
1 record(s) deleted
>>>
```