

## Sample Space

We define  $\Omega$  as the set of *all* possible outcomes of a random event.  $\Omega = \{\dots\}$

## Collectively Exhaustive

We define the probability of *no element* in  $\Omega$  occurring as 0.

$$\mathbf{P}(\emptyset) = 0$$

## Nonnegativity

For all  $\mathbf{A}$  in  $\Omega$  the probability of  $\mathbf{A}$  is not negative:

$$\forall \mathbf{A} \in \Omega \quad \mathbf{P}(\mathbf{A}) \geq 0$$

## Normalization

We define the sum of the probability of all the elements in  $\Omega$  as being equal to 1.

$$1 = \sum_{\mathbf{A} \in \Omega} \mathbf{P}(\mathbf{A})$$

## Mutually Exclusive

We say  $\mathbf{A}$  and  $\mathbf{B}$  are mutually independent *if and only if*,  $\mathbf{A}$  and  $\mathbf{B}$  have no overlap.

$$\mathbf{A} \cap \mathbf{B} = \emptyset \iff \text{mutually exclusive random variables}$$

## Additivity

The probability of  $\mathbf{A}$  or  $\mathbf{B}$  occurring is:

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{P}(\mathbf{A} \cup \mathbf{B}) &= \mathbf{P}(\mathbf{A}) + \mathbf{P}(\mathbf{B}) - \mathbf{P}(\mathbf{A} \cap \mathbf{B}) \\ \mathbf{P}(\mathbf{A} \cup \mathbf{B}) &= \mathbf{P}(\mathbf{A}) + \mathbf{P}(\mathbf{B}) - 0 \iff \mathbf{A} \text{ \& B are mutually exclusive} \end{aligned}$$

## Complement

The probability of  $\mathbf{A}$  not occurring is equal to 1 minus the probability  $\mathbf{A}$  occurring:

$$\mathbf{P}(\overline{\mathbf{A}}) = 1 - \mathbf{P}(\mathbf{A})$$

## Joint Probability

The probability of **A** or **B** occurring is:

$$\mathbf{P}(\mathbf{A} \cap \mathbf{B}) = \mathbf{P}(\mathbf{A}) * \mathbf{P}(\mathbf{B} \mid \mathbf{A}) \iff \mathbf{A} \text{ \& B dependent}$$

$$\mathbf{P}(\mathbf{A} \cap \mathbf{B}) = \mathbf{P}(\mathbf{A}) * \mathbf{P}(\mathbf{B}) \iff \mathbf{A} \text{ \& B are independent}$$

$$\mathbf{P}(\mathbf{A} \cap \mathbf{B}) = 0 \iff \mathbf{A} \text{ \& B are mutually exclusive}$$