Date Submitted: 12/13/2019

Task 00: Execute provided code

Task 01:

```
Youtube link:
https://youtu.be/cWX2zC-QPf8
Modified Code:
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "inc/hw ints.h"
#include "inc/hw_memmap.h"
#include "inc/hw_types.h"
#include "driverlib/gpio.h"
#include "driverlib/debug.h"
#include "driverlib/interrupt.h"
#include "driverlib/pin map.h"
#include "driverlib/sysctl.h"
#include "driverlib/uart.h"
#include "driverlib/adc.h"
#include "driverlib/timer.h"
//global variables
    uint32 t ui32ADC0Value[4];
    volatile uint32_t ui32TempAvg;
    volatile uint32_t ui32TempValueC;
    volatile uint32_t ui32TempValueF;
    char str_temp[10]; // variable used to store temp value in string
// given print function
void print_string(char * str) {
    while(*str != '\0')
    {
        UARTCharPut(UARTO_BASE,*str);
        ++str;
    }
}
//reverses characters in char array
void reverse(char str[], int len)
{
    int start, end;
    char temp;
    for(start=0, end=len-1; start < end; start++, end--) {</pre>
        temp = *(str+start);
```

```
*(str+start) = *(str+end);
        *(str+end) = temp;
    }
}
// useful conversion function
char* itoa(int num, char* str, int base)
{
    int i = 0;
    bool isNegative = false;
    if (num == 0) {
        str[i] = '0';
        str[i + 1] = '\0';
        return str;
    }
    if (num < 0 && base == 10) {
        isNegative = true;
        num = -num;
    }
    while (num != 0) {
        int rem = num % base;
        str[i++] = (rem > 9)? (rem-10) + 'A' : rem + '0';
        num = num/base;
    }
    if (isNegative){
        str[i++] = '-';
    }
    str[i] = '\0';
    reverse(str, i);
    return str;
}
int main(void) {
      // Set clock
    SysCtlClockSet(SYSCTL_SYSDIV_4 | SYSCTL_USE_PLL | SYSCTL_OSC_MAIN |
SYSCTL_XTAL_16MHZ);
      // Enable ADC and UART
      SysCtlPeripheralEnable(SYSCTL_PERIPH_ADC0);
    SysCtlPeripheralEnable(SYSCTL PERIPH UART0);
      // Enable Timer and GPIO
    SysCtlPeripheralEnable(SYSCTL PERIPH TIMER1);
    SysCtlPeripheralEnable(SYSCTL_PERIPH_GPIOA);
      // Pin configurations
      GPIOPinConfigure(GPIO_PA0_U0RX);
    GPIOPinConfigure(GPIO PA1 U0TX);
```

```
GPIOPinTypeUART(GPIO_PORTA_BASE, GPIO_PIN_0 | GPIO_PIN_1);
    UARTConfigSetExpClk(UARTO BASE, SysCtlClockGet(), 115200,
        (UART_CONFIG_WLEN_8 | UART_CONFIG_STOP_ONE | UART_CONFIG_PAR_NONE));
    //Configure ADC
    ADCSequenceConfigure(ADC0_BASE, 1, ADC_TRIGGER_PROCESSOR, 0); // using ADC sample
sequencer 1 (SS1), set as the highest priority, and processor will trigger ADC
    ADCSequenceStepConfigure(ADC0 BASE, 1, 0, ADC CTL TS); // ADC sample step 0
    ADCSequenceStepConfigure(ADC0_BASE, 1, 1, ADC_CTL_TS); // ADC sample step 1
    ADCSequenceStepConfigure(ADC0_BASE, 1, 2, ADC_CTL_TS); // ADC sample step 2
    ADCSequenceStepConfigure(ADC0_BASE,1,3,ADC_CTL_TS|ADC_CTL_IE|ADC_CTL_END); //ADC
sample step 3, set ADC interrupt flag, end sampling
    ADCSequenceEnable(ADC0_BASE, 1); // enable ADC0
    //Configure Interrupts
    IntMasterEnable(); //enable processor interrupts
    IntEnable(INT TIMER1A); //enables timer1A interrupt in the interrupt vector table
    TimerIntEnable(TIMER1_BASE, TIMER_TIMA_TIMEOUT); //interrupt is triggered at
