S & S Assignment 6

R. Taarak 17MCME14

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1 1. Write down as a difference equation with non-linearity; take a and c as 5 digit prime numbers and plot output for 1000 values.

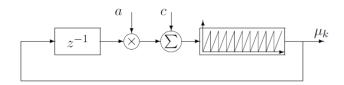


Figure 1: Linear congrential generator (LCG)

Sol:- The non-linear function in the above block diagram is modulo function.

- First input is μ_k .
- When it passes through \mathbf{z}^{-1} , it becomes $\mu_{\mathbf{k}-1}$, further mulitiplied with 'a' becomes $\mathbf{a}\mu_{\mathbf{k}-1}$.
- Further added with 'c' results in $a\mu_{k-1} + c$.
- Now the new input to the modulo function is $\mathbf{a}\mu_{\mathbf{k-1}} + \mathbf{c}$. When it is passed through modulo function, the output is $(\mathbf{a}\mu_{\mathbf{k-1}} + \mathbf{c}) \mod \mathbf{n}$.
- Therefore, the difference equation is

$$\mu_{\mathbf{k}} = (\mathbf{a}\mu_{\mathbf{k}-\mathbf{1}} + \mathbf{c}) \bmod \mathbf{n}$$

where 'a' and 'c' are 5 digit prime numbers and

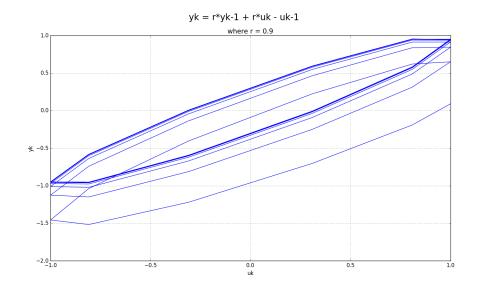
$$k \in [0, 1000]$$

Constraints on the values are:

- 10000 < a < m
- $\bullet \ 10000 < c < m$
- $0 < \mu_{k-1} < m$

Data points:

X	У
1	0
2	0
3	99997
4	79981
5	37828
6	99886
7	68509
8	24484
9	58666
10	80515



2 Use uk as cosine wave with f = 0.1, uk = $(\cos(2pifk))$ for 100 values get yk and plot uk and yk for the below difference equation

$$\mathbf{y_k} = \mathbf{r}.\mathbf{y_{k-1}} + \mathbf{r}.\mu_{k-1} - \mu_k$$

u_k	y_k
1.0	0.09
0.809	-0.19
0.309	-0.702
-0.309	-1.219
-0.809	-1.516
-1.0	-1.456
-0.809	-1.038
-0.309	-0.403
0.309	0.223
0.809	0.620
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