Nouns

Noun Prefixes

-Ø

pronoun	english	possession	english
ni-	I	no-	my
ti-	you	mo-	your
Ø-	it	i-	its
ti-	we	to-	our
in-	y'all	inmo-	y'all's
Ø-	thev	inin-	their

Absolutive Suffixes Reverential Suffixes singular plural plural singular -tl -meh -tzitzin -tli -meh -tzin -tzitzin -li -tzitzin -meh -tzin -n -meh -tzin -tzitzin

-meh

Possession Prefixes & Suffixes + Diminutive singular plural

no- pil- noun -uh / -Ø / hui -huan mo- pil- noun -uh / -Ø / hui -huan i- pil- noun -uh / -Ø / hui -huan inmo- pil- noun -uh / -Ø / hui -huan inmo- pil- noun -uh / -Ø / hui -huan inin- pil- noun -uh / -Ø / hui -huan inin- pil- noun -uh / -Ø / hui -huan

-tzin

pil- noun -uh / -ø / hui -huan

-tzitzin

Example

	B 1	B 2	В3	
Cl 1	chōca-	chōca-	chōca-	cry
Cl 2	yōli-	yōl-	yōli-	live
CI 3	āltia-	āltih-	āltī-	bathe
Cl 4	cua-	cuah-	cuā-	eat

Relational Words

empty for now

Verb Tenses : Notes

verb = present tense verb
root = present tense verb without its final vowel

/k/ refers to the 'k' sound. Due to Spanish Orthography, we can't just use one letter. In the third person, the object prefix, however, is always "qui" /ki/

Spanish Sound Explanation

spell	pronounce	spell	pronounce
cu	/kw/	qu	/k/
ce	/se/	que	/ke/
ci	/si/-	qui	/ki/
ca	/ka/	co	/ko/

Objects

•	Objects				
	object	english	object	english	
	nech-	me	tech-	us	
	mitz-	you	mech-	y'all	
	/k/-	it	quin-	them	
	te-	someone	tla-	thing	

Verbs Tenses

Present Prefixes & Suffixes

singular				plural	
ni-	verb	-Ø	ti-	verb	-h
ti-	verb	-Ø	in-	verb	-h
Ø-	verh	-01	Ø-	verh	-h

Future Prefixes & Suffixes

singular	plural
ni- root -z	ti- root -zceh
ti- root -z	in- root -zceh
ø- root -z	ø- root -zceh

Verbs Tenses : Past Tense

- Class 1 Prefixes & Suffixes
 - a). All monosyllabic verbs except cua and pa.
 - b). Most, though not all verbs ending in -ca.
 - c). All verbs ending in consonant-consonant-vowel.
 - d). All verbs ending in -tla.
 - e). All verbs ending in -o.

singular			plural		
ni-	verb	-C	ti-	verb	-queh
ti-	verb	-C	in-	verb	-queh
Ø-	verb	-C	Ø-	verb	-queh

Class 2 Prefixes & Suffixes

Most, but not all verbs ending in VCV.

A consonant is always left at the end of the root when the final vowel of the present tense form is eliminated.

Class 3 Prefixes & Suffixes

All verbs ending in -ia or -oa.

singular			plural		
ni-	root	-hqui	ti-	root	-hqueh
ti-	root	-hqui	in-	root	-hqueh
Ø-	root	-hqui	Ø-	root	-hqueh

Class 4 Prefixes & Suffixes

Only pa, cua, mama, nahua, & derivations. singular | plural

singular			piurai		
n	- verb	-hqui	ti-	verb	-hqueh
ti	verb	-hqui	in-	verb	-hqueh
Ø-	verb	-hqui	ø-	verb	-hqueh

Derivational suffixes

- -cauh, pl. -cahuān Vb-er1
- -huia use N, provide N
- -(I)iztli Vb-ing
- -Ili something Vb-ed
- -ni, pl. -nimeh Vb-er²
- -qui, pl. -queh Vb-er²
- -tia provide with N, become N
- -yo inalienable possession
- -yoh thing full of N
- -yōtl N-ness, N-ship
- ¹ Only possessed nouns
- ² Only absolutive nouns

Example

- miqui die, miquiliztli death
- nonac my meat, nonacayo my flesh
- tlamati he knows things, tlamatini (he is a) scholar

Postpositions

-c(o) in, at

-ca by means of, through, with -huān (together) with, moreover, and

-īcampa behind

-ihtic inside, within
-īxpan in front of, facing

-nāhuac next to, close to -pampa because of, concerning

-pan on, in, at -(t)icpac on top of

-tech next to, adhering to -tlan by, next to, below

-tzīntlan below, underneath

- Postpositions are suffixed to posessive pronouns and nouns:
- notech next to me
- Thuan with it
- tlalticpac on the earth
- N-Postposition has a general indefinite meaning; ī/īm-Postposition in N has a specific definite meaning:
- tepan on stone(s)
- īpan in tetl on the stone(s)
- Postpositions may take the reverential suffix -tzinco

Nouns

-n

-Ø

Absolutive Suffixes singular plural

-tl -meh -tli -meh -li -meh

-meh Possession Prefixes & Suffixes

-meh

	singul	ar		plural	
no-	noun	-ø / -uh	to-	noun	-huan
mo-	noun	-ø / -uh	inmo-	noun	-huan
i-	noun	-ø / -uh	inin-	noun	-huan

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Verbs Tenses

verb means the **present** tense verb **root** means the present tense verb *without* its final vowel

Present Prefixes & Suffixes singular plural ni- verb -ø ti- verb -h ti- verb -ø in- verb -h ø- verb -ø ø- verb -h

Future Prefixes & Suffixes singular ni- root -z ti- root -zceh ti- root -z in- root -zceh ø- root -z ø- root -zceh

Verbs Tenses : Past Tense

verb means the **present** tense verb root means the present tense verb without its final vowel

Class 1 Prefixes & Suffixes

singular				plura	al	
	ni-	verb	-C	ti-	verb	-queh
	ti-	verb	-C	in-	verb	-queh
	Ø-	verb	-C	Ø-	verb	-queh

Class 2 Prefixes & Suffixes

A consonant is always left at the end of the root the final vowel of the present tense form is elimi

Root Changes	singular	plural		
hu > uh	ni- root -c	ti- root		
cu > uc	ti- root -c	in- root		
y > x	ø- root -c	ø- root		
qu > c				
c > z				

Class 3 Prefixes & Suffixes

singular		plural			
ni-	root	-hqui	ti-	root	-hqueh
ti-	root	-hqui	in-	root	-hqueh
Ø-	root	-hqui	ø-	root	-hqueh

Class 4 Prefixes & Suffixes

singular		plural			
ni-	verb	-hqui	ti-	verb	-hqueh
ti-	verb	-hqui	in-		-hqueh
Ø-	verb	-hqui	Ø-	verb	-hqueh

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