TIMEOUT of timer1A
    //Configure Timer1
    TimerConfigure(TIMER1_BASE, TIMER_CFG_PERIODIC);
    TimerEnable(TIMER1 BASE, TIMER A);
    TimerLoadSet(TIMER1_BASE, TIMER_A, SysCtlClockGet()/2);
    while (1)
    {
        //wait for interrupt
}
void Timer1IntHandler(void) {
    TimerIntClear(TIMER1_BASE, TIMER_TIMA_TIMEOUT);
    ADCIntClear(ADC0_BASE, 1);
    ADCProcessorTrigger(ADC0_BASE, 1);
    while(!ADCIntStatus(ADC0 BASE, 1, false))
    {
    }
    ADCSequenceDataGet(ADC0_BASE, 1, ui32ADC0Value);
    // Calculations
    ui32TempAvg = (ui32ADC0Value[0] + ui32ADC0Value[1] + ui32ADC0Value[2] +
ui32ADC0Value[3] + 2)/4;
    ui32TempValueC = (1475 - ((2475 * ui32TempAvg)) / 4096)/10;
    ui32TempValueF = ((ui32TempValueC * 9) + 160) / 5;
      // Conversion using itoa function
    print string(itoa(ui32TempValueF, str temp, 10));
```

```
print_string("\r\n"); //carriage return and line feed to current and previous
temp values
}
```

Task 02:

```
Youtube Link:
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "inc/hw_ints.h"
#include "inc/hw memmap.h"
#include "inc/hw types.h"
#include "driverlib/gpio.h"
#include "driverlib/debug.h"
#include "driverlib/interrupt.h"
#include "driverlib/pin_map.h"
#include "driverlib/sysctl.h"
#include "\ti\tivaware_c_series_2_1_4_178\driverlib\uart.h"
#include "\ti\tivaware_c_series_2_1_4_178\inc\tm4c123gh6pm.h"
#include "\ti\tivaware_c_series_2_1_4_178\driverlib\adc.h"
#include "\ti\tivaware_c_series_2_1_4_178\driverlib\debug.h"
#include "\ti\tivaware_c_series_2_1_4_178\driverlib\interrupt.h"
#ifdef DEBUG
void__error__(char *pcFilename, uint32_t ui32Line)
{
}
#endif
void outputN(uint32_t);
void outputC(char data);
void UARTIntHandler(void);
uint32 t ui32ADC0Value[1];
volatile uint32 t ui32TempAvg;
volatile uint32 t ui32TempValueC;
volatile uint32 t ui32TempValueF;
int main(void) {
    SysCtlClockSet(SYSCTL_SYSDIV_4 | SYSCTL_USE_PLL | SYSCTL_OSC_MAIN |
SYSCTL_XTAL_16MHZ);
    SysCtlPeripheralEnable(SYSCTL PERIPH UART0);
    SysCtlPeripheralEnable(SYSCTL PERIPH GPIOA);
    SysCtlPeripheralEnable(SYSCTL_PERIPH_GPIOF);
    GPIOPinTypeGPIOOutput(GPIO PORTF BASE, GPIO PIN 1 | GPIO PIN 2 | GPIO PIN 3);
//temp
    SysCtlPeripheralEnable(SYSCTL PERIPH ADC0);
```

```
ADCHardwareOversampleConfigure(ADCO_BASE, 32);
    ADCSequenceConfigure(ADC0_BASE, 3, ADC_TRIGGER_PROCESSOR, 0); //temp
    ADCSequenceStepConfigure(ADC0_BASE, 3, 0, ADC_CTL_TS | ADC_CTL_IE | ADC_CTL_END);
//temp
    GPIOPinConfigure(GPIO PA0 U0RX);
    GPIOPinConfigure(GPIO_PA1_U0TX);
    GPIOPinTypeUART(GPIO_PORTA_BASE, GPIO_PIN_0 | GPIO_PIN_1);
    UARTConfigSetExpClk(UART0 BASE, SysCtlClockGet(), 115200,
        (UART CONFIG WLEN 8 | UART CONFIG STOP ONE | UART CONFIG PAR NONE));
    // Enable interrupts
    IntMasterEnable();
    IntEnable(INT_UART0);
    UARTIntEnable(UARTO_BASE, UART_INT_RX | UART_INT_RT);
    ADCSequenceEnable(ADC0 BASE, 3);
    ADCIntEnable(ADC0 BASE, 3);
    // Wait for input forever
    while (1)
    {
    }
}
void outputN(uint32_t n) {
    if (n >= 10) {
        outputN(n / 10);
        n = n \% 10;
    outputC(n + '0');
}
void outputC(char data) {
    while ((UARTO_FR_R&UART_FR_TXFF) != 0);
    UARTO_DR_R = data;
}
void UARTIntHandler(void)
{
    uint32 t ui32Status;
    ui32Status = UARTIntStatus(UARTO BASE, true); //get interrupt status
    UARTIntClear(UARTO BASE, ui32Status); //clear the asserted interrupts
    switch (UARTCharGet(UARTO_BASE)) {
    case 'B':
        UARTCharPut(UARTO_BASE, 'B');
        UARTCharPut(UART0 BASE, ' ');
        UARTCharPut(UARTO_BASE, '0');
        UARTCharPut(UARTO_BASE, 'n');
        UARTCharPut(UART0 BASE, '\n');
        UARTCharPut(UART0_BASE, '\r');
        GPIOPinWrite(GPIO_PORTF_BASE, GPIO_PIN_2, GPIO_PIN_2); //LED on
        SysCtlDelay(SysCtlClockGet() / (1000 * 3)); //software debounce
        break;
```

```
case 'b':
    UARTCharPut(UART0_BASE, 'B');
    UARTCharPut(UART0_BASE, ' ');
    UARTCharPut(UARTO_BASE, '0');
    UARTCharPut(UARTO_BASE, 'f');
   UARTCharPut(UARTO_BASE, 'f');
UARTCharPut(UARTO_BASE, '\n');
    UARTCharPut(UART0_BASE, '\r');
    GPIOPinWrite(GPIO PORTF BASE, GPIO PIN 2, 0); //LED off
    SysCtlDelay(SysCtlClockGet() / (1000 * 3)); //software debounce
    break;
case 'R':
    UARTCharPut(UARTO_BASE, 'R');
    UARTCharPut(UART0_BASE, '
   UARTCharPut(UARTO_BASE, '0');
    UARTCharPut(UART0_BASE, 'n');
    UARTCharPut(UART0 BASE, '\n');
    UARTCharPut(UART0_BASE, '\r');
    GPIOPinWrite(GPIO_PORTF_BASE, GPIO_PIN_1, GPIO_PIN_1); //LED on
    SysCtlDelay(SysCtlClockGet() / (1000 * 3)); //software debounce
    break;
case 'r':
    UARTCharPut(UARTO_BASE, 'R');
    UARTCharPut(UART0_BASE, ' ');
    UARTCharPut(UART0 BASE, '0');
    UARTCharPut(UART0_BASE, 'f');
    UARTCharPut(UARTO_BASE, 'f');
    UARTCharPut(UARTO_BASE, '\n');
    UARTCharPut(UARTO_BASE, '\r');
    GPIOPinWrite(GPIO PORTF BASE, GPIO PIN 1, 0); //LED Off
    SysCtlDelay(SysCtlClockGet() / (1000 * 3)); //software debounce
    break;
case 'G':
    UARTCharPut(UARTO_BASE, 'G');
    UARTCharPut(UARTO_BASE, ' ');
    UARTCharPut(UARTO_BASE, '0');
    UARTCharPut(UART0_BASE, 'n');
    UARTCharPut(UART0 BASE, '\n');
    UARTCharPut(UART0 BASE, '\r');
    GPIOPinWrite(GPIO_PORTF_BASE, GPIO_PIN_3, GPIO_PIN_3); //LED On
    SysCtlDelay(SysCtlClockGet() / (1000 * 3)); //software debounce
    break;
case 'g':
    UARTCharPut(UARTO_BASE, 'G');
    UARTCharPut(UART0_BASE, ' ');
    UARTCharPut(UART0 BASE, '0');
    UARTCharPut(UART0_BASE, 'f');
   UARTCharPut(UARTO_BASE, 'f');
UARTCharPut(UARTO_BASE, '\n');
    UARTCharPut(UART0_BASE, '\r');
```

```
GPIOPinWrite(GPIO_PORTF_BASE, GPIO_PIN_3, 0); //LED Off
        SysCtlDelay(SysCtlClockGet() / (1000 * 3)); //software debounce
        break;
    case 'T':
        UARTCharPut(UART0_BASE, 'T');
UARTCharPut(UART0_BASE, ':');
        UARTCharPut(UART0_BASE, ' ');
        ADCIntClear(ADC0_BASE, 3);
        ADCProcessorTrigger(ADC0_BASE, 3);
        // While not done
        while (!ADCIntStatus(ADC0_BASE, 3, false))
        }
        // Take values
        ADCSequenceDataGet(ADC0_BASE, 3, ui32ADC0Value);
        ui32TempValueC = (1475 - ((2475 * ui32ADC0Value[0])) / 4096) / 10;
        ui32TempValueF = ((ui32TempValueC * 9) + 160) / 5;
        // Output numbers
        outputN(ui32TempValueF);
        UARTCharPut(UART0_BASE, '\n');
        UARTCharPut(UARTO_BASE, '\r');
        break;
    }
}
Youtube Link:
Modified Code:
